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M'ARTHUR SETS UP COURT MACHINERY TO TRY JAPANESE

Tojo, Cabinet, Militarists All Will Be Tried; Rules Announced

Tokyo, Jan. 19.—(AP)—General Douglas MacArthur today set up international machinery for the trial of Hideki Tojo, his Pearl Harbor cabinet and his militarists, charged with "crimes against peace and crimes against humanity."

The supreme commander announced a charter giving detailed procedures for auring "fair trials for the accused."

Outstanding points of procedure included:

1—A majority of the members of the international tribunal shall be sufficient to convict and impose the death sentence—subject to MacArthur's review.

2—The five to nine member tribunal will not be bound by technical rules of evidence and, and evidence without proof of signature may be accepted.

3—A plea that he acted under orders shall not of itself be sufficient to free a defendant.

The charter listed these crimes for which Japanese are to be tried:

Crimes Against Peace—

1. Crimes against peace—the planning, preparation, initiation or waging of declared or undeclared war of aggression, or war in violation of international law.

2. Crimes against humanity—murder, extermination, enslavement, deportation and other inhumane acts, committed against any civilian population before or during the war.

3. Crimes against humanity—murder, extermination, enslavement, deportation and other inhumane acts, committed against any civilian population before or during the war.

The tribunal will "not be bound by technical rules of evidence" and "shall admit any evidence which is deemed to have probative value." Although the first trial has been scheduled in Tokyo, later trials may be held where ever the tribunal decides.

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Big Power Program For Atomic Energy Gets UNO Approval

Will Put Control Under Security Council, And Not General Assembly

London, Jan. 19.—(AP)—Iran appeared to the United Nations Security Council today to investigate its dispute with the Soviet Union. Iranian Delegates Entezam said his delegation had submitted a letter asking an investigation of what he termed "Soviet interference with the internal affairs of Iran."

London, Jan. 19.—(AP)—The "big power" plan to place the proposed atomic energy commission directly under the United Nations Security Council passed its first test without opposition today.

The test came when Paul Henri Spaak, president of the General Assembly, called up a committee report providing that the atomic energy commission should go to the assembly's security committee without discussion on the floor.

Spaak asked if anyone wanted to say anything but not a word was spoken. He promptly declared the report accepted.

Connally U. S. Member.

The security committee of the assembly is headed by DeMitrri M. V. Senyuk, chief Ukrainian delegate, Senator Tom Connally (D-Tex.) is the United States member.

A committee meeting is expected to be held Monday.

Prime Minister Peter Fraser of New Zealand yesterday contended that atomic commission should be under the direction of the 51 nation General Assembly instead of the 11-nation security council but he did not oppose today's move.

Spaak also sent to a committee on social, humanitarian and cultural problems a British proposal calling on the United Nations to give their full support to CNRRA.

Meanwhile, the chief UNO interest centered on the next move to be made by Iran in line with her announced intention to bring before the new security organization an appeal for action in the Iranian-Russian dispute.

UNO LEADERS WEIGH A PROBLEM



JUDGING FROM THEIR EXPRESSIONS, U. S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes (left) and British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin seem to be considering a tough problem at the UNO Assembly in London. A major diplomatic issue about to confront the Assembly itself or the Security Council was the row between Iran and Russia. (International)

Kaiser And Steel Union Sign Pay Contract Granting Boost As Scattered Walk Outs Begin

Accused Killer



Robert L. Nash, (above) 42, a moving picture projectionist is being held at Raleigh on a charge of first degree murder in connection with the shooting of Mrs. Maggie L. Parker, 22, red-headed employe of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Her husband recently returned from war service overseas. Nash, a former projectionist in Henderson, is well known here.

Furnaces In Mills Banked

Pittsburgh, Jan. 19.—(AP)—Fires were being banked in hundreds of the nation's steel mills and blast furnaces today as the deadline for a general strike of 750,000 CIO-United Steel Workers drew near and reports from scattered sections indicated approximately 45,000 workers had left their jobs in advance of the 12:01 a. m. Monday deadline.

In Detroit, the strike hit three mills of the Great Lakes Steel Corporation, where 7,118 workers walked out and at Pittsburgh, the big plant of the Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation was closed.

Pickets Active.

Pickets patrolled the J. and L. plant which employed 9,000 workers. The firm said the furnaces were banked and the mill was "shut down light."

Approximately 25,000 workers have been idle in the past week or longer in scattered stoppages in the steel fields, some involving local disputes.

With the general strike only a day away, large steel producers were curtailing operations sharply in preparation for a halt in production.

Some 750,000 members of the United Steel Workers union of the CIO were slated to walk out at 12:01 a. m. Monday. The union had accepted President Harry Truman's compromise wage offer of 18.5 cents an hour but it had been rejected by the United States Steel Corporation, largest single producer in the business.

Hub Mayor Guilty Of Mail Fraud

Facing Possible 47-Year Sentence After Conviction

Washington, Jan. 19.—(AP)—James M. Curley, 71 year old veteran Massachusetts office holder today faced possible prison sentence totaling 47 years as a result of jury conviction of using the mails to defraud.

Now both mayor of Boston and Congressman from Massachusetts, Curley and two others were found guilty last night by a District of Columbia court jury of taking part in a war contracts scheme.

Curley, four times mayor, a fourth term Congressman and former governor, appeared stunned by the verdict, weeping after nearly 20 hours of deliberation.

Convicted with him were Donald W. Smith of Pittsburgh, a former member of the National Labor Relations Board and James G. Fuller, who was brought to trial from Federal penitentiary in Atlanta, where he is serving five years for sending fraudulent securities through the mails.

Defense counsel announced that a motion for a new trial will be filed and appeal taken if the motion is denied.

Curley for a time was president of Engineers Group Inc., a firm the Government said took in \$60,000 in eight months in 1941 on a promise to get war contracts for clients or refund their money. The prosecution said only \$10,000 was returned with the rest used in an "extravagant front to get more suckers."

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Southern Freight Train Is Derailed

Greenville, S. C., Jan. 19.—(AP)—Twenty-three cars of a north-bound Southern Railway freight train were derailed four and a half miles south of Greenville early today, tearing up the road bed and twisting the rails so badly that all traffic over the double track line had to be derailed.

No one was injured in the accident. The cause of the derailment has not been determined.

Court Hears Nazi Slave Labor Plans

Nuremberg, Jan. 19.—(AP)—Lightning like Allied advances during the closing stages of the European war disrupted Nazi plans to draft an additional 1,500,000 slave laborers from France and the Low Countries.

Assistant French Prosecutor Jacques Herzog asserted at the war crimes trial today.

Herzog said Fritz Sauckel, boss of the forced labor program, planned to bring in one million additional men and women from France and 500,000 from the Low Countries to work in light industries.

"The rapidity of the Allied victory prevented Sauckel from realizing his plan of mass deportations," Herzog said. "However, he undertook its execution. Deportations of workers were carried out up to the day of liberation of each territory."

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Best-Dressed of All



PICTURED for the first time since being chosen recently as the best-dressed woman in the world, Mrs. Stanley Morimer of New York City is shown vacationing in Florida, comfortably garbed in a lavender linen blouse, broadcloth slacks and purple sandals. (AP-National)

18.5 Raise Is Approved

Washington, Jan. 19.—(AP)—Henry J. Kaiser, west coast ship builder and steel operator accepted President Harry Truman's proposed compromise in the steel wage dispute today and signed a contract with the CIO-United Steel Workers union.

Kaiser made the announcement of the contract, which gives employees of his west coast plant an 18.5 cent hourly wage increase after a White House conference with Mr. Truman and CIO President Philip Murray.

Workers Begin Strike.

This development came as CIO steel workers began walking out of the nation's mills in advance of the general strike set for Sunday midnight after the United States Steel Corporation rejected Mr. Truman's 18.5 cent compromise offer.

Kaiser, in the presence of Murray, said he had accepted the President's proposal because it is "not only the time to sign America—but it's time to live and love it."

"I support the President of the United States," he asked in a formal statement. "The people's answer will be yes. It can be no other way. Too much is at stake not to support him."

Murray and Kaiser said Mr. Truman at 10 a. m. and left about 29 minutes later. Asked who suggested the conference, Murray said "it was a joint request in the interest of the Government and the President."

Kaiser had already signed a contract with the CIO-United Automobile Workers union, covering employees of the new Kaiser-Fraser automobile plant at Willow Run, Mich.

This agreement calls for wage increases and bonuses. Its provisions are similar to the contract the UAW has with the Ford Motor Company which claims to pay the highest wages in the industry.

"I have signed this agreement because I am confident that only by integrity and fair play on both the part of labor and management can we ride the perilsous sea ahead and achieve industrial harmony and security for our people," Kaiser declared.

He added that he could not conceive that a sum of 3.5 cents (the difference between U. S. Steel's 15 cent per hour raise and Mr. Truman's 18.5 cent proposal) should be permitted to retard or destroy the possibility of real peace and prosperity for the nation.

Big West Coast Plant.

The agreement signed today, Kaiser said, covers the operations of the largest steel plant on the Pacific coast. His Fontana, Calif., plant employs about 3,000 to 4,000 persons.

Thus as a paralyzing strike hits the nation's steel mills Monday, Kaiser's plants will continue turning out steel.

Murray said that any company which signs a contract providing an 18.5 cent an hour increase before the deadline would not have a walk-out Monday. Besides the Kaiser contract, Murray disclosed that negotiations are underway with two Pennsylvania and New Jersey firms.

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