

Coup May Be Attempted By Trotsky

Gossip of Contemplated Attempt to Overthrow Stalin Government Circulates in Washington Among Russians.

By CHARLES P. STEWART
Central Press Columnist

Washington, Jan. 19.—Gossip of a contemplated attempt at a Trotsky coup in Russia leaks out from the circle of Moscow exiles in Washington.

The theory is that Comrade Stalin must have lost so much in prestige as a result of his forces' poor showing in Finland that there should be a good chance to overthrow him. In fact, the Washington exiles say they have definite information to that effect. It may be that the reliability of their news is not quite on a par with the extreme wisdom of the Russian government. Nevertheless, there is some evidence that Russians in this country are in communication with Trotsky in Mexico City, regarding the possibilities of enlisting the aid of a movement to seize power in the Russian government.

Uncle Sam's capital is quite a colony. It includes a few old-time czarists, but they don't signify; noody imagines that there'll be a reversion to autocracy of the Romanoffs.

After the ears there followed in Russia a decidedly radical sort of a reversion dominated by Alexander Kerensky, today a refugee in the United States. There are some Kerenskyites besides Alexander, in America, but no Kerensky comeback is suggested. Russians who speak of Alexander as a man but temperamentally unequal in dealing with such conditions as prevail in their homeland.

Kerensky was followed by Vladimir Lenin, a sure-enough Communist. Leon Trotsky (his real name is Bronstein) was his right-hand man. Indeed he was about as prominent as Vladimir was.

Trotsky in Exile. Presently Lenin died. Trotsky was the logical individual to succeed him, but somehow Josef Stalin hurried in ahead. Trotsky was banished even, heavens knows, he'd see was even more so, and I suppose Russia was ripe for the maximum limit at that time.

Trotsky immediately lost most of his authority. Shortly he was banished to Siberia. Probably Stalin was suspicious of him; maybe with justification. It's a safe bet that Leon Trotsky, and it's imaginable that he'd see some plotting.

He escaped from Siberia, however. That was when he changed his name from Bronstein to Trotsky.

Subsequently we trace him to Geneva, Madrid, London, to the viarage of Istanbul, Turkey, to New York and finally to Mexico City, his present place of refuge. Recently Representative Martin Dies tried to

get him to come from Mexico to the United States, as a witness before Martin's congressional investigation of Communist activities in the Americas. Upon mature consideration Leon didn't come. Perhaps he thinks he sees a better chance to raise hades for Stalin in a different way.

It appears that Joe's compact with Hitler annoyed many Russian reds, Communists and Nazi-ism being antagonistic philosophies. Still that might not be so bad, since it seems that the average Russian doesn't know the difference. The essential point is that Stalinist Russia now is getting the tar licked out of it by wee little Finland.

Stalin's Censorship. It's a safe gamble that Stalin's censorship has kept Russians generally from learning much of the Fin's successes, but it's hard to believe that a modicum of the news hasn't trickled in.

Anyway, the old-fashioned Leninists, who hate Stalin as cordially as anybody else does, argue that now's the time for Trotsky to bounce home again and put Joe out of business. It will be a risky venture on Leon's part. Has he got nerve enough? We don't know yet.

From what the exiles tell me I judge that Trotsky is a bit more civilized than Stalin is. He's as red as it's possible to be, but best advice is to the effect that he isn't as brutal as Joe. They say he's been slightly diluted by residence in Switzerland, Spain, England, the U. S. A. and Mexico, whereas Joe remains an unqualified barbarian from the Caucasus.

And I'll say this for Leon, as my own personal verdict: He's produced an entertaining writer. He's produced considerable literature. On the subjects of government, sociology and economics he's a leftist-plus. That's admitted. But his stories of his travels not only are informative; they're funny.

It would be a relief to have a Russian boss commissar with at least a sense of humor.

Markets On Farm Lists Decline

Raleigh, Jan. 19.—Millfeed markets declined during the past week and high protein feeds also sold at lower prices, according to the U. S. and North Carolina departments of agriculture in the weekly market news service review.

The index number of wholesale feedstuffs prices declined to 124.1 compared with 125.4 last week and 105.4 for the corresponding week a year ago.

Colder weather brought increased feeding requirements during the past week but millfeed purchases at southeastern markets were not as heavy as expected.

Peanut millers continue to be actively interested in buying farmers' stock peanuts that will make extra large and the market is fully firm for virginias of that type. Meanwhile, millers are paying for best jumbos, 4 to 4 1/4, a few 4.25 cents and for best bunch, 3 3/4 to 4 cents per pound. The finished goods market is firm to stronger with extra large, mediums and number twos especially firm.

North Carolina sweet potatoes received a wide rail distribution during the past week, being reported in Detroit, Cleveland, Pittsburgh and New York. Prices during the period held about steady and at the close U. S. No. 1 Porto Ricans were quoted per bushel at 1.40 to 1.50 a crate in Detroit; 1.45 to 1.50 per basket in Cleveland; 1.15 to 1.25 a basket in Pittsburgh and 1.40 a crate in New York.

Farm prices of fresh eggs in North Carolina ruled fully firm at the period's close. Prices on all grades in the Raleigh area were fully sustained and there was a stronger undertone to trading as the result of lighter receipts. For eggs candled and graded in Raleigh producers received 25 cents a dozen for U. S. extra large whites; 23 cents for U. S. extra medium; 22 for U. S. standards large and 18 cents for U. S. trades. For nearby ungraded, henney whites, producers received 23 cents for current collections; 20 to 21 cents per dozen this week.

Marketings of livestock during the

A New Standard of Greatness ILLUSTRATED SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON By Alfred J. Buescher



The Kingdom of Heaven, said Jesus, "is like a husband who went to the market place and hired men to work in his vineyard, some early in the morning, some in the third hour, some in the sixth, ninth and eleventh hours.

When this man came to pay his workers, all received the same amount, whereas there was murmuring because some had worked so short a time, but he said, "Is it not lawful for me to do what I will with mine own money?"

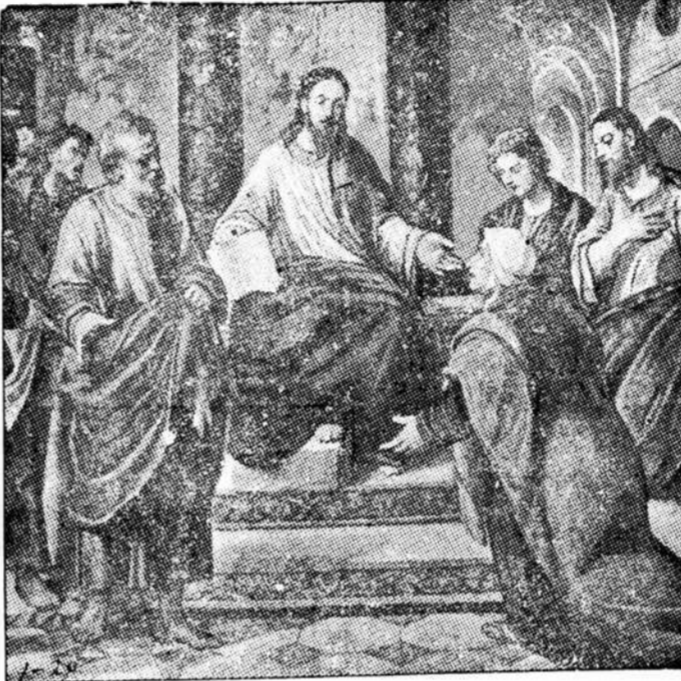
The mother of Zebedee's children asked the Lord that her sons might sit one on His right, the other on His left in the kingdom. Jesus said: "It shall be given to them for whom it is prepared by My Father."

Leaving Jericho Jesus and His disciples were approached by two blind men asking for help; Jesus called them, asked what they wanted, then touched their eyes, and they received sight. (GOLDEN TEXT—Romans 5:8)

A New Standard of Greatness

"BRASS TACKS" ON THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

The Golden Text



Christ and Zebedee's children

"While we were yet sinners, Christ died for us."—Romans 5:8.

By NEWMAN CAMPBELL
(The International Uniform Lesson on the above topic for Jan. 21 is Matthew 20, the Golden Text being Romans 5:8. "While we were yet sinners, Christ died for us.")

A new standard of greatness is the subject of our lesson today. It was, indeed, new, as Jesus taught it. It was, in fact, a religion of service. He who would be the greatest among us should do the menial tasks—serve others.

The whole lesson contained in the 20th chapter of Matthew concerns the kingdom of God and those who will be admitted to it. In the first part of the chapter Jesus tells His followers a parable, which they may have found hard to understand. He told of a man who owned a vineyard, and the grapes being ready to harvest, he went to the marketplace very early in the morning and hired men for a penny to work throughout the day. Later in the morning he went to the marketplace again and, finding men standing idly about, said to them, "Why stand ye all the day idle?" And he hired them, telling them that he would pay them what was fair. Later he went again, five times in all, and hired men to work in the vineyard. When the day was done the men gathered to be paid, and the master paid each of them the same amount—to those whom he had hired at the eleventh hour the same as those who had worked from early

and found fault, but he said to one of them, "Friend, I do thee no wrong; didst not thou agree with me for a penny? . . . Is it not lawful for me to do what I will with mine own? . . . So shall the last be first, and the first last; for many be called, but few chosen."

What the Parable Means.
The parable interpreted means that one may be accepted for the Kingdom of God, even though he does not hear the call until late in life. If then he truly repents and accepts the Christ, he may enter. Those who loitered in the market place late in the day were not there earlier and did not hear the invitation to work, but when they did they accepted the call and so were given their reward. "So the last shall be first, and the first last; for many be called, but few chosen." The doers of great deeds and those who sacrifice much for the good of the world will be first, regardless of when they come to the Father.

Then Jesus told His disciples what was soon to be in store for him—"Behold, we go up to Jerusalem; and the Son of Man shall be betrayed unto the chief priests and unto the scribes, and they shall condemn Him to death, and they shall deliver Him to the Gentiles to mock, and to scourge, and to crucify Him; and the third day He shall rise again." St. Matthew does not tell us what the disciples answered. They seem to have had no idea what was so

C. C. Rowland Dies At 50

Friends here learned today of the death yesterday in a veterans' hospital in Johnston City, Tenn., of Clifton C. Rowland, 50, native and long-time resident of Henderson. He had lived for the past twenty years in Durham. He was a World War veteran and served overseas with a Henderson company.

Mr. Rowland had been in declining health for a year, and his condition became worse seven weeks ago, at which time he entered the government hospital. A complication of diseases was given as the cause of death.

Mr. Rowland is survived by his widow, Mrs. Lucile Williams Rowland, a brother, E. F. Rowland, both of Durham, and a sister, Mrs. A. G. Spruill, of Princeton, Texas.

The body was brought to Durham today to await funeral services Sunday afternoon.

The deceased was a son of the late P. E. Rowland, who was for many years prior to his death register of deeds of Vance county, and brother of J. Britt Rowland, who was for years connected with the Seaboard Railway here.

CLYDE TO DISCUSS POLICY WITH JAPAN

Durham, Jan. 19.—A discussion of what the American policy should be when the present commercial treaty between Japan and the United States expires January 26 will be presented next Tuesday by Dr. Paul H. Clyde, of the Duke university history department, at a meeting of the Foreign Policy association of Cincinnati, O.

Dr. Clyde will share the program with T. A. Bisson, of the Foreign Policy association and Prof. Harold Vinacke, of the department of political science, University of Cincinnati.

For a number of years Dr. Clyde has been making a study of Japanese relations with the United States. He has lived and traveled extensively in the orient, having made his last visit to Japan last year.

ATTENDS CONVENTION OF CIVIL ENGINEERS

Durham, Jan. 19.—Prof. H. C. Bird, chairman of the civil engineering department of the Duke university college of engineering, is attending the annual convention of the American Society of Civil Engineers, in New York.

STORK LOSES RACE WITH DOCTOR AGAIN

Dorchester, Neb., Jan. 19.—(AP)—Twenty years ago Dr. R. C. Panter raced through a near blizzard to beat the stork and aid in the birth of Helen Koci at Pleasant Hill, near here.

Today he started out for Pleasant Hill again behind a snowplow on another birth case, but the plow stalled.

A 15-man volunteer crew started shoveling drifts. They won the battle against subzero cold, snow and time. Dr. Panter beat the stork to Pleasant Hill once again.

The mother was Helen Koci, now Mrs. Raphael Houska.

Among the many captives the Finns have taken there has been no mention, oddly enough, of Stalin's goat.

Rural Churches

ROCK SPRING BAPTIST.
Rev. S. L. Morgan, pastor. Preaching Sunday morning at 11 o'clock by the pastor, on the subject, "Some Uses of Trouble." The quarterly meeting of the pastor and the deacons will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Stevenson ENDS TONIGHT

GARY COOPER
DAVID NIVEN
ANDREA LEEDS
in
"The Real Glory"

"The Dead End Kids On Dress Parade"

WITH JOHN LITEL
Plus Radio Flash Comedy Chapter No. 12 "Oregon Trail"

COMING NEXT WEEK RETURN ENGAGEMENT

"MR. SMITH GOES WASHINGTON"
"FOUR WIVES"
"TOWER OF LONDON"
"REMEMBER"



Don't Do This!

Let Us Do It For You



A telephone call is all that's necessary to bring our delivery car to your door. Don't spend hours in the basement worrying and bothering with a disagreeable washing job.

Then Again—

Why risk your health just because you think you are saving money? We can do your washing less expensively and more conveniently.



Henderson Steam Laundry

Phone 508

Derrick Topples in Oil Fire



Static electricity, caused by seeping gas, ignited this oil well, belonging to the Ohio Oil Company, in El Segundo, Calif. A half-hour later the intense heat melted the base of the 125-foot tower, causing it to crash to the ground, as shown. Damage was estimated at \$60,000, but nobody was hurt.

State
10c-25c
TODAY—TOMORROW
A Modern Western Thriller
"SAGA OF DEATH VALLEY"
With
ROY ROGERS
ALSO
"Roy Rogers" Serial—Comedy

Pint Was \$1.25
NOW \$1.05
Quart Was \$2.40
NOW \$2.00

The Straight Whiskies in this Product are 4 Years or More Old

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