

The Weather Report

Fair tonight. Frost probably heavy. Thursday fair and warmer.

DAILY NEWS

FOR THE UP-BUILDING AND THE ADVANCEMENT OF EASTERN CAROLINA

Cotton Report

(By Speight & Co.) Cotton is selling in Greenville today at 24 cents.

VOLUME II.

Greenville, N. C., Wednesday Afternoon, April 2, 1919.

NUMBER 218

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS WILL BE SETTLED SOON BY PEACE CONGRESS WILSON BELIEVES

(By United Press) Paris.—When the big four renewed its sessions today President Wilson represented as hopeful that the peace work would be speeded up. The President's plain speech to his colleagues late Monday it is believed has resulted in clarification of the situation making it clear that the people of the various allied countries expect concrete results from now on. Persons close to President Wilson said that he was confident that several important questions including the disposition of the Saar valley would be settled shortly.

C. D. Wainright Died Tuesday in Kinston Hospital

Mr. C. D. Wainright of this city, died in a Kinston hospital yesterday afternoon. The deceased was about thirty-five years of age and leaves a widow and four children to mourn their loss. Mr. Wainright was a tinner by trade and was engaged in that business here at the time he was taken ill. Some time ago he was taken ill with the flu which developed into pneumonia and so on last Thursday he was sent to the hospital in Kinston by the Modern Woodmen of America where he was operated upon. He never recovered from this operation and the end came yesterday afternoon. At this writing no arrangements for the funeral had been made.

Junior Class to Present Play Monday Evening

On next Monday evening in the assembly hall of the Training school the juniors will present in honor of the seniors a play, a French comedy, "The Romanians," by Edmond Rostand, the most popular French author of plays living and probably the best known in America. The play has an amusing twist to it, although the situation is a reminder of "Romeo and Juliet." While the play is given in honor of the seniors the public is invited as guests.

Foch to Confer at Spa With the Germany Envoy

(By United Press) Paris.—Marshal Foch left this morning for Spa where Matthias Erzberger representing the German armistice commission has already arrived. They are expected to discuss particularly questions involved in the landing of Polish troops at Danzig. REMODELING HOME Mr. W. L. Patrick is remodeling this residence on Fourth street and when completed it will be quite an improvement.

DEMOCRATS TO OPPOSE TARIFF LEGISLATION NEXT SESSION

(By United Press) Washington.—The House Democrats will oppose tariff legislation at the coming session of congress the leaders today indicated. Representative Claude Krichin of North Carolina, the ranking Democrat in the next House ways and means committee, answered the reports that the Democrats might cooperate with the Republicans in framing a substitute for the present Underwood tariff law, with the statement that he does not believe that new tariff is either necessary or possible at this time.

G. O. P. Favoring The Amendments of Elihu Root

(By United Press) Washington.—It is indicated in political quarters here that the Republican opposition to President Wilson's constitution for the League of Nations has united on the Elihu Root amendments.

ALLIES TO STAND NO TRICKERY FOCH WILL TELL ERZBERGER

(By United Press) Paris.—Final decisions upon most of the important questions before the peace conference will be reached before Saturday, according to the belief expressed in certain official quarters. In the meanwhile Marshal Foch is expected to make it plain to Matthias Erzberger at Spa tomorrow that the allies stand for no trickery of any sort at Danzig or at any other place.

WANTED: THREE LADIES FOR dry goods business, experienced or inexperienced. Apply to Joseph Sauced store, 313 Evans St., Greenville, N. C. 4 1 2ctcp

PROGRAM WHITE'S THEATRE TONIGHT "Hearts of the World" Reserved seats for night performance. Matinee 3:30, general admission, no reserved seats.

DOUGHBOYS SHOPPING IN ARCHANGEL



American soldiers of the Russian expeditionary force, who are fighting the bolsheviks near Archangel, shopping at one of the numerous little stands that are located all over the city of Archangel.

MRS. WALTER PATTEN HOSTESS TO ROUND TABLE YESTERDAY

The ladies of the Round Table were delightfully entertained by Mrs. Patten Tuesday afternoon at her home on Eighth street. After a short business session in which the new health movement "Life Extension Service" was put before the club, and heartily endorsed, some communications were read and acted upon, the president, Mrs. Whichard, appointed the following committees: Membership: Mrs. Wiley Brown, Mrs. J. E. Winslow, Mrs. S. J. Everett. Library: Mrs. T. A. Person, Mrs. H. L. Carr, Mrs. Lina Baker. Mrs. Higgs then presented the program, which consisted of the "Life of Lady Augusta Gregory" by Mrs. Baker.

Reading: "The Traveling Man," by Mrs. Jessie Moya. Reading: "The Rising Moon," by Mrs. Person. These were followed by the "Life and Character of John Galsworthy," by Mrs. Brown. This last was delayed on account of the "flu." Mrs. Brown also gave current events. Mrs. Person delighted all present with several piano selections. The club was glad to have as guests of honor Miss Pearsall, Mrs. Tuck of Providence, R. I., a cousin of Mrs. Patten, and Mrs. H. L. Allen of this city. A delicious supper course was served, followed by the entrance of baby Brooks, thus rounding out a perfect afternoon.

Hearts of World The Attraction Here Tonight

D. W. Griffith's great production, "Hearts of the World," proclaimed the masterpiece of this genius of the motion picture, will be the attraction at White's theatre April 2 and 3 with daily matinees starting Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 p. m. From all accounts this latest of the Griffith super pictures far exceeds in point of drama and spectacle both his "Intolerance" and "The Birth of a Nation," two of the greatest productions in the history of the silent drama. The fact that "Hearts of the World" required more than eighteen months in the making, indicates that the famous director has prepared an unusually interesting and absorbing story. The producer himself is anxious to have it understood that "Hearts of the World" is not a war play, but a simple love story amid the picturesque villages of romantic France, rebelling the evening life in the homes along the silver streams, under the blossoming trees along roads where the legions of Caesar marched to conquest, and where Henry of Navarre whispered his love tales under casement windows. It is true that the present world war is shown in all its many phases, but this part of the story is reserved for the last and is made merely a background for the romantic and appealing story of a pure love and a wholesome romance.

Mr. Griffith's production is one of great historical value, for not only does he show such world figures as David Lloyd George, former Premier of Great Britain, Winston Churchill, General Joffre, the British House of Parliament and the French cabinet in session, but he brings every important event of the war in bold relief and accurate reproduction. The tens of thousands of troops shown are the real fighters of France and England actively engaged in their deadly work of preserving civilization from Hun destruction.

MEETS THURSDAY The Woman's club will meet in the high school auditorium on Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The officers for next year will be elected; therefore, a large membership is desired. The executive board will meet at 3 o'clock.

The Home Service Department Want to Locate Persons

The Home Service department of the Pitt county chapter American Red Cross wishes to locate the persons whose names and addresses are named below. The Bureau of War Risk Insurance has sent checks to those places and they have been returned to Washington where they are being held until such information can be secured as will enable the bureau to deliver these to the persons to whom they are due. Any information that will assist me in locating these people will be appreciated: 1. Annie Terry Emery, route 6, Box 54, Greenville, N. C. 2. Arabella Dickerson, route 2, Greenville, N. C. 3. Jennie Williams Green, Greenville, N. C. 4. Maggie Henby, Greenville, N. C. 5. Mary Jester Jackson, 393 Trotter St., Greenville, N. C. 6. Lila Jones, route 3, box 91, Greenville, N. C. Signed, HERBERT E. AUSTIN, Chairman Home Service Section, Pitt Co. Chapter American Red Cross.

RUSSIA HAS PROPOSAL BEFORE BIG-FOUR TO CEASE FIGHTING

(By United Press) Paris.—There is now before the Peace conference a definite and concrete proposal from the Russian government for a cessation of hostilities, bearing Premier Lenin's signature. There is also information that Karl Kautzka, the German radical, is now in Moscow trying to arrange a formal alliance between Germany and Russia. The peace delegates are giving more thought to Russia than the daily official communique indicate.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH There will be evening prayer and address at St. Paul's Episcopal church this evening at eight o'clock which will be followed by choir rehearsal. All are cordially invited to be present and every member of the choir is urged to be on hand.

Dead For Five Years Returns to Pinetown Home

Washington, N. C.—Henry L. Godfrey, who has been "dead" for five years, returned to his home at Pinetown Monday morning and a Mr. Mark Ewald, stated that the account of his death had been "grossly exaggerated." Godfrey today stated that he had of Pinetown caused a big sensation among the people of that section. Five years ago his relatives had been notified of his death by officials in Lake Charles, La., who had asked instructions regarding the disposition of the body. They stated that Godfrey had met death in a boiler explosion which had occurred in a big manufacturing plant in that town. Godfrey's father advised that the body be sent home. It arrived at Pinetown about ten days later and funeral services were held. Godfrey today stated that he had left Lake Charles the day of the explosion and that he had been out on the Pacific coast for the past five years. He intimated that the officials of Lake Charles probably had made a mistake in the identity of the body which had been found. He was very much impressed, upon visiting the graveyard near Pinetown, to see his grave, upon which a monument bearing an appropriate inscription, had been erected. The stranger who was buried there will be permitted to rest in peace.

German Govt. Expecting Out Break Any Time

(By United Press) Paris.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Le Matin declares that general strike has been proclaimed in the city of Berlin. The government is expecting an extensive out break and it is said that it is preparing to repress it ruthlessly.

KEY WEST TO WASHINGTON BY AIR IN FIFTEEN HOURS

(By United Press) Key West, Fla.—Flight in an H-8-2 seaplane from Key West to Washington is planned by Lieutenant H. J. Rowen, commander of the H-boat division of the Key West naval air station. "About fifteen hours of flying time will be consumed," said Lieutenant Rowen. "We will attempt to make the entire trip without stopping. If we are successful, we shall try to make a trans-Atlantic flight this spring." Lieutenant Rowen and his assistant Lieutenant H. H. Cantrell, were in the air eleven and a half hours recently in a flight from Key West to St. Augustine and return, without having to replenish their fuel supply. They were compelled to land once, however, on account of ignition trouble. This trip broke the American record of nine and a half hours in the air without refueling. Lieutenant Rowen is now designing a new type of gasoline tank which will carry 350 gallons of gas instead of the usual 250 gallons. He is also experimenting with smaller jets, which he claims will reduce the consumption of gas from thirty gallons to twenty-five gallons per hour.

HANDSOME CASH REGISTER

The firm of Willard & Smith Co. have just installed one of the handsomest cash registers ever seen in this city. It is a beauty and contains all of the latest devices. One of the features of this register is that when each customer or visitor leaves the store he or she is presented with a card upon which is written. Thanks, call again.

COTTON MARKET (Reported by Speight & Co.) New York Futures, New Contracts

	Opening	Closing
May	25.53	25.63
July	23.04	23.14
October	21.07	21.10

GENERAL STRIKE SPREADING NOW THROUGHOUT ALL GERMANY INSPIRED BY THE SPARTACANS

J. M. Hines Sells Half Interest in Coca Cola Co.

(By United Press) Berlin (Delayed)—A general strike is spreading through Germany. Clashes have occurred between the workers and the troops in various cities resulting in some casualties. The indications are that the growing uprisings are inspired by the Spartacists, who, it is believed, are trying these disturbances to weaken the government in preparation for declaring the revolution. The government has proclaimed a state of siege in the whole of the Rhine land defying fifty thousand miners striking there. The situation in that region endangers food shipments and the coal supply and it may even effect the payments to the allies for the maintenance of the armies of occupation. E. G. Flanagan and D. E. Purwell, representative of the Ford Motor Co., went to Ayden this morning on business.

BERLIN BOLSHEVIKS WILD MEN RUN RIOTS—WANT AMERICAN OCCUPATION

(By FRANK J. TAYLOR United Press Staff Correspondent) Berlin.—(By Mail)—Bolshevism's recent struggle in Berlin was in many ways an American war carried on in a modern city, if you can imagine that. The Spartacus group went on the war path after the fashion of prairie tribes in America three generations ago. In their fighting the Spartacists showed about the same degree of civilization as did the Indians.

To understand how such a warfare could take place in a modern city one has to realize that Berlin was harboring many convicts released from prison by the turn of the earlier revolution. Most of these desperadoes are not political victims, but were jailed for killing and robbing. Since they had everything to gain and nothing to lose by the bolshevik movement, they loathed themselves with the Spartacus group, and for good pay were ready to commit any outrage prescribed. The bolsheviks were simply wild men run riot. After the government's volunteer army had defeated the organized Spartacus resistance, trouble did not stop. Spartacists lurked in hundreds of buildings, more or less fugitives from justice. From roofs, behind chimneys, from attics and windows, they sniped at government guards and even civilians, with no chance of accomplishing anything other than killing.

In the course of a day's work you would run into three or four or possibly half a dozen of these outbreaks, or street fights, as they were reported in the papers. At the first shots, crowds would dive into doorways. The incident ended with a few shots from the government troops to restore public confidence and the crowd went on about its business. Berlin's population soon became accustomed to the outbreaks. Not infrequently huge crowds would gather to watch movements of the government troops against the Spartacists and persistently stuck around to see the show. Hundreds were injured, solely due to curiosity. More than four-fifths of the Spartacist prisoners captured in the uprisings were deficient, either mentally or physically or both, according to experts who are investigating the bolsheviks. The discovery may lead to some important conclusions regarding bolshevism in general. According to the doctors examining the prisoners, the Spartacists are weak, mostly from under nourishment and some chronically, and they are not in a position to be responsible for their acts and should not be at large. The German provisional government is inclined to accept the views of the scientists, and will keep this in mind in the trials and punishment of the lawbreakers.

Revolutionary outbreaks in Berlin drop upon the city like lightning. It is impossible to foresee them. They just happen, when the situation seems entirely encouraging to them. Berlin's revolution is different from others in that there is no united demand for any one thing. There are as many demands as there are Germans in Berlin and some people have more than one. Until agitators begin their work there is practically no action.

Thus Berlin is filled with crossing currents of opinion, with each faction not knowing just what it wants. Factions seize upon any pretext for a demonstration. There is no clean-cut issue which unites Berlin into parties. A strong royalist attempt to regain the government would probably unite Berlin and save the revolution. The majority stands on the sidelines, watching the agitators toss the revolution up and down, to no one's gain and Germany's danger. The government's lack of leaders has been one of the most outstanding features of the revolution. In the hour when Germany needs big men, none has been found. The situation seems to be brought about by the old system, when leaders, as soon as they were recognized as such, were hustled into the lunatic party. They became junker leaders and most of the men capable of governing were in the party. The result is that Germany finds herself with second rate men trying to construct the new republic. They have continually showed lack of force and qualities of leadership, until the people no longer have confidence. Still no one moves, and the great middle class is idle, while politicians struggle with the radical group which wants to overturn the entire order of society. Occupation of Berlin by allied troops has changed steadily from a dread to a hope, perhaps that English and American troops would take the place of allied troops. For some reason, opinion has turned against the French and the majority of Germans would rather see Berlin sink worse into chaos than have the French help, if you can believe what Berliners tell you. The populace and the middle class, as well as a number of intellectuals and the commercial people, want American and English troops, there. The change of opinion is probably due to lack of confidence in the government. Troops from Hindenburg at the front are the only hope from within Germany. So far the allied troops have done their duty until women and children among the sightseers mingled with the fighters, when the front troops, retired, refusing to endanger women and children. Propaganda usually demoralizes government troops soon after they arrive, so that probably the largest portion of Berlin feels the only dependable troops to bring order are outsiders. It is surprising to find the majority of the revolutionaries, especially the sailor, in favor of occupation. "We will welcome Americans and English," they tell you. "We're waiting for them. We want order, too, but it can never come without either a dictator or else outside help. We have no leaders now that we can follow."

The opinion that a dictator could restore order and enable the working out of a government is quite universal, but no men loom up as possibilities worthy of consideration, except Hindenburg. Hindenburg has never mixed into politics, and men in Berlin who know him well say he would never consent to take over the dictatorship of Germany. C. C. Pierce went to Norfolk and Richmond this morning on a business trip.