

HICKORY DAILY RECORD

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RUSSIANS AGAIN STRIKE HARD BLOWS IN THE EAST

Claim Considerable Success Against Austrians, Many of Whom are Drowned or Captured-- Serbians Also on Offensive--War News Reads Like Old History.

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—An acute revival of the submarine issue, chiefly in the Mediterranean, accompanied by a general offensive activity by the Russians on the eastern front, makes the war news read today like a repetition of history six months ago. Along the eastern front at Czartorysk, where desperate battles have been under way for several weeks, the Russians claim a considerable success, which is said to have resulted in breaking the Austrian lines and to have culminated in the drowning of 2,000 lives, and the capture of many Austrians.

West of Riga the Russians have consolidated the position they have recently won and claim to have taken several villages.

Less change is reported from the Balkan front than at any time since the new campaign began. It is now definitely established that the French are not in possession of the Serbian town of Veles, a daring cavalry raid which apparently reached the environs of the place giving rise to the erroneous report that the town had been wrested from the invaders.

It is unofficially reported that the allies have menaced the Bulgarians in Macedonia, while the Serbians are said to have resumed the offensive in the Labuna pass, where they recently won an important success. The Serbians are making a stand there and it is reported that they have formed a junction with the French.

MONASTIR TEMPORARILY SAFE

(By Associated Press.)
This report, if true, insures the temporary safety of Monastir, where a condition approaching panic has been prevailing. Monastir has a large Bulgarian population, and it is feared that some of these might join the band of Bulgarian irregulars, who have been making trouble in this section.

London newspapers continue to devote much space to the sinking of the Ancona. Many of them express the opinion that the attacking boat was a German vessel, and they insist that the United States is more concerned over this incident than any of the other powers.

Content With Submarines.
The naval writers believe that the navy will be able to contend with the submarines in the Mediterranean as was done in the waters around the British Isles, and already two of them are reported to have been sunk, but for the moment there is natural anxiety for the transports which are proceeding east and because of the possibility of interference with the campaign in the Balkans, where troops are so necessary.

The Anglo-French forces already there are believed to be more than holding their own against the repeated attacks of the Bulgarians, who are trying to destroy the little army before reinforcements can reach it. But as the Serbians are driven back by the Austro-Germans and Bulgarians, and the latter receive additional supplies of munitions, they will be able to assume a stronger offensive in the south.

On the other fronts there is much fighting despite the unfavorable weather conditions. The Russians have, by repeated attacks, regained some ground around Riga and Dvinsk, have driven the Germans further back from the Dvina river, and in the south are repeating their thrusts with the object of preventing the Germans and Austrians from entrenching.

CIRCUS EXHIBITS TO TWO LARGE CROWDS

While Hickory citizens debated among themselves today as to whether there was a bigger crowd here yesterday than on Thursday of fair week and while opinion seems evenly divided, there was no room for debate about the show. It was good. There was something that appealed to everybody composing the huge crowds that witnessed both performances and, although all circuses are more or less alike, the Hagenbeck-Wallace shows were greater than most exhibitions that come this way. Everybody liked it. But the dust was terrible.

CHICKEN THIEVES BUSY

Mr. C. S. Groves of East Hickory reported to Chief of Police Lentz today the loss of four large hens the other night, via the theft route. Last night somebody turned out his cow, which required a long search before being located.

\$1,000,000 FIRE AT TRENTON TODAY

(By Associated Press.)
Trenton, N. J., Nov. 11.—Fire that started early today and burned fiercely for more than two hours completely destroyed one of the rope shops of the John E. Roebing Company, causing a loss estimated at \$1,000,000.

During the fire a row of buildings on Clark street and running back to the shops caught fire and the occupants were compelled to move out of the buildings.

The rope mill, which had a frontage of 100 feet, ran back a distance of about 700 feet. Because of its inflammable construction, the mill soon was in flames. The upper floors were saturated with oil from the machinery. Wire rope, varying from one-sixteenth of an inch to one inch in diameter, was being manufactured, all for domestic purposes.

There were rumors that the fire was of incendiary origin, due to the belief that the company was making war material. The officials discredited this theory. Rebuilding of the shops is expected to begin soon.

In recent years the company has sustained great losses. The Buckthorn plant was completely destroyed with a loss of \$1,500,000.

SOCIAL SERVICE AT FARMERS MEETING

Raleigh, Nov. 11.—The state committee on Community Service has called for a conference with the State Farmers' Union in open meeting when the union holds its annual convention in Durham next week.

The members of the committee are Clarence Poe, president of the conference for social service its first two years and now chairman of the state committee; W. C. Crosby, secretary; J. Y. Joyner, W. A. Graham, E. K. Graham, Mrs. T. W. Lingle, J. I. Foust, H. Q. Alexander, D. H. Hill, Paul Jones, J. Walter Long, W. S. Rankin, T. B. Parker, W. J. Shuford and A. W. McAllister.

The three great bodies with which the community service committee works are the state department of education, the state department of agriculture, and the state Farmers' Union. The committee does not announce the full purpose of this conference but Moonlight School Month as this is, it is fully understood that a furtherance of the work now being done and to be done in coming campaigns will be discussed.

The union was one of the first large organizations to give the Moonlight School movement its moral support. Dr. H. Q. Alexander is president of the union. The Junior Order entered passionately into the campaign against adult illiteracy and J. Paul Jones, head of the order in the state, proclaimed Junior principles from a hundred rostrums the past year. If one organization could possibly have one more than another, the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs would be given that high praise and Mrs. T. W. Lingle, member of this committee will be in the conference.

Doctor Joyner is head of the state department of education; Major Graham is commissioner of agriculture; Dr. E. K. Graham, Drs. J. I. Foust and D. H. Hill are presidents of three leading state institutions; Dr. W. S. Rankin is secretary of the state board of health, and Messrs. T. B. Parker and W. J. Shuford are prominent as union men and members of the department of agriculture. This is to be a notable conference and will be held Wednesday, November 17, of next week.

The program committee has received every assurance that all who have places on it will appear as they have been assigned. The arrangements for the tours through the big manufacturing of Durham and for the trip to the University and Trinity College are complete. The meetings are to be held in the Academy of Music.

DEFENDANTS WIN DAMAGE SUITS

(By Associated Press.)
Newton, Nov. 11.—Superior court has adjourned for the term, all cases on the calendar for the last three days of the week being continued till next court. Among the last civil causes tried was that of Mrs. A. H. Whitener vs M. P. Sharpe, for lal dadeegmC vs M. P. Sharpe, for alleged damages because the defendant in his motor car collided with the plaintiff's buggy. The jury decided for the defendant. The conclusion of the case is cumulative evidence of quite a change in public sentiment in this county on the subject of damage suits. Lucky indeed is the plaintiff in Catawba county who can get a verdict. Two big railroad cases last court resulted in nothing for the plaintiffs, whereas a few years ago both would undoubtedly have been awarded almost anything they asked.

Dr. J. E. Moore, also of Gastonia, as well as T. E. LeRoy, who has been indicted for practicing medicine without license in this county, was arrested and placed under a bond of \$200 on a charge of not registering for practice in this county. Doctor Moore claims a state license but the indictment is for not registering here. It is charged against LeRoy that he has no license of any kind. He says he doesn't practice, only goes about with Doctor Moore. Both will be tried on the 23rd.

A. G. Conoly, for several years with the Southern Bell Telephone Company in an executive position, and who has of late made his home in Newton, has taken position with the Piedmont Tel. & Tel. Co., as supervisor of traffic, with offices at Gastonia.

Mrs. Albert Beard, wife of a farmer, was hurled from her buggy on College street yesterday when the horse was frightened by two bicyclists, and rendered unconscious for half an hour. Her shoulder and arm were badly bruised and the collar bone broken.

JAPANESE FORESAW — YEAR OF THE TIGER

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—The year 1914, says a British consular report from Japan, just issued, was, according to the old Japanese system of reckoning, the Year of the Tiger, and in conformity with Japanese superstitions should have been a year of tragedy and disaster.

To a great extent this was so, says the report. The year began with the eruption of the Sakurajima volcano in the south of Japan, in the spring the Empress Dowager died, later on the disclosure of certain scandals contributed to the fall of the cabinet, in early summer the Kitshama Bank failed, and in August war broke out.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT TO STAND LOSSES

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, Nov. 11.—The law providing for indemnities to French citizens for war damages, as elaborated by a special committee of the chamber of deputies, and as it will probably be enacted, proclaims "the equality of all French citizens and the solidarity of the nation in the face of the burdens of war," and declares that "damage caused in France to the property, real or personal, by acts of war gives right to indemnity."

The damages specifically named as entitling a citizen to reparation are those caused by the authorities or the troops of the enemy, including taxes, requisitions, war contributions, fines imposed upon private individuals or communities, regardless of whether they were in conformity with the conventions of The Hague. Included also are all damages caused by the French army or its allies.

The right of foreigners to indemnities in France, according to this project will depend upon the terms of treaties with the nations of which they are subjects. The damages are to be estimated by commissions appointed for the purpose.

ASK REPUBLICANS TO HELP IN FIGHT

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 11.—Republicans in congress will be consulted by President Wilson on national defense before congress opens. The president will appeal to men of all parties to aid in the passage of the bill, thus hoping to overcome the opposition of Democrats led by Bryan.

New York suffragists have discovered a new cause for rejoicing. The new constitution was beaten twice as badly as suffrage was.—Springfield Journal.

NIGHTS ARE COLD IN NORTHERN FRANCE

(By Associated Press.)
Boulogne, France, Nov. 11.—Signs are plentiful that winter is close upon the troops in the north of France. The nights are already cold, far too cold for comfort, and the characteristic winter night-mist from the marshes is in the air. The trees are not yet bare, but the leaves that remain have turned to a sere yellow, while the roadways are covered with fallen leaves which the soldiers here and there heap into little piles for a fragrant warming fire.

It is evident that there is to be another winter campaign; robbed, however, of much of the horror of last year's ordeal in boggy trenches and along impassable roads. In northern France, at least, winter will find the rival armies well prepared to receive it. The wet mud, the ice-cold water knee-deep in the communication trenches, the ooze and discomfort of the dugouts, will be the exception rather than the rule this year. The shelters, even in the advance trenches, will generally be fairly livable, thanks to the plentiful use of concrete and tar, and the skillful employment of drainage.

Moreover, the armies will be properly clad and amply fed. The British soldiers will again don their sheepskins, supplemented by ample supplies of warm caps, socks and heavy boots of rather better type than last year's.

Many of the trenches now have brick floors, and practically all are drained and protected against landslide by timbers.

The great problem of the winter will be the billeting of all the new divisions which have come out since last year. In the villages well behind the firing lines, every out-building and old barn has been requisitioned, cleaned, repaired and made into shelter against the wind and cold. But nearer the firing lines most of the buildings have been smashed into ruins, and although they were usable for housing purposes during the summer, they are plainly impossible after mid-November. The problem is being dealt with to some extent by the building of portable houses and huts, but the armies grow too fast for the carpenters.

The work of the aero-plane observers gets more difficult as winter approaches. The fogs of the late autumn cling to the ground in little patches well into the day, while the evening mists make observations difficult soon after mid-afternoon.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for North Carolina: Fair and warmer tonight and Friday; fresh south winds.

COMPARATIVE WEATHER

November 10—	1915	1914
Maximum	64	51
Minimum	44	26
Mean	54	38½

MARKETS

NEW YORK COTTON

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Nov. 11.—The firmer tone which developed in the cotton market yesterday was again in evidence this morning, and the opening was firmer with an advance of eight to twelve points, with January selling up to 11.87 and March to 12.07 or about \$4.35 per bale above the low level of Tuesday.

NEW YORK STOCKS

(By Associated Press.)
New York, Nov. 11.—Specialties regained much of their recent prominence at the opening of today's market, some of yesterday's weakest issues scoring substantial gains. Chief among these were General Motors, Baldwin Locomotives and New York Airbrakes, in which gains of several points were noted. Other features were Studebaker and Westinghouse. Bethlehem Steel rose five points, but United States Steel receded a fraction.

COTTON FUTURES

New York, Nov. 11.—Cotton futures opened firm and closed steady.		
Month	Open	Close
December	11.68	11.65
January	11.85	11.81
March	12.05	12.01
May	12.21	12.14
July	12.28	12.19

HICKORY MARKETS

Cotton	11c
Wheat	\$1.20

Address of President Wilson gives much food for thought for those who believe that an enemy can be repulsed by mental suggestion.—Wall Street Journal.

Mr. Lem Shuford was a visitor to the city today.

GREAT SUCCESS PICKPOCKETS REPORTED

Pickpockets yesterday plied their trade with a vengeance in this city and as a result there are a number of sadder and wiser men in this community, though next time a circus comes here there will be other men starting from home with a big wad of money in their pockets and believing that it is safer there than in the bank. That's the way it is every show, and there is no reason to believe that it will be different next time.

While it was reported that one man was relieved of a wallet containing \$150, his name could not be learned today. Mr. Calvin Baker, owner of Baker's Mountain, was robbed of \$85, and some of his friends were amazed that he did not have this money in the bank. Mr. Luther Whitener of Baker's Mountain also was a victim, but the artist secured only \$1. Mr. Alex Keller of Hilderbran was reported to have lost \$36, Mr. N. F. Bolk was relieved of an unlucky \$13— for him—and Mr. David Link of Conover reported \$6 missing.

None of the slick thieves were arrested.

Chief Lentz said today that probably as many as fifteen persons reported the loss of money by pickpockets yesterday.

THE HICKORY LOG.

The Hickory high school, which has taken a stand among the more representative municipal educational institutions of North Carolina, has made a venture in school journalism in the shape of the Hickory Log, of monthly issue by the pupils of the school. The Observer has been favored with a copy of the initial number and after looking over can very gladly extend the fraternal hand to its able corps of editors. The Log is a neat specimen of the printing art and its record of events is made in acceptable editorial shape. We should regard the Log as an inspirational adjunct to the Hickory high school.—Charlotte Observer.

TEACHERS MEETING HAS FINE PROGRAM

Raleigh, Nov. 11.—The program for the thirty-second annual meeting of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly has been issued from the office of State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner.

The meeting place is Raleigh and the dates are November 24, 25 and 26. Nine organizations make up the assembly now. Each division has its own attractions and the Raleigh convention of 1915 will have immeasurably the largest number of notables in the teaching profession yet brought to a North Carolina assembly.

The parent body announces Bishop Thomas C. Darst of the Eastern North Carolina diocese as assembly preacher; Dr. Bruce Payne, president of George Peabody College for Teachers; Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, president of the University of Virginia; Dr. Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy; Dr. David Snedden, commissioner of education for Massachusetts, and H. W. Foght, specialist in rural education and representing the United States bureau of education.

The eight allied organizations have their individual stars. The North Carolina Primary Teachers' Association, the most powerful of the subordinate bodies and largest of the divisions, will have Miss Cora eminent North Carolina teacher now superintending the Edinboro, Pennsylvania, Normal School, and Miss Anna Brochhausen, supervisor of the elementary grades in the great schools of Indianapolis, Indiana. They will address also the Association of Kindergarten teachers.

The grammar grade teachers and principals have brought Dr. A. E. Winship, editor of the Journal of Education, Boston, Massachusetts, to speak to that body Thursday. Thanks giving Day, and Dr. David Snedden, leader of the educational forces in Massachusetts for Friday following. He will address the high school teachers and principals also; will appear before the whole assembly and speak finally to the Association of City Superintendents.

These several associations will have their own leaders and the programs will be filled. For the second time the Association of Music Teachers will meet in Raleigh. Doctor Winship will speak to this association on the value of music for educational service and Greensboro will send a trio of her best musicians to give the music teachers entertainment. The return of the assembly after absence of a year impresses upon the city the task of playing host well enough to make the meeting place permanent.

SUBMARINES MAY BE AFTER GERMANS

(By Associated Press.)
Copenhagen, Nov. 11.—A cannonade of terrific intensity was heard yesterday in the Baltic sea. It is believed to have been a British submarine attack on the German fleet.

LANSING AWAITS DETAILS ON TORPEDOING ANCONA

American Secretary of State Will Gather Details of Affair From all Sources Before Taking Action—Ship not Given Chance, Captain Says.

MANY SEARCHED FOR LOST CHILD

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 11.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the state department was making every effort to gather details on the sinking of the Ancona. The secretary does not know yet the information contained in consular dispatches from Rome and the embassy in London, and does not know how many American lives were lost.

The state department is entirely without advice as to the sinking or the nationality of the submarine which torpedoed the ship. Dispatches from Malta, Lebanon and Bizerta, Rome and Naples all contain fragments of information. Statements will be taken from survivors wherever they may land and the United States will gather up the details before taking action.

MORE SURVIVORS

(By Associated Press.)
Naples, Italy, Nov. 11.—Another boat with 27 survivors of the Ancona has reached Cape Bon, Tunis. The names of the occupants of this boat have not yet been received.

Duscal P. Lurine, an American citizen, is among the missing passengers of the steamship Ancona.

WASHINGTON REPORT

(By Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 11.—The state department received a cablegram today from the American consul at Naples saying that an Italian paper says 380 passengers and crew of the Ancona are reported saved, and that the steamship officials believe other passengers will be picked up.

NOT GIVEN CHANCE

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—The Stefani News Agency dispatch says: "The captain of the Ancona says the commander of the submarine gave his vessel no chance to stop. The first attack was at a distance of five miles, when the submarine began shelling the vessel. The Ancona was brought to a complete stop."

WAS GIVEN WARNING

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—The Italian steamer Ancona was not sunk without warning, according to information from survivors landed at Malta, according to the Reuter correspondent and cabled here. The Austrian submarine which overhauled her after a long stern chase gave the commander a brief respite for the removal of passengers, but the panic on board as soon as the under-water craft was sighted was responsible for the loss of many lives. Men, women and children, in a mad rush for safety, overturned the boats.

Passengers agree, the correspondent says, the shots fired around the steamer apparently to hasten the departure of passengers precipitated the panic.

GREAT BRITAIN'S WAR COUNCIL ANNOUNCED

(By Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 11.—Great Britain's war committee of the cabinet during the temporary absence of Earl Kitchener will be composed of Premiers Asquith, Arthur J. Balfour, first lord of the admiralty; Lloyd George, minister of munitions; Andrew Bonar-Law, secretary for the colonies, and Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer.

ELECTION ON NAME BEGINS TOMORROW

From a hundred or more names submitted during the past two weeks, the management of the new theatre has selected three names which will be voted on tomorrow night and Saturday by patrons of the new playhouse. A majority rules.

The names which will come before the audiences on these two nights are: "The Pastime," handed in by Dr. Ia. Wood and Mrs. J. W. Hartfield; "The Main," which emanated from the fertile cerebrum of Mr. J. C. Miller, and "Keystone," which was handed in by Mrs. C. C. Bost.

Tickets will be prepared for this election and everybody who attends will be entitled to one vote. The winner of the prize will be given five dollars by the Stone Amusement Company.

CHILDREN INSTRUCTED IN ESCAPING RAIDS

(By Associated Press.)
Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—Bomb drill, consisting of exercises of an elementary sort designed to instruct children how to act in the event of a raid by hostile aeroplanes, has been adopted in all the public schools of Baden, Alsace and Rhenish Prussia.

Travelers from German state that in both Baden and Alsace a number of children were recently severely injured in the scramble to leave the school buildings during the recent raids. At Offenburg the annual general council of mayors of Baden cities had just opened its sessions in the city hall when the fire alarms and sirens announced the approach of a squadron of French airmen. The mayors adjourned to the coal cellars of the building until the danger was over.