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Secret Russo-Nazi Treaty Is Disclosed At Nuernberg Trials

Stamp Honors Vets



PICTURED HERE is the new three-cent postage stamp which will honor all veterans of World War II. The stamp, of ordinary size, displays the discharge emblem on a graduated tone background. Postmaster General Robert Hannegan announced that the stamp will go on sale May 9. (International)

Soviet Prosecutor Objects To Witness Talking About Pact

Nuernberg, March 28.—(AP)—Jakob von Ribbentrop's former personal secretary testified before the international military tribunal today that a secret Russo-German pact dividing eastern European lands, including Poland, was brought from Moscow by the Nazi German minister in August, 1939 before the start of the war.

The witness, Margaret Blank, said the pact was in a sealed envelope bearing the inscription "Germany, Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia."

She had seen the original copy. She said she was charged with keeping its existence secret.

Discussed In Private.
Miss Blank was allowed to testify only after the tribunal had concluded the matter in private for 75 minutes and over the objections of the Soviet prosecutor, General R. A. Rudenko.

The witness also told the court Ribbentrop began peace overtures as early as the winter of 1943 when, without Adolf Hitler's permission he sent a Professor Berger to Switzerland for the purpose of finding a basis for peace negotiations through Bern, Stockholm, Madrid, Lisbon and the Vatican.

Military Successes Needed.
On April 20, 1945, Ribbentrop also notified Hitler that he wanted to undertake peace talks, she said, but Hitler would "sanction negotiations only if military successes were present."

The defense then summoned Paul Otto Schmidt, Hitler's official interpreter to testify.

The woman witness barely had time to assert that Russian-German treaty had been signed by Ribbentrop and Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov in Moscow when the Soviet prosecutor got on his feet and objected.

Soviet Walkout Poses New Problems

WARNING TO 'HIGH-SPEED YOUTH' ON HIGHWAYS



THE BODIES of June Elan, 17, and Huart Kelly, 20, lie on the road beside the wreckage of Kelly's "hopped-up" jalopy after the crash that killed the two and injured three other persons. Kelly's car was reported to be racing at 100 miles an hour when it crossed the center line of the highway and crashed head-on into a passenger car. Note the roller skate in foreground torn from the girl's foot by impact. (International)

U.S. Might Reject New French Plan

Economic Blockade Of Franco Regime Is Asked In Note

Washington, March 28.—(AP)—The United States probably will reject French proposals for an economic blockade of Spain as a means of hastening the downfall of Generalissimo Francisco Franco, diplomatic officials said today.

Proposals for some sort of economic quarantine, especially for a halt to American and British oil shipments, were included in a French note which arrived at the State Department yesterday. The note also was sent to Britain and Russia.

Council Action Opposed.
Diplomats said they understood France agreed in the note not to bring the Spanish question before the United Nations Security Council immediately. This country and Britain have opposed council consideration of the Franco matter.

France implied, however, that it might take such action later if its new suggestions were rejected.

In addition to economic sanctions, France was said to have proposed discussion of the Spanish situation by the Allied council of foreign ministers, (U. S., Britain, Russia, France and China) rather than through diplomatic channels.

Mrs. Roosevelt Might Head Body To Aid Refugees

Atlantic City, March 28.—(AP)—A move to place Eleanor Roosevelt at the head of an international organization for handling the problems of political exiles and war refugees gathered force today among delegates from 48 nations attending UNRRA's council meeting.

There appeared little likelihood that action on the proposition would come at this meeting. Rather, it seemed probable it would await the time when the problems of displaced persons were turned over to the United Nations.

But, in circles close to delegates, it was reported that the question of offering the job to Mrs. Roosevelt already had gone beyond the point of speculation.

Truman Signs Bill To Help Vets With Temporary Homes

Regular Homes Bill Is Encountering Tough Sledding

Washington, March 28.—(AP)—President Truman signed a bill authorizing \$250,000,000 in temporary housing today and the demonstration pressed its fight for a \$600,000,000 subsidy program.

Senate Mead (D) of New York, who with Housing Chief Wilson Wyatt witnessed the President's signature, predicted speedy congressional approval of legislation contemplating 2,700,000 new homes by the end of 1947.

The measure as signed today provides for an additional 100,000 temporary housing units for veterans. This makes a total of 200,000 units now approved. Barracks and other wartime buildings will be used.

Rough Going.
The biggest program, for permanent homes, was encountering rough going in the Senate Banking Committee. Civilian Production Administrator John Small said the \$600,000,000 subsidy was a reasonable request and would be used only as a last resort.

The subsidy plan was voted out of the administration's vast home building program by the House. The Senate Banking Committee now is being asked to restore it.

Small said the money might be used in many ways to stimulate the production of scarce materials. He cited "premium payments" to a plant for over time operations as one.

Even before Small appeared to renew pleas for \$600,000,000 subsidy to boost production of scarce materials, however, Senator Caphart (R) of Indiana voiced his "pork barrel" charge.

Raps Ready-Built Homes.
He referred, he told reporters, to Housing Expediter Wilson Wyatt's plans for the government to guarantee markets for pre-fabricated homes and construction materials.

"I'll fight these pre-fabricated houses and subsidies of new materials until hell freezes over," Caphart said. "They would benefit only a few concerns at Government expense."

Under the Wyatt program, the Government would undertake to purchase a certain number of pre-fabricated houses from each builder who demanded assurance that there would be a market for his full production. The Government, in turn, would act as sales agent.

Opposition to building materials subsidies also was voiced by Herbert U. Nelson, executive vice president of the National Association of Real Estate Boards. He said that the nation is "fumbling with the simple job of building homes because it is held back by power hungry men in Washington."

Horseshoes For Truman? Congressmen Like Idea

Washington, March 28.—(AP)—Congressman today hailed President Truman's decision to build a horseshoe court on the south grounds of the White House.

Party lines were ignored. Republicans joined Democrats in calling the plan a "move in the right direction."

With one exception, which will be explained in due time, there was agreement that the art of tossing horse shoes is worthy of a presidential boost.

Hankers For Exercise.
The whole thing came up after Mr. Truman told Rep. George Bender (R) of Ohio he hankered for a little exercise and so planned a horse shoe court.

Sample congressional opinion:

Rep. Clarence Brown (R) of Ohio who measures 6' 2" declared, "It might even play myself."

Rep. Gene Cox (D) of Georgia allowed as how it was a right move "because everyone likes to play horseshoes."

All this caused Rep. Marion Bennett (R) Missouri to wonder what has happened to the horse shoe business under OPA.

"Remember the time some fellow in the OPA figured out a way to save wear and tear on horse shoes. He decided the thing to do was to take 'em off each night."

Rep. Karl Mundt (R) of South Dakota said he believes Mr. Truman may have been influenced by the idea horseshoes bring luck.

WEATHER FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

Fair and mild this afternoon and tonight. Friday mostly cloudy and mild. Rain in east and light rain in mountains.

A STAR AND HER SATELLITE



HELD BY HIS SMILING MOTHER, two-months-old John Ridgley Howard makes his camera debut in Hollywood. Mama is known to moviegoers everywhere as saring queen Dorothy Lamour. She is the wife of William Ross Howard, III, whom she married in April 1943. (International)

Stocks Continue To Make Advances

New York, March 28.—(AP)—Assorted stocks dug in for recovery today although many market leaders continued to record moderate losses.

Forward leanings were exhibited by Grand Union Doors, RKO, Paramount, U. S. Rubber, Sears Roebuck and Southern Railway. Laggards included Bethlehem, General Motors, DuPont, Union Carbide and Westinghouse.

LINT PRICES UP 65 CENTS AT NOON

New York, March 28.—(AP)—Cotton futures rose 15 to 55 cents.

	Close	Open
May	27.14	27.14
July	27.14	27.14
Sept	27.14	27.14
Nov	27.14	27.14
Jan	27.14	27.14
Mar	27.14	27.14
May	27.03	27.10

Security Council Goes Into Session To Talk Procedure

New York, March 28.—(AP)—The United Nations Security Council was called into executive session today to discuss grave problems of procedure raised when Soviet Delegate Andrei Gromyko walked out on the council late yesterday after it refused to postpone consideration of the Iranian issue.

A Soviet spokesman indicated Gromyko would attend the session—scheduled for 4 p. m.—with the understanding that the council would not go into the merits of the Iranian dispute.

The spokesman's statement reinforced the general understanding that the Soviet delegate had not divorced himself from the council but was merely standing pat on his determination not to participate in any discussion of the Iranian case prior to April 10—a deadline he apparently fixed on instructions from Moscow.

No Open Discussion.
The decision to go into executive session, announced by Chairman Quo Tai-chi of China just before the council adjourned at 6:45 p. m. yesterday, apparently precluded until Friday any further open discussion of Iran's protest against prolonged occupation by Russian troops, alleged Russian interference in her internal affairs and designs on her rich oil reserves near the Caspian Sea.

The Iranian case was presented by Ambassador Hussein Ala—who called the situation in Iran explosive and a threat to world peace—after Gromyko had dramatically absented himself and hastened with his staff to the Soviet consulate general in East 61st Street for consultation and possibly to seek new instructions from Moscow.

Has Not Withdrawn.
A Polish delegate, Oscar Lange, who voted with Russia throughout Gromyko's effort to keep the Iranian question from the council, said he did not consider the Soviet delegate had withdrawn from the council.

"It was just a matter of the Soviet delegate absenting himself," Lange said.

Hussein Ala said Soviet officials proposed that:

1. Soviet troops remain in some parts of Iran indefinitely.

2. The Iranian Government should recognize internal autonomy for Azerbaijan, with the provincial premier becoming the governor general, with the provincial ministries of foreign affairs and war abolished, with 30 per cent of the revenue paid to the Iranian central government and all correspondence with the central government conducted in the Persian language.

3. The Soviet Government should abandon the demands for an oil concession and an Iranian-Russian joint stock company should be set up with 31 per cent of the shares held by Russia and 49 per cent held by Iran.

Believe Seizure Of Canneries In West Now Likely

Washington, March 28.—(AP)—Labor Department officials said today Government seizure of strike-bound farm equipment plants and inside California canneries is increasingly probable.

Both have an important bearing on the nation's food supply.

The canneries process about a third of the nation's canned fruits and vegetables. And farmers badly need new machinery to meet record crop production goals set by the Government in an effort to avert starvation abroad.

The Labor Department officials said both situations will be placed before Secretary of Labor Schwelb when he returns from a west coast trip.

Schwelb is known to frown upon seizure action, but his colleagues told reporters they have given up hope of settling the cannery dispute, a jurisdictional squabble between rival AFL and CIO unions.

Schwelb and Secretary of Agriculture Clinton Anderson jointly invited the president of three leading farm equipment concerns to a meeting here Friday. The companies are involved in a contract dispute with the CIO farm equipment workers union, which has left 42,500 persons idle.

Abandoned Boy



CRYING his heart out, this 7-months-old baby boy looks unhappy through the bars of a crib at the New York Foundling Hospital. Well-nourished and big for his age, the youngster was left on the hospital doorstep shortly after midnight. (International)

Auto Union Maps Plans For Future

Thomas Is Defeated By Reuther By Only 125 Vote Difference

Atlantic City, March 28.—(AP)—Walter Reuther, newly-elected president of the CIO United Auto Workers, launched his big union toward new spheres of influence today.

Reuther defeated R. J. Thomas, head for seven years, for the leadership by the slim margin of 125 votes in a turbulent four-hour roll call at the union's convention, marked by fist fighting and confusion. The official count was 4,445 to 4,320.

The delegates turned today to filling vacancies in the vice presidential posts. But they were equally interested in where the 38-year-old strategist of the General Motors strike might be planning to lead the UAW next.

Big Things Planned.
Reuther held a news conference that he would work toward:

1. Organizing farm equipment workers in a big way.

2. Industry-wide collective bargaining in the automotive industry based on equal pay for equal work.

3. A bigger, stronger and more unified union, developing responsibility in all plants so that workers would not strike unless authorized by the international union.

4. A guaranteed annual wage for workers.

5. Organizing the white collar workers, engineers, and technicians of the auto industry.

Government Plans New Measures For Slaughter Houses

Washington, March 28.—(AP)—With restoration of one war-time meat control already ordered, OPA today dusted off another it may use against black market dealings in cattle.

A price agency official said the Government is prepared to reinstitute more drastic slaughtering regulations if the measure which goes into effect next Monday does not turn the trick.

These, he said, would limit to a certain base period figure the number of animals a non-licensable inspected packing house could butcher. The purpose, as during the war would be to drive more meat into established trade channels and away from newcomers in the slaughtering business.

Russian Press Prints Report

Moscow, March 28.—(AP)—The Russian press printed today a Tass news agency dispatch from New York saying the Iranian case had been placed before the UNO security council over the objection of Russian Ambassador Andrei Gromyko because of the insistence of U. S. Secretary of State James Byrnes, supported by British delegate, Sir Alexander Cadogan.

Fred Rose, M. P., Ordered To Jail

Montreal, March 28.—(AP)—Fred Rose, a Communist and a member of Parliament, was committed for trial on charges of imparting official secrets to Russia, and was ordered to prison, his \$10,000 bail was cancelled.

The Parliament member was ordered to prison and "to be kept there until delivered according to law."

Rose's lawyer, Joseph Cohen, offered no defense at today's appearance before Judge Rene Theberge, declaring "we reserve our defense for the trial."

Issues In Fifth District Are Clear Cut

BY LYNN NISBET.
Daily Dispatch Bureau

Raleigh, March 28.—The fifth congressional district faces one of the most hotly contested primary fights in recent state history. Decision of Congressman John Folger to stay in the running and announcement by Thurmond Chatham that he has no idea of getting out presents as clear cut issue as could be obtained within the Democratic party.

Folger has been recognized as the most ardent New Dealer in the North Carolina congressional delegation, has had full support of organized labor and has sometimes been regarded as a spokesman for CIO.

Chatham is a millionaire manufacturer, employer of hundreds of workers, is regarded as a Liberty Leaguer, a supporter of Landon against Roosevelt in 1940 and a heavy contributor to the Wallace campaign in this state in 1944.

Folger's record indicates he believes a congressman should follow the wishes of a majority of his constituents, changing if public opinion back home changes, and at the same time trying to follow party leadership.

Chatham's record indicates he has on his own, is not afraid to speak and vote according to his own opinion, however, much out of step with current popular opinion he may be. Of proven ability as a business administrator, with a highly

successful record in both world wars he has many of the traits that make for leadership anywhere, none of those that make a good follower or conformist.

It would be hard to find clearer personification of the two extremes than are offered by Folger and Chatham. At time this is written Sheriff John Taylor of Stokes and Joe Harris of Forsyth are standing pat on their candidacies, but Lawrence Watt withdrew when Folger decided to stay in. Opinion around camp square is that the real race will be between Chatham and Folger regardless of other candidates just because they offer such contrast in political ideology. A right royal scrap is in prospect with no holds barred.