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Situation In Bolivia Still Very Confused After 4-Day Revolt

President Slain And Strung-Up To Lamp Post

La Paz, Bolivia, July 22.—(AP)—Students and labor revolutionaries took over the government of Bolivia today assassinating President Gualberto Villarroel, who was thrown bodily from the presidential palace, hanged to a lamp post and then paraded lifeless and naked through the streets on an army tank.

After the macabre parade, in the highest capital in the world, the slain president's body again was hanged from a lamp post before the palace. The four days of bloody street fighting in which 2,000 persons were killed or wounded ended Sunday with victory for the rebels. Many of the president's collaborators died with him.

Justice Takes Over.
Mestor Guillon, dean of the superior court, assumed office as acting president, but vowed to give up the office when Tomas Monje, court president, was well enough to take his place. He called the regime a provisional government to call elections and then turn over power to a government chosen by the people.

The revolutionary leaders promised that suppressed civil liberties would be restored immediately.

The rebels reported that partially hanged bodies of political prisoners of the Villarroel regime had been found in ammunition boxes at police headquarters. This, they said, was evidence of the severity of previous measures to suppress the revolution.

Wounded In Chest.
Survivors of the final assault on the president's palace said he was found wounded in the chest. They said he first pretended he was a leftist leader whom he resembled slightly.

They quoted him as telling the rebels: "I am Alfredo Mendizabal (leader of the revolutionary leftist party.) Don't kill me."

The president was seized and thrown from the balcony to a mob in the street below.

Street fighting, in which approximately 2,000 persons were reported killed or wounded, abated after the revolutionists paraded through La Paz with the battered, semi-nude body of the president, draped over an army tank.

Strung Up Again.
At the end of the parade, the body was returned to the same lamp post and strung up again along with the bodies of three of his trusted subalterns.

Crowds passed silently by the improvised gallows in the shadow of the bullet-pocked palace, where the new government met to name temporary officials and to set in motion machinery for what is described as a democratic general election.

Electric and telephone service, disrupted for the last several days, was restored as the city began to return to normal.

Many leaders of Villarroel's military regime perished with their leader, but most of the casualties in street fighting were revolutionists.

Situation Confused.
The situation was still confused today as leaders of the revolt attempted to restore order after one of the most chaotic days in the history of this country, where revolutions are taken almost as a matter of course.

The new government is composed of university professors and students, labor union groups, and several prominent figures.

The first official act of the revolutionary regime, which calls itself "the institutional government," was to issue a communique calling for national unity and restoration of "popular liberties," which were suspended under Villarroel's strong man rule.

Stocks Are Quiet In Easy Session

New York, July 22.—(AP)—Apathy was the rule today in a mildly irregular stock market.

Public Service of N. J., common and preferred, pushed upward. Support was given United Aircraft, American Telephone, Standard Oil (N. J.), duPont and General Electric. Lagging included Republic Steel, Chrysler, General Motors, Montgomery Ward, U. S. Rubber and Southern Pacific.

Bonds were uneven.

THEY OUTFRECKLE ALL CHALLENGERS



KING AND QUEEN of freckles are Eleanor Connors, 10, Maspeth, N. Y., and August Guardino, New York, shown here after they had been crowned at the 11th annual competition held by Manhattan's Children's Aid Society. Queen Eleanor, however, is the real champ having 58 "beauty spots" per square inch to King August's 50. (International)

Senate Investigators Will Recall Freeman Tomorrow

New Investigation Into Pearl Harbor By Group Hinted

Washington, July 22.—(AP)—The Senate War Investigating Committee announced today that Joseph Freeman, Washington agent for a Midwestern munitions combine, will be recalled tomorrow for questioning about reports he attempted to influence a witness in the war profits inquiry.

Committee Counsel George Mosder said the group also would hear several other witnesses Tuesday, including Rep. Andrew May (D) of Kentucky, chairman of the House Military Committee, if May decides to answer a summons for his appearance. On the list in addition to May and Freeman were:

New York Supreme Court Justice Samuel Dickstein, former chairman of the House Immigration Committee. Witnesses have told of telephone calls between his office and the Washington headquarters of the combine.

Waite On List.
Maj. Gen. Alden H. Waite, chief of the chemical warfare service.

Jean Bates, pretty red-haired secretary who worked for 14 months in the Washington office of the combine.

The combine thus far has found it expensive to conduct its investigation and is ready to ask for funds to supplement the \$85,000 previously received.

Senator Brewster (R) of Maine told reporters no amount has been decided upon yet but that the need for more money arises from these factors:

1. Unexpected expenses incurred during the committee's current inquiry into a midwestern munitions combine.

2. A projected investigation into the activities of Col. Theodore Wyman, along lines recommended by the Pearl Harbor committee.

Pay Boosts Upset Budget.
3. Federal pay boosts, which have upset the committee's budget for salaries of its investigators and other employees.

Meanwhile, a new, pin-pointed Pearl Harbor investigation have into view today.

The Senate War Investigating Committee—taking its cue from the voluminous reports assessing responsibility for the Dec. 7, 1941 military disaster—decided to reopen its own inquiry into pre-war delays in fortifying the Pacific basin.

Senator Brewster (R) of Maine said a similar effort two years ago was blocked by refusal of the House Military Committee headed by Rep. May to release a key witness to the Senate group.

Brewster is a member of both the Senate-House committee which delved into the blame behind Pearl

50 Persons In Jerusalem Die In Blast

Explosive Placed In Great Hotel; 60 Are Wounded

Jerusalem, July 22.—(AP)—A Palestine police communique said at least 50 persons were believed killed in the palatial King David hotel, headquarters of the British army and secretariat of the Palestine government when "terrorists" exploded a bomb there today.

Unofficial reports said about 60 were wounded by the blast which damaged the right wing of the hotel in which the secretariat was housed. Military headquarters were on the upper floors.

A cordon around the area prevented an approach to the scene.

(The New York Post said it had been informed that its correspondent, Richard Mower, had been injured in the hotel.)

Five assassins were said by eyewitnesses to have planted the explosives after shooting at a British officer, storming the hotel grounds and herding its employees against the walls.

Five erupted after the tremendous blast, which shook the center of Jerusalem at 12:30 p. m.

A strict curfew was clamped on and traffic red police vans disappeared from the center of the city and other Jewish parts of the capital.

The King David hotel was one of the largest in the Near East.

Army headquarters were on the upper floor and it was from there that the British frequently directed the arrests of Jewish Agency leaders in Palestine, ordered the search of many Jewish settlements and the seizure of much hidden arms and ammunition. Army officers said the arrests and searches were aimed at Jewish terrorists.

Fishery Research Center On Coast Asked By Cherry

Atlantic Beach, July 22.—(AP)—Speaking at the annual summer meeting of the State Board of Conservation and Development here today, Governor R. Gregg Cherry expressed the hope that the state would be able to establish fisheries research center on the coast.

The governor told the board that the commercial fisherman does not know "from one season to another, how he and his family are to fare."

"Last year was an excellent year for commercial fishermen—the yield was abundant and prices were fair. I am informed that the reverse is true this year in many sections," he added. "It is the hope of the commercial fisheries committee of the Department of Conservation and Development to establish at some coastal point a fisheries research center which would, in effect, service the commercial fisheries industry, just as our experiment farms serve agriculture."

Commissioner John Findley of the game and inland fisheries commission present proposed hunting seasons which would curtail hunting of deer, quail, turkey and rabbits.

He had recommended cuts in seasons in bag limits on some game species on the ground that a reduction kill is necessary to maintain adequate breeding stocks.

Roosevelt Heads California Demos

Sacramento, Calif., July 22.—(AP)—James Roosevelt, former marine colonel and eldest son of the late President, assumed his duties today as chairman of the Democratic Party's California State Central Committee to which he was elected after a disputed contest in the committee.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 22.—(AP)—Cotton futures opened \$1.35 to \$3.25 a bale lower.

Noon prices were 10 cents to \$1.40 a bale lower, October 33.70, December 33.72 and March 33.62.

Aug. 20 Earliest Date To Reinstate Controls On Basic Food Items

DRAMA AT MURDER ARRAIGNMENT



SOBBING WILDLY. Mrs. Aida Jones is comforted in a Chico, Cal., courtroom by a friend after she had pummeled Mrs. Lydia Crandall during the arraignment on murder charges of Albert Jones, 14, her son. The outburst began when Mrs. Crandall, mother of slain Patricia Crandall, 15, asked the youth, "Why did you kill my daughter?" Mrs. Jones forced Mrs. Crandall against a wall and punched her. (International)

Mme. Sun Urges America To Take GI's From China

Widow Of Founder Of Chinese Republic Says Reactionaries Fostering Conflict

Shanghai, July 22.—(AP)—Madame Sun Yat-sen, widow of the founder of the Chinese Republic and sister-in-law of its present leader, Chiang Kai-shek, said today in a rare interview that a desire to promote war between the United States and Russia motivates Kuomintang government party reactionaries adding to stir-up civil war.

Inactive in politics for years, she came out of semi-retirement to urge immediate establishment of a coalition government in the country now headed by her brother-in-law and appealed to the United States to foster such a move by cutting off all military supplies to China.

Mme. Sun said that Kuomintang reactionaries were fostering a civil war they could win. "Reactionaries hope civil conflict in China will enable war between America and Russia and thus at last crush Chinese communists."

U. S. Must Be Told.
"The American people, who are allies and long friends of China, must be clearly told of this road to disaster," she said.

"They must be told that American reactionaries are teaming up with Chinese reactionaries, each encouraging the other. They must be told that the presence of U. S. armed forces in China is not strengthening peace and order among the Chinese people."

"They must be warned that bonds should be given up to a reorganized and representative Chinese government. They must be told that U. S. America makes it plain that she won't supply munitions or military assistance. There will be no spreading of the Chinese civil war."

As she issued her statement, Chinese communists were charging a big triumph on the coastal plain here and Nanking, including the capture of 12,000 government troops and the commander of the government's 49th army.

Almost 25 Pct. Of Atom Test Animals Dead

Bloomington, July 22.—(AP)—Nearly 25 per cent of the animals placed aboard ships in the first chlorine gas test at Bloomington killed outright or died later from exposure to lethal rays, a member of Vice Adm. W. H. P. Blandy's staff said today.

In addition, about one third of the animals still living are critically ill. Capt. R. H. Dreager, of Blandy's staff, told newsmen it would be months before the full story of what happened to the animals could be told. He said the animals exposed July 1 suffered "no real pain."

Baptist Church Now Claims Almost Two Million Russians

Moscow, July 22.—(AP)—Dr. Lewis Newton, of Atlanta, president of the Southern Baptist Convention, said today Baptist church leaders have told him between 1,500,000 and two million Baptist believers are in Russia.

Dr. Newton is one of seven member delegation visiting Russia at the invitation of the Soviet government, the Russian Red Cross and Red Crescent societies to study at first hand the use made of \$90,000,000 in supplies sent this country during the last five years by the American Society for Russian Relief.

The Atlanta clergyman, who preached yesterday to 2,000 persons

Barkley Is Sure Measure To Be Granted Okeh

Washington, July 22.—(AP)—A House-Senate conference committee decided today that in the revival of OPA, price ceilings can not be restored before August 20, or meat, poultry, eggs, milk and a list of other basic foods.

Whether these foods are to be controlled at all again will be left to the determination of a three-man board with higher authority than OPA.

The conference committee completed the writing of the compromise OPA measure and tossed the issue again directly to the House and Senate for a showdown tomorrow.

Barkley Sees Approval.
Earlier, Senate Democratic Leader Barkley of Kentucky predicted that the House and Senate would approve the compromise promptly and expressed hope Mr. Truman will sign it.

The compromise bill was approved by 11 of the 14 Senate and House conferees who wrote it. The three declining to sign it were Senator Milliken (R) of Colorado, Rep. Wolcott (R) of Michigan and Rep. Smith (R) of Ohio.

Barkley told reporters at the White House he did not know whether Mr. Truman would sign the compromise revival bill.

The Senate Democrat leader, accompanied by Democratic chiefs of both Houses, said Mr. Truman was not asked whether he would put his signature to the proposal which would greatly alter price control procedure.

Shanks Now Ghost Camp

Camp Shanks, N. Y., July 22.—(AP)—This huge staging area from which more than 1,300,000 GIs were cleared for overseas duty since it opened January 4, 1943, becomes a ghost town today with the departure of 1,385 German prisoners for home.

During its operation, 300,000 German prisoners of war came to Shanks and either were stationed here or sent to prison camps.

It will be the last group of German POWs to leave the country, following Sunday's shipment of 1,345 former Nazi soldiers.

But to many Americans, Shanks was a final stop before going to combat areas, and to many others it marked the end of the war.

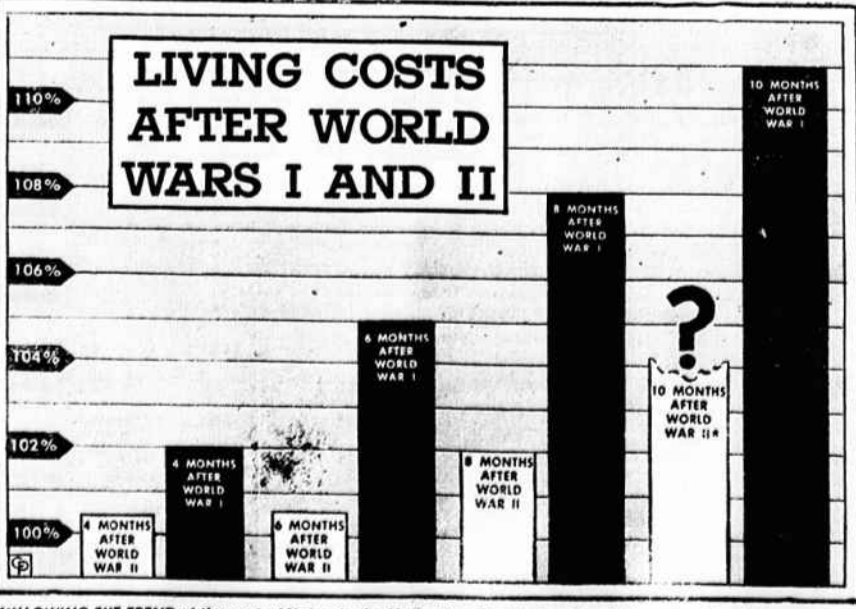
Army Takes Over Bread Distribution In North Ireland

London, July 22.—(AP)—Army trucks manned by 200 soldiers took over the distribution of bread throughout Belfast today when 1,500 Northern Ireland delivery men refused to service their routes on the first business day of bread rationing.

Authorities mustered 21 trucks in Belfast, one for each emergency bread distribution center in the city. The Bread Servers Association had rejected a compromise to give the rationing a trial for a week by a vote of 377 to 323.

WEATHER FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

Considerable cloudiness tonight and Tuesday with scattered evening thundershowers. Not quite so warm in interior.



FOLLOWING THE TREND of the cost of living in the U. S. after World Wars I and II, economists point out that in 1918 and 1919 prices rose spectacularly. The cost of commodities took but slight rises in the months after World War II because of price controls. Since the demise of the OPA, prices have risen sharply on some staples and articles and also dropped in some cases below the figures previously set by law. This chart compares increases after both wars. It is based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Consumers' Price Index and covers about 200 goods and services in 34 large cities throughout the country. (International)