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Willkie Hears State Secrets



Wendell L. Willkie, who battled President Roosevelt in the last election, is shown (left) as he conferred with Secretary of State Cordell Hull in Washington. Willkie was inducted into the innermost secrets of American foreign policy in preparation for his forthcoming trip to London.

AIR "INVADERS" DRIVEN OFF IN DEFENSE TEST

Two "Enemy" Bombers Spotted by Volunteer Observers and Intercepted by Fighter Planes in First of Four-Day Tests.

New York, Jan. 21.—(AP)—The "invading enemy" bombers roared in from the east today off Bellport, Long Island, where they were spotted by volunteer observers of the air defense command and were intercepted a few minutes later by fighter planes over Port Jefferson.

In saving the interception about 15 miles from Bellport, the fighter planes, which took off from Suffolk Flying Field near the center of Long Island, successfully completed their mission in the first test of the four-day experimental exercise of the air defense command.

Men of the flying corps, the signal corps and the coast artillery anti-aircraft cooperating with thousands of volunteer spotters, were on the alert throughout the northeastern United States for further "attacks" from the sea.

The first appearance of the "foreign bombers" was quickly transmitted to the information center at New York, plotted and charted on the huge operations board, the track determined and orders were issued for the interceptors to go aloft, all in matter of minutes.

The exercises started at 6 p.m. will continue for four days and test the air defense system with special emphasis on volunteer observers strategically placed on hilltops and high buildings throughout New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts.

Convicts Escape From Anson Camp

Raleigh, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Four long-term convicts escaped from the Anson county prison camp near Wadesboro today, the State Penitentiary reported.

Penit Director Robert Grady Johnson hastened to Wadesboro to investigate and organize a search. Details of the escape were not available here.

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Chapel Hill Meeting Of Legislature Third Outside Of Raleigh Since 1794

Daily Dispatch Bureau,
In the Sir Walter Hotel.
By LYNN NISBET.

Raleigh, Jan. 21.—When the General Assembly of 1941 is convened at Chapel Hill on Thursday of next week (January 30) it will be the third time in 147 years that the body has met outside of Raleigh, but the seventh meeting of a legislature in Orange county.

The town of Hillsborough, seat of Orange county then and now, but now spelled the short way, has been lost to six sessions of the assembly, and to the convention which authorized establishment of a permanent capitol for the state, to be located within ten miles of the Isaac

Hunter home. The Isaac Hunter place is about three and a half miles north of Raleigh on NC 59, known locally as the "old Louisburg road".

It was at Hillsborough in 1775 that the third Provincial Congress named the first Provincial Council, which actually was the first organized government of North Carolina as an independent commonwealth.

A comprehensive history of the general assemblies of North Carolina would be essentially a history of the province and the state and cannot be attempted in one newspaper article. Colonial records are not readily accessible to the casual research worker, and it is difficult to say just when

British Attack Tobruk

Kennedy Says Britons Divided On U. S. Participation In War

Ambassador Would Favor Limitations

Kennedy, Appearing Before House Foreign Affairs Committee to Testify on Lease-Lend Bill, Favors Speedy Armament.

Washington, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy reported to Congress today that some high British officials believed the United States should go to war with their nation against Germany but that others were opposed to this action.

Those who favored United States entrance into the war, and the returning envoy to London, did so because they felt that this nation "would find ways to carry it through." Official opposed to the idea, me said believed that it would cut down the flow of war materials to Britain.

Kennedy appeared before the House foreign relations committee to testify on the administration bill for lease-lend aid to Britain.

He agreed with various suggestions put forward by committee members for limiting powers which would be granted to the President by the legislation, approving among others a proposal to keep the President from using warships for convoy duty unless Congress consented.

But he said that the main task before this nation is to complete its own rearmament.

"We should go all out to rearm," he declared.

Representative Richards, Democrat, South Carolina, asked whether in comparison with that objective of preparedness, the question of aid to Britain should not be considered as merely "incidental" and Kennedy said he

was.

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GM Perfects Plan To Make Plane Parts

Detroit, Jan. 21.—(AP)—General Motors Corporation, the world's largest automotive firm, announced today completion of plans for a monthly output of 1,500 aviation engines and parts and sub-assemblies for 200 large bombing planes.

In making the announcement, C. E. Wilson, General Motors president, said the corporation, one of the "big three" in the motor car industry, has entered into a cooperative arrangement with North American Aviation, Inc., for the production of twin-engined medium bombers.

Wilson said that manufacture of the parts and sub-assemblies would begin immediately so that final assemblies by North American Aviation at a plant to be built in Kansas City "can start by late summer."

He added that at the peak of the program the corporation will have 30,000 men employed in the manufacturing of medium bombers.

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Aw, I Want To See You Inaugurated, Mr. President!



When President Roosevelt set forth from the Executive Mansion in Washington to take the oath of office as President of the United States for the third time, his Scotty pup "Fala" couldn't understand why he was being left behind and attempted to become a stowaway in his master's automobile. The President objected, and here is Fala meekly taking a presidential bawling out for his rebellious attitude.

Matsuoka Warns U. S.

Bills Given Legislature

Number of New Measures Introduced in North Carolina General Assembly.

Raleigh, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Plans to turn over four North Carolina historic sites to the National Park Service were studied at a meeting here today, called by the State Historical Commission, the Conservation Department and the Society for the Preservation of Antiquities.

The historic sites are Fort Fisher in New Hanover county, site of the Civil War battle of Bentonville in Johnston county, site of General Johnston's surrender to General Sherman at the Bennett place in Durham

and the site of the Battle of

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18 Seamen Are Drowned

Five Fishermen Saved From Schooner Sunk Almost Within Sight of Boston Harbor.

Boston, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Eighteen men drowned today almost within sight of their homes, as the Boston schooner Mary E. O'Hara, homeward bound from a week on the fishing banks, was split open in a collision as it approached Boston harbor and sank.

Five half-frozen survivors, dragged to safety from the protruding main mast of the sunken schooner by the crew of the trawler North Star, told their rescuers that the O'Hara apparently had struck a barge and that the remainder of the crew of 23 had fallen from the rigging one by one as their hands froze.

Brought ashore with their own

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Sees Threat To Peace

Japanese Foreign Minister Expresses "Earnest Hope" For Changed Attitude.

Tokyo, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Foreign Minister Matsuoka expressed "earnest hope" today that the United States would reflect seriously on her attitude toward Japan's ambitions in greater East Asia, both "for the sake of peace in the Pacific and the sake of peace in the world in general."

Later today the British consul at Yokohama was reported to have sent letters to some British citizens in his district, advising them to leave Japan "before the impending clash in American-Japanese relations comes to a head."

The United States, Matsuoka told the Japanese, does "evidently no adequate understanding of the fact that the establishment of common prosperity throughout greater East Asia is a matter of vital concern to

Libyan City Object Of Major Drive

Bloody Street Fighting and Bombings Reported in Bucharest and Other Rumanian Cities; Italians Attack In Albania.

(By The Associated Press)

British desert army launched an air attack today on 30,000 Italian troops in the besieged fortress of Tobruk. Libya. British general headquarters announced, while in the Balkans, bloody street fighting and bombings were reported in Bucharest and other Rumanian cities.

The attack on Tobruk started this morning and was reported "proceeding satisfactorily."

The Italian high command had previously noted increased artillery action around Tripoli and acknowledged that royal air force bombers had raided the fortress, causing "material damage."

Italian forces "have" launched a strong counter attack in the Peleponese sector of the Albanian front, in a desperate effort to break up the Greek advance in the central Albanian sector. Greek reports from the front said today:

Fresh units of the German army were reported streaming into Rumania amid widespread rioting.

Diplomatic dispatches in Sofia, Belgrade and Budapest said German soldiers, civilians and communists were listed among the casualties.

Romania's frontiers with Yugoslavia and Bulgaria were closed except to a few travelers with diplomatic passports, while Balkan capitals speculated that the widespread disorders may have flared in resentment over Germany's military concentrations in Rumania. Others suggested bitter rivalry between Rumanian Iron Guard elements as a cause.

Other developments brought a quickening tempo of the international situation.

In Rome, foreign observers expressed belief that Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini, in their secret meeting yesterday, agreed on a plan to get France's cooperation in the war against Britain—by direct action if necessary.

These observers forecast a mad attempt to gain bases on the French island of Corsica, Tunisia in French North Africa, and possibly the British stronghold of Malta, and Durban, French West Africa.

The objective, it was said, would be to make the Mediterranean too hot for the British fleet, thereby crippling

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Gayda Lists Five Phases

Italian Editor Indicates United States' Activity Discussed By Axis Leaders.

Rome, Jan. 21.—(AP)—Virginia Giscard indicated today that United States activity—the sharpening of warlike trends across the ocean—"figured prominently in the meeting between Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini.

The authoritative editor outlined these five "well defined phases" of the war situation which, he said, called for the meeting:

1. Intensification of German air attacks on Britain.

2. Intensification of the axis counter blockade in the Atlantic.

3. Critical developments in the Mediterranean.

4. "The sharpening of warlike trends across the ocean which do not without reactions from the whole political and military system of the war."

5. "Vast international accords of the axis."

Foreign observers expressed belief that Hitler and Mussolini may have agreed upon a plan to obtain France's cooperation in the war, against Britain by direct action if necessary.