

# HICKORY DAILY RECORD

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## GENERAL HAIG'S TROOPS AGAIN STRIKE GERMANS

### British Move Forward Over Wide Front and Send Back Stream of Prisoners—Early Reports Indicate Satisfactory Progress By British.

By the Associated Press.  
Striking again on a wide front east of Ypres the British this morning began another drive at the German line at Flanders. Field Marshal Haig's early report announced that satisfactory progress was being made.

Already a stream of German prisoners is being sent to the British rear. The removal of the Flanders drive comes after an eight day interval. On Wednesday of last week the British went forward on both sides of the Ypres-Menin road to a depth of from one-half to three-quarters of a mile.

Some of the heaviest fighting in the war on the western front followed, the Germans making desperate assaults in an effort to regain the ground they had lost. Almost every inch of it, however, was held intact by the British, who in the meantime were preparing for the next push. The battle of the Ypres may be as serious for the Germans as the battle of the Somme, where the Germans were forced to make the Hindenburg retreat.

The same general tactics now being pursued of persistent driving at the same point in the lines are evidently expected by the British to achieve a similar result. This time, however, the land which would have to be abandoned would be far more valuable to the entente and its loss a correspondingly heavy blow to the Germans, for the Germans held Belgian gas line with its aerial and submarine bases at stake, together with the liberation of the great French manufacturing city of Lille.

Today's attack followed sharply a last despairing effort of the Germans to stave it off. Crown Prince Rupprecht struck at the British line yesterday at its most vital point between Tower Hamlets and Polygon wood, but his troops were mowed down by the British artillery and every attack was repulsed.

The French fighting front has been, comparatively quiet except for intense artillery activity northeast of Ypres.

The force of Field Marshal Haig's drive today apparently was greater than that of last week, for the early press dispatches reported advances of over a mile on a front of 16,000 yards on the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge. Completion of the capture of this ridge is the immediate object of the British.

Possession of Passchendaele ridge will give the British command of the entire high ground in this sector.

In the early fighting the attacking troops penetrated to the village of Broesdele, lying at an important crossroads, which is nearly a mile and a quarter east of Zonnebeke, through which the British line passed, as this morning attack was opened up. They advanced materially further to the west also, leaving the hotly contested ground covered well in their rear.

In the northern part of the battle area the British reached Covelpele, which lies about 1.2 miles northwest of Langemarck.

### POLICY OF REPRISALS FOR GERMAN RAIDS

By the Associated Press.  
London, Oct. 3.—(Delayed)—According to the Standard a policy of reprisals for German air raids has been decided upon.

That such a decision had been reached by the British government was indicated by Premier Lloyd George's statement Tuesday that the British would bomb German cities with compound interest.

## FINE SPEECH AT FAIR BY JUDGE PRITCHARD

(By Old Hurraygraph)  
Lenoir, Sept. 4.—Ideal weather drew a large concourse of people to Lenoir yesterday and today, and the second annual Caldwell county fair opened yesterday under the most favorable auspices, and gives promise of the successful finish of the largest and best fair in the history of the county.

The parade, headed by the Salisbury concert band, from the public square to the fair grounds was the beginning of the enthusiasm. The "Bill" squad in the parade—all persons named Bill, big and little—was a feature of the marching line. Citizens turned out by the hundreds, and made a thrilling patriotic day of it.

The exhibits in the main building are full, along all lines, and show the energy of the women of the county in fancy work and canned goods of every description. It is just simply marvelous, as to what they have accomplished. The farm products are typical of Caldwell county. Bigness of growth will astonish one. The fruit exhibit is fine—none could be finer. The stock exhibit was the admiration of the beholders. The attractions were many; and the amusements kept the large crowd in a continual good humor.

The feature of the fair yesterday was the large and exercises of the school children of the county. This drew many thousands of people here, and gave a zest an interest to the fair seldom witnessed.

Judge Jeter C. Pritchard was the speaker, and he was introduced by Governor W. C. Newland, who said that he felt like he had found a friend in the speaker, because the selection of the speaker was left to him, and he was fortunate in getting the eminent gentleman deliver the address. Some forty years ago a lad walked across the mountains to Bakersville, and began his career. He has lived an honorable life in North Carolina and has filled every public position in the gift of the people except that of governor; once U. S. circuit court bench. It is an inspiration to the youth of our land that perseverance, energy, fidelity to duty will accomplish. I introduce to you Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, and am glad he is with us today.

Judge Pritchard was greeted by a large crowd of people. He said he appreciated the remarks of Governor Newland. We have been intimate friends. I love him, and expect to love him as long as I live. A county fair does more to stimulate the people than anything else. Knowing the people of Caldwell as I do I know you have a great fair here, although I have not yet been through your exhibits. He said in part: "This is Patriotic Day, and it is proper that I talk war to you; as war talk now is patriotism. The present war is like no other war. I doubt if the savages in darkest Africa, or any other race, ever exceeds the brutal savagery of this war. The president did everything he could to keep out of this war. Democrats as well as Republicans criticized and denounced him for not declaring war."

### Entertains Society

The Missionary Society of the Methodist church met with Mrs. B. F. Seagle Tuesday afternoon. Instead of a regular business meeting it was turned into a rather informal reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Deal, who are home on a vacation from Korea, where they went out as missionaries representing the home church. Mr. Deal gave the society a very interesting talk on the ways and customs of the Korean people. Little Elizabeth Deal was dressed in full costume of the Korean style which differs quite materially from the girls of America. At the close of the meeting the guests were taken into the dining room where light refreshments were served. Many in fall flowers were in evidence. In the dining room, which was darkened and a soft light turned on, the effect of the Scarlet Sage and other flowers was especially soft and pretty.

### SINKING TWO-THIRDS OF TOTAL GERMANY CLAIMS

London, Oct. 4.—The total of all losses to world's shipping since Germany's ruthless U-boat war went into effect aggregate about two-thirds of those claimed by the Germans in a statement issued September 1. At that time the Germans alleged that an average of 900,000 tons had been sunk monthly for several months.

The actual totals of tonnage sunk compiled here show that not even during the most successful month for the U-boats—April—have the figures reached any such proportion, while the August losses dropped to almost half the April figures.

## BIG TAX MEASURE ALREADY IS LAW

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—The new war tax designed to raise \$2,500,000,000 under the provisions of the revenue bill signed yesterday by the president went into effect immediately.

In the form of levies on incomes, excess profits tobacco, liquor and various luxuries and amusements, the law directly or indirectly affects every person in the country. One of the first effects will be on distilled beverages which will be taxed \$2.19 a gallon.

## GERMAN CHANCELLOR TO SAY A SPEECH

By the Associated Press.  
Copenhagen, Oct. 4.—Dr. Michaelis, the German imperial chancellor, is expected to deliver an important speech on the end of this or at the beginning of next week. The chancellor will answer interpolations on the internal political situation regarding the appointment of Pan-Germans to important positions.

## MESSENGER GIRLS ARE NOW ON PAYROLL

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—The "messenger girls" has made her appearance on the government payroll as the result of the shortage of boys in the capital.

For the first time in the history of the government, so far as anyone here can remember, appointments heretofore strictly confined to men and boys, have been opened to girls.

## FRENCH LOST FIVE SHIPS DURING WEEK

By the Associated Press.  
Paris, Oct. 4.—The weekly report of losses of French shipping by submarines for the past week shows that five vessels of more than 1,600 tons each and five of less than that size were destroyed. Four of the smaller vessels were lost in the preceding week. Five vessels beat off submarine attacks.

Mrs. B. F. Seagle and son, Master Ben, Jr., went to Lenoir today to attend the fair.

## FRENCH AGAIN RAID TWO GERMAN TOWNS

By the Associated Press.  
Paris, Oct. 4.—Another aerial raid over Germany was made last night by French airmen. The cities of Frankfort and Rastatt were bombed.

Rastatt is a town of 14,000 in Baden, 13 miles southwest of Karlsruhe.

This is the second attack on Frankfort in the last week since the French began their reprisals.

## LITTLE PUT REWARD ON HEADS OF SLACKERS

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—A last warning was issued today to drafted men who have refused to respond to the colors. The government gave notice that those who have failed will be given an opportunity to escape punishment if they respond now and give a reasonable excuse. If they do not report, they will be advertised.

Drafted men failing to report now will be promptly advertised as deserters and a reward of \$50 for their apprehension. Divisional commanders, however, have been directed to question personally such men before trial is ordered to ascertain the reasons if any for their not reporting. The policy of the department, it was announced, is to punish them and retain them in service.

## MILE IS GAINED BY BRITISH ATTACK

By the Associated Press.  
London, Oct. 4.—In their offensive in the Ypres sector today the British gained all their objectives on a front 16,000 yards and to a depth of 2,000 yards; General Frederick Maurice, chief director of military operations, announced today.

## MEN ACCEPTED FOR SERVICE IN ARMY

The following men have been accepted into the service of the United States:

George Dula, Hickory.  
John H. Powell, Claremont.  
Jacob A. Thornburg, Newton.  
Lester L. Mull, Henry.  
Walter E. Rowe, Newton.  
H. E. Penland, Hickory.  
James C. Hunsucker, Conover.  
Percy Martin, Ellenboro.

## BRITISH RESUME ATTACK ON GERMANS

By the Associated Press.  
London, Oct. 4.—Field Marshal Haig has begun a new offensive east of Ypres. The official statement from British headquarters in France issued today says that the British attacked at 6 o'clock this morning on a wide front and are making satisfactory progress. Already a number of prisoners have been taken.

## CONGRESS TO ADJOURN BY SATURDAY NIGHT

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—With a program calling for adjournment of congress war session not later than Saturday, the leaders today were prepared to carry out their plans to that end.

Initial action on the question to come in the house on a resolution by Representative Kitchen proposing adjournment at 5 p. m. Saturday. The resolution was prepared yesterday by Representative Kitchen after a conference with Senator Martin of Virginia.

## NEW YORK COTTON

By the Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 4.—The cotton market was rather nervous and irregular during today's early trading. The market opened easy with October 10 points higher with other months 27 points lower. This break attracted fresh buying, however, and prices steadied before the end of the first hour.

The close was steady.

	Open	Close
October	26.65	26.10
December	25.95	25.28
January	25.50	25.12
March	25.45	25.18
May	25.55	25.31

HICKORY MARKETS	
Cotton	25.40
Wheat	\$2.40

## WEATHER FORECAST



For North Carolina: Fair and warmer tonight. Friday partly cloudy, moderate southwest to west winds.

COMPARATIVE WEATHER		
October 3	1917	1916
Maximum	73	75
Minimum	42	54

## SEND LAFOLLETTE TO GERMANY THEY URGE

By the Associated Press.  
Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 4.—Deportation of United States Senator LaFollette and his supporters through the allied lines to Berlin because of his treasonable utterances were received today by Governor Cox from the executive clubs of Toledo, representing four clubs of that city.

A copy of the resolutions was sent to President Wilson and Ohio senators and representatives with the request that it be printed in the record.

## SWEDES VERY MAD ABOUT THEIR SHIPS

By the Associated Press.  
Stockholm, Oct. 4.—The detention of Swedish vessels by the United States, France and Great Britain and the detention of Swedish ships on the Rotterdam-Göteborg route is causing much indignation here by Swedes, even those leaning to the entente being aroused. Newspapers also express indignation.

## SUFFRAGE LADIES ENGAGE IN FIGHT

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—Seventeen silent sentinels of the women's party doing time in Occoquan work for picketing the white house were bruised and scratched today as the result for a free-for-all fight yesterday when the authorities removed one of their number to a hospital.

## CALDWELL FAIR IS PROVING BIG SUCCESS

Persons who attended the Caldwell Fair yesterday reported a large crowd and fine exhibits. Judge Jeter C. Pritchard made a noble, patriotic speech in the afternoon. Tomorrow night the fireworks will be shown, and it is expected that a large crowd will go from here. Quite a number of automobile parties went to Lenoir this afternoon to view the exhibits.

By the Associated Press.  
London, Oct. 4.—The American schooner Annie F. Conlan was attacked by a gunfire by a German submarine Wednesday morning off the Seilly Island. The crew of eight men were landed.

## DOUBLE INCOME TAX FOR HIGH SALARIES

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—Business and professional men and salaried men as well who have incomes of more than \$6,000 a year face a war tax of eight per cent in addition to the income tax inserted in the original bill.

The section was not introduced on the floor nor discussed in either house of congress, but was inserted by the conferees while they were working in secret session. If it stands business and professional men whose incomes are over \$6,000 will be subject to double taxation.

## PLAN DOLLAR DAY ADVERTISING FRIDAY

The advertising committee appointed by President Bisanar to arrange for Dollar Day on Thursday, October 18, will meet with the chairman, Mr. N. W. Clark, tomorrow morning for the purpose of appointing space in the Records Dollar Day edition and for the further purpose of having copy for the ads reach the office at once. Every business is short of men and the Record is no exception, and a good deal of night work will be required to issue the extra paper on time.

It is hoped by this paper and the committee that merchants will prepare their copy at once and have it in this office in a few days. Some copy should be in the office by tomorrow afternoon.

Other members of the committee are Messrs. Roy Abernethy, R. E. Martin, J. W. Shuford, A. M. West, H. C. Lutz, and S. H. Farabe.

## WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST GUEST AT GERMAN DINNER

### New York Publisher Feasted With Von Papen, Boy-Ed and Bolo Pasha, Alleged Spy Under Arrest in France—Washington Has "Goods" on Bernstorff.

## MAY ROAST HIM FOR WILD TALK

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—Decision as to what action it will take upon petitions demanding the expulsion of Senator LaFollette was still undetermined today by the senate committee on privileges and elections.

The committee is considering various courses. Today the question of a formal investigation and hearing upon Senator LaFollette's speeches and conduct were discussed. Several senators were said to favor giving him a severe reprimand, while others were for expulsion or impeachment. It was not believed, however, that he would be expelled.

By the Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 4.—Evidence indicating that German funds held by New York banks for the Deutsche Bank of Berlin, and which were employed to pay Bolo Pasha, German spy and peace propagandist, were placed in the possession of Count von Bernstorff by wireless messages from the German foreign office was obtained today by State Attorney Lewis.

This evidence conclusively proves according to the state's attorney general, that Bernstorff controlled the fund.

It was obtained from Hugo Schmidt, agent here of the Deutsche Bank.

## MR. HEARST DENIES

By the Associated Press.  
New York, Oct. 4.—The investigation of Attorney Merten E. Lewis into the activities here of Bolo Pasha, under arrest in France as a spy and peace propagandist, disclosed that William Randolph Hearst, the newspaper publisher, attended a dinner given by Bolo in March, 1916, at a local hotel here.

There were present Avon Paventst, who figured as an intermediary for the transfer of German funds in New York banks to be sent to Paris and be spent in peace propaganda; Captains Boy-Ed and von Papen, naval and military attaches of the German embassy and Jules Boise, a French lecturer, who it was revealed, secured German money for his work.

It was explained by the attorney that Mr. Hearst's participation was entirely social, so far as is known.

## EVIDENCE ON BOLO

By the Associated Press.  
Washington, Oct. 4.—State department officials today admitted that they have evidence that Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to Washington, directed the funds paid to Bolo Pasha, but declined to make it public, although they may do so after the French government finishes with Bolo's case.

## POISED AND ABLE

Charity and Children.  
Gaston Means will be tried before Judge E. B. Cline at the Cabarrus term of court October 29th. Judge Cline's court will be the center of interest for the nation, for rarely on our judicial history has a case so notable been tried. It is fortunate that this battle of the giants will be waged before a man so well poised and able as Judge Cline.

## Some Additional Facts on Second Liberty Loan; Bonds Good Investment

The campaign is now on for the sale of the second liberty loan bonds, and committees will soon be busy soliciting subscriptions. As indicated by the indorsements of Hickory bankers in Tuesday's Record these bonds are gilt-edged security, in fact, the best in the world. They will, besides, net the investor 4 per cent, being practically exempt from all taxes, making them better than a 6 per cent investment to any Hickory citizen.

The treasury department has issued a bulletin that furnishes in brief form the information needed on the character of these bonds. A careful study of the facts presented will convince the most skeptical that the purchase of Liberty Bonds will be a good business investment. It is also a patriotic duty. We quote:

"The second liberty loan, bearing interest from November 15, 1917; Due November 15, 1942; redeemable at the option of the United States at par and accrued interest, on and after November 15, 1927; interest payable May 15 and November 15, authorized by an act of congress approved September 24, 1917.

"Denominations: Coupon and registered bonds, \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000; and registered bonds of \$50,000 and \$100,000.

"Exempt as to principal and interest from all taxation by the United States, any state, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority (a) estate or inheritance taxes, and (b) United States graduated additional income taxes (commonly known as surtaxes) and excess-profits and war-profits taxes. The interest on an amount of bonds and certificates authorized by said act, the principal of which does not exceed in the aggregate \$5,000, owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation, shall be exempt from the taxes provided for in clause (b) above.

"Convertible upon the terms and conditions stated in said circular into higher rate bonds if and when higher rate bonds are next issued during the war.

"Applications must reach the treasury department Washington, D. C., a Federal Reserve Bank or branch thereof, or some incorporated bank or trust company within the United States (not including outlying territories and possessions) on or before the close of business October 27, 1917, the right being reserved by the Secretary of the Treasury to close the subscription at any earlier date.

"Terms of Payment: 2 per cent with application. 18 per cent on November 15, 1917. 40 per cent on December 15, 1917. 40 per cent on January 15, 1918. (with accrued interest on both deferred installments.)

"Payment in full of any subscription for an amount of bonds not in excess of \$1,000, at face value without interest, may be made with application, if the subscriber prefers, in which case prompt delivery of a bond or bonds dated and bearing interest from November 15, 1917, will be made. Except in such cases payment for the amount allotted can only be completed on November 15, or with accrued interest on December 15 or January 15, previous installments having been duly paid.

"Allotment: Subscriptions for \$3,000,000,000 of these bonds are invited, the right being reserved to allot additional bonds up to one-half the amount of any oversubscription. Every subscriber for an amount of bonds not in excess of \$1,000 will receive the full amount of bonds subscribed for. Other applications are received subject to allotment.

"Delivery: Bonds are described in the circular will be delivered promptly upon completion of payment."