

# Henderson Daily Dispatch

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HENDERSON, N. C., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 20, 1918.

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TODAY'S NEWS TODAY.

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REGULAR EDITION

## SUBMARINES STILL ACTIVE OFF THE ATLANTIC COAST INCOMING SHIPS DECLARE

### Vessel Arriving at a Gulf Port Chased Off Coast of South Carolina Few Days Ago

### ANOTHER REPORTED BELOW SANDY HOOK

### New and Flagrant Example of U-Boat Barbarity Reported in Sinking of British Vessel Abroad

(By the Associated Press.)  
A Gulf Port, June 20.—A coastwise passenger steamship which arrived here late yesterday encountered a German submarine last Saturday off the coast of South Carolina, it was learned today, but made good her escape because of superior speed and her wireless calls for help, which apparently forced the submarine to give up the chase.  
Officers of the vessel sighted the submarine as it came to the surface less than a mile off the port.

### U-Boat Seen Near Sandy Hook.

An Atlantic Port, June 20.—An American steamer arriving here today from a Central American port reported that at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon she sighted a submarine south of Sandy Hook and was pursued for a time by the U-Boat.

### Ship's Crew Badly Treated.

London, June 20.—A new and flagrant example of German submarine barbarity is reported by the newspapers.  
A U-boat first torpedoed without warning and then shelled a British steamer. When the officers and crew took to the boats they were forced to go on the deck of the submarine. The captain was taken below as a prisoner.

As the steamer had not sunk, the captain ordered some of the British to row one of their two boats back to the steamer with a prize crew which rifled the steamer systematically and then sank her. The occupants of the first boats were picked up in a very critical condition on the fifth day by an American vessel.

## PHARMACISTS NAME OFFICERS FOR YEAR

### S. E. Welfare Is President, and F. W. Hancock, of Oxford, Is Secretary of State Board.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Raleigh, June 20.—S. E. Welfare of Winston-Salem, was elected president of the North Carolina Pharmaceutical Association at the close of the annual convention here today. The association will meet next year in Wrightsville.

G. R. Pillington, of Pittsboro, was elected first vice-president. The office of secretary and treasurer was consolidated and J. G. Beard, of Cabell Hill, was elected to this office.

F. W. Hancock, of Oxford, was elected to succeed himself as secretary of the State Board of Pharmacy for five years.

## NO AGREEMENT YET ON EXCHANGE PLAN

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—Failure so far of efforts to reach an agreement with Germany in regard to the exchange of prisoners, was announced today by the State Department.

## AMERICANS BOMBING ENEMY RAIL STATION

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—Successful bombing of the German railroad yards at Constans was announced today in General Pershing's communication for yesterday.

### Four Minute Men Speak.—Solicitor Garland E. Midyette is to be the Four Minute Men speaker at the Liberty Theatre Thursday evening, and R. S. McCoin will speak at the Amusa. War Savings will be the subject, and the approximate hour is 9:30 o'clock for each address.

## WEATHER FORECAST

For North Carolina: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Probably showers Friday in the mountain districts. Light north-east winds.

## ABERNETHY-DORTCH CONTEST IS ARGUED

### State Board of Elections is Hearing Congressional Dispute

### BOTH MAKE CLAIM ON FACE OF RETURNS FROM PRECINCT BOARDS, DORTCH HAS 188 MAJORITY FOR NOMINATION IN THIRD DISTRICT.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Raleigh, June 20.—The contest between W. T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, and Charles L. Abernethy, of New Bern, for the Democratic nomination to Congress in the third district, probably will be decided late today. The morning session of the State Board of Elections was taken up with arguments by attorneys for Abernethy and by arguments of attorneys for Dortch, who contend that the board has no right to go behind the returns of the precinct boards. On the face of the returns Dortch received the nomination by a majority of 188 votes.

## HAS EVIDENCE ON SINN FEIN GANGS

### British Government Has Enough Facts To Prosecute Them, But Won't Do So Now.

(By the Associated Press.)  
London, June 20.—Edward Shortt, chief secretary for Ireland, stated in the House of Commons today that there was sufficient evidence against the Sinn Feiners recently arrested to enable their prosecution for treason, but that it was not desirable or necessary to institute it.

## VANCE COUNTY BAPTIST WOMEN MEETS AT KITTRELL

### Union Meeting Will Be Held Next Saturday Beginning at 11 O'clock A. M.

The Vance County Woman's Missionary Union will meet with the Baptist church at Kittrell next Saturday, June 22, at 11 o'clock. The women of every Baptist Missionary Society in the county is urged to attend. A very interesting program has been arranged for the occasion.

## RED CROSS MISSION FROM JAPAN COMING

### Will Tender Sympathy In Work, And Also Visit Entente Countries

(Correspondence Associated Press.)  
Tokyo, May 10.—Dispatch to Entente countries of a special mission by the Japan Red Cross Society was formally announced today. The object of the mission is to visit the Allies' Red Cross headquarters, to tender the sympathy of the Japan Red Cross and inspect the condition of the medical relief work carried on by the Red Cross at the front.

Prince Kiekyu Tokugawa, one of the prominent members of the House of Peers, has been appointed the head of the mission, and will be accompanied by Dr. Arata Ninagawa, a well known authority on international law, and a medical staff. If necessary the accompanying physicians will stay at the front and give their services.

The mission will first go to the United States leaving Yokohama by the Korea Maru on June 3, and spend some time there inspecting the extensive medical relief work carried on by the American Red Cross. Later the mission will proceed to England, France and Italy, finally visiting the world's Red Cross headquarters at Geneva and returning home after about half a year.

The Japan Red Cross Society a few days ago sent large quantities of medical instruments and bandages and other materials useful for medical relief work to England, France, America, Italy and Belgium.

## PEACE DEMONSTRATIONS OCCUR IN THREE BIG GERMAN CITIES

### Police and Military Disperse Mobs In Berlin, Hamburg and Cologne—Riots in Vienna, Premier's Residence Stoned.

(By the Associated Press.)  
London, June 20.—Heavily censored private messages received in Stockholm indicate that peace demonstrations have been held recently in Berlin, Hamburg, and Cologne, and that several workmen were killed and many persons arrested, says a dispatch to the Morning Post from Stockholm. The police and military dispersed crowds of demonstrators.

## RIOTING SERIOUS IN VIENNA.

London, June 20.—Serious rioting broke out in Vienna yesterday, says an exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam. The mob broke into a number of bakeries, stormed the residence of the Premier and also one of the wings of the Holburg palace, the message adds.  
Cavalry is being rushed to the capital to restore order. It is probable, it is stated, that martial law will be proclaimed. The rioting was in protest against the reduction of the bread ration.

## REDUCTION OF FOOD CAUSES EXCITEMENT.

Amsterdam, June 20.—Vienna dispatches to German newspapers say that the reduction of the bread ration in Austria-Hungary caused immense excitement throughout the dual monarchy. All Austrian newspapers without distinction of party protest the measure, demand its removal and ask immediate help from Germany and Hungary.

## EXPRESS INCREASE REFUSED BY I. C. C. ITALIANS WIN BACK CAPO SILE HEIGHTS

### Application Will Not Be Reopened By Rate-Fixing Body At Present

### MERELY ONE STEP GET MORE GROUND

Further Action Contemplated By Companies If This Had Been Granted, Allowing The Raise Sought.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—An order refusing to reopen the application of the leading express companies for a ten per cent increase in rates so as to consider an increase of 15 per cent was handed down by the Interstate Commerce Commission today and a few minutes later was withdrawn without explanation.  
The commission is expected to give a decision in a few days on the ten per cent application.

## THE CASUALTY LIST CONTAINS 73 NAMES

### Seventeen Killed In Action, 19 of Other Causes, and 36 Are Wounded, With 1 Missing.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—The army casualty list today contained 73 names, divided as follows:  
Died in action, 17.  
Died of wounds, 9.  
Died of airplane accidents, 2.  
Died of disease, 7.  
Died of accidents and other causes, 1.

Severely wounded, 32.  
Wounded degree undetermined, 4.  
Missing in action, 1.  
The list includes:  
Lieutenant Calvin L. Capps, of Lucaena, N. C., who died of wounds.

Mr. and Mrs. George Robert McKewen, who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Cooper, have returned to their home at Orangeburg, S. C.

## I. C. C. DENIES RAISE TO EXPRESS COMPANIES

### Hands Down Order to This Effect and Few Minutes Later Withdraws It Unexplained.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today handed down an order refusing to grant the express companies' application for a ten per cent increase in rates, and a few minutes later withdrew the order without explanation.

## CANNING THIS YEAR IS NEARLY DOUBLE OF 1917

### Estimates Say 1,500,000 Quarts of Foodstuffs Will Be Preserved Against 850,000

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 20.—Home canning will preserve 1,500,000 quarts of foodstuffs this year as against 850,000 quarts last year according to a statement today by the Department of Agriculture.

Miss May Hunter left Thursday for trip to Garysburg.

## PRESSURE OF AUSTRIANS' ON PIAVE FRONT WEAKER, BUT FIGHTING CONTINUES

### REALIZING FAILURE OF ENEMY, ITALIANS FIGHT DESPERATELY

### Tenacious Resistance Offered To Further Attacks By Austrians Along Piave River

### SPIRIT OF TROOPS IS AT HIGH PITCH

### Heavy Fighting Continues Around Montello Plateau, And Near San Dona Di Piave On Southern Wing

(By the Associated Press.)  
Italian Army Headquarters, Wednesday, June 19.—Realizing that the Austrian offensive has failed in spurring the Italian troops to desperate resistance along the Piave. Heavy fighting continued today around the Montello plateau on the north and near the San Dona di Piave on the south.  
On Montello, which is hilly and wooded, the opposing forces frequently stumbled upon each other unsuspectingly.  
The spirit of the Italian troops is at a high pitch despite wounds, loss of sleep and constant movements.

### Italians Control Air.

Italian Army Headquarters, Wednesday, June 19.—The Italians have won complete control of the air along the Piave line, where the most determined fighting of the present Austrian offensive is in progress. This afternoon not a single Austrian machine was aloft on this front.

### Austrian Prisoners Are Hungry.

In general, the situation of the Austrians along the Piave appears far from satisfactory to them. Prisoners taken by the Italians all declare the Austrian army has little food. Some of the prisoners had not eaten for forty-eight hours.

### Friday Longest Day.—Friday is the longest day in the calendar year of 1918. The sun will rise at 5:25 a. m., and set at 8:46 p. m. This is according to the new time, and not the sun time. For the sun time of rising and setting, the hour should be moved back just an hour.

## FRANCE "MOTHERS" 2,000,000 REFUGEES

### They Have Been Handled With System So As To Distribute Burden

(Correspondence Associated Press.)  
Paris, May 9.—France has "mothered" more than 2,000,000 refugees imposed upon her while she was engaged in war, with the country unprepared to receive a helpless mass and with but 40,000,000 population. These 2,000,000 refugees have been handled with system. They have been distributed over France with as much foresight, as to their ability to adjust themselves, as possible. Each department has now within its borders from 10,000 to 25,000 refugees. When a city is ordered evacuated by the military authorities, if possible trains are made up for the civil population. Groups are formed and the whole organized into convoys and their destination determined by the character of the refugees and the industrial necessities of the section of country to which they are sent.  
The whole is performed by the centralized French government. The transfer of refugees from the war zone to a safe place where they can settle is conducted much as is the transfer of the army from one section to another. It is done with military precision so far as the exigencies of the situation will allow.

Mrs. B. H. Goodrich, who has been visiting relatives in the city and county, has returned to her home at DeWitt, Va.

## Emperor Charles, Fearing Utter Failure, Personally Urges His Troops Onward

### UKRAINIANS REVOLT AGAINST THE TEUTON

### Forty Thousand Armed Peasants Have Risen and Uprising Is Spreading—Western Front Inactive

(By the Associated Press.)  
Austrian pressure on the front from Lake Garda to the Adriatic is growing weaker, although the fighting is still strenuous along the Piave from Montello to the sea.

Since Sunday the enemy has been held almost completely in check on the Piave line and has made no gains on the mountain front, while his loss in prisoners alone has risen to 9,000. Repeated efforts to debouch from the western bank of the river have been repulsed sanguinarily by the Italians, and only around Cato Sile have the Austrians made any progress.

Heavy fighting continues around the Montello plateau. The Austrians have not yet gained control here nor have they apparently had any success at Sobilla.

The British official statement says that the Piave river has risen sufficiently to carry away many of the bridges which the Austrians had thrown across the stream.

Emperor Charles, fearful that the Austrians by themselves, will not be able to emulate the Austro-German success of last fall, is personally urging his troops forward.

Meanwhile, internal troubles in Austria, especially as regards food, are causing trouble. The city council in Vienna has protested against reduction of the bread ration and the labor organizations in the Austrian capital call for the "speediest general peace."

The food supplies in Austria are reported at the lowest ebb since 1914.

The German Crown Prince has not repeated his attacks against Rheims, before which 40,000 of his troops were repulsed with heavy losses in a night attack Tuesday. The front there again is quiet and the French maintain their positions. Elsewhere on the western front there has been only minor raiding activity.

East of Chateau-Thierry American patrols have crossed the Marne in boats and heeded enemy patrols in encounters. In addition to killing a large number of Germans, the raiders brought back prisoners.

German aggression in the Ukraine is beginning to reap the whirlwind, according to reports from Moscow. A revolt on a large scale has broken out in the Ukrainian capital and there has been much street fighting. Forty thousand armed peasants have risen and the revolt has spread to the provinces.

## SOUTH AFRICANS HAVE SOLVED LAND PROBLEM

(Correspondence Associated Press.)

London, May 17.—In the future history of South Africa, the Botha government may be longest remembered as the author of the "Natives' Land Act." The measure is the greatest experiment that has ever been made in the administration of a mixed people.  
The Land Act Commission appointed to review the division of land under the act between natives and whites, decided that the whites have been given an undue share. The native population of the country is about 3,500,000. The lands set apart for natives under the act amounted to 40,000,000 acres out of 300,000,000. All the remainder was allotted to a white population of less than 1,500,000.

As the object of the act was to provide for the development of the native peoples under suitable conditions, the commission has decided that the natives must have a larger share.

It remains now for the South African Parliament to confirm the decision, after which various other reforms will be put into effect, among them the creation of native councils, the substitution of a system of paid agricultural labor for irregular squatting, and the extension of the franchise and of education.