

# Henderson Daily Dispatch



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## Army Point Plan To Be Abandoned

### Men Who Have Been In Army Two Years Will Be Discharged

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—General of the Army George C. Marshall told Congress today that the Army will abandon its point system for discharge by late winter and all men with two years service will be released.

At the same time he advised a joint Senate-House session in the Library of Congress that the Army's present discharge score of 85—based on credit for service combat and dependency—will be lowered to 70 by October 1. Another cut to 60 points will be made by November 1, the lawmakers were told.

General Douglas MacArthur, army commander in the Pacific, advised the War Department yesterday that the occupation force needed in Japan and Korea could be met with 200,000 soldiers plus the Marine division, Marshall disclosed.

Marshall made it plain that more than 200,000 troops will be required in the Pacific as a whole. However, he made it plain that the 200,000 figure applied to Japan and Korea alone and that troops were also needed in Alaska, the Aleutians, Hawaii, Formosa and possibly in China.

Congress, he said, "apparently was disturbed" by earlier estimates that the army would number 2,500,000 men by next July 1 and that this would include 900,000 men for occupation duty in the Pacific and 400,000 for duty in Europe. The general said the figures were only estimates and had to be supplied in connection with the drafting of the annual budget and that "labor contractors will give us a new figure." He did not elaborate.

He said that MacArthur first had asked for 17 divisions redeployed from Europe for Pacific duty but later had trimmed his estimate to finally bring it down to two divisions. They have already been sent.

Marshall addressed the joint Congressional session in the Greendome Liberty of Congress.

Meanwhile, there were other developments on Capitol Hill:

1. A new tax cutting plan took shape in Congress.

2. The Senate made ready to complete action on the unemployment pay bill and sent it to the House where the scramble will be renewed all over again.

3. The House prepared to do battle a bill which would give the State full rights and authority over lands which are under water.

4. Mary Norton, chairman of the House Labor Committee and her bill to raise the minimum wage paid to employees in interstate commerce from 40 cents to 65 cents per hour has so much support that she doesn't think hearings on the measure are necessary.

5. The Senate Banking Committee was on the verge of approving the so-called "full employment" bill so it can be debated in the Senate next week. This bill, much argued, is strongly backed by President Truman.

The WLB, the War Manpower Commission and the U. S. Employment Service were shifted to the Labor Department by President Truman last Tuesday.

The Labor Secretary planned to let the board function independently as in the past, reserving to himself the right to enter critical disputes for mediation purposes only when decisive action seems desirable, as in the Detroit strike.

1

### MONKEY MOTHERS KITTENS



THIS IS SUSIE, the monkey, and three of the five kittens she has adopted in the home of W. C. Ut at Winston-Salem, N. C. The kittens seem to be very fond of Monkey Book. (AP Wirephoto)

## Curbs Against Argentina, Spain Might Be Scrapped

### Dr. Taylor Wanting To Quit Board

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—

Dr. George W. Taylor today offered his resignation as chairman of the War Labor Board as Labor Secretary Schlesinger sought to hold the board together as a virtually independent agency.

Schlesinger prepared a declaration of policy following a conference with the board over drastic exchanges now being made over the future status of the board.

Never-the-less, there is official uncertainty over two points:

1. Whether Britain and the U. S. can agree on measures for continued joint enforcement of the controls. And

2. Whether such measures are practical as applied to American trade.

#### Present New Problems

One of the most effective wartime controls was that on the limitation of coal and oil shipments to Spain and Argentina. These two badly needed fuels present entirely different problems at the moment.

Coal, for instance, is in shortage now. And no difficulty should be experienced in maintaining controls this winter. Oil, however, is another problem. Adequate supplies are on hand and there are pressures both in this country and in Britain to knock-off all petroleum export restrictions.

This issue is reported to be lurking in the Anglo-American oil conversations now underway in London and the financial and commercial progress in Washington.

Here is the situation:

Spain: At the moment the United States is shipping coal to Europe at the rate of 1,400,000 tons per month. Not a single lump is supposed to go to Spain. That country, however, is expected soon to ask for an emergency allocation, but the United States is disposed beforehand to take an unfavorable view. Spain has been receiving some British coal.

Argentina: No coal has gone to Argentina except that shipped by American Ambassador Braden, thus giving the envoy a weapon in his on-the-spot opposition to the militaristic Argentine regime.

The oil now going to Argentina is at the rate of about 500,000 tons a year, dating from last May 3. This is all heavy fuel oil and is exchanged for linseed and flax seed oil, which are in great demand here and in Europe.

### MISSIONARIES ASKED TO REMAIN IN JAPAN

Tokyo, Sept. 20.—(AP)—The Tokyo newspaper Asahi said today that Premier Prince Higashikuni had invited foreign missionaries to remain in Japan and help build a new nation with high ideals and culture.

STAMP HONORS SMITH

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—A commemorative three-cent stamp honoring the late Alfred E. Smith, former governor of New York, will be issued by the Post Office Department. First-day sales will be made in New York City, November 26.

## Auto Industry Awaiting Action On Wage Demands

Detroit, Sept. 20.—(AP)—The automotive industry today anxiously awaited government action on its demands for industry-wide 30 per cent wage boosts.

No major development occurred Wednesday, but more than 30,000 Detroit area workers remained idle because of strikes or lay-offs, while General Motors indicated that 25,000 more might be laid off before the end of the week because of parts shortages.

Both labor and management kept a close watch on Washington to see what action the newly reorganized Labor Department would take believed to be the first major step up in the nation's retrenchment program.

These were the questions that observers asked as they watched the UAW-CIO companies and the UAW-CIO jockey for a position in the situation.

1.—Will Edgar L. Warren, named Tuesday at Washington as head of

the U. S. labor conciliation service head for Detroit to personally seek a solution of the tie-ups?

2.—How soon will its announced intention of seeking strike votes against the industry's big three—Ford, Chrysler and General Motors—if they refuse to grant the 30 per cent increase?

3.—Will the UAW, he able to settle the unmentioned strike of 4,500 union employees of Kresley-Hayes-Wheel Co., of Detroit, the men having been out since August 23 despite back to work orders from the union?

Two separate moves were underway today to effect peace in the Kresley-Hayes dispute, they being led by Percy Llewellyn, administrator of the striking local and Richard Krantensteen, international UAW vice president and a candidate for mayor in Detroit's November election.

### U.N.C. PRE-FLIGHT WILL CLOSE OCT. 15

Washington, Sept. 20.—The Navy Department disclosed today that all pre-flight training students at universities of North Carolina, Georgia and Iowa will be withdrawn in the near future. Trainees at the U. N. C. at Chapel Hill will be discharged by Oct. 15.

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## Halsey's Ships Are Bringing Home Sailors For Discharge

### MacArthur Is Silent On Criticism

#### Troops to Continue To Land in Japan Until End of Year

Tokyo, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Seventeen ships of Admiral William F. Halsey's powerful Third Fleet steamed for home today, taking with them several thousand Navy men due for discharge—while General Douglas MacArthur's headquarters announced the American occupation force will increase to 400,000 before the predicted slash to 200,000 men takes place.

There are about 150,000 American soldiers in Japan now.

State Department expression of "surprise" at Gen. MacArthur's prediction of three days ago on the size of the American occupation force drew a terse "no comment" from General MacArthur himself today. His staff officers said, however, that his comment on future reductions in the size of the occupation force had specified six months.

#### More Men to Land

Troops will continue to pour into Japan through September, October, November and December until about 400,000 have arrived at the end of the year, headquarters sources reported.

Japan's demobilization, meanwhile, is proceeding so smoothly that about three-fourths of the homeland army has been discharged and demobilized, MacArthur's headquarters disclosed.

The 400,000 maximum, army spokesmen said, does not include marine units in many zones of occupation nor fleet personnel.

In Washington, acting Secretary of State Dean Acheson said sharply that the United States Government and not General MacArthur is determining America's foreign policy toward Japan. He expressed surprise that anyone could determine the number of men needed for occupation.

#### No Incident Yet

State officers pointed out, however, that thus far the occupation has been without incident.

Demobilization of the Japanese is continuing at the rate of 50,000 men daily. There were approximately 2,523,000 Japanese under arms in the home islands on August 15 and about 1,643 had been demobilized by September 17—with only 603,000 to go by the October 15 deadline.

In addition to American navy personnel passengers being brought home for discharge by Admiral Halsey's fleet include many members of the crew of the fighting admiral's ships, who are expected to remain in the United States.

### Tests TB Serum

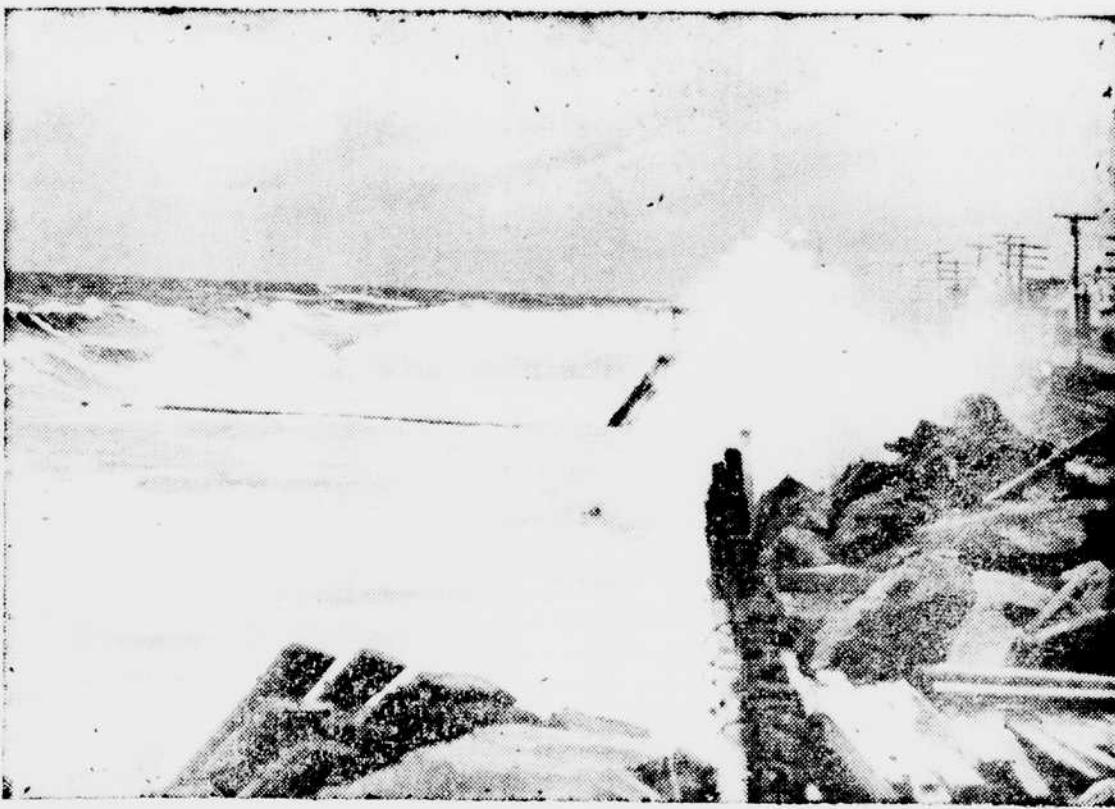


CREATOR of new inhibitor drug known as Sulfitin, Dr. Anthony J. Salle, Professor of Bacteriology at the University of Los Angeles, is shown at his microscope examining tissue infected with tuberculosis and noting the effects of the new substance on the TB bacillus. Experiments with cattle were scheduled to be made. (International)

### WEATHER

FOR NORTH CAROLINA  
Partly cloudy and warmer tonight; scattered thundershowers Friday afternoon and in west and central portions tonight.

### REMNANTS OF STORM BATTER NEW JERSEY COAST



LONG, HUGE COMBERS ROLL IN and smash with loud roar against the rocky coast of New Jersey as a strong northeaster, born of a hurricane which battered Florida and the Carolinas, sweeps itself across the sea. (International)

## Four Turbulent State Rivers Are Continuing On Rampage

### Many Highways Remain Impassable; Thousands Of Dollars Damage done

Raleigh, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Four turbulent North Carolina rivers fed by overflowing tributaries continued on the rampage today, making many eastern Carolina highways impassable and doing many thousands of dollars worth of damage.

The Cape Fear and the Neuse rivers continued to rise.

At Fayetteville, where the Cape Fear was rising, the weather observer was not allowed to go out on the bridge. Last night's reading reported the river at 65.7 feet.

The Neuse had crested at Neuse and Smithfield but the crest had not yet been reached below Smithfield. At Smithfield, the river is at 26 feet,

and flood stage there is 13 feet. At Goldsboro, the Neuse continued to rise with a reading of 17.1 feet.

At Morehead, the Haw river had risen this morning to 30.3 feet as compared with last night's reading of 35 feet.

The Roanoke, which was receding in its upper reaches, was at 45.1 feet at Weldon and continuing to rise slowly. The flood stage is 33 feet. At Danville, the river had fallen to 14.8 feet this morning as compared with a reading last night of 20.7 feet.

The Tar River continued to rise at Tarboro, where the waters were reported at 26.9 feet and last night it was 19.3 feet.

Bombers Beaten On Long Flight By 50 to 1 Shot

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Beaten by a 50 to 1 shot, General Barney M. Giles believes Japan to America non-stop flights will soon be won in both directions—and often.

Giles led a flight of three stripped Superfortresses in an unsuccessful attempt to reach Washington from Japan without a stop.

The big Superforts had to set down at Chicago to take on fuel after strong headwinds had blown away any chance of making the 6,400 mile flight in 26 hours.

We hit weather you wouldn't hit once in 50 times," Giles said after the planes had covered the remaining 600 miles from Chicago to Washington in just short of two hours.

He added that the "great circle route" is the shortest one and that the United States will use it often.

He disclosed the refueling stop was more a matter of caution than necessity. One plane had 1,200 gallons of gas left at the end of the trip; it started with 10,000. Another had 1,000 left and the third had 700 gallons. The B-29's use about 400 gallons per hour when cruising at fast speed. Uncertain weather made it inadvisable to try the flight without the added protection of more gas, he said.

## Confusion Caused At Epes Trial

### U. S. Plans To Protest Red Action

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Four congressional legislation, long pending on President Truman's "must" list, today headed for its last short of the Senate floor. The Senate banking committee prepared to vote this afternoon on the measure filed by its sponsors as a full employment measure.

Chairman Wagner of New York said he had no doubt the measure would be approved.

With heavy Republican support Senator Fulbright of Arkansas succeeded yesterday in changing the public statement of policy of the bill that all Americans over and wanting to work were entitled to full opportunity for useful, regular and full employment. The wording had been that such Americans "have the right to an opportunity."

Senator Seeking To Exempt Vets From Hatch Act

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Legislation exempting veterans of all wars from the provisions of the Hatch unfair politics act has been introduced by Senator Elbert Thomas of Oklahoma. He told reporters that as the act now stands, any veteran drawing any income from the government, including disability allowances, would be prohibited from taking part in politics or even talking about politics. The act is directed primarily at government employees.

### REPUBLICANS MAP CAMPAIGN PROGRAM

Washington, Sept. 20.—(AP)—Seven House Republicans today began drafting a legislative program they hope will win for their party the 1946 Congressional elections.

The seven, named as a "social policy planning group" by GOP leaders, reported the idea had唤起 much interest in and out of Congress.

A reliable source said that the Republicans delegation will present a memorandum to the session repeating its insistence that the Yalta agreement, agreed to by Marshal Stalin, against unilateral action in the Balkans, be carried out.

The Balkan problem may be even tougher than the Italian question. The United States and Great Britain are on record and determined not to recognize the predominantly Communist governments in those states while Russia holds the regime as "democratic." The crux of the matter is the extent of Russian influence to be exerted in eastern Europe.

Identified by court officers as John E. Griggs, about Epes' age, the tall blonde man, dressed in brown, fell from his chair immediately behind Epes and the defense table.

The defendant jumped to his feet in the first display of emotion he has shown during the four day trial, and was restrained by Leith Beimler, Epes' family attorney from Richmond, who is assisting the defense.

Court attendants brought Griggs back to consciousness with ammonia and helped him from the courtroom.