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Hoey, Bailey Support Parker



North Carolina's senators, Clyde R. Hoey (left) and Josiah W. Bailey (right), came to talk on the White House steps after visiting President Truman to urge him to elevate Judge John J. Parker of Charlotte from the 11th U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals to the U. S. Supreme Court Bench. Judge Parker is a Republican but Democratic forces are sponsoring his appointment to succeed Judge Owen J. Roberts, retired. (AP Photo)

Leaders See Faster Rate Of Releases

Size of American Force Needed In Japan Very Fluid

Washington, Sept. 14.—(AP)—With three out of four men now in the army already assured of release by July 1, military leaders held out the possibility today of a still faster demobilization speed-up.

The Senate Military Committee was advised by Major General I. H. Edwards, assistant chief of staff, that estimates of occupation troops needed in Japan may be scaled down.

If so, this would permit a reduction below the Army's planned strength of 2,500,000 by next July.

Edwards said general staff officers now are discussing the matter with General MacArthur, and that the supreme commander's estimates are "very fluid." Any change probably would be downward, he added.

900,000 In Pacific

The plans for an army of 2,500,000 by mid-summer of next year are based on a division of troops in this manner: In the Pacific, 900,000; in Europe and Atlantic bases, 500,000; in the United States, 1,100,000.

Major General S. G. Henry, also an assistant chief of staff, gave it as his personal opinion that needs would work out to fewer than 2,500,000 troops. He said plans for a reduction to that figure contemplate release of about 6,000,000 of the present Army of 8,050,000, or about three out of every four men. They call for inactivation, meantime, of 500,000 additional men. The Army hopes also to enlist a regular army of 300,000 volunteers, but the majority of these may come from men already in uniform.

Eichelberger Says Occupation May Only Last For One Year

Senate And House Appoint Members For Attack Probe

Washington, Sept. 14.—(AP)—Senate Majority Leader Barkley today headed a group of five senators named to a joint congressional committee which will investigate the Pearl Harbor disaster.

Presumably he will be designated chairman of the committee, which also includes five House members.

In addition to Barkley, Presiding Officer McKellar named the following senators: George of Georgia; Lucas of Illinois; Brewster of Maine and reorganizer of Michigan.

Speaker Rayburn appointed the following House members: Representatives Cooper, Clark, of North Carolina, Murphy, Keefe and Gearhart. All are lawyers.

Barkley was author of the resolution creating the investigation group. George is chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and ranking Democrat on the foreign relations committee next to Chairman McNamara.

Organization of the committee may be delayed until next week.

MacArthur Again Backs Soft Policy

Commander Claims Action Necessary; War Leaders Held

Tokyo, Sept. 15.—(AP)—The occupation of Japan "may be washed up" within a year, Lt. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger predicted today, while General MacArthur said there would be no "kid glove" enforcement of surrender terms.

Eichelberger expressed his views at a press conference in his eighth army headquarters, where he observed that, "when an insular country loses its land, sea and air power and is without raw materials, and has big countries sitting on its flanks, it can't be much of a threat."

"If the Japs continue acting as they are now," he said in answer to a question, "within a year this thing should be washed up."

He estimated the occupation would necessitate the use of about 400,000 American troops, but disclosed that orders for some units, notably railroad troops and engineer shoe parties, already had been cancelled when it was discovered that Japanese installations were in better shape than expected.

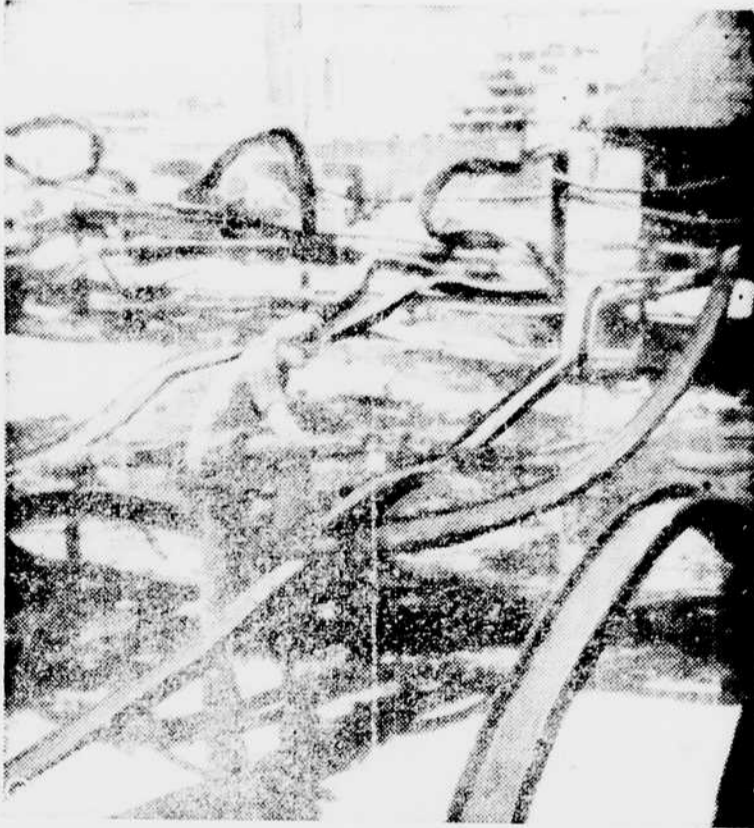
At present the eighth army has between 90,000 and 100,000 men in Japan and more are enroute, Eichelberger said. He said that Major General Oscar Griswold would establish occupation headquarters for the 14 corps at Sendai today, and that a full division would follow him by train tomorrow. The 27th division, he said, would occupy Nagato in northern Honshu within a few days.

MacArthur, in his statement replying to critics of occupation policies thus far pursued, noted the impatience displayed at the so-called "soft" policy. "It termed it necessary, however, and added: "It is extraordinarily difficult for me at times to exercise that degree of patience which is unquestionably demanded if the long-time policies which are to be decreed are to be accomplished without regressions which would be detrimental to the well being of the world, but I am restraining myself to the best of my ability, and I am generally satisfied with the progress being made."

The supreme commander observed that in view of the "atrocities" committed by the enemy, impatience on the part of the Allied people to have the surrender terms rapidly carried out was but a natural impulse. Fulfillment of that desire can be accomplished only through careful procedure, he asserted, but promised: "The surrender terms aren't soft and they won't be applied in kid glove fashion."

Meanwhile, the Japanese government reported to eighth army headquarters that most of the Japanese army leaders wanted are in custody.

FIRST PHOTO OF SINGAPORE RUIN



AN ENGLISH OFFICER looks over some of the twisted wreckage of Singapore's installations after the prize base had been surrendered to British Empire forces. This first photo showing the ruins of the key port testifies to the accuracy of Allied bombardiers during their air campaign. British official War Office Radiophoto. (International)

Italian Peace Treaty Drafted By Ministers

Yugoslav King Reported Encouraged By Talks With U. S. State Secretary

London, Sept. 14.—(AP)—Foreign ministers of the Big Four Allied powers resumed drafting of a peace treaty today. Italy, France, and Egypt continued their efforts to bring about a settlement of the remaining Balkan states of Yugoslavia.

The treaty, continued as the result of a mission.

A highly better atmosphere was created when the disclosure that the British had an agreement pending with the Yugoslav government was reported.

The British continued in exile, George II of Greece, installed Louis the First in Scotland to crown the Greek king, and the Greek king, King George II, was reported to have been in the United States.

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The ministers of the United States, Britain, Great Britain, France and China today resumed of diplomatic communications agreed to and from them in their efforts to conclude peace treaties.

British Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin has presented a proposal for an Italian peace treaty which is being studied by the other foreign secretaries and the British and Americans are pressing for consideration of the Italian treaty.

The Russians who have agreed to consider the Italian treaty first now are reported arguing that the Allies with the former Nazi satellite states in the Balkans, Romania, Bulgaria and Hungary, should be given just as prompt attention. The British and Americans were said to hold that they could not discuss the Balkan treaties as long as these nations are ruled by governments controlled by London and Washington.

Secretary Byrnes has summoned his Balkan experts, possibly in anticipation of an impasse on the issue. Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov and Bevin also were reported meeting their advisers.

The draft for the kind of economic world the Farber people envisaged was discovered among more than 10,000 pages of exhibits collected from Farber files by Department of Justice investigators.

As a result of the conference between Farber officials and members of the Nazi government in 1940, it called for an attack upon American interests in Asiatic countries as well as Latin America.

George von Schnitzler, member of Farber's central committee, was said to have admitted to American questioners that the economic drive was part of a plan that included military subjugation of the United States because the United States, apart from Russia, was the only country with a great economic potential in the outside world.

The plan stipulated, among other things, that American British dental products be replaced by those of German manufacture.

First Army Moves Its Headquarters From Fort Jackson

Fort Jackson, S. C., Sept. 14.—(AP)—First Army headquarters will be established at Fort Bragg, N. C., next week, this infantry training post public relations office said today.

Headquarters were set up here two months ago by General Courtney Hodge as his return from Europe. After two weeks here Hodge and his staff went to the post, they were expected back soon, the post said.

ARMY T OREI FASE MEDICAL WORKERS

Army will release at least 30,000 doctors, 10,000 dentists and more than 40,000 nurses by next July 1.

Hurricane Bears Down On Florida

Economic War Plan Of Nazis Found

Frankfurt, Germany, Sept. 14.—(AP)—A Nazi blueprint for liquidation of United States interests in Latin America when Hitler won the war has been turned over to Lt. Gen. Lucas E. Clay, civil affairs administrator of the American occupied sector of Germany.

The plan, which included details for expansion of key American and British interests to a "conquered Europe" were prepared by I. G. Farben Chemical Trust officials in 1940, when the Germans left Vozey was imminent.

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Japanese To Get Facts About Their Atrocities

Representatives of Newspapers Agree To Give Summary

Yokohama, Sept. 14.—(AP)—General MacArthur directed today that the stark facts of Japanese atrocities committed all the way from the Philippines to New Guinea and back again be told in full to the Japanese people.

Representatives of Japanese newspapers agreed, at the suggestion of the supreme commander, to publish a summary of MacArthur's report as the start of a program to educate the Japanese people in the acts of their military.

The bending of American flexibilities in the death march of Bataan, cannibalism in New Guinea, beating and mistreating of prisoners of war, all will be included in volume to be presented to the Japanese people.

Purely Educational "It is purely educational," said Brig. Gen. B. F. Taylor of MacArthur's staff.

"The Japanese people don't know about these atrocities, and we want to tell them," Taylor added.

Japanese civilians in occupied areas are being educated about the Japanese crimes. They said they were alarmed, because in the Japanese-Russian war, Japanese treatment of prisoners had been good, and they were not much disturbed by the stories.

"The people are being educated about the atrocities and the picture of dehumanization wrought by the atomic bomb and will start entirely anew as a peace-loving nation."

"The picture is being published in the Associated Press today. The Associated Press took him of his word and sent a letter containing ten questions and received a nine-page letter of reply within 24 hours."

Hiroshi Kuni, sketched a long and difficult road ahead in building a "new Japan." He listed these major "national" goals:

"First, how to carry out faithfully the promises of the Potsdam declaration in a just and systematic fashion, while maintaining general order and not allowing the country into anarchy."

"Second, food, clothing and shelter for the people."

"Third, unemployment, which will total an estimated 15,000,000 people."

Hiroshi Kuni said "more recovery" was "necessary" of Japan was "necessary," asserting, "we intend to build a completely new and peaceful Japan; we intend to build a country of high moral principles and culture. I think it will require years for us to complete this task. All our material necessities will be brought to light as a result of Japan's defeat. The conflict between the old and the new may take the form of a struggle among political parties or of strikes. It is my firm belief that a new Japan, progressive and just, will be born as a result of these conflicts."

Hiroshi Kuni said it was his personal opinion that the start of the Super-press had marked the turning point of the war.

Jap News Agency Domei Suspended By MacArthur

Job Measure Is Studied By Senators

Operations Ended; Guard Established Around All Offices

Tokyo, Sept. 14.—(AP)—General MacArthur today ordered complete suspension of the Japanese Domei news agency.

Suspension of the agency came with-out warning and without explanation. Domei has served approximately 65 papers in Japan, and every daily in the islands was a subscriber.

Domei formally ended operations at 3:29 p. m., when American officers delivered at its headquarters the order that "no further news will be disseminated from its building," and established a guard at all exits.

Japanese sources said that the Americans also called on Hiroshi Furo, president of Domei, and told him that the agency was prohibited from disseminating any news, even locally. The agency was organized in 1936 and has been the only one in Japan. It always has been recognized as at least a semi-official agency.

Throughout the war it was the major source of Japanese news and propaganda. Asked what the Japanese newspapers would do for news, MacArthur's public relations office replied that American news services were available.

WEATHER FOR NORTH CAROLINA. Mostly cloudy and cooler tonight, with showers and thunderstorms in east portion; Saturday, clearing in most sections but considerable cloudiness and scattered showers over central area; mild temperatures Saturday.