



Henderson Daily Dispatch

TWENTY-NINTH YEAR

LEASED WIRE SERVICE OF
THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

HENDERSON, N. C., TUESDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 28, 1942

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HENDERSON, N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
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Japs Rush New Forces To Burma

FDR'S PROGRAM MEETS RESISTANCE

N. Y. Funeral for U. S. Marine



Funeral services were held for Sgt. Herbert Kielson, of the U. S. Marine Corps at Laurelton, Long Island. Kielson is believed to be the first American brought home to New York for burial in World War II. He was heavyweight boxing champion of the Pacific Coast Marines during the San Francisco World's Fair in 1940. The casket is shown being carried down the steps of the Jewish Center by Marine pallbearers. (Central Press)

68 Dead, Many Hurt In Oklahoma Tornado

Storm Rips Through Main Part of War Boom Town; Martial Law Declared as Rescue Workers Search Ruins For Victims.

Cairo, April 28.—(AP)—Elbert Roosevelt, son of the President, recently was promoted to the temporary rank of major and military men today said "this rank corresponds to the importance of the work to which he is assigned."

Major Roosevelt joined the air force September 23, 1940, with the rank of captain, an appointment which caused controversy in Congress. He resigned his commission but the resignation was not accepted.

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Politics Net Dead

Stewart Cites Instances to Show That Partisan Politicians Are Still Busy.

By CHARLES P. STEWART
Central Press Columnist

Washington, April 28.—Considering how completely partisanship is supposed to be suspended "for the duration" there seems to be quite a bit of it in connection with the current congressional campaign.

It certainly is rather partisan if it's a fact, as charged by Representative Clare E. Hoffman of Michigan, that the Democratic administration is trying to defeat him, and as many other Republicans as possible, by "smearing" them as pro-axis propagandists, among details of a grand jury investigation.

Legislators generally approved the objectives set forth in the President's seven-point message yesterday, designed to bring about an "equality of privilege" in sharing the war burden, but split into confused and quarreling blocs opposing and supporting some of the methods proposed.

There was sharp criticism in Congress of the fact that Mr. Roosevelt had asked for no labor legislation and had approved continuance of overtime wages for war industry workers while at the same time proposing legislative lowering of ceiling on farm products.

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Hard Fight May Result In Congress

Many Senators Reluctant to Express Opinion, Taft Leads Opposition; President's Radio Address at 10 O'Clock Tonight.

Washington, April 28.—(AP)—President Roosevelt's proposal that net individual incomes be limited to \$25,000 a year during the war encountered a sharp division of opinion today among members of congressional committees handling tax legislation.

While many were reluctant to discuss the matter publicly there were enough expressions of dissent to make it appear likely that a full dress battle might develop.

Two right-wing members of the House ways and means committee met privately that the committee would reject the proposal for a "blanket clause" to limit business profits to a fixed sum and to keep individual salaries down to a \$25,000 maximum by taxation.

On the Senate finance committee Senator Taft, Republican of Ohio, declared "I object strongly to the principle of a flat limit on all individual incomes."

Washington, April 28.—(AP)—The radio address in which President Roosevelt will discuss with the American people his plan to control the cost of living will be delivered at 10 o'clock tonight EWT. White House officials said the Chief Executive planned to talk for half an hour and all major networks were expected to carry the address.

"Why \$25,000?" he is asked in a statement. "Why not \$10,000? Why not \$2,500 if we accept the principle of giving a man only what he needs to live on?"

Senator Byrd, Democrat of Virginia, another committee member, said on the other hand that he favored legislation to fix a "reasonable salary limit" although he was not prepared to say that \$25,000 was necessarily the correct limit.

Support for the proposal also came from Senators Capper, Republican of Kansas, and Gutierrez, Democrat of Pennsylvania, finance committee members.

Another Democratic member of the committee, Senator Radcliffe of Maryland, said he had an "in-line

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Labor Fight Again Looms

President Declared to Have Exempted Organized Labor From Share-the-War Plan.

Washington, April 28.—(AP)—A chorus of complaint that President Roosevelt practically had exempted organized labor from his share-the-war program spurred new efforts in Congress today to force suspension of the 40-hour week and restrict certain union activities. The Connally bill would authorize the government to take over strike-bound war plants, freezing working conditions in such firms.

Workers in Novato still were digging up wrecks as tangled victim at daybreak.

Striking for 12 days, the German sent seven planes on a morning bombing mission against a southwest coast town this morning.

RAF Bombers Raid Nazi Base At Trondheim

Flees Nazi Camp



Gen. Henri H. Giraud

The German radio reported the escape of Gen. Henri Honore Giraud, 63, from a German prison fortress to Switzerland. Giraud was a French Army commander in the north during the Battle of France. The Nazis have posted a reward of 100,000 marks for his capture. (Central Press)

Labor Bill Withdrawn

Connally Does Not Desire to Press Matter and be in 'Apparent Controversy.'

Washington, April 28.—(AP)—Consideration of labor legislation was postponed indefinitely in the Senate today after Senator Connally, Democrat of Texas, withdrew a motion to bring up a war plant seizure bill saying that he did not desire to press the matter and be in "apparent controversy" with the President of the United States.

Asserting that Connally's action "means the death of the Connally bill and perhaps any other labor legislation," Senator Byrd, Democrat of Virginia, sought insistence by to obtain an agreement to delay consideration for a single day or for "at most" a week.

Byrd told his colleagues that some senators had prepared amendments to the Connally measure which would suspend operations of the 40-hour week and restrict certain union activities. The Connally bill would authorize the government to take over strike-bound war plants, freezing working conditions in such firms.

State Hospital Investigation May Be Extended To All Units

Daily Dispatch Bureau,
In the Sir Walter Hotel.
By BOB THOMPSON

Raleigh, April 28.—Once again it begins to look as if the present investigation of conditions at the State hospital at Morganton will be extended—sooner or later—to include the hospitals at Raleigh and at Goldsboro.

Before the present Morganton probe began Dr. James Watson, director of the division of mental hygiene of the Department of Welfare suggested that all three hospitals be included. For some reason, probably because of the time involved, it was decided to limit the scope. But the demand for a wide investigation seems to be increasing and it is not at all impossible that the Morganton report, itself, will include such a suggestion if not an actual recommendation.

There is no doubt that the chief

Norwegian Port Where Germans Are Building Atlantic Fleet Base is Heavily Raided; Other Planes Over Germany and Coast.

London, April 28.—(AP)—Squadrons of heavy British bombers, maintaining detective attacks on German targets for the fifth day running, last night raided the Norwegian port of Trondheim where the Germans are building an Atlantic battle fleet base, the air ministry announced today.

Other squadrons simultaneously attacked Rhineland objectives, including Cologne, bombed the docks at Dunkirk, laid mines in waters off France and Belgium, and machine gunned German airfields. Eighteen British planes were lost, the air ministry disclosed.

Instead of concentrating on four German warships anchored in Trondheim harbor, British bombardiers aimed their explosives at land installations which, an air ministry source said, "we are trying to knock down as fast as they put up."

Two of the German ships at Trondheim are the 35,000-ton battleship Tirpitz, which took shelter there after a brush with British torpedo planes on March 13, and the 10,000-ton cruiser Prinz Eugen, which fled from Brest with the 26,000-ton battleships Gneisenau and Scharnhorst on February 13. The other two are reported to be the 10,000-ton cruiser Hipper and the 10,000-ton pocket battleship Admiral Scheer.

Informed sources in London said it is known that the Germans, using unoccupied Norwegian bases, are attempting to complete quickly a large naval base there.

In the Rhineland raids, Cologne was the principal target and firebombs were started there.

Reconnaissance flights over unoccupied Roermond, in Germany, have established that the main assembly point of the big Heinkel aircraft factory there has been damaged as well as many of the auxiliary buildings.

The Germans, too, changed targets but not to English ports west coast towns of Bath, Torquay and Plymouth.

The British acknowledged "good many casualties" fire and widespread damage in an attack on Newcastle, the city northeast of London where incendiary and high explosive bombs blasted streets of small houses.

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Plane Bottleneck?



C. P. Photo photo

Miss Jean Crawford, of Washington, is shown holding a screw of the type used in the making of a snap fastener, lack of which caused delays in assembly lines of three American airplane plants, according to a charge by Asst. U. S. Attorney General Thurman Arnold. Miss Crawford holds a plastic container of lets to compare for size. One of the plane companies mentioned, North American Aviation, denied Arnold's charge.

Mandalay And Lashio Threatened

Large Amounts of Japanese Shipping Sighted in Bay of Bengal; Japanese Vanguards Only 83 Miles East of Mandalay.

With Chinese forces in Burma—April 28.—(AP)—The civil government of Burma has evacuated Maymyo, 10 miles northeast of Mandalay on the railway to Lashio, because of the approach of Japanese columns.

(By The Associated Press)

Japanese invasion armadas, apparently transporting heavy reinforcements for the battle of Burma, were reported sighted in the Bay of Bengal today as anti-Japanese troops headed toward the two key allied cities of Mandalay and Lashio in northern Burma.

Allied reconnaissance planes were said to have observed large amounts of Japanese shipping headed toward Burma coastal ports. Conceivably, they might also be en route to attack India.

British reports said Japanese vanguards, reinforced by fresh divisions from Malaya, had advanced to a point 85 miles due east of Mandalay.

Chungking dispatches said the invaders appeared on the verge of slamming the Burma back door to China and pinching off the entire British-Chinese defense forces in a grave new crisis.

The main Japanese forces were said to have thrust within 60 miles of the Mandalay-Lashio road, imperiling the already difficult allied transport between China and India and threatening the allied defenders with disastrous entrapment.

Chinese reports declared essential supplies had already been moved out of Lashio, 130 miles northeast of Mandalay, and that inhabitants were fleeing.

Lashio is the northeast gateway to China on the Burma Road, once the lifeline of China's war supplies.

British military quarters said the Japanese were only 60 miles from Hsinbyu, which lies on the Burma Road, 100 miles northeast of Mandalay and 30 miles southeast of Lashio.

Chinese dispatches said the Japanese hoped to conquer Burma before the start of the monsoon rains and protect their flank for a land invasion of India.

Other military informants, however, believed Japan may strike into China from Burma, in an attempt to wind up the costly five-year old war with China, before invading India.

Commentary, a Melbourne broad cast reported that three French cruisers had arrived at Madagascas, off the east coast of Africa, the world's fourth largest island, recalling advances last week that France's pro-Nazi Premier Pierre Laval was planning to turn Madagascar over to Japan.

The island lies athwart vital supply lines to India and the Middle East.

American "Flying Tigers" shot down eleven Japanese planes without loss to themselves this morning when 27 enemy bombers and 20 fighters attempted to raid a base in northern Burma.

On the Australian front, General MacArthur's headquarters reported that allied bombers spreading the United Nations aerial offensive on an ever widening scale attacked Japanese shipping at Kaving, New Ireland, in the Bismarck archipelago 700 miles northeast of Australia, and also bombed enemy installations at Faisi, in the Solomon Islands.

WEATHER FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

Little change in temperature, scattered showers extreme west portion this afternoon and to night.