

THIRTIETH YEAR

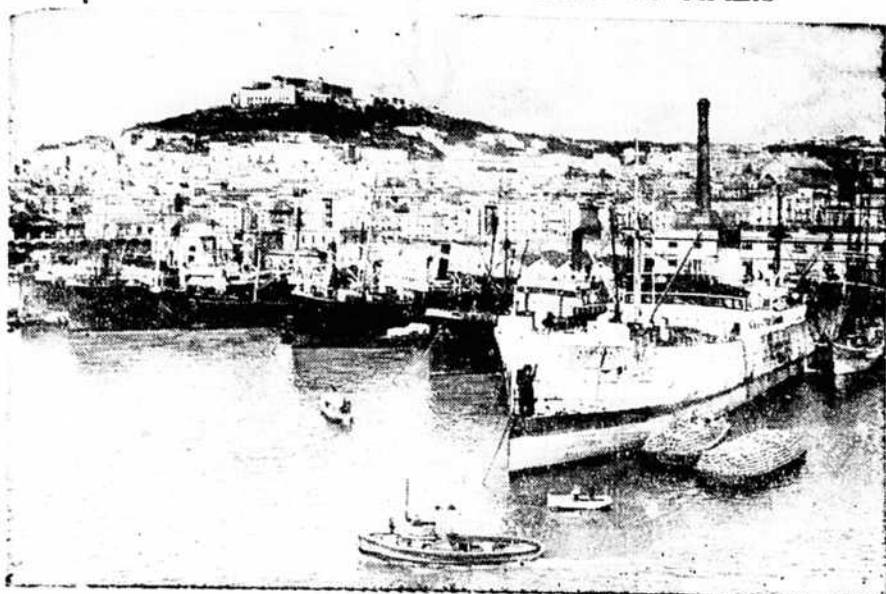
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KEY CITY BURNED AND LOOTED BY NAZIS



This is a view of the great Italian port of Naples, which has been put to the torch and looted by the Nazis. Late reports indicated that the Germans established strong defenses at the south and east approaches to the city, but American forces have driven them away from these centers and are now engaged in occupying the city.

Sees 150 Year Life



EAT RIGHT and you'll live to be 150. That's the advice of Professor Clive M. McCay (above) of Cornell University. He contends that if a person starts life eating a low-calorie diet and continues until the age of 35, a high resistance to disease is built up. (International)

U-Boats Are Back In North Atlantic With Deadly Blast

Germany Still Pinning Hopes on Submarines; Warships in Baltic

An Eastern Canadian Port, Oct. 1—(AP)—German submarines have returned to the battle of the Atlantic with a new type of torpedo—densely and efficiently—declared more than 100 survivors of sunken Allied merchant vessels who were landed here earlier this week.

They were victims of the first big Nazi U-boat attack reported in North Atlantic waters for nearly four months.

The survivors included about 40 Negroes from an American ship. They did not know the total losses of the convoy and escorts, but they knew four ships of their convoy were sunk and at least one of a slow convoy preceding theirs.

GERMANY STILL RELYING ON HER SUBMARINE FLEET

Stockholm, Oct. 1—(AP)—The reported return of the Lentzow, a Nazi warship to the Baltic Sea area after spending most of the summer in a Norwegian hideout, aroused new speculation today regarding the future role of Germany's battle-ship navy.

The general consensus here was that before the Lentzow, the Tirpitz or the Scharnhorst, all three of which reportedly participated in the recent raid on Spitzbergen, are ready for any heavy action they will need to spend some time in dry-dock for overhauling.

However, Swedish correspondents who have recently returned from Berlin, said the general impression there was that Admiral Raeder, supreme commander of the German navy, is placing full reliance on submarines and will keep the big German battle-ships only active enough to make them a potential threat to hold a large portion of the British fleet now in Scapa Flow inactive.

Another Berlin suggestion, the correspondents said, was that Doenitz, head of the South Atlantic, now may send the Tirpitz and Scharnhorst to the opening of the Mediterranean route to Russia has eliminated the necessity of the Allies using the longer and more dangerous route around Norway to Murmansk.

Gets New Post



THE FRENCH Committee of Liberation in Algiers has just appointed Gen. Paul Legentilhomme new Commissioner for National Defense. The decree also divided French forces into two categories, one under Gen. Giraud, one under Legentilhomme. (International)

Landon Fears An Alliance With Britain

Topika, Kansas, Oct. 1—(AP)—All M. Landon said today he feared the mind of the American people is being conditioned for "the old-fashioned balance of power alliance that will hang like a millstone around the necks of generations yet unborn."

Opposing a "hush-hush policy" in discussing post-war alliances, the 1938 Republican presidential nominee asserted in a radio speech prepared for the Columbia Broadcasting System that plain talk would help clear the air of suspicion.

He said this country should use its power and influence to restrain imperialism. "But how can we talk to Russia about the rights of small nations while we are talking about a partnership with imperialistic Britain?"

"If the British-American alliance were to continue for a good many years, as Churchill suggests, how are you going to unscramble the eggs when, if ever, it ends?" Landon inquired.

Public Again Is Urged To Mail To Soldiers Quickly

New York, Oct. 1—(AP)—In spite of war, the public is up to the old American trick—mailing its Christmas packages late—even though they are destined for soldiers overseas, Col. R. E. Eggleston, commanding officer of the New York Port of Embarkation post office, said today.

"The public has not come across," he declared. "The deadline for mailing packages is October 15. We have ships, we're ready to handle 30,000 sacks, each containing 15-five pound packages, a day. "We're only getting about 15,000. The public is waiting until the last minute."

U. S. ARMY IS IN NAPLES KIEV STRUGGLE FURIOUS

Fight Seen As Likely Decisive

Both Sides Hurling Tremendous Might in Dnieper River Clash

London, Oct. 1—(AP)—The battle of Kiev, expected here to be one of the decisive struggles of the war, raged with unabated fury today with both Russians and Germans throwing tremendous forces of artillery, infantry and air power into the fight to achieve mastery of the Dnieper line.

The Germans were entrenched in the ancient city-fortress high on the western cliff of the Dnieper river, while the pick of the Russian Ukrainian armies faced them across the 1,000-yard water barrier that separates Kiev from its eastern bank suburbs, already in Soviet hands.

In the battle may rest the fate of German armies in the great Dnieper bend south of Kiev and in the Crimea, as well as control of the Black Sea.

On the White Russian front to the north, a Russian communiqué said, Red army troops stormed into Kriehve, strategic rail junction 57 miles east of the Dnieper on the road to Mogilev and Minsk. Other columns, the bulletin declared, captured Bayevo and Lebedevo, east and southeast of Orsha, another rail center, while in a continuation of their drive on Zhlobin, third important transportation hub in this area, Soviet spearheads overcame three towns.

Premier Josef Stalin hailed the fall of Kriehve in another order of the day. The Russian communiqué said 2,200 Germans were killed, numerous prisoners taken, and 170 towns captured in the drive on White Russia. Gains of from six to seven miles were recorded.

Japs Pulling Out At Kolombangara, In Solomons Group

(By The Associated Press) Japanese evacuation of Kolombangara island in the central Solomons, where a 10,000-man garrison has been under violent air and artillery assault, was believed in progress today with the enemy withdrawing to the northern end of the 600-mile-long archipelago.

Dispatches from Admiral William F. Halsey's South Pacific headquarters said heavy Japanese barge traffic under cover of moonless nights indicated strongly that the enemy was trying to escape from a precarious if not hopeless situation.

Kolombangara, with its prize airbase at Vella, had already been outflanked by American seaplanes of New Georgia and Vella Lavella islands on both sides.

The Japanese garrison was apparently being removed to Choiseul island, 50 miles of Kolombangara, and thence to Bougainville at the tip of the island chain.

Single U. S. Plane Engages Five Japs, Knocks One Down

Washington, Oct. 1—(AP)—A single American plane, engaging five Japanese Zeros, over enemy-held Nauro island, destroyed one enemy ship and probably shot down another, the Navy reported today.

The reconnaissance plane itself, but it was assumed that it returned safely to its base from a mission over Nauro during the morning of September 27.

Reds Drive On



SOVIET ARMY offensives are seriously menacing Vitebsk, Orsha and Gomel, key junctions on the last major north-south railroad in Russia still in Nazi hands. German forces are said to be evacuating Kiev, while other Nazi forces have been flanked on two sides in Kremenchuk. At Dnepropetrovsk, thousands of fleeing Nazis were killed by Russian troops. (International)

Aussies Now Half Mile Of Finschhafen

Japanese Are Ejected Bloodily From Harbor In New Guinea Island

Allied Headquarters in the Southwest Pacific, Oct. 1—(AP)—New Guinea front line reports today placed one spearhead of Australians a half mile from the well-protected harbor of Finschhafen.

The Japanese, ejected bloodily from all high ground before the one-time German settlement, now opposed the encircling assault troops from outflank positions separated by only a few yards from those of the Australians.

In their drive which opened September 22 six miles north of Finschhafen, the Aussies crossed the Bani river, sent two columns swinging west and south, then turned back in towards the main part of the village. The line of their progress resembles a hook with the point directed eastward.

Artillery near the east pounded the shrinking column of enemy resistance. Inland, several miles above Finschhafen, another Aussie force has been engaging Japanese about two miles by jungle tracks east of Sattelberg. These Australians repelled three bitter counter attacks Monday night and early Tuesday.

Kakagu, Spiti, the last high ground position in enemy hands, fell late Tuesday after a pocket of resistance before it was crushed, with 50 Japanese killed and the survivors scattered.

Germany Lose More Planes, Allies Less, In September

London, Oct. 1—(AP)—Another powerful blow to the German air force was disclosed today in a monthly summary of United States Eighth Air Force operations listing more than 200 Nazi planes knocked from the skies by Flying Fortresses alone in ten September raids.

The figure was exclusive of kills by swift Mustangs and high-powered Thunderbolts—addition of which may almost double the number of German fighters destroyed and come close to equalling the previous month's toll, when approximately 400 were shot down.

The Royal Air Force also whipped

Nazis Are Hurled Back Upon Rome Defense Line

Americans Find All Germans Departed; Biggest Allied Victory in Europe Yet

Allied Headquarters in North Africa, Oct. 1—(AP)—Lt. Gen. Mark W. Clark's American Fifth Army today captured Naples, Italy's third greatest city, and threw the German defenders back upon the defenses of Rome, which is 120 airline miles to the north.

The American and British forces which clattered into Naples found the city of 925,000 empty of Germans, who for a week had engaged in an orgy of destruction and terrorism designed to burn and tear down every installation that would be of benefit to Allied forces and to hamper Italian cooperation

Allied Objective To Liberate Rome With Least Loss

Washington, Oct. 1—(AP)—President Roosevelt said today the objective of Allied forces in Italy was to free Rome, the Vatican, and the pope, much in the manner of a crusade, while at the same time avoiding all possible destruction.

The President asserted there was one thing he could say—that naturally the Italian advance is going to continue and that every effort is being made by the Allies to prevent damage to Rome and the Vatican. They are doing everything possible to prevent active fighting leading to destruction in Rome.

FOURTH PAYMENT ON HOSPITAL ADDITIONS

Washington, Va., Oct. 1—A check drawn on the United States Treasury for \$95,000, payable to the city of Washington, D. C., has been disbursed by the FWA regional office to City Council J. R. Benson to be applied to expenses incurred by the city in the construction of additions to the Washington Community Hospital and nurses' home, Kenneth M. Hall, FWA regional director, announced.

The check was the fourth regular payment on a Federal grant of \$267,500 to finance the cost of constructing and equipping the new additions and remodeling a portion of the existing hospital building.

FARMERS' LOSS HIGH FROM DAMP COTTON

College Station, Baylor, Oct. 1—Farmers are carrying cotton to the gin which is too green and too damp from dew for good ginning and they are losing from four to six dollars a bale on their cotton, C. L. McDonald, State College Extension specialist, announced here today.

"If the farmers had allowed their cotton to dry several days longer in the field and then had picked it after the dew had dried off, the cotton would have graded at least one grade higher, with an increase of from \$4 to \$6 more per bale in price," McDonald said.

Canadian Destroyer Sent Down

Ottawa, Oct. 1—(AP)—The Canadian destroyer Saint Croix has been reported and sunk on convoy duty with a loss of 146 men, Navy Minister Angus Macdonald announced today in a statement denying home the fact that German submarines again are preying on the north Atlantic supply route.

Macdonald's statement gave no details concerning the loss of the Saint Croix, one of 30 United States destroyers turned over to Great Britain before Pearl Harbor in exchange for naval bases, but it recalled Prime Minister Churchill's disclosure in his House of Commons war review September 9 that an Atlantic convoy was at that moment under attack. Up to that time, Churchill added, not a single Allied ship had been sunk in the north Atlantic in four months—a assertion the Germans themselves admitted was true.

Only one member of the Saint Croix crew was rescued, Macdonald said. She was the fourth Canadian destroyer lost since the beginning of the war and the first of seven former United States vessels allotted to Canada to go down. Before United States service she was known as the McCook.

Harriman New Envoy To Russia

Prominent at Capital During New Deal Days, Though Born Wealthy

Washington, Oct. 1—(AP)—W. Averell Harriman was nominated by President Roosevelt today to be ambassador to Russia.

Harriman was named to succeed Admiral William H. Standley, who returned recently to make a report on the Soviet government's attitude toward projected Anglo-American-Russian war talk. Before leaving Moscow, the 71-year-old Standley made it known he did not want to return to his diplomatic post.

Harriman, who will be 52 next month, has been head-lease administrator in London since 1941. Born to wealth—he was the son of E. H. Harriman, railroad builder—E. H. Harriman's choice for the Moscow position has been prominent in Washington almost from the beginning of the New Deal.

WEATHER

FOR NORTH CAROLINA Little change in temperature this afternoon, tonight and Saturday forenoon.

Allied Generals To Meet Soon, Probably In London

London, Oct. 1—(AP)—Russia's brilliantly successful offensive on the eastern front—with all its immense implications for the whole course and direction of the war—has led to a definite decision for early and intimate American-British-Soviet military staff discussions, even in advance of the forthcoming three-power diplomatic meeting.

This was learned today from a non-British source.

The rush of events on the fighting front—at a pace that had not been foreseen—has now made it plain that a meeting here will have a military flavor more than had appeared