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HICKORY, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1914

Democrat and Press, Consolidated 1905

12 RESERVE BANKS READY BY AUGUST 1

TREASURY OFFICIALS THINK IT
POSSIBLE THAT THIS WILL
BE.

SECURE DIRECTORS IN JUNE

Elections of Directors in All Classes
Are Being Made Rapidly by the
Member Banks.

Washington.—Treasury Department officials were still of the opinion that it would be possible to have the 12 Federal reserve banks in operation by August 1 although they say the demand for money to move crops has not been such as would suggest any great strain to be relieved by the reserve banks.

Practically the remainder of June will be required for the election of directors of the Federal reserve banks. Banks which are to become members of reserve banks now are balloting for directors of the A and B classes. Each reserve bank will have three directors of class A and three of class B all named by electors selected by the various member banks. Three directors of class C are then to be designated by the Federal reserve board and must be men with banking experience.

The organization committee has not made any call upon member banks as yet for the initial one-sixth of their subscriptions to the capital stock of the reserve bank to which they wish to belong. Such a call hardly would be made until after the Federal reserve board is confirmed by the senate and takes up its work in Washington.

Much detail work awaits the Federal reserve board after it assumes office. Secretaries and assistants to the members must be selected and a complete system of reports for the reserve banks must be worked out.

HOUSES PASSES REPEAL, 216-71.

Long Bitter Fight Came to End After
Brief Debate in House.

Washington.—The long and bitter fight in Congress came to an end when the House, after brief debate and without the formality of a conference, accepted by a vote of 216 to 71 the Senate amendment specifically reserving all rights the United States may have under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Before ending the contest by concurring in the Senate amendment, the House voted down 154 to 108, a proposal advanced by Representative Moss of West Virginia to attach to the repeal a flat declaration of the right of the United States to exempt its vessels from tolls and of the sovereignty of the United States over the Canal Zone.

There were flashes of heat in the debate which characterized the original consideration of the measure. Representative Underwood, the Democratic leader, although voting for the Senate amendment, said that Congress should never have made this "un-American surrender," and called the amendment "ineffective and negative."

Republican Leader Mann, who had vigorously opposed repeal, supported the amendment, declaring it left the entire question of the right of this country to be determined in the future.

Fined For Wearing Extreme Dress.

Richmond, Va.—Ethel Marcuson 19, of Winston-Salem, N. C., was fined \$25 by Police Justice Crutchfield for appearing in the streets in an extremely low-cut, clinging "silhouette" pink silk dress. "It was so hot yesterday," was her only comment.

Celebration Postponed.

Petersburg, Va.—Plans for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary by local Sons of Veterans of the famous Battle of the Crater, July 3, were abandoned. No reason was given for the decision.

106 Degrees in Petersburg.

Petersburg, Va.—All records for June were broken here when a temperature of 106 was recorded.

Famine at Vera Cruz.

Washington.—News of a threatened famine among inhabitants of Vera Cruz and vicinity set the telegraph wires to work out of the department of commerce and Secretary Redfield has received assurances that American merchants soon would have large supplies of food on the way to the Mexican port to be sold at moderate prices. The shipment will go in free of duty if officials here can arrange it.

Secretary Redfield's telegrams were addressed to commercial organizations.

Inspect Naval Militia Organizations.

Washington.—Lieut. C. S. McWhorter, stationed at the Norfolk (Va.) Navy Yard, was designated by Secretary Daniels to inspect the naval militia organizations of North Carolina at Elizabeth City, Hertford, Plymouth, Washington and Newbern. The inspection is to determine whether the militia organizations are sufficiently armed, uniformed and equipped for active duty as a prerequisite for participation in the annual allotment of naval militia funds.

HOW STATE SHARES IN SMITH-LEVER ACT

AMOUNTS THAT CAN BE OBTAIN-
ED IN NORTH CAROLINA FOR
AGRICULTURE.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark
the Progress of North Carolina People
Gathered Around the State
Capitol.

Raleigh.

Washington.—The maximum amount North Carolina can receive under the Smith-Lever Co-Operative Agricultural Extension act for the fiscal year 1914-15 is \$10,000; for 1915-16, \$32,953; 1916-17, \$52,081. For 1917-18, 1918-19, 1919-20, 1920-21 and 1921-22 and each year the amount of \$19,127 to the total for the immediately preceding year. For 1922-23 and thereafter \$186,846 will be provided.

The act provides that each state must duplicate all Federal money above \$10,000 a year.

In explaining the appropriation the department of agriculture says:

The act first appropriates \$480,000 annually, beginning with 1914-15, and gives each state \$10,000 for each fiscal year as a basic fund.

The act then appropriates additional Federal money to be distributed in the proportion of rural population. To share in these additional funds the state must duplicate the additional money thus received. The additional appropriations are as follows: 1915-16, \$609,000; 1916-17, \$1,100,000; 1917-18, \$1,600,000; 1918-19, \$2,100,000; 1919-20, \$2,600,000; 1920-21, \$3,100,000; 1921-22, \$3,600,000; 1922-23, and thereafter, \$4,100,000.

It will be noticed that after 1915-16 the total appropriation is increased each year by \$500,000. The fifth column in the table shows the amount of each additional \$500,000 that the state is entitled to receive. To get the amount that any state is entitled to receive for any fiscal year from 1917 to 1922 add the amount given in the table to the total for the immediately preceding year. Example: Alabama, in 1917-18, will receive \$49,404 plus \$17,911 equals \$67,315; for 1918-19 Alabama will receive \$67,315 plus \$17,911 equals \$85,226; and so on until the maximum given under the column 1922-23 is reached.

The totals for each state contain the basic \$10,000 granted each year. To obtain the amount that the state would have to duplicate in any year to receive its entire Federal quota, subtract \$10,000 from the total. Example: The amount Alabama would have to duplicate in 1917-18 is \$67,315 minus \$10,000, or \$57,315.

North Carolina Editors Prepare.

President Clarence Poe of the North Carolina Press Association made public the completed program for the North Carolina Press Association to be in session at Wrightsville Beach, June 24 to 26. The president's address will have for its theme "The Editor as a Crusader." Bion H. Butler of The Raleigh Journal will have a paper, "North Carolina Stopping Over With Opportunities; What Can the Press Do in Developing Them." President Graham of the State University will discuss "Civil Service Work; An Opportunity for the Press." Joseph Daniels will deliver an address. All these features will characterize the first morning session.

Wednesday night R. F. Beasley of The Monroe Journal will deliver the annual oration, his theme being "The Tyranny of the Status Quo." The poem will be read by William Laurie Hill, this followed by a Dutch supper by citizens of Wilmington.

Business problems will be considered at the session of the editors Thursday morning. And during the afternoon there will be trolley rides and bathing. Thursday night Editor Norman Haggood of Harper's Weekly, will deliver his address and the general business of the convention rounded up. On Friday there will be a trip down the Cape Fear on the steamer Wilmington.

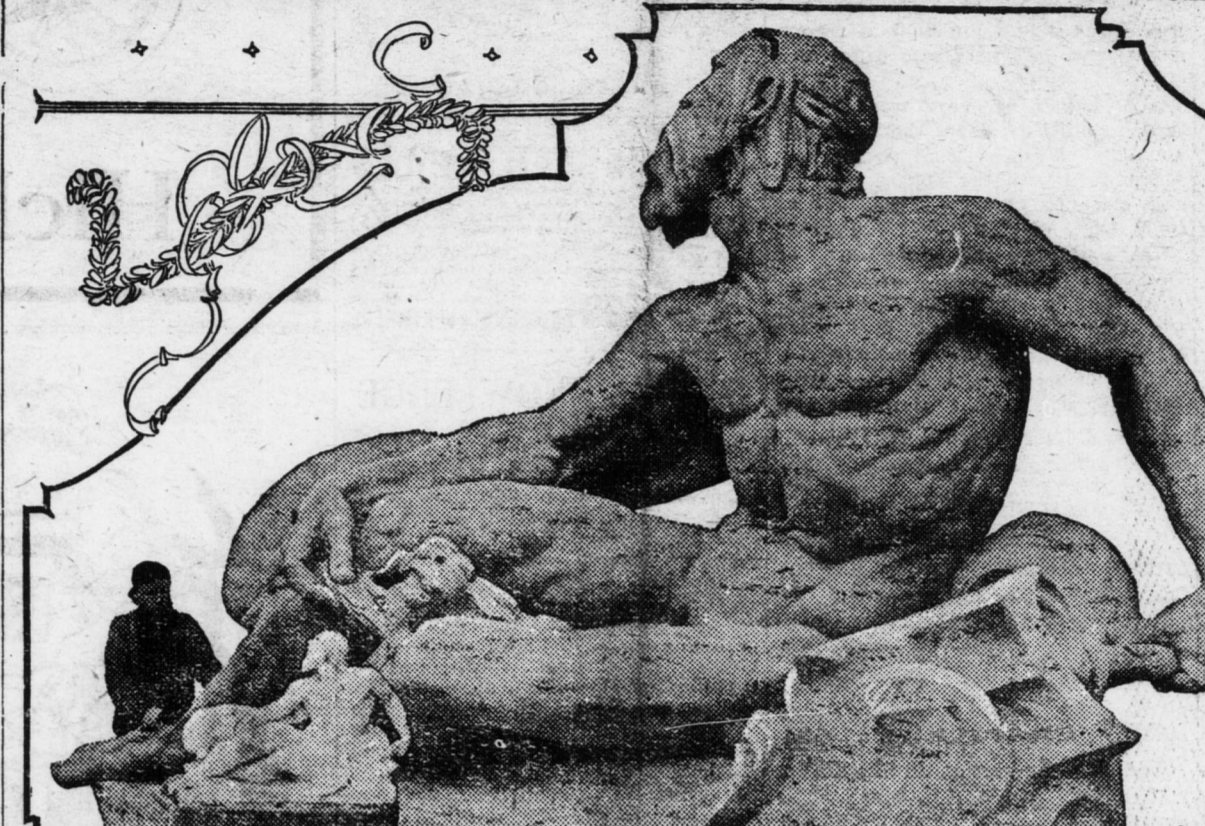
Evidence in the McArthur Case.

The defense completed the taking of evidence in the Federal court trial of the noted case of Citizher Bank of Norfolk vs. Adam McArthur and Mrs. M. E. McArthur involving the genuineness of \$25,000 in notes held by the bank against the defendants and it is expected that the case will go to the jury soon. This is the second trial the first one some months ago, having resulted in a hung jury. Much of the time was taken up with the examination of David N. Carvalho, the famous handwriting expert.

Medical Examinations On.

The State Board of Medical Examiners began the examination of 150 applicants for licenses to practice medicine in this state. Dr. Benjamin Hayes of Oxford is chairman of the board and the work will not be completed for several days, the names of those successful to be announced in connection with the annual convention of the North Carolina Medical Society in session three days in Raleigh. The examination of 50 applicants for licenses to practice pharmacy in this state is now on.

FAMOUS SCULPTOR'S CONCEPTION OF "WATER," FOR COURT OF THE UNIVERSE.



Scene in one of the sculptural warehouses on the exposition grounds. The figure above is that of a remarkable sculptural composition by Robert I. Aitkin, one of the most brilliant of American sculptors. The figure, "Fire," "Earth" and "Air." The four figures, typifying the elements, will flank the descents into a vast sunken garden in the superb court of honor, the Court of the Universe. On the left may be seen the original model from which the figure was enlarged.

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Horne Monument Given to State.

With twelve hundred Confederate veterans and 1,000 or more Daughters of the Confederacy taking part, the ceremonies for the unveiling of the Horne monument to the North Carolina women of the Confederacy given to the state were carried out. The veterans were here in annual reunion and joined in fine tribute to the women of the South exemplified in the magnificent gift to the state that testifies the appreciation of Mr. Horne and the state.

The exercises began in the auditorium at 11 o'clock with an invocation by Rev. A. E. Osborne, late colonel of the Fourth North Carolina Regiment, Confederate States Army. The Third Regiment Band furnished music. Dr. D. H. Hill, president of the A. & M. College and son of General D. H. Hill of the Confederate Army, delivered the address for the occasion, his theme being "The Spirit, Character and Deeds of the North Carolina Women of the Confederacy." It was an inspiring story of the heroism and sacrifices made by the North Carolina women of the Confederacy.

At the monument J. A. Long, chairman of the Memorial Commission, in brief, fitting remarks, presented the monument to the state, addressing Governor Craig for this purpose. He paid a most fitting tribute to Ashley Horne who made the monument possible, depicting him as having loved the South and especially North Carolina and having admired most of all that type of life found in the Southern women.

The speech of acceptance was by Governor Locke Craig, who declared that the state accepts it with most grateful appreciation as the tribute of a knightly soldier to the women of the Confederacy. The statue, he said, is an epic with heroism and devotion as its theme.

Prepare Instruction Camp.

The city of tents which will accommodate the hundreds of young men from various Southern colleges and universities during the time that they are receiving instructions for service in the United States army under the auspices of the war department will begin to rise at the foot of Sunset Mountain, a message from Robert O. Van Horn, chief of staff, bearing the information that Captains Day and Brown with their troops will leave the latter part of the week for Asheville.

Army engineers will prepare for the drainage of the land, electricians will have supervision of the stringing of the wires, construction men will arrange the tents and water and sewer lines will be laid. By the date set for the beginning of the maneuvers everything will be in readiness for Southern high school, college and university graduates who are desirous of taking training under competent instructors assigned to duty at Asheville by the war department.

Craig Names Board of Election.

Governor Craig announces the appointment of the state board of elections as follows: Wilson G. Lamb, Williamston; R. C. Claywell, Morganton; J. B. Underwood, Fayetteville; W. J. Davis, Hendersonville, and Clarence Call, Wilkesboro. Colonel Lamb continues chairman of the board. Mr. Claywell has served several terms as secretary. Mr. Call represent the Republicans and Mr. Davis the Progressives.

French Remedy for Stomach Troubles

The leading doctors of France have for years used a prescription of vegetable oils for chronic stomach trouble and constipation that acts like a charm. One dose will convince you. Several cases of years' standing are greatly benefited within 24 hours. So many people are getting surprising results that we feel all persons suffering from constipation, lower bowel, liver and stomach troubles should try May's Wonderful Stomach Remedy. It is sold here by C. M. Shuford, and all Druggists.

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MEXICO WANTS MAN ACCEPTABLE TO ALL

SELECTION OF A SUITABLE PRO-
VISIONAL IS PROBLEM OF
MEDIATORS.

SOME NAMES ARE DISCUSSED

No Agreement Has Yet Been Reached—The Task is a Difficult One
and Causing Work.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—The crux of the Mexican problem, the selection of a man for provisional president, acceptable to all factions in Mexico and foreign governments generally — was reached in a conference between the mediators and, the American and Mexican delegates.

For more than an hour names of various individuals were discussed but on none was there a semblance of agreement. There will be another conference on the same subject. Details of the peace plan are practically set aside now for the greater task of finding the man of the hour—who can reconcile the warring factions and maintain peace while a constitutional election is held and normal order is resumed.

Incidentally General Carranza's note transmitted by Rafael Zubaran, his representative in Washington, arrived advising the mediators that Constitutional delegates were on their way to the mediation conference with full instructions.

The mediator's made no comment on the note. It contains no reference to an armistice, on which the mediators have been insisting and there was nothing to show that the mediators had in any way altered their determination reached not to admit officially the representatives of General Carranza unless an armistice was declared. Some other way of dealing with them perhaps through the American delegates, may be found when they arrive.

The Constitutionalist representatives are needed here to facilitate the course of the peace program in its present stages for in the discussion of names they can be of much service to mediation generally by indicating who will, or will not be acceptable.

At present the mediators have accomplished only one step in their journey toward the pacification of Mexico. This was the adoption of the first protocol dealing with the transfer of authority from the hands of the present regime to a new provisional government.

WILSON WILL LEAD WAY.

International Fleet of World's Navies
Will Pass Through in March, 1915.

Washington.—President Wilson next March personally will lead the international fleet of warships from Hampton Roads to Colon to participate in the formal opening of the Panama canal by passing through on the bridge of the world-famous old battleship Oregon as leader of the long line of fighting craft of all nations and then after proceeding northward, enter the Golden Gate at the head of the immense armada and attend the Panama Pacific Exposition at San Francisco.

This announcement was made by Secretary Daniels. Originally the president was to go from Washington to Hampton Roads to greet commanders of the international fleet as they arrived. Afterward he was to make the trip by rail to San Francisco to visit the exposition at some convenient later date.

The president, however, has determined now to full honor to the expedition by making his advent on the scene at the head of an armada, the like of which the world has never seen. Also he will redeem his long-standing promise to Col. George W. Goethals to formally open the Panama canal.

The president, according to the present program, will leave Washington for Hampton Roads, accompanied by his official family, on the yacht Mayflower, March 5, 1915. The international fleet will have been gathered in its roads since January 1.

May Put in White Man.

Washington.—James B. Lloyd, of Tarboro, is slated for recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia, if the Democrats can prize Henry Lincoln Johnson, negro, out of that place and keep another negro from getting it. It has been understood for some time that Mr. Wilson's campaign managers promised negro leaders in doubtful states to keep a negro in the recorder of deeds office. Mr. Lloyd lived in Illinois for several years and has just recently returned to North Carolina.

Examine School Children.

Wilmington.—Announcement was made by Dr. Charles Wardell Siles, professor in charge of the Marine hospital here, that the physical examination of school children of this city would be continued during the summer months. Last summer several hundred children were examined and during the past winter mental examinations of practically all the school children of the city were made. There will be 17 medical men engaged upon this work all the summer.

TRULL WILL PAY DEATH PENALTY

YOUNG MAN CONVICTED OF
SWAIN MURDER SENTENCED
TO ELECTRIC CHAIR.

JUDGE SHAW BREAKS DOWN

Dramatic Moments Marked Conclu-
sion of Sensational Murder Trial
Just Ended at Charlotte.

Charlotte.—"I'm awfully sorry for you," sobbed Judge Shaw as he spoke the words of death to Charles T. Trull at 6:40 o'clock after the final page in the tragic chapter of his trial for the murder of the late Sidney Swain had been written in the court records of this county. The young man was sentenced to be electrocuted August 14 between the hours of 6 a. m. and 4 p. m., for his crime.

Following the announcement of the jury's verdict in the morning at 9 o'clock, the court had designated the entire day for the counsel of the defendant to do what it could do to offset the outcome of a task too monumental for human capacities and the three men who have tried to stand between the iron hand of the law and the life of this young man fell back against before the work that was laid out for them to do. They could not stay the majestic movements of the law, the inevitable consequence of the court's proceedings and while they toiled laboriously and fought tactfully and gave up hopefully, they failed to find a flaw upon which the court would open up to them the avenue of opportunity for saving the life of their client.

With many motions swept away by Judge Shaw and no further ground left upon which the counsel for the unfortunate youth could plant his feet in behalf of his life, the court called upon Trull to stand up. The defendant sprang from his seat at the call and faced the bench. He was unflinching. His face showed a sickly pallor. In appearance he was translated from an impetuous youth of the first day's trial to a wrecked piece of human flesh. His eyes were sunk and hollowed, his color was hideous; his countenance was pallid; his hair was wrecked with perspiration, but his nerve abided. It never left him. He was as cool and composed as any man in the congested corridors of the court house. He spoke without tremor; he was unsupported so far as friends and relatives were involved. No man who had lifted a voice for him was near except his lawyers. His step-father was not in court.

FIGHT FOR ROAD MONEY.

Overman and Simmons Do Not Intend
to Let Money Slip.

Washington.—Senators Overman and Simmons are going to the mat with Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Blakeslee. They will meet him in Postmaster General Burleson's office and discuss the \$10,000 that he says Davidson county cannot have because it has not met the requirements of the law, and which he now threatens to turn over to some other State.

"I do not intend to let that money leave North Carolina if I can prevent it," said Senator Simmons. "I told the Postmaster General the other day, in the presence of Senator Overman and Charles M. Thompson of Davidson county, that Blakeslee was trying to find an excuse to take the \$10,000 away from our allotment. Mr. Burleson said he would not let him do it."

It looks now as if the Forsyth-Davie-Iredell project would get the \$10,000 that Davidson has lost. This will make \$30,000 for that road. Those counties have offered to put up the rest of the money for that \$100,000 project if Uncle Sam will give them \$30,000.

Both Senator Overman and Simmons are in fighting mood.

Make Final Arrangements.

Wilmington.—At a meeting of the committee of local newspaper men and the entertainment committee of the Chamber of Commerce held recently, final arrangements were made for the annual meeting of the North Carolina Press Association which will be held here June 24 and 25. When Secretary of Navy Daniels arrives he will be met at the station by a special car which will take him immediately to the beach, where he will speak the same morning.

Lewis Has Good Cotton.

Gastonia.—For 18 years past E. P. Lewis, originator of the now famous Lewis long-staple cotton, has taken the measurement of the height of his cotton stalks on June 10 each year. On that date this year his highest stalk was 13 inches. Last year in the same date the highest stalk was 10 inches. The lowest it has been at any time within the 18 years was about six years ago when the tallest stalk was only six and one-fourth inches high. Mr. Lewis says he has a pretty good stand this year.

STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST TO ALL NORTH CAROLINA PEOPLE.

B. Y. P. U. Elects Officers.

The annual convention of the North Carolina Baptist Young People's Union adjourned at Raleigh to meet next year at Mount Airy. Officers were elected for the next year as follows: President, L. Dunn Olive, Apex; vice-presidents, W. G. Trivitt, Washington, W. C. Barrett, Gastonia, W. M. Gilmore, Lenoir; G. T. Fage, Lumberton, R. G. Kendrick, Greensboro; recording secretary, Miss Beulah Bowden, Mars Hill; treasurer, L. F. Foust, Raleigh; auditor, L. R. Norris, Raleigh. This was the final day of the convention and, like the two preceding days, was taken up largely with addresses and special discussions on phases of union and personal work along the lines of B. Y. P. U. service. This morning W. H. Weatherpoon of Laurinburg made an address on teaching that can be done in the union work. Rev. Theo. B. Davis, of Zebulon, told "How to Insure the Life of a Union."

Jockey With Rates.

Mr. Lincoln Green, freight traffic manager of the Southern Railway and one of the foremost experts in the country on the various elements entering into the fabric of rate-making in this territory, spent practically all of the day on the witness stand before Special Examiner Richard Eddy, Jr., of the interstate commerce commission, who is conducting the present general inquiry into the rate situation as it relates to the transportation charges from the Appalachian coal fields to the Carolinas. Mr. Green's testimony was largely technical and dealt with conditions which he declared existed in this territory and such as affected the proposition of rate making. He arraigned the contention of Mr. E. J. McVan, the noted rate expert of Omaha, Neb., who had argued that the C. C. & O. route should be the basis for fixing the standard rate into the Carolina territory from the coal fields.

Prepare For Tourist Season.

That Waynesville is anticipating the largest summer season in her history is evidenced by the unusual preparations made by the hotels and the boarding house people, and by the booking of several trains for this city by the Southern Railway traffic department.

NORTH CAROLINA BRIEFS.

Senator Overman introduced a bill to provide \$25,000 for a monument to be erected to Sir Walter Raleigh at Raleigh. The bill provides that the land upon which the statue is placed must be donated. The design is to be passed on by the secretary of war.

For the purpose of familiarizing himself with the work done by the state convicts since his last visit to Western North Carolina, Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, state geologist, left for an inspection tour of the Asheville-Charlotte highway. He was accompanied by Dr. M. H. Fletcher.

The cattle quarantine in Lenoir county instituted by the United States and state departments of agriculture has resulted in the curtailment of Kingston's beef supply. The chamber of commerce has decided to ask the departments and the county commissioners to have dipping vats erected on the Duplin and Jones lines, so that cattle from those counties now debarred, may be shipped in.

The thirteenth annual convention of the North Carolina Veterinary Medical Association will be held in the chamber of commerce rooms in Wilsons, June 23 and 24. Dr. M. J. Ragland of Salisbury is president.

J. W. Hatchet is in a serious condition at his home near Statesville as the result of being struck by a falling tree. Mr. Hatchet was in the woods on his place when the accident occurred. Two trees were being cut at

the same time and while he was watching one tree the other struck him.

The annual celebration at Guilford Battle Ground on July 4 this year will be featured by the presence of Hon. W. H. Murray, widely known as "Alfalfa Bill" and at present a member of the United States Congress. By reason of being chairman of the constitutional convention he is referred to as the father of Oklahoma's constitution.

The following readjustment of post office classification is announced: High point from second to first class; third class to second class, Albemarle, Edenton, Lenoir and North Wilkesboro.

A year ago the thought that an automobile would ever make the trip to the top of High Peak, 8 miles from Morganton, would have been laughed at but today it can be made over one of the finest roads in the state. High Peak is one of the highest points in this section of the state, is several hundred feet higher than Battery Park and gives a splendid view.

Solomon Godfrey was electrocuted at the Southern Power Company's substation at Lexington. A flash of lightning disabled the plant for a few minutes and Godfrey, who was an employe of the Dacotah Cotton Mill, which is nearby, was helping to repair the damage.

Little Tobacco Sold in May.

Only five leaf tobacco markets in North Carolina reported leaf tobacco sales on warehouse floors for the month of May, according to the report of the state board of agriculture just issued. These were Reidsville, 116,956 pounds; Winston-Salem, 67,218; Durham, 25,620; Mount Airy, 454, and Stoneville, 350 pounds. The sales for May, 1913, were 26,704 pounds.

Secretary Issues New Charters.

The Bobbett-Forbes Warehouse Company, Greensboro, capital \$25,000 authorized and \$1,100 subscribed by A. V. Bobbett and others.

Oil Painting of Ashley Horne.

In presiding for the ceremony of unveiling and presenting to the state the oil painting of Ashley Horne, Mrs. M. A. Winstead of Rocky Mount delivered an especially eloquent address in which she declared this one of the proudest days for the women of the state in all the history of North Carolina and especially so for the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and that the ceremonies of the unveiling of the monument just witnessed was one of the most imposing and beautiful ever held at the state capital.

James R. Young Gives Warning.

Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young, before leaving for New York to attend important meetings of the executive committee and the committee on standard form of life policies of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, served notice on certain land concerns that they and their agents must stop operations in this state until the attorney general passes upon their methods under the "blue sky act" of the last legislature. He says he finds that very many people continue to become the victims.

BARGAINS in porch swings

while they last.
Bowles Furniture Co.