

Henderson Daily Dispatch

ONLY DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN THIS SECTION OF NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA

TWENTY-EIGHTH YEAR

LEASED WIRE SERVICE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

HENDERSON, N. C., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 1, 1941

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY

FIVE CENTS COPY

Reds Issue May Day Warning

Quick Response Made To Plea For Ships

50 Tankers To Carry British Oil

Maritime Commission Makes Plans to Transfer Vessels to Routes From South America to North Atlantic Ports.

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—In response to a plea for ships for this country, the Maritime Commission made plans today to place 50 American tankers in the service of the British within the next few days.

All operations of American tankers in the Atlantic are being speeded up for the program.

The plan does not call for a transfer of registry of tankers to the British, but for their use outside the country for the direct benefit of the British.

Under the proposal, the tankers will be operated from oil producing countries along the north coast of South America to United States Atlantic ports.

At the North Atlantic ports the tankers will be transferred to British tankers for the remainder of the voyage.

Shipping experts said the transfer of cargo from one tanker to another is not a difficult operation, and would be involved in the transfer of a general cargo from one tanker to another.

The commission was asked by the British last night to begin shipping up 2,000,000 tons of shipping to carry abroad "vital war materials."

Draft Quotas Announced

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—Quotas for 1941-1942 War Bonds will be published by the armed forces before May 21 and 29 were announced by state selective service boards today.

Of the total, 420 will be whites and 60 will be Negroes. All will be included at Fort Bragg, but the exact date was not released.

Quotas by draft boards, with 500 listed first and Negroes second, include:

Greenville 55; Warren 30.

War equipment was listed for York county.

House Mourns At Word Of Folger Death

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—The House received formal notice today of the death of Representative A. D. Folger, Democrat, North Carolina, and immediately adjourned out of respect for him.

Representative Robert L. Doughton, chairman of the North Carolina delegation, in notifying the House, said he was glad to have an opportunity to know the high qualities admired and respected him.

"His death brought to a tragic end a most useful and faithful career," Folger died last night at Mt. Airy, N. C., of injuries received in an auto accident.

Speaker Rayburn named a four-man committee to represent the House at the funeral. They are Representatives Doughton, Weaver, Kerr and Clark, all of North Carolina.

Funeral services will be conducted Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Central Methodist church in Mt. Airy.

The body will be taken to the Folger home at 5 o'clock this afternoon. At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning it will be taken to the church, where it will be in state until the funeral. The Rev. W. J. Miller and the Rev. A. S. Hale will be in charge of the rites. Burial will be in Johnson cemetery at Dobson.

Sees Work Speed-up



James S. Kemper

President James S. Kemper of the United States Chamber of Commerce, addressing the organization's annual session in Washington, declared that every employed person must do 25 per cent more work on the average if both defense and civilian needs are to be fulfilled. He warned, however, against outlawing defense strikes.

Dr. Brewer Is Dead

President Emeritus of Meredith College Dies Unexpectedly at Home in Raleigh.

Raleigh, May 1.—(AP)—Dr. Charles Edward Brewer, 75, president emeritus of Meredith college, died unexpectedly at his home here this morning.

The veteran educator, who had been associated with Meredith and Wake Forest colleges for more than 50 years, was taken ill about 4 a. m. today. He died three hours later.

Dr. Brewer, a native of Wake Forest, was graduated from Wake Forest college and held degrees from Johns Hopkins, Cornell and Baylor universities.

He joined the faculty of Wake Forest college, which was founded and first headed by his grandfather, Samuel Wait, as a professor of Chemistry in 1889. He was made dean of the faculty in 1912.

Three years later, he was named president of Meredith college, a position he held until March 15, 1939. After his retirement he remained at Meredith in 1940 to teach chemistry.

Funeral services will be conducted at the First Baptist church here Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Dr. S. L. Stealey, the pastor, will officiate. Burial will follow in Wake Forest.

The body was taken to Meredith college this afternoon to be in state at the school with which he was associated for a quarter of a century.

Negro Must Pay With Life

Raleigh, May 1.—(AP)—Sylvester Woodard, 34-year-old Wayne county Negro who stands convicted of an murder and charged with another, will be asphyxiated in Central prison here tomorrow.

Governor Broughton announced today he would not intervene in behalf of the Negro, who was found guilty of shooting down his girl, Lyla Townsend, on the streets of Goldsboro.

Parole Commissioner Edwin Gill said that Woodard was charged with fatally shooting George Howard, another Negro, whom he suspected of having dates with the woman.

Fleet Jack Wall, 34, Anson county.

(Continued on Page Four)

WEATHER
FOR NORTH CAROLINA.
Broken clouds tonight and Friday, not much change in temperature.

More British Troops Safe From Greece

About 48,000 Men Now Reported Taken From Fiery Beaches; London Speculates on Place of Next Nazi Thrust.

London, May 1.—(AP)—At least 80 percent of the British expeditionary force in Greece—some 48,000 men—has been taken safely from the fiery beaches that surrounded the island, the army announced today, and speeded to whether Adolf Hitler's next blow would be aimed at the Near East or at this island itself.

Some informed military circles said a grand scale German attack on Egypt and the Suez canal by way of Syria and Palestine was likely within ten days, while others expressed belief the next high command again was contemplating invasion of England very soon.

The language of the middle east command communique announcing the withdrawal of 48,000 men from the bullet-spattered beaches of southern Greece indicated that the perilous operation was proceeding in order to get at least some of the 9,000 remaining men away. Prime Minister Churchill said yesterday the British had suffered 3,000 casualties in Greece.

Because the Germans had gained full control of land and air during the fighting around Thermopylae and because they had smashed the only good embarkation port—Pharos—the British re-embarkation "had to take place from open beaches against continued enemy pressure on land and heavy repeated attacks from the air," an communique said.

In such circumstances the withdrawal of large numbers of troops could be effected only at the cost of heavy losses of vehicles and equipment, while rear guards which cover the withdrawal may have to sacrifice themselves to secure the re-embarkation of others.

The troops who escaped, the communique said, "retained their individual fighting gear and were taken to areas where they can undertake further active employment."

Further losses suggested that the government will probably have to consider the possibility of sending a method of controlling the volume of foreign currency in the country.

"Further steps will be taken to increase the volume of foreign credit at a rate which would be in line with the needs of the country," the statement said. "The government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

The British have held out under siege at Tobruk for about three weeks despite the axis reconquest of Libya. German and Italian units swept beyond, by passing the stronghold, and crossed from Libya to Egyptian soil in the region of Salum, 30 miles eastward.

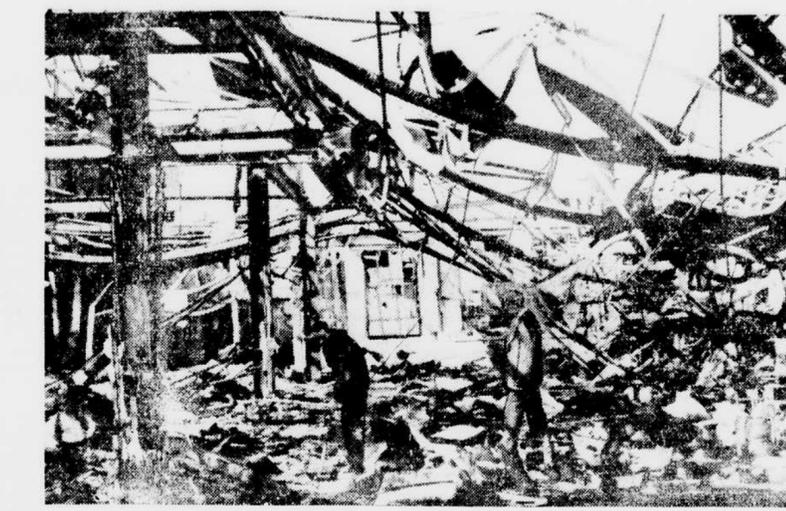
In that time, the British garrison has been under almost constant air attack and has repelled several mechanized thrusts. Nevertheless, it has taken the initiative several times, attacking the axis lines and capturing prisoners, reporting sorties into the axis lines and the capture of some prisoners.

On the east African front, the headquarters war bulletin said 5,500 Italians and 2,400 colonial troops as well as 93 guns had been counted so far as seized around British-occupied Dessie, Ethiopia.

The RAF said heavy casualties were inflicted on axis troops and a motor transport in Libya, with at least 100 vehicles, 30 of them carrying troops, damaged by machine gun fire in the Gambut area.

Some damage to the royal air force was admitted to have been suffered in an attack at Malta. Two of the attacking planes were brought down, the communique said.

This Was London's Famous Selfridge Store



This is the ruin of Selfridge's, London department store, one of the largest in England. The store was struck by a bomb during one of the recent Nazi raids on the British capital; fire followed the blast, and this scene of desolation and ruin resulted.

Less Buying Is Favored

Eccles Urges Reduced Purchases of Consumer Goods to Aid in Defense Program.

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—Mortimer S. Eccles, of the Federal Reserve Board, declared today that in the interest of expansion and expediting the defense program the public should cut down purchases of automobiles, houses and other consumer goods.

In a speech to the United States Chamber of Commerce, Eccles, increased the Federal reserve's interest rate on loans to 4 percent, saying that this would help to curb the demand for consumer goods, which would be a brake on industrial production.

Further steps suggested that the government will probably have to consider the possibility of sending a method of controlling the volume of foreign currency in the country.

"Further steps will be taken to increase the volume of foreign credit at a rate which would be in line with the needs of the country," the statement said.

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

With regard to the possibility of the buying of foreign goods by the service forces, the communique said:

"In order to ensure that the needs of the service forces are met, the government will continue to expand and to improve its foreign exchange resources."

U. S. Navy Patrol In Indian Ocean?

Navy May Get Coast Guard's Bigger Ships

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—Secretary Morgenthau indicated today that President Roosevelt has made a decision to allow the Coast Guard to use Navy ships.

At a news conference, Morgenthau said that anything had been decided and replied "yes, but I can't talk about it."

Originally, the Coast Guard joined the Navy only in time of war, but recently the Navy revealed it was negotiating an immediate transfer of the long-range vessels. The decision authorized the transfer of the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to the Navy.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

The secretary, Morgenthau, said that the Navy would be able to use the Coast Guard's 10 long-range cutters to patrol the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden—Red Sea area.

Great Show Made Of Red Army Might

Soviet Defense Commissar Says Russia is Ready "To Offer an Annihilating Rebuff to Encroachment by Imperialists".

Washington, May 1.—(AP)—Soviet Defense Commissar, General S. K. Timoshenko, said today that Russia is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.

Timoshenko, who was named the Soviet government's chief military adviser, said that the Soviet government is ready to offer an annihilating rebuff to any encroachment by imperialists.