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# JAP SURRENDER WILL BE SIGNED AT TOKYO

## WIFE WRITES TO GEN. WAINWRIGHT



Skaneateles, N. Y.,  
 August 15

Dear General —  
 Hope this reaches you and you can  
 let me know how you are. My last message from  
 you was in January — this has been for some  
 time from you — I am hardly dead —  
 Please  
 Betty

AFTER YEARS OF ANXIETY, Mrs. Jonathan Wainwright hopes to be reunited with her husband, Lt. Gen. Wainwright, who was captured when Corregidor fell. She is pictured (top) as she writes to him in her Skaneateles, N. Y., home after Japan fell. At bottom is her note (International)

## \$425 Millions In Contracts For Shipping Are Cancelled

### Transition Is Speeded By Truman

**Enormous Christmas Shopping Season Is Seen Coming Autumn**

Washington, Aug. 20.—(AP)—The Maritime Commission announced today cancellation of \$425,000,000 in contracts covering the construction of 135 ships, and three contracts for special military equipment.

The cancelled contracts covered 55 coastal cargo ships, 42 Victory cargo ships, 24 small tankers for lend-lease to Great Britain, four Liberty ships being converted to aircraft repair ships, eight military type Victories, eight tankers, six refrigerated ships, and three large passenger ships of the P-2 type.

Washington, Aug. 20.—(AP)—President Truman continued to give top place to postwar problems today, calling to the White House Reconversion Director John W. Snyder and the special advisory committee on reconversion problems.

The committee, headed by former Governor O. Max Gardner, of North Carolina, consists of representatives of organized business, labor and farm groups. It was created to advise the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion when Secretary of State Byrnes was director.

Before the committee met, another big cutback in war orders was announced. The War Shipping Administration cancelled \$425,000,000 of contracts for 135 vessels and special military equipment for the Navy.

Seeking to speed the flow of scarce materials into civilian production, WPA Chairman J. A. King asked all peacetime and sub-contractors to cancel "with utmost speed" all orders for materials no longer needed to fill military commitments. King's letter said that to do otherwise will "seriously postpone the full-bodied reconversion effort, which is crucial to the nation's economic well-being."

The work as America entered its first full year of peace.

"The nation will have one of its biggest Christmas shopping seasons," President Truman will continue wartime controls where needed.

Mr. Truman will abolish wartime agencies quickly where he can.

OPA still is aiming at lower clothing prices; they may come by Christmas.

The government won't stop coughing of war bonds, but it wants people to hold on to them.

Lend-lease, its \$45,000,000,000 per year tally, is being shut off.

Here's the picture:

Store shelves should be pretty well loaded by Christmas, but they won't be in the next month or so.

Government experts think many articles of hitherto scarce clothing—

(Continued on Page Two)

## SEEN NEARING CLASH IN CHINA



Leader of the Chinese people, Generalissimo Chiang Kaishek (left) and General Chen Teli were reported near conflict as civil war threatened in China. Pictured as he broadcast victory over Japan, Chiang has issued orders which Chen Teli is said to have repudiated. Commander of the Communist party's army, Chen Teli was quoted as demanding Allied invitation to the Jap surrender table. (International)

## Balkan Political Set-Up Is Assailed In Commons

### Totalitarianism Is Being Replaced By Another, Bevin Says

London, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin told Commons today that the government setup in Bulgaria, Romania and Hungary do not represent the views of the majority of the people.

All three countries are in the Soviet sphere of influence.

"The impression we get from recent developments is that one kind of totalitarianism is being replaced by another," he told the House in the first full dress debate on the new Labour government's foreign policy.

That, he said, is not what we understand by that very much overworked word of democracy, which means to be in need of a definition.

(Secretary of State Byrnes on Saturday informed the Bulgarian government that the United States did not consider it truly represented the people of Bulgaria.)

"Greece will never recover while her leaders spend their time continually working week by week, trying to change the government," Bevin said.

The House laughed when he suggested:

"They had better take an example from us."

He said the United States, France and Great Britain had undertaken to assist in the supervision of an election in Greece. (The Greek government announced in Athens today that the United States and Great Britain had agreed to send observers and supervisors but that Russia had declined.)

## Nip Armies Defiant In South Area

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Dozer news agency today broadcast a defiant proclamation of "supreme commandment of the Nippon army in Singapore. It accepted the emperor's surrender decision, but asserted the Japanese armies in home islands and Asiatic mainland have an unchallenged dignity which remains supreme, and are prepared to crush" their foes.

The Dozer dispatch, datelined Singapore, and received by the FCC as it was beamed in English to Chungking, did not name the "supreme commander." Field Marshal Juncos Terachi, commander of Japanese forces in southern regions, has made his headquarters in Singapore.

The proclamation denounced American use of the atomic bomb as a "most deadly and inhuman weapon," and said that "as a result, large numbers of innocent women and children were needlessly killed."

"Such being the state of affairs today," the broadcast continued, "Nippon decided to accept the joint proclamation of the Allied powers, and negotiations now are under way, despite the fact that on the Nippon mainland, as well as in Manchuria, China and various sectors of the southern regions, the unchallenged dignity of the imperial Nippon ar-

## Enemy Peace Group Finishes At Manila And Is Flying Home

### MacArthur Declines To See Envoys During Their Brief Stay In Manila

Manila, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Formal surrender of Japan will be signed within ten days, General MacArthur announced today.

Only adverse weather can delay the formal end of the war, the supreme Allied commander said, as he sent Emperor Hirohito's delegates flying home with detailed instructions on the Allied occupation.

Within 24 hours after their arrival in Manila, the mikado's emissaries left Nichols field at 1:03 p. m. today. They left behind full details needed by MacArthur for imminent victorious entry into Japan at the head of ground, air and naval occupation forces. They will be prepared, said a headquarters spokesman, for any contingency.

The envoys were held the date MacArthur and his accompanying forces intend to arrive in Japan, and instructed to prepare the necessary articles, honors and other facilities for their arrival.

It was expected that Lt. Gen. Kawada and the other emissaries would report immediately to high government and military officials and perhaps to the emperor himself.

"We will do the best possible to make sure all arrangements are completed on time," the emissary said before leaving Manila.

It was understood that the formal surrender will be signed by General MacArthur in or near Tokyo.

The day after, a statement issued by the supreme commander said he will direct the Japanese imperial headquarters to issue instructions for the unconditional surrender of all Japanese commanders aboard to surrender their forces to the appropriate theatre commanders.

It was understood that all plans were definitely made during whirlwind conferences here last night and this morning, and that no further exchange of radio messages would be necessary.

The original occupation forces are expected to be largely American, backed by air and navy forces.

During the entire session, General MacArthur was widely quoted and never once met the Japanese.

At the end of 3-day session, Lt. General Richard E. Sutherland of MacArthur's chief of staff and the commander of the American occupation force, told the Japanese delegates:

"I appreciate your cooperation and wish you a safe journey home," Sutherland said.

Sombre-faced Kawada replied, "I deeply appreciate the many kindnesses you have shown. I feel them sincerely."

The entire procedure for ending the Pacific war, from Japan's surrender after through the series of MacArthur-Japanese radio casts and the Manila conference, has been in the nature of wartime pathos.

The procedures followed had no precedent.

Japan remains supreme, and is furthermore fully prepared to crush the foe if he should ever come.

## WEATHER

### FOR NORTH CAROLINA

Partly cloudy with mild temperatures today, tonight and Tuesday. Scattered showers to night and Tuesday and in east portion today.

## First Clash Of Chinese Is Reported

### Communist Forces Seize Airfield And Are Then Ejected

Chungking, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Credible reports say that General Yen Si-Shan's regular Chinese forces had clashed with Chinese communists near Taiyuan, Japanese occupied Shansi province, in north China.

The communists were said to have seized the airfield near Taiyuan and then been ousted by the regulars.

Earlier, the high command announced the occupation of a small town near Taiyuan, and a string of nearby a dozen other towns along the Taiyuan-Tsingtau railway, chief north-south communication route in Shansi.

(The movement of Generalissimo Chiang Kaishek's troops northward into Shansi province might be accompanied by air forces between Roman, Shanxi and in Shansi province in the west, and the Chinese stationed with the important cities of Peiping, Tientsin, Tsingtau in North and Shanghai.)

Disputes by Chungking showed several national government agencies already functioning in Shanghai, apparently without interference of the Japanese Pro-Chinese government newspapers were openly published in Shanghai.

Other reports say Japanese troops at Amoy had entered Japan in coastal Fukien province, had sent envoys to the Chinese lines to arrange surrender.

## ENEMY IN LUZON IS SEEKING SURRENDER

Manila, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Japanese troops still holding out in northern Luzon and in New Guinea and the Solomons have begun formal negotiations for surrender.

Officers of the United States forces on Luzon sent emissaries to General Yamagata and have begun negotiating with them, it was reported.

## Congress Will Fight For Keeping Of Naval Bases

### Lend-Lease Now Closing Operations

### Foreign Purchasers Are Told to Frame Other Arrangements

Washington, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Lend-lease, the \$15,000,000,000 pipeline to victory, is closing down.

President Truman, it was learned over the week-end, has decided to end the mutual aid program under which this country has poured more than \$40 billion worth of weapons, food and equipment to bolster the Allied fight against the Axis.

In return, some five billion dollars have been channeled up as reverse lend-lease.

With victory now won on all fronts, letters of notification already have been drafted to advise foreign purchasing missions here that they will have to make some other arrangements for future supplies.

Presumably, too, the action will lead to an early decision by this country on which items it wants returned (and which will be left with the recipients for some future settlement).

Even before Mr. Truman's decision to terminate lend-lease, estimates became known an influential London financial manager took note of the fiscal program Britain will face in the immediate postwar period. The publication in the Economist, suggested, in effect, that Great Britain obtain a six billion dollar cash grant from the United States to permit her to pay off her foreign debts at about fifty cents on the dollar, with a note for the balance.

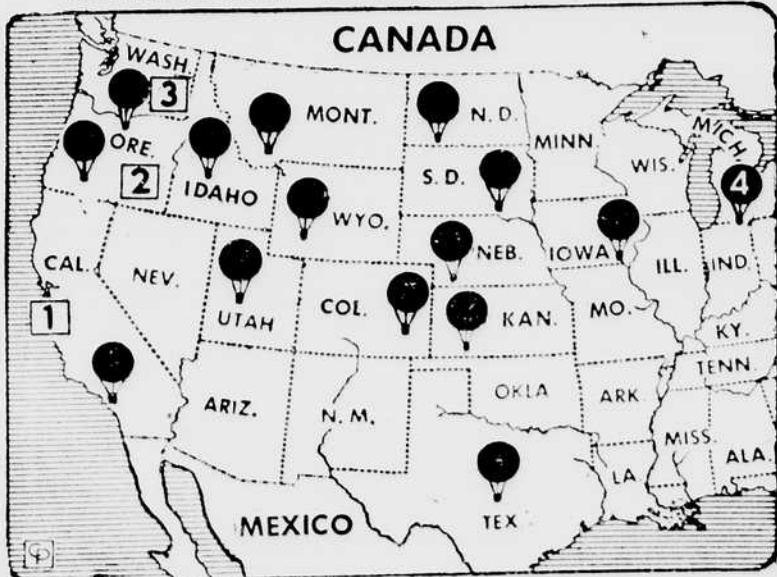
The United Kingdom has been the chief recipient of lend-lease aid. From inception of the program in March, 1941, to last April 1, latest date for which figures are available, she received goods valued at \$12,775,000,000.

## Cotton Declines Continue At Fast Pace During Day

New York, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Cotton futures opened five to 20 cents a bale lower. Noon prices were 15 to 25 cents a bale lower. October 22.53, December 22.60, March 22.54.

October	22.57	22.55-56
December	22.63	22.61
March	22.60	22.56-57
May	22.57	22.53
July	22.29	22.26

## WHERE JAP BALLOONS LANDED



LIFTING OF CENSORSHIP revealed that about 230 bomb-carrying paper balloons from Japan were known to have landed in 15 States of the Union (see map) before August 1, chiefly in Washington, Oregon, California and Montana. Of several hundred believed aimed at the San Francisco Conference, one floated in the San Francisco area (1) before drifting eastward. Another near Lakeview, Ore. (2), killed six persons—the only known fatalities. Several came down near the Hanford atomic bomb plant in Washington State (3). Some got as far as Michigan (4) where one bomb burst near Detroit. Authorities believed that several thousand of the balloons may have been launched. (International)

## Wainwright, Free, Due In Chungking

Chungking, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Lt. Gen. Jonathan M. Wainwright, the tall hero of Corregidor, who was rescued from a Japanese prison camp by a humanitarian team of American parachutists, is due in Chungking shortly and may witness the formal surrender of the forces which held him for more than three years.

Also with Wainwright in Manila today, it was learned on high authority, were Lt. Gen. Arthur Percival, British commander at Singapore when that stronghold was captured by the Japanese in 1942, and Sir Shenton Thomas, governor of Singapore.

The dropping of the humanitarian

(Continued on Page Two)

## Testimony Of Nazi Leaders Planned At Quisling Trial

Oslu, Norway, Aug. 20.—(AP)—Testimony of Hermann Goering, Joachim von Ribbentrop and other high ranking Nazis will be introduced against Vidkun Quisling, the prosecution disclosed today as the former puppet premier of Norway went on trial on charges of treason.

State Prosecutor Scheidt announced he was taking the testimony of the Nazi leaders in Germany, where the Nazi leaders themselves soon to be tried as war criminals. He said that those whose testimony was being taken included Alfred Rosenberg, former German minister of affairs in eastern occupied regions,

The surprise disclosure came in Quisling presented a 21,000-word Field Marshal Wilhelm Keitel and General Gustav Jodl.

69-page statement detailing his own defense.

Defiantly picturing himself as a patriot and a patriot, the man whose name has become a synonym for collaboration, declared that "Hitler has proved to be right—it is not England who has eventually won, but bolshevism."

England has attained her war aims, as far as beating Germany goes, but in Russia an even more dangerous continental power has arisen," Quisling declared. He de-

manded "rehabilitation and indemnification for the results and harm" he had brought upon his.

Seriously, he told his accusers that their country of sabotage and resistance had played only "a negative role" in the war. "All assess give the dying man a kick," he said.

Quisling's elaborate statement outlined his version of Norway's wartime history, telling of his meetings with Hitler, and his own alleged efforts to alleviate Norway's plight, underscored again and again his contention that the war was fought "with bolshevism" as the main is-