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Broughton Names New Unified Board For State Hospitals

Members Appointed Under 1943 Measure to Have Supervision of Insane Asylums

Raleigh, July 8—(AP)—Governor Broughton today announced the appointment of the 15-man unified board of directors for State hospitals for the insane, authorized by the 1943 General Assembly.

Appointed to the board, designated as the North Carolina Hospitals Board of Control, were one-year terms—Wayland Spruill of Winston, Dr. Charles C. Poindexter of Greensboro and Harry L. Riddle of Morganton; two-year term—Mrs. Rivers D. Johnson of Warsaw, Dr. Roscoe D. McMillan of Red Springs, and J. H. Belaf of Lenoir; three-year term—W. A. Dees of Goldsboro, Mrs. W. R. Stanford of Durham and Dr. Wingate M. Johnson of Wilson-Salem; four-year term—Leonard E. Ottlinger of Kinston, J. D. H. Barbour of Clayton and Mrs. Andrew Blair of Charlotte; five-year term—E. G. Clark of Tarboro, N. E. Edgar, Clerk of Raleigh and Dr. R. H. Crawford of Rutherfordton.

In addition to these appointments, the legislative act provides that the secretary of the State board of health shall be an ex-officio member of the board of control. The present secretary is Dr. Carl V. Reynolds of Asheville.

Governor Broughton said that he had complied with provisions that the board should consist of four men and one woman selected from the eastern, middle and western portions of the state and that the terms should be alternating. After present members' terms are concluded, appointment will be for five years. Present appointment must be approved by the 1945 senate.

The board will have management and supervision of the State hospital at Raleigh, the State hospital at Morganton, the State hospital at Goldsboro and Caswell Training School at Kinston.

The governor said that, in connection with the hospital at Goldsboro, which is an institution for Negro insane, he would ask the joint board to name an advisory committee to be composed of Negro citizens to advise with the board concerning the problems and administration of this institution.

The governor said that he had requested the board to meet at his office at noon July 16. At this time, he said, the board will be sworn in by one of the supreme court justices and will begin the organization of its work in accordance with the legislative act.

TEN ENEMY AIRCRAFT DOWNED OVER ISLANDS

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, July 8—(AP)—Bombers of the North African air force maintained their attacks on Axis Mediterranean airfields yesterday and ten enemy aircraft were destroyed, it was announced today.

"It is now known that two additional enemy aircraft were shot down July 6," the communique said, increasing the toll of that day to three.

Horton Slated For Presidency Of Rail Line

Greensboro, July 8—(AP)—Wilkins P. Horton of Pittsboro, former lieutenant governor and now a practicing attorney, was recommended today by Governor Broughton as president of the North Carolina Railroad Co., holding its annual meeting here.

Horton, whose nomination was considered here as equivalent to election, succeeds Newton Farnell of Greensboro. The governor also recommended that John H. Vernon of Burlington be elected secretary-treasurer, succeeding J. M. Scarborough at Charlotte.

The president and secretary-treasurer are paid \$900 a year. The railroad, operating between Goldsboro and Greensboro, is under lease to the Southern Railway Co.

Other recommendations by the governor included: J. C. Rudisill of Newton, attorney at a salary of \$1,000 a year; Hiram B. Worth of Greensboro, and Wilkins P. Horton, E. L. Brinson of High Point, E. C. Greene of Asheville, D. P. Stone of Belmont, J. A. Jones of Charlotte, James H. Holloway of Raleigh, Rufus A. Doughton of Spruce Pine and Henry A. Dennis of Henderson, directors to represent the state's interest.

Heads Fliers



HO:—R of many national and international records, Jacqueline Cochran has been named Director of Women Pilots in the Army Air Forces and special assistant to Maj. Gen. Barney M. Giles, assistant chief of staff. Her office will be in Washington. (International)

Inflationary Gap Predicted

New York, July 8—(AP)—A practical economist said today that while an inflationary gap of major size had failed to develop in our economy so far, predictions of such a gap "may soon be realized."

These have been so many warning commentaries A. W. Zelenock of the International Statistics Bureau, Inc., and Fairchild Publications, that some Americans regard each new declaration as a cry of "woe!" and fail to appreciate the danger.

Zelenock, who advises businessmen and stores on credit, and who has acted for government agencies, said the gap—the difference between the amount of money you have to spend and the value of things you can buy—was greatly overestimated for 1942. He gave two reasons:

"Failure to show sufficiently to the large inventories that still exist, on which consumers could draw in meeting their demands."

"Failure to allow for the extent to which consumers were hoarding up, purchasing higher priced and better quality merchandise."

"With inventories reduced, production for civilians below the unit (physical) volume of sales, and the nature of consumer, to spend more dollars for the same amount of goods, which is the case with the inflation danger that has been overestimated in the past is now becoming real."

HOUSE GROUP KILLS CORN PRICE MEASURE

Washington, July 8—(AP)—The House agriculture committee, by a 9 to 6 vote today, killed a Senate-approved measure lifting the corn ceiling price from \$1.05 to \$1.40 a bushel, Chicago basis.

The committee, however, decided to meet again later today to discuss alternative legislation or other means of dealing with the emergency corn situation, without Congress going so far as to set a price for a single commodity.

State School Board Meets

Raleigh, July 8—(AP)—Clyde A. Erwin, State superintendent of public instruction, was authorized today by the State school board to issue orders for bids and execute contracts for supplementary text books in the public schools.

The board heard of its routine business before turning to teacher allotments for the next year, approving, among other things, the leasing of Great Island in Craven county to the Navy for a bombing range.

It accepted plans for vocational education and vocational rehabilitation for 1943-44 with the understanding that such changes will be made as are required to conform to Federal legislation of U. S. Department of Education policies.

Approval was given the election of four superintendents, including E. M. Rollins of Henderson and W. P. Martin of Franklinton.

U. S. TROOPS NEAR SALAMAUA

Nazis Hurl Reserves Into Battle

Reds Claim Nazi Gains Are Limited

Soviet Reports Say 30,000 Germans Slain in Three Days; 1,539 Tanks, 649 Planes Lost

Moscow, July 8—(AP)—Fresh Nazi reserves were reported pushing through smoke and dust along paths marked by wrecked machines and the dead today to bolster the Kursk plains offensive which the Red army, fighting more brilliantly than ever before, has limited to small gains in the Belgorod sector.

Russian forces slew 30,000 Germans, destroyed or damaged 1,539 tanks and shot down 649 planes during the first three days of the battle, it was announced officially.

Nazi air force squadrons are backed constantly by the invasion armored columns under a new German plan of attack by which Hitler's high command hopes to pinch off the 60-mile deep Soviet salient extending westward from Kursk. The immediate assignment of the Germans obviously is to attempt to push north from Belgorod and south from Orel, 165 miles apart, to a junction somewhere behind the Russian-held rail city.

(A Berlin military spokesman declared in a radio broadcast that tank battles yesterday in the area of Belgorod and south of Orel were "the greatest ever fought on the eastern front.")

Soviet dispatches said the Germans were finding their objectives packed with Red army men determined to fight to the death rather than give an inch. The Red air force was declared to be on at least an equal footing with that of the Germans.

The Russians for the most part are fighting tanks with stationary artillery, but also are employing tank against tank, a throwback to earlier tactics. A Tass correspondent said Soviet medium tanks made in Britain had engaged a group of 60-ton Tigers—approximately double their size—and destroyed four.

(The German high command communique, as translated from Berlin, declared army units, artillery, light bombers and tactical air forces destroyed more than 400 Soviet tanks and 193 planes yesterday.)

The strength of Russian forces is so great, according to Soviet dispatches, that even when the Germans succeeded in penetrating Soviet positions they have been unable to concentrate for long. Soviet counter attacks have served to throw the shock troops off balance.

The Russians declared flatly that Belgorod was the only area in which the Germans made any advances, and these were limited to regions where good roads and vast stretches of open fields handicapped the defense.

Babson Offers Four Rules For Investment In Stocks

By ROGER W. BABSON
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Financial Bureau, Inc.

New York, July 8—Subject to minor corrections, we have had a bull market for some fourteen months. It is not yet time to forecast now high the stock market will eventually reach. It is clear, however, that considerably higher averages will ultimately be attained. Further favorable prices are assured by powerful underlying forces. Among these is the fact that one way to compete with increased living costs, occasioned by inflation, is through buying good stocks. How to do this is the basis of my article today.

War Bonds vs. Stock

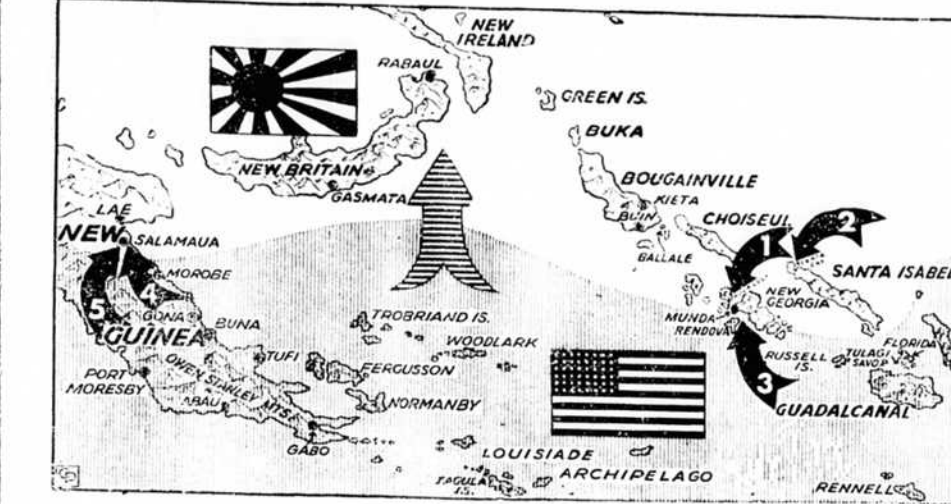
Small investors with only a few thousand dollars should NOW stick to war savings bonds and NOW steer clear of the stock market. Many wise investors or professional stock speculators would be satisfied with a 3% to 4% per cent increase in their capital over a period of ten years, which runs the series E bonds and give not considering interest. To obtain such a gain otherwise NOW

is not a good idea. Through the medium of both series E and F war saving bonds, all investors, large and small, can automatically increase their capital. There is no risk in these appreciation bonds which, issued at a discount, will upon maturity, return 33 1/3 per cent more than they cost. I do not provide a some New Deal measures, but I certainly believe these short war bonds to be a safe and profitable investment and a good speculation. I say the latter because there may be some real panic bargains before the time these ten-year bonds mature. People who buy little money should buy these war saving bonds.

What to Buy?

Usually it is better for the small investor to confine his purchases to stock listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Generally speaking, nearly all stocks will rise to some extent in a bull market. For the purpose of this article, therefore, let us assume that the trend of the market is definitely up and consider certain basic rules that govern successful

CARRY BATTLE TO JAPS IN SOUTH PACIFIC



With considerable damage reported inflicted on Jap naval forces in the battle of Kula Gulf (1), the twin drive to force the enemy from his advanced bases in the Solomons and New Guinea continues. In the Solomons, (2) the immediate objective of U. S. forces which have taken Rendova Island and are pushing from Vella Lavella on New Georgia toward the Japanese base, Rekata Bay (3), a Jap seaplane base, on Santa Isabel Island, has been under bombing attack. In the New Guinea area American land forces (4) have joined with Australian bush-fighters (5) on the outskirts of Salamaua for a joint attack on that Jap-held position and on Lae to the northwest. The big arrow indicates the ultimate goal of the twin drives: Rabaul, strongest Japanese base in the area south of Truk. (International)

Martinique Holds Stage

Giraud Confers in Washington; Demonstrators Urge Alliance With U. S.

Washington, July 8—(AP)—Installation of a pro-allied administration in troubled Martinique was one of the prime subjects up for discussion today at General Washington officials and General Henri Honoré Giraud, co-chairman of the French Committee of National Liberation.

(Demonstrations at Fort-de-France, Martinique, in which crowds of 15,000 persons demonstrated with flags and an alliance with the United States, were reported in a dispatch from Port of Spain, Trinidad, today.)

(The demonstrators, favoring the fighting French leader, General Charles de Gaulle, were reported to have taken possession of the streets of Fort-de-France for two days. Demonstrations were reported to have been held in other parts of the island, but the demonstrators' spokesman, they showed "vive de Gaulle" and sang the French anthem "Marseillaise.")

Giraud, the tall, brick soldier who escaped from a German prison camp to command French North African forces in the fight against the axis, is in Washington as the government's agent on a military mission. He arrived late yesterday.

En route from Algiers, Giraud stopped at San Juan, Puerto Rico, where he was able to learn from Vice Admiral John H. Hoover, U. S. commander of Caribbean defenses, of the offer by Admiral George D. Murray, Vichy French high commissioner at Martinique, to negotiate a armistice. However, Hoover said the national war cabinet had been reported to Washington.

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Lots Of Beef In Prospect

Cottonwood Falls, Kan., July 8—(AP)—Don't throw away that steak pan yet, partner! There's a lot of beef waiting in from the hills and the plains.

The thundering herd is on the march against millions of pounds of beef from the great grass ranges of the southwest is ready for market.

The ranges are beginning to dry up—a little later this year because of the heavy rains during the grazing season. Now the ranchers have the choice of selling their big herds or holding them and feeding expensive and scarce grain.

July 15 is expected to see many of the herds moving eastward to market.

Subsidy Plan Compromise Proposed

Washington, July 8—(AP)—House and Senate committees today agreed on a compromise plan for extending the life of the Community Credit Corporation to January 1, 1944.

The House approved CCC measure was referred to a Senate committee for legislative expenditure, up to \$22,000,000 for the subsidy program plan but a sudden Senate revolt threw out the proposal and substituted one to outlaw the payments. A similar provision was voted by President Roosevelt six days ago.

Cotton Area Below 1942

Washington, July 8—(AP)—The Agriculture department reported today that cotton in cultivation on July 1 totaled 21,995,000 acres, or 85 per cent less than the 25,302,000 acres in cultivation a year ago.

The average area in cultivation on July 1 in the ten years, 1932-41, was 29,000,000.

The area of cotton in cultivation July 1, the per cent of this year's area as compared with last year's, and the ten-year average per cent are shown in the following table. The average due to natural causes, by States included.

North Carolina, 19,000,000, 1932 and 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943.

Air Assault In Fifth Day

Sicily and Sardinia Heavily Bombed; Attackers Encounter Little Opposition

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, July 8—(AP)—The relentless air assault against Sicily and Sardinia went through its fifth consecutive day yesterday with heavy bombings of air fields and other military targets. It was announced officially today.

Enemy fighter opposition was reported to have been on a "yesterday scale" but nevertheless Allied bombers shot down ten Axis planes in a case of five of their own.

German air fighters, which were in the air in Sicily, were reported to have shot down five of their own. The Flying Fortresses and other heavy bombers were reported to have destroyed 100 enemy planes on Sicily, and they did not encounter a single enemy aircraft.

American Warhawk fighters, according to RAF Mediterranean headquarters, were reported to have shot down five of their own. They hovered over Sicily yesterday for almost an hour.

While all of western Sicily fell some of the weight of the bombardment—Warhawks even went down to strike isolated military targets in the countryside—the great network of airfields in and around Gerona was the main theatre of allied operations.

Nineteen times within 24 hours formations of allied bombers were in the sky over Gerona. Bombs fell on layers. They have hit railways on all of Gerona's ten airfields, smashed railroads and ploughed roads. Bombs with explosive and fragment bombs.

The swarms of German and Italian defenders that rose to fight the Flying Fortresses three days ago were broken up in eight, and except for some anti-aircraft fire yesterday's attackers worked unhindered.

Halifax ABC Case Pending

Raleigh, July 8—(AP)—State Atty. General Carl Williamson said today that "I hope and desire" that a recent transaction involving the purchase of \$30,000 worth of whiskey and gin by Halifax county will soon be concluded in a way that there will be no loss of funds to the county.

John P. Clark White resigned last Tuesday as manager of the Halifax county ABC board after the whiskey case was reported by the State board of the warehouse in Wilson. Williamson said the gin had been placed upon the shelves, but was withdrawn.

White and yesterday that the Halifax county board approved the purchase and that he had Williamson's permission to ship it to Wilson.

Williamson said that the information probably would be recognized by the State board and Halifax county board.

New Forces Are Landed On Island

Jungle Fighters Within Six Miles of Jap Air Base on New Georgia

Allied Headquarters in Australia, July 8—(AP)—United States jungle fighters battled today within six miles of the Japanese air base of Munda from two new landing points on New Georgia Island, in the central Solomons area where the enemy's hold has been weakened by a crushing naval defeat.

The new landings were disclosed today by General Douglas MacArthur in a communique which also contained news that in the warship engagement during the darkness of July 5-6 above Munda in the Kula Gulf at least nine and possibly eleven Japanese cruisers and destroyers were sunk against the loss of the cruiser U. S. S. Helena.

(A dispatch quoting sources at the South Pacific headquarters of Admiral William F. Halsey and two other American warships, given sustained damage in the engagement and that most of the more than 400 reported aboard the cruiser Helena were saved.)

The growing weight of the Pacific offensive began to tell against Japan at the other end of the 7,000-mile arc as well. General MacArthur announced that in the jungle fight on the approaches to the Japanese base of Salamaua, New Guinea, Australian troops captured Observation Hill between Salamaua and Munda after Japanese 700 men had been killed or demoralized by 100 tons of bombs dropped in less than 45 minutes by B-24 Superfortresses, Mitchell and Liberator bombers.

The heavy fighting which increased the scale of Munda, however, took Monday night, July 6, and Tuesday night, July 7, and was reported in the Kula Gulf and between Munda and Salamaua. The Japanese 700 men had been killed or demoralized by 100 tons of bombs dropped in less than 45 minutes by B-24 Superfortresses, Mitchell and Liberator bombers.

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Berlin Reports Allied Fleet Put To Sea

London, July 8—(AP)—The Berlin radio said today that battle ships of the United States Navy, which were reported to have arrived in the Mediterranean, were put to sea by the British Royal Navy.

The broadcast which was recorded by the Associated Press, declared that the ships, in addition to being escorted by British warships, and that they were to be put to sea between Alexandria and Suez.

The ships were said to include the battleships North Carolina and Tennessee, the cruiser Maryland, and the transport ship USS General B. H. Ladd. The ships were reported to be escorted by British warships.

At the same time, the German radio said that the British Royal Navy had reported that the German fleet was being put to sea by the British Royal Navy.

Other news also are held down by a government supply system. While it is an open secret that General Eisenhower's American divisions have still to be thoroughly overhauled in jungle training, the broadcast said.

WEATHER FOR NORTH CAROLINA

Little change in temperature tonight, scattered thunderstorms this afternoon and early tomorrow.