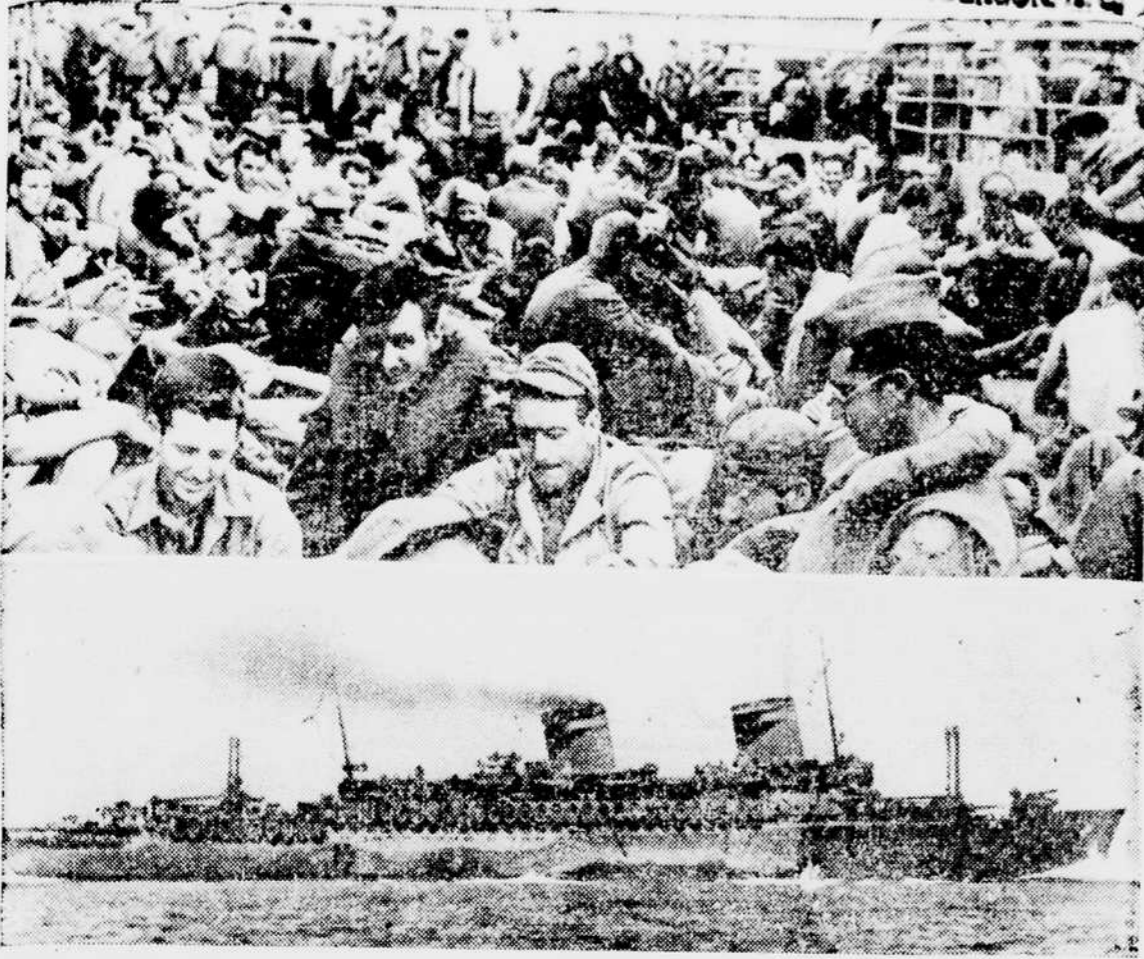


WEST POINT SETTING EXCELLENT WAR RECORD



YANK FIGHTING MEN by tens of thousands—350,000, to be approximate—plus 350,000 miles of ocean distance, are in the log of the U. S. transport West Point, and more thousands are being added as the big ship aids in the deployment of our armies out of Europe. Some of her khaki-clad passengers on a recent voyage are pictured (top) relaxing on a spot of her spacious decks, and the ship herself is shown (bottom) under headway on one of her many trips. She sailed unscathed, relying on her speed for escape from enemy attack. Largest merchant ship ever built in the U. S. and originally named the America, the West Point has served the war under command of the Naval Transportation Service. These are official Navy photos. (International)

Germany To Lose All Of War Plants

Nothing To Be Left As Basis For Move Toward Rearmament

Supreme Headquarters, Allied Expeditionary Force, June 9.—(AP)—Germany will be stripped of various war plants to destroy her future war potentialities, through one of the principal functions of the reparations program, Ambassador Edwin W. Pauley, President Truman's personal representative on the Allied Reparations Commission, announced today.

Pauley said it was the view of the United States that any German industry of a war nature, which could not be removed should be destroyed.

"We do not want another war to take place," Pauley said. "And we are anxious to see that type of equipment taken out of Germany, even though we don't want it ourselves."

Pauley heads the American delegation en route to the reparations conference to be held in Moscow under plans laid down at the Yalta conference. Pauley indicated that the American delegation, which has just completed a lengthy survey in the American occupied zone of Germany, was going to Moscow with a definite program in mind, but virtually in the dark as to the desires of Russia and Britain, the only other powers to be represented at the initial meeting.

Pauley and 18 to 20 others of the 35-man delegation will leave Monday for Moscow, while the remainder, all technical representatives, will continue study the possibilities of reparations in Germany.

GAMBLE PRODDING SLOW BOND-BUYERS

Washington, June 9.—(AP)—Individual purchases of bonds in the Seventh War Loan reached \$4,345,000,000—69.2 percent of the \$7,000,000,000 quota—as the treasury decried today the lack of spontaneous buying.

Of the individual purchases 13 date, \$2,226,000,000 were in E bonds and represented 56 percent of the \$4,000,000,000 E bond issue.

Ted R. Gamble, director of the war finance division, said that bond sales in the current drive which ends June 30, have been made "only by active buttonholing by the war bond sales people."

COURT UPHOLDS WARD SEIZURE

Chicago, June 9.—(AP)—The United States circuit court of appeals yesterday upheld the government in its seizure December 29 of facilities of Montgomery Ward and company in Chicago and six other cities, reversing a January 27 federal district court ruling.

The appellate court directed that an order be entered granting the relief sought by the plaintiff which was the government, asking for a judgment to uphold legality of the seizure order by the late President Roosevelt and for an injunction to restrain Ward's from interfering with army operations.

Ralph Bard Quits Office In Navy As Under Secretary

Washington, June 9.—(AP)—President Truman has accepted the resignation of Ralph A. Bard, of Chicago as under secretary of the navy.

Bard will be succeeded by Artemus L. Gates of Missouri, now assistant secretary of the navy for air.

Gates' successor will be John L. Sullivan, of Manchester, N. H., former secretary of the treasury who has been practicing law here recently.

The nominations of Gates and Sullivan will be sent to the Senate Monday, the White House announced.

Army To Hold 600 Thousand Nazi Captives

Paris, June 9.—(AP)—The United States army disclosed today it plans to retain 600,000 German prisoners of war as laborers.

When the victory came American armies held 2,452,000 German war prisoners on the continent. In addition to the 600,000 to be used by the American army, arrangements have been completed for the returning 200,000 to 225,000 American-held prisoners to France for labor, Robert J. Gill, of the United States prison marshal's office, disclosed at a press conference.

These prisoners, who will come under complete charge of the French just as the French had captured them, are now held in seven enclosures in France.

Fresh Gains For Stocks

New York, June 9.—(AP)—Scattered stocks displayed further rising propensities in today's market, although many leaders continued in losing territory.

Dealings tapered after the opening, and fractional shifts either way obscured the direction near the final hour.

Supported were Santa Fe, Northern Pacific and General Motors. Laggards included Bethlehem, New York Central and Montgomery Ward.

CHARTER IS GIVEN WAREHOUSE GROUP

Raleigh, June 9.—(AP)—The Bright Belt Warehouse Association, including warehousemen from Virginia, Georgia, Florida and the Carolinas, has been granted a charter by State Secretary Thad Eure.

The certificate of incorporation issued Thursday, stipulates that the organization is a non-profit association with no capital stock.

Incorporators include Fred S. Royster, Henderson; B. B. Sugg, Greenville; A. L. Carver, Durham; L. H. Beck, Fuquay Springs; A. A. Fowler, Fairmont; John S. Watkins, Oxford; Guy K. Barnes, Greenville; G. V. Smith, Greenville; E. D. Matthews, Winston-Salem; Wesley Slaughter, Lake City; S. C. E. D. DeJarnette, South Boston, Va.; A. W. Tremain, South Hill, Va.; and R. Y. Jettrons, South Hill, Va.

Japan Diet Gives Power To Suzuki

Premier Promises Bitter End Fight In The Pacific War

(By The Associated Press.)

The Japanese Parliament met in an emergency session in bomb-ravaged Tokyo today to approve an unprecedented bill transferring practically all of its powers to the government of Premier Kantaro Suzuki, who promised the war would be fought to the bitter end.

Speedy adoption of this "emergency measures bill" and five other "special wartime bills" was forecast in Japanese broadcasts. This would be in line with previous sessions of the diet, which have done little but rubber stamp measures previously approved by the wartime cabinet.

The dietetic measure was described as an "urgent necessity" to meet the present national crisis.

It would grant the government dictatorial powers to prepare for the battle of Japan, which Suzuki told the diet would be "totally different from the previous Pacific battles, and there was an absolute necessity that we finally repulse the enemy from our soil, smashing once and for all the enemy's will to fight."

COTTON.		
	Open	Close
July	23.09	23.09
October	22.81	22.79
December	22.75	22.76
March	22.70	22.72
May	22.65	22.68

Scraps, Habira, Ga.

The association outlined its objects as including promotion of more orderly sale of tobacco, cooperation with farmers and their organizations, to encourage fair trade practices and to do other things helpful to the tobacco farmers.

OKINAWA LINE FLANKED

Conference Nears Its Close

Trusteeship Plan About Agreed Upon

June 20 Now Seen As Probable Date For Finishing Job

San Francisco, June 9.—(AP)—The United Nations conference moved a long step nearer the completion of a new world charter today with plans for international trusteeship virtually complete and the veto-voting formula under apparently final debate.

With more certainty than they have shown previously, most delegates are talking about June 20 as a wind-up date, on which President Truman may address the conference, though some few still held hopes for June 16 or 17.

The pressure for speed is so great that weary delegates were called to meet tonight in a committee session dealing with the veto formula. Under the formula, the great powers would retain a veto over all major decisions on the proposed world security council. A preliminary sub-committee meeting was scheduled for earlier in the day.

Since Russia agreed with the United States, Britain, China and France, Thursday that the veto could not be used to prevent free discussion in the council, it only remained now for the small nations to express their view on the formula. All signs indicate they will accept it.

The break in international trusteeship came in a 3½-hour session last night. Russian objection on two points involved independence for trusted peoples and the status of present mandated territories were ironed out beforehand.

That enabled the conference committee to complete approval of the trusteeship plan except for three or four points held over for further consideration. Most important of these is the demand of Brig. General Carlos Bawala of the Philippine delegation that independence should be set up as a possible goal for all colonial peoples as well as for those governed under trusteeship.

Britain and France, as colonial empires, opposed this, preferring the goal of self-government instead.

The United States supported their position and Russia and China accepted it.

The trusteeship plan, to cover both League of Nations mandates and territories which may be put under international control after this war—such as islands captured from Japan—is purely voluntary. No territories would come under trusteeship supervision until the nations holding them agreed to put them there.

The plan called for a trusteeship council of all the nations holding such territories plus an equal number of nations which did not have trusteeship. Those other nations would have to indicate any of the big five powers not otherwise on the council—namely China and Russia.

Sessions of the general assembly would be "open to the public and the press of the world," it was recommended under a 34 to 0 vote of a conference committee.

SIGN ALLIED CONTROL OF GERMANY



ASSUMPTION OF SUPREME AUTHORITY in Germany by the four victorious powers was marked by the signing in Berlin of the joint declaration by Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower (left) for the United States, and Marshal Gregory K. Zhukov (right) for Russia. Field Marshal Sir Bernard L. Montgomery signed for Britain; Gen. Jean de Lattre de Tassigny for France. U. S. Signal Corps Radiophoto. (International Soundphoto)

Last-Stand Jap Defense Is Attacked

Japs Drop Supplies To Beleaguered Unit By Chute From Plane

Guam, June 9.—(AP)—American infantry, still clinging with heroic tenacity to a last stand, today began attacking the last-ditch Japanese defense lines on southern Okinawa along with Yteju-Dake escarpment, which Radio Tokyo said was being given "arms and supplies" by parachute.

Marines of the first division drove 1,600 yards to the west coast yesterday, sealing off the only possible escape corridor of the Japanese in the Naha airfield area, where the enemy was completely cut off by the sixth Marine division into a three-square-mile trap.

Heavy navy rifles, field artillery, rockets and bombs boomed across the entire southern tip front as the final battle for Okinawa was joined and the Japanese returned to all-out attacks by suicide pilots against the fleet in Okinawa waters.

The 184th regiment of the Seventh infantry division pushed southwest from Gushikun towards Hanagasaki village in the evening move to start the eastern flank of the Japanese line, of which Hanagasaki is the anchor. The 184th regiment, over a stone fortification in a parallel advance, wiping out resistance pockets with flame throwers and grenades.

Admiral Chester W. Nimitz reported the return of Japanese suicide pilots to the attack Wednesday and Thursday and said two small ships in the U. S. fleet were damaged, bringing to 25 sunk and 60 damaged the announced casualties of the fleet in operations connected with the Okinawa sea campaign.

Sixty-seven Jap planes were shot down, 25 by the tactical air command base on Okinawa, Nimitz said.

New Landings Are Made On Islands Of Borneo

Tito Agrees To Terms Of Allied Plan

Washington, June 9.—(AP)—Marshal Joseph Broz (Tito) has agreed to withdraw most of his Yugoslav troops from the Adriatic-Austria confrontation zone under a three-power agreement announced today.

Details of this temporary solution of the recently critical Trieste dispute were given at a simultaneous press conference in London and Washington shortly after formal announcement that an agreement had been reached and signed in Belgrade.

Pending a peace conference, it was agreed between Yugoslavia, Britain and the United States to give the supreme Allied commander, Field Marshal Sir Harold Alexander, control of the vital communications area of the Venezia-Giulia province.

Under the agreement, the commander is to take control over the territory west of a line running up from the Adriatic Sea and including the railways and roads to Austria, which go through Trieste, Gorizia, Caporetto, Tarvisio, Pola and the anchorages of the west coast of the Istrian peninsula.

All armed forces west of this line will be placed under the Allied commander. It is understood, within about three days.

Fresh Strike Is Aimed At Oil Rich Southwest Areas

Martha, June 9.—(AP)—Tokyo radio today reported Allied troops had landed yesterday on Labuan island off the north coast of Borneo, as General Douglas MacArthur said Borneo was bombed heavily Thursday for the seventh straight day.

MacArthur also said torpedoes were being fired against the oil-rich island's north coast and light naval units shelled coastal defenses.

The aerial assault, with 170 tons of bombs, centered on oil refineries, airways, destroyed two grounded planes and three installations.

Tokyo radio said one division landed on Labuan after a convoy of battleships, cruisers, destroyers, and 60 smaller warships bombarded Japanese positions.

Labuan is in the China sea, almost directly across northern Borneo from Tarakan island, which Australian and Dutch troops virtually have captured after a month's fighting.

Elsewhere in the MacArthur theater ground troops recaptured steady gains in clean-up drives on Luzon and Mindanao islands.

Details of the veteran 24th division straightened their lines east of Decatur city and launched a grinding drive toward the key Mindanao island base of Baguio.

Working through intense heat and humidity, the troops under Major General Eugene Woodruff drove steadily through the day, being pushed to within 4,200 yards of Baguio, important town astride the vital Talamo trail.

Zhukov Feels Hitler Hiding With Wcman

London, June 9.—(AP)—Marshal Zhukov, an NBC broadcast from Moscow said today, believes that Adolf Hitler is hiding in Europe, possibly in Spain, and it is up to American and British troops to find him.

The Russian war leader also said Hitler had married actress Eva Braun (two days before Berlin fell).

Correspondent Robert Alexander reported Zhukov as telling correspondents in Berlin: "Marshal Zhukov said that his troops found a number of corpses which might have been Hitler, but he doubts it. Hitler probably waited until the last moment and then took off in a plane that was ostensibly held in constant readiness."

WEATHER

FOR NORTH CAROLINA. Considerable cloudiness and a little warmer today and tonight and Sunday. Scattered thunderstorms, occurring mostly in afternoon and evening.

Wife and Son Greet Patton on Arrival in U. S.



Commander of the famed U. S. Third Army, Gen. George S. Patton, Jr., is shown after his arrival from Europe at Bedford Airport, Bedford, Mass., with his wife and son George, 3rd. The latter is a cadet at West Point. (International Soundphoto.)

Five Million Japs Bombed From Homes

Guam, June 9.—(AP)—Superforts, which by Tokyo's admission have left one of every fifteen Japanese homeless, pinpointed aircraft factories in three Nipponese cities today while Japan's premier was telling an emergency parliament session that B-29s have already caused considerable damage to the entire war industry.

Tokyo reported "about fifty" Mustang fighters followed up the big bombers at midday, raiding the area between Nagoya and Osaka.

Today's strike was an unannounced raid by 100 to 150 Superforts with high explosive bombs at specific targets in Nagoya and two small cities in the Kobe-Osaka area.

The precision attack was a departure from mass fire raids in May, when enemy broadcasts reported today destroyed 300,000 homes in the Tokyo, Yokohama, and Nagoya, leaving 1,500,000 homeless.

This Tokyo broadcast combined with previous reports on April and March fire raids would make a total of 4,930,000 Japanese left homeless by Superfort destruction of roughly 1,500,000 homes in five major cities—Tokyo, Osaka, Yokohama, Nagoya, and Kobe.

Japan claims a population of 100,000,000; others list it at 72 millions.

Granville's Tax Cut 17c

Oxford, June 9.—The Granville county tax rate for the fiscal year 1945-46 has been fixed at \$1.15 on the \$100 property valuation. R. T. Egges, chairman, stated today following a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners.

The rate represents a 17 cent reduction of the current fiscal year, made possible principally by an overall increase of 25 percent in real estate values as shown on the tax books of the county, ordered at an earlier meeting of the board this year.

Appropriations totaling \$315,613 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, were made by the commissioners, as the rate was adopted.