

# Henderson Daily Dispatch

Established August 12, 1914  
Published Every Afternoon Except Sunday by HENDERSON DISPATCH CO., INC. at 109 Young Street

HENRY A. DENNIS, Pres. and Editor  
M. L. FINCH, Sec.-Treas., Bus. Mgr.

Editorial Office ..... 500  
Society Editor ..... 610  
Business Office ..... 610

The Henderson Daily Dispatch is a member of the Associated Press Southern Newspaper Publishers Association and the North Carolina Press Association.  
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to use for republication all news dispatches credited to it or otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein. All rights of publication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

**SUBSCRIPTION PRICES**  
Payable Strictly in Advance  
One Year ..... \$5.00  
Six Months ..... 2.50  
Three Months ..... 1.50  
Weekly (by Carrier Only) ..... .25  
Per Copy ..... .05

National Advertising Representative  
**FROST, LANDIS & KOHN**  
250 Park Avenue, New York  
360 North Michigan Ave., Chicago  
General Motors Bldg., Detroit  
1413 Healey Building, Atlanta.

Entered at the post office in Henderson, N. C., as second class mail matter



**STRENGTH AND SALVATION:** The Lord is my strength and song, and he is become my salvation; he is my God, and I will prepare him an habitation; my father's God, and I will exalt him. —Exodus 15:2.

## TODAY

**TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES**  
1742—Samuel Bard, New York City and Hyde Park, N. Y., physician-professor, one of the most eminent of his day, born in Philadelphia. Died March 24, 1821.  
1801—William F. Lynch, the navy lieutenant who, with government's consent, explored the Dad Sea and the Jordan River 90 years ago, noted Confederate naval commander, born at Norfolk, Va. Died in Baltimore, Oct. 17, 1865.  
1802—Guy R. Phelps, the Hartford, Conn., druggist who found the Conn. Mutual Life Insurance Company, born at Simsbury, Conn. Died March 18, 1869.  
1823—Simon Bolivar Buckner, Confederate lieutenant-general, Kentucky governor, candidate for the Vice Presidency, born near Munfordville, Ky. Died Jan. 8, 1914.

**TODAY IN HISTORY**  
1775—Daniel Boone began the building of historic stockade fort, Boonesborough, Ky.  
1789—Congress called to meet in New York March 4, but no quorum of the House showed up till this day, when first business transacted.  
1844—Barnum's famed dwarf, Gen. Tom Thumb, appeared before the royal court in Buckingham Palace receiving a welcome such as few have ever received there.  
1898—Although war declared on Spain this very month, so little prepared was the United States that the regular army numbered less than 30,000 men.  
1922—First day on national coal miners' strike involving half a million men.  
1933—Nazi Germany put on a one-day boycott against the Jews.

**TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS**  
Daniel C. Roper, Secretary of Commerce, born in Marlboro, Co., S. C., 70 years ago.  
Dr. Aurilla H. Reinhardt, president of Mills College, Oakland, Cal., born in San Francisco, 63 years ago.  
Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, president of the University of Michigan, born at Hull, Iowa, 55 years ago.  
Gov. Bibb Graves of Alabama, born at Hope Hill, Ala., 64 years ago.  
Laurette Taylor, actress, born in New York City, 50 years ago.  
Dr. Clifford E. Waller of the U. S. Public Health Service, assistant surgeon-general, born at Bremond, Tex., 51 years ago.

**TODAY'S HOROSCOPE**  
The special aspects show that the person born this day will be a student with a leaning toward scientific subjects. The impulsive nature of this month is tempered by a more gentle, amiable disposition, not too strong-willed, with much sympathy for others and a desire to help them, which may make them easily deceived.

**TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS**  
1775—Daniel Boone began the building of historic stockade fort, Boonesborough, Ky.  
1789—Congress called to meet in New York March 4, but no quorum of the House showed up till this day, when first business transacted.  
1844—Barnum's famed dwarf, Gen. Tom Thumb, appeared before the royal court in Buckingham Palace receiving a welcome such as few have ever received there.  
1898—Although war declared on Spain this very month, so little prepared was the United States that the regular army numbered less than 30,000 men.  
1922—First day on national coal miners' strike involving half a million men.  
1933—Nazi Germany put on a one-day boycott against the Jews.

**TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS**  
Daniel C. Roper, Secretary of Commerce, born in Marlboro, Co., S. C., 70 years ago.  
Dr. Aurilla H. Reinhardt, president of Mills College, Oakland, Cal., born in San Francisco, 63 years ago.  
Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, president of the University of Michigan, born at Hull, Iowa, 55 years ago.  
Gov. Bibb Graves of Alabama, born at Hope Hill, Ala., 64 years ago.  
Laurette Taylor, actress, born in New York City, 50 years ago.  
Dr. Clifford E. Waller of the U. S. Public Health Service, assistant surgeon-general, born at Bremond, Tex., 51 years ago.

**TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS**  
Daniel C. Roper, Secretary of Commerce, born in Marlboro, Co., S. C., 70 years ago.  
Dr. Aurilla H. Reinhardt, president of Mills College, Oakland, Cal., born in San Francisco, 63 years ago.  
Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, president of the University of Michigan, born at Hull, Iowa, 55 years ago.  
Gov. Bibb Graves of Alabama, born at Hope Hill, Ala., 64 years ago.  
Laurette Taylor, actress, born in New York City, 50 years ago.  
Dr. Clifford E. Waller of the U. S. Public Health Service, assistant surgeon-general, born at Bremond, Tex., 51 years ago.

**TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS**  
Daniel C. Roper, Secretary of Commerce, born in Marlboro, Co., S. C., 70 years ago.  
Dr. Aurilla H. Reinhardt, president of Mills College, Oakland, Cal., born in San Francisco, 63 years ago.  
Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, president of the University of Michigan, born at Hull, Iowa, 55 years ago.  
Gov. Bibb Graves of Alabama, born at Hope Hill, Ala., 64 years ago.  
Laurette Taylor, actress, born in New York City, 50 years ago.  
Dr. Clifford E. Waller of the U. S. Public Health Service, assistant surgeon-general, born at Bremond, Tex., 51 years ago.



## Today is the Day

By CLARK KINNAIRD  
Copyright, 1937, for this Newspaper by King Features Syndicate, Inc.

APRIL  
SUN MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT  
4 5 6 7 8 9 10  
11 12 13 14 15 16 17  
18 19 20 21 22 23 24  
25 26 27 28 29 30

All Fools' Day, Thursday, April 1, the 271st day, 161st year of U. S. Independence. Zodiac sign: Aries, Birth stone: diamond.

**TODAY'S YESTERDAYS**  
April 1, 1578—William Harvey was born in Kent, England a future immortal. Yet the thing for which he is best known, he didn't do! For it was Michael Servetus, Spanish physician, who first discovered pulmonary circulation of the blood. Servetus was burned at the stake for writing the book in which he first described it!  
April 1, 1826—One of the great days in modern history that you do not find recorded in most histories. A patent on the first internal combustion engine was granted to Samuel Morey, 64, of Fairlee, Vt. His engine had two cylinders, 130 degree cranks, poppet valves, carburetor, electric

## What Do You Know About North Carolina?

By FRED H. MAY

1. When did North Carolina grant the right to the federal government to purchase forest lands in the State?
2. What is the meaning of "Ease Quam Videri" on the State Seal?
3. When were militia companies of ten, or more men, allowed to organize?
4. How did the North Carolina protect early merchants against debtors leaving the colony without paying their accounts?
5. Who was the first private citizen to have a county named for him?
6. From what source is the name, "nicotine," in North Carolina tobacco derived?

**ANSWERS**  
1. The legislature of 1901 granted consent to and approved the plan of the Federal government to establish a National Forest Reserve in the Southern Appalachian Mountains.  
2. These words are Latin and are taken from Cicero's essay on Friendship. They mean "to be rather than be seen."  
3. For purposes of local defense the legislature of December 1864 provided that any number of persons of not less than ten, who are over 50 and not otherwise liable to military duty may organize themselves into a military company. These companies were for defense purposes within their own counties. The governor was authorized to furnish arms.  
4. Masters of vessels in 1715 were required to give bond not give passage to any person who did not have a ticket signed by the governor, deputy governor, or commander in chief. In order to get a ticket persons were required to show that they did not owe any debts.  
5. Under date of April 9, 1777, Abner Nash, member of the assembly from New Bern, wrote Governor Richard Caswell: "Our Assembly have paid a compliment to Dr. Burke, which no private man has experienced before. A new county . . . is called after him." Dr. Thomas Burke, lived in Orange county, and at that time was a delegate from North Carolina to Continental Congress.  
6. Jean Nicot, a Frenchman, while ambassador to Portugal in 1560, obtained some tobacco seed and introduced the weed into France. The plant was named "Nicotiana" in his honor, and from this came the word "Nicotine."

spark and water cooling device. It operated on the vapor of spirits of turpentine and common air. By means of a crank and flywheel, a rotary movement was obtained, as in the steam-engine.  
Morey was already the most notable American inventor when he produced this engine. He devised the first chutes for conveying logs from inaccessible heights to streams, made improvements in steam-engines, built a successful steamboat before Fulton did.

**AMERICA IN THE WORLD WAR DAY-BY-DAY**  
20 Years Ago Today—Seven more French Villages came back into British hands; as troops advanced on a five-mile front east of Baupenne. The French took 2000 prisoners at Montastir. But the head of the Franco-British unified command, Nivelle, still had not grasped the full import of the sudden withdrawal of the German center, which had disrupted Franco-British plans for Spring offensive, and the revolution in Russia.

Under Nivelle, as under Joffre, Allied strategy was comprehended in the general attack of all the armies of the Allies—an attempt, following the example of Grant in the American War Between the States, (whose campaigns had been studied in every war college in Europe) to exert pressure over the whole vast expanse of front until, if by no other means, at least by attrition, the enemy should be exhausted.

The Allied strategy in the campaign of 1916 had been comprehended in like manner—a grand concentric attack of British, French, Italian, and Russian armies on eastern and western fronts, together with the Allied forces in Mesopotamia and the British forces in Salonica and Egypt. In 1916 it had been, on the whole, a general failure, despite local successes.  
And now, in 1917, they were trying the same thing again, and overlooking the fact that Russia was in collapse. The Allied High Command—like Allied statesmanship—from the beginning to the end of the campaign of 1917, was blind to the truth as far as Russia was concerned.

**IT'S TRUE**  
The Biblical Book of Esther does not mention the Delly. The text does not contain the words Almighty, Lord or God.  
Sarah Bernhardt died 61 years after she was told by doctors that she would die within a few months of an incurable disease!  
Sound's resembling the whistling of ocean liners can be heard in the Arabian Desert, 500 miles from the nearest seaport. They're produced by vibrations set up by unique winds and friction of sands.  
The first explosive bombs were the invention of a bishop of the church in Germany.  
Walt Whitman couldn't get a publisher for Leaves of Grass, so he himself set up and printed the first edition of what is now the best-selling book of American poetry. E. W. Howe was the compositor and printer

**ANSWERS TO TEN QUESTIONS**  
See Back Page  
1. Perihelion.  
2. Alaska.  
3. Shellfish.  
4. J. Frank Dobie.  
5. 1881.  
6. Far-sightedness, referring to abnormal vision.  
7. English painter.  
8. Canada Jays.  
9. John Quincy Adams.  
10. Bay of Biscay.

of the first edition of his classic story of a Country Town.  
A gallon of vinegar weighs more than it will in summer. In warmer months vinegar expands, so a gallon container holds less of it.  
Queries, reproofs, etc., are welcomed by Clark Kinnaird.

## OTHERS VIEWS

**THE SUPREME COURT CONTROVERSY.**  
To the Editor:  
A group of my farmer friends have asked me to state in expository fashion (without coloring, as they put it), this controversy between the President and the United States Supreme Court. This I shall try to do, though it is not going to be especially easy, as I am confirmed in my belief that the controversy is not warranted, that the President is wrong. However, check me closely and if I get into any argument or show any partisanship, call me down.

In the outset, we should get a definite conception of the nature of our government, for that is necessary to an understanding of the controversy. We have here a Federal, or dual, system of government—something unique among governments. The people are the sovereigns, or source of power, and they operate through this dual, or Federal system. The original states were the first governments that we possessed as a people in our own right. This we inherited from the colonies, which derived their power from the English king, or parliament, or both, as a result of the Revolution. These original governments were and are possessed of all authority excepted in so far as the same is limited by the State constitutions and such as has been granted to the national government. In short, the State government is one of limitation and the national government one of grant. That is, the State can do all that is not prohibited, while the national government can do only that which is authorized, specifically or by implication. Hence the necessity for finding a power in the Constitution upon which to base legislation. If the power is not contained in the Constitution, the legislation is invalid, and the court should so hold; otherwise, there is an usurpation of power.

Another matter that should be of interest to the average man is the attitude that has been manifested toward the court. For the first 70 years of our history as a republic, the court was subjected to criticism because it upheld the enactments of the Congress. It invalidating only two during this period, as I recall, the case of Marbury v. Madison and the Dred Scott decision, one involving the power of the court and the other that of slavery. Or, to state it differently, Jefferson, Jackson and their political associates found fault with the court for upholding enactments of the national government, while the complaint today is just the reverse. It is under fire today because it invalidates acts of the Congress. Since the Civil War the court has invalidated 75 enactments or more than one per year. However, only 11 invalidations have been by a 5 to 4 decision of the court. Furthermore, this bit of information should be of interest: The court has invalidated 10 of the New Deal enactments, while the President has vetoed some 200 enactments. So the Congress has fared much better at the hands of the President than at the hands of the President. But it should be remembered that the President can veto an act for any reason he may choose to assign, whether on the grounds of necessity, policy, propriety or judgment, while the court can invalidate the acts of Congress only upon the absence of power in the Constitution. The necessity, propriety, policy or wisdom underlying enactments are of no concern to the court.  
With these preliminary matters out of the way, I shall in the next article breakdown the legislative enactment of the New Deal administration into their logical groups and give you the treatment accorded each group, leaving you to determine whether any-



## WANT ADS

FOR SALE, WOOD AND LAPS, outdoors and strips. From Lassiter Timber. W. F. Horner. 27-7t  
I REPRESENT SMITH'S HEATING System, Inc. of Kingston, makers of the Smith's oil burning system for curing tobacco. Rumors that I sell other curing systems are false. I sell only the Smith system and have three models on hand for inspection. W. 3016 Ayseue, route 1, Henderson. 21eod-6t  
LOOK! 847 N. GARNETT STREET. We have all weights of motor oil 20 to 60, 10-15-25c quart. Guaranteed at highest speed or your money back. Greases, patching. Let us save you money. 1-3t  
W. & L. AND STATE TO PLAY SATURDAY  
College Station, Raleigh, April 1.—Washington and Lee will meet North Carolina State in baseball here Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock on State's Freshman Field.  
The game is the second for State. In its opening test it was beaten, 19-17, by Wake Forest on Easter Monday. The game was featured by heavy hitting of both clubs. State hit safely 25 times and Wake Forest 17 times.  
Gipsy Rodney Smith, noted British evangelist, born 77 years ago.

**B. H. MIXON**  
Contractor and Builder  
"Builds Better Buildings"  
All kinds of Building  
Wall Papering — Painting — Roofing and Interior Decorating.  
PHONES: Office 7 Residence 476-1

**AGRICO TOBACCO**  
Manufactured by THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL COMPANY NEW YORK

**We Sell**  
Real Estate—Insurance And collect rents.  
List your property with us "Service That Satisfies"  
**Citizens Realty and Loan Co.**  
Phone 628  
JOEL T. CHEATHAM, Pres.

28th Year of Service  
**INSURANCE**  
All forms  
Property Management  
Rentals, Sales  
Loans on Real Estate  
Long or short terms  
Surety Bonds  
Your interest protected  
Your business appreciated.  
**Al. B. Wester**  
Office 115 Young St. Phone 189-J.

## "EIGHT HOURS OF TOUGH GOING—so after I RELAX ... I stick to MILD whisky"

Smooth Enough To Sip

**Cobbs Creek**  
90 Proof BLENDED WHISKY  
LIKE YOUR CIGARETTE... its Mild

The straight whiskies in this product are one year or more old. 25% straight whisky, 75% grain neutral spirits. 2% straight whisky eight (8) years old. 20% straight whisky one year old.