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Nazi Forces Cross Lys River

Broughton And Horton In Runoff Primary Little Change In Battle Of Flanders

Horton To Demand 2nd Primary

With Returns From State Nearly Complete Broughton Has Wide Lead Over Lieutenant Governor; Maxwell Third.

Raleigh, May 27.—(AP)—J. M. Broughton, Raleigh lawyer, and Lieutenant Governor W. P. Horton, in a seven-man race, won runoff primary June 22 in gubernatorial election. The nomination is held by the state's 1,913 precincts. Broughton had 141,797 votes, Horton's 101,878, A. J. Maxwell, state revenue commissioner, running third with 97,730.

For the other candidates: Thomas E. Cooper of Raleigh, May 27.—(AP)—In the governor's race 1,806 precincts give Broughton 143,045. Cooper 99,577, Grady 15,139. Gravelly 69,977, Horton 192,472, Maxwell 98,341, Simmons 2,459.

Lieutenant governor, 1,725 precincts. Harris 135,507, Martin 70,377, Smith 115,022, Tompkins 41,992.

Congress, fourth district 163 precincts (complete) Cooley 31,396, Griffin 9,183.

Washington, May 27.—(AP)—Paul Grady of Raleigh, 15,139; L. L. Gravelly of Waynesboro, 59,538, and Arthur S. Simmons of Burlington, 2,459.

A runoff primary became assured when Broughton turned thumbs down on suggestion by Maxwell that he resign.

Maxwell issued a statement saying he hoped "the state and the counties may be saved the expense of the confusion of a second primary."

A runoff primary was also indicated in the lieutenant governor's race in which R. L. Harris and W. E. Smith led a field of four.

With 1,700 precincts reported, the vote stood: Harris 135,507, Smith 70,377, L. A. Martin of Lexington 115,022, Dan Tompkins of Sylva 41,992.

All the incumbent congressmen faced opposition appeared to have respectable leads, but a runoff was expected in the eighth district, where Representative W. O. Burgin held several thousand votes of a margin over C. B. Deane.

Representative Graham A. Barden of the third district polled 17,538 votes, with 135 of 157 precincts reported. Zeno B. Spence of Goldsboro, a Tennessee organizer, had 3,977 and Charles L. Abernethy, Jr., of the seventh district, Representative Zoulan Weaver with 221.

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Broughton Win Would Boost Mull's Chance

Daily Dispatch Bureau. In the Sir Walter Hotel.

Raleigh, May 27.—The makeup of the General Assembly is still undecided as a whole, though of course little by little now is aware that he has been nominated, who has been defeated and who have been defeated runners.

When the identity of members has been determined and become definite, there is the little matter of a speakership race which will probably begin to pick up speed—of course slowly and by degrees.

Only one thing appears almost certain about the governor's race in the state, if any, to the speakership race, and that is that the nomination of J. Melville Broughton would be a boost for the chances of Governor Odis M. Mull for the job.

Mull was, so far as this reporter is aware, the only mentioned candidate for speaker who openly opposed any gubernatorial candidate and while the Shelby representative set to carry his home county in the first primary, Broughton in the first primary is undoubtedly entitled to

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High Man For Governor



J. M. Broughton, Raleigh attorney, above was maintaining a lead today of more than 40,000 votes over Lieutenant Governor W. P. Horton as returns from Saturday's primary neared completion. Horton, demanding a runoff primary in the face of A. J. Maxwell's suggestion that he withdraw, was preparing today for his campaign leading to the second primary June 22.

Runoff Campaigns Are Actively Begun

House Passes Resolution On Immigration

Washington, May 27.—(AP)—The House adopted a resolution today to give quick effect to President Roosevelt's transfer of the immigration service to the Justice department as a means of gaining "more effective control over aliens."

The action came on a voice vote. If approved also by the Senate, the President could make the transfer effective in ten days.

During House debate, Representative Taber, Republican, New York, described Secretary Perkins as "a notorious incompetent."

He gave this reason why "many of us" would vote for the resolution: "The Senate Judiciary committee approved legislation to require the fingerprinting of aliens in this country, some 4,000,000 of them, and to impose severe penalties for 'fifth column' activities."

M. L. Wilson, director of the Agriculture department's extension division, said:

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Horton Will Make Strong Bid In Runoff Against Broughton, Averill Says

Daily Dispatch Bureau. In the Sir Walter Hotel. By HENRY AVERILL

Raleigh, May 27.—Lieutenant Governor Wilkins P. Horton will make a strong contender for the gubernatorial prize, now stake of a runoff primary, despite the fact that he trailed Raleigh's J. Melville Broughton in the first primary by a margin which may be as much as 50,000 votes.

This is true because there will be a coalition behind Horton of elements which are unalterably opposed not so much to Broughton personally as to the company he has kept in this campaign, particularly and specially the company of Dr. Ralph McDonald, who threw the state into such an uproar four years ago with his "liberal" campaign for the governor's chair.

It could be, of course, that the industrialists and business men who dislike McDonald with great heartiness

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Unions Win High Court Decision

Supreme Court, Passing on Sitdown Strike Case, Holds Labor Unions Not Subject to Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

Washington, May 27.—(AP)—In a far-reaching decision the Supreme court ruled today that the activities of labor unions are not subject to the federal anti-trust laws unless they "restrain commercial competition in some substantial way."

Justice Stone delivered the 6-to-3 opinion that held specifically that a Philadelphia labor union was not subject under the anti-trust laws for damages resulting from a sitdown strike.

Although Justice Stone asserted that the sitdown constituted a "lawless invasion and destruction of property by force and violence of the most brutal and wanton character," he said the Sherman act did not provide for damages.

The decision clarified to a considerable extent the long controversy that has existed over whether labor organizations were subject to the 1890 Sherman act and later legislation which prohibited combinations or conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Chief Justice Hughes wrote a dissenting opinion in which Justices McReynolds and Roberts joined.

Specially involved was a suit by the Apex Hosiery Company of Philadelphia for damages sustained during a seven-week sitdown strike in 1937 by a local unit of the American Federal of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers.

British Hold Flanders Line

London, May 27.—(AP)—A British communique tonight said the Germans during the day "violently attacked" French and Belgian forces on the flanks of the British expeditionary force and that British infantry counter attacked successfully.

"In Belgium, British forces have fought side by side with the Belgian army, meeting attacks of strong enemy forces," the communique said. "The British front remains intact. There has been heavy bombing."

Tool Makers Answer Call

Government is Promised First Call on Tools Vital to National Defense.

Washington, May 27.—(AP)—Manufacturers of machine tools, responding to President Roosevelt's call for the "best, speediest and most efficient mass production" promised today to give the government first call on tools vital to national defense.

"We are confident of our ability to meet requirements," Clayton Burt of Hartford, Conn., said after he and five other leaders of machine tool industry conferred with Treasury, War, Navy and Commerce department representatives.

"We intend to get our teeth into this thing," Burt added.

Mr. Roosevelt made the call upon private industry in a radio appeal last night for national unity in which he coupled a pledge of military security with a warning against Trojan horse treachery and the "undiluted poison" of foreign-sponsored dissent.

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Weather FOR NORTH CAROLINA. Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Germans Warn Of Allied Plot Against U. S. Liner

Berlin, May 27.—(AP)—"A most serious warning" has been given the United States embassy repeatedly in the past two days that the allies either planned or had already carried out a "criminal attempt" on the American liner President Roosevelt, authorized sources disclosed today.

The President Roosevelt is enroute to Ireland to bring Americans home.

The German sources said the warnings had been addressed to Alexander C. Kirk, charge d'affaires of the United States embassy.

"Evidence keeps accumulating more and more and hour by hour," they said, "that some sort of manipulation is planned regarding the refuge ship in the hope thereby of drawing the United States into the war."

In London a foreign office source said "no sane man" could accept the warning.

"This story is similar to those which asserted that the British sank the Athenia and Kaeder's warning about the Troguis."

Grand Admiral Erich Raeder is commander in chief of the German navy.

In New York, officials of the United States Lines said they had not been officially informed of the Berlin report that safety of the liner was threatened and that they did not plan to radio the master of the ship concerning the report.

Congress Speeding Toward Adjourning

Leaders Express Doubt That Controversial Issues Can Be Ironed Out To Permit Adjournment Before June 15.

Washington, May 27.—(AP)—Senate leaders put together a fast legislative time table today in an effort to wind up the session in two weeks, but Democratic House managers expressed doubt that Congress could adjourn before June 15.

Both chambers were hastening action on the defense measures but the relief bill and various odds and ends still remained.

Potential time-consuming arguments centered in the Senate effort to bring up the Logan-Walter bill to subject administrative rulings to court review, and House demands for action on Wagner act amendments.

It generally was considered unlikely that the House would take up amendments to broaden the Hatch law and there was little congressional sentiment for action at this session on financing for the big new defense program.

Some leaders forecast, however, that the administration might ask an immediate increase in the \$45,000,000,000 federal debt limit.

There was no possibility, they asserted, that Congress would be called on to enact new taxes before 1941.

If Britain Loses, Her Fleet Is Likely To Come To Canada

By CHARLES P. STEWART (Central Press Columnist)

Washington, May 27.—Washington is seriously discussing the possibility of the transfer of the British Empire's headquarters from England to Canada.

"The notion seems fantastic. Nevertheless, if Herr Hitler succeeds in making John Bull's home island too much of a wreck for his government to remain on, Canada would be the natural place for it to adjourn to. Theoretically Australia would be as stable. But not practically. It's inconveniently remote, for one thing. Besides, Canada is far more handy under Uncle Sam's wing."

Anyway, the idea's talked about. For the sake of argument, suppose that John P. Bull does come, bag and baggage, to our side of the Atlantic.

What, then, would the British navy do?

Plenty of American statisticians believe that it also would steam hot-footedly for Canadian waters.

Of course, if Adolf actually manages to chase the London regime across the ocean, he'll demand the surrender of its fleet, under penalty of devastating the whole country. However, even if English landmen were inclined to comply, the best guessing is that the navy would be handed over. Its sea fighters might, to be sure, scuttle their ships, but there wouldn't be much sense in that, with a coast like Canada's available to them, to steer for.

Not a Bad Alliance From Uncle Sam's standpoint it

wouldn't be a bad arrangement. Britain's navy, gobbled and manned by Germans, would be a terrible threat to our entire Pan-American eastern waterfront. We need all our waterfront. We need all our war craft in the Pacific, as insurance against Japan.

But the huge British fleet, inherited by Canada, and in cahoots with us, as it naturally would be, would take good care of our western hemisphere seaboard, from Greenland to Cape Horn, including the West Indies and the gulf end of the Panama canal.

Our part of the job would be to look after Australia, New Zealand, Singapore, Hongkong and French Indo-China, as well as our own Pacific waterfront and maybe the Dutch East Indies, in opposition to probable Japanese encroachment. Navy experts say we could do it, all right, with the British fleet attending to the Atlantic.

It should be a good bargain for the British, also. They're in danger of being licked all over the world otherwise.

It goes almost without saying that Canada couldn't support the whole British fleet for very long. Doubtless it can get to Canadian waters, but Canada can't maintain it indefinitely. It'll have to become a Yankee-financed outfit shortly. But that will be o. k. Whatever it costs it will be worth, as a ready-made navy—one that we shan't have to spend two or three years in building, in the

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German and Allied Troops Locked in Gigantic Struggle for Channel and to Decide Fate of "Lost Million" Allied Army.

Paris, May 27.—(AP)—The Germans in their drive in Belgium have succeeded in crossing the Lys river at several points, a ministry of information spokesman said tonight.

The Lys, on which lie Ghent and Courtrai, already claimed by the Germans, is the last important river barrier between the nazis and the English channel ports of Ostend and Zeebrugge.

Earlier the French high command had admitted French withdrawals in the face of furious German attacks aimed at crushing the allies in Flanders.

(By The Associated Press.)

German and allied armies thrashed like giant pythons, each seeking a strangle hold in the bloody battle of Flanders today.

Mastery of the English channel and the fate of the so-called "lost million" allied troops were at stake.

In one major phase of the struggle, Generalissimo Maximie Weygand's forces sought to break through the German salient to the channel at its 18-mile wide bottleneck in the Bapaume-Peronne area.

If successful, the vital line of communications leading the German columns along the channel would be broken and the nazi spearhead columns isolated.

In the second phase, Hitler's armored troops were flailing hard to pinch off the allied salient between Lille, France, and Courtrai, Belgium.

If successful, the Germans in turn would isolate allied forces which are seeking to isolate the nazis.

Amid this complicated action, terrific German attacks, which were described by the French as launched "without regard to losses," threw back allied troops to new defense positions in the Belgian Lys river valley and spiked through almost to the world war battlefield of Ypres.

The new onslaughts were aimed at separating French, British and Belgian armies estimated at between 500,000 and 1,000,000 strong already

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Dies Probes Espionage

Buffalo, May 27.—(AP)—An organization whose members, accredited "by a certain foreign government," are seeking a foothold in the nation's key industries, particularly aviation, is the latest quarry of the House committee investigating un-American activities, Chairman Dies said today.

Dies described the group as "window dressing for espionage" and said he is seeking first hand information in Buffalo, important war plane manufacturing center, "that will stick into the whole national picture."

Nazis Attack Violently

Allied Armies of the North Forced to Fall Back to New Defense Positions.

Paris, May 27.—(AP)—The allied armies of the north fell back today under vast nazi attacks rivaling in violence the German World War assaults on Verdun, and took their stand on a new line defending the English channel.

Adolf Hitler speeded his campaign to crush the French, British and Belgian forces in Flanders. Into the drive for a quick decision his commanders threw the old infantry and artillery as well as the new dive bombers and armored columns.

The French last night withdrew to new positions in the Valenciennes sector to strengthen their lines.

The battle continued today with the allies reported checking the German offensive on the new front.

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