

HICKORY DAILY RECORD

HICKORY, N. C., MONDAY EVENING NOV. 12, 1917

PRICE TWO CENTS

RUSSIA LOOKING BETTER; ITALIAN LINES STIFFEN

War Situation Considerably Improved for Allies, Kerensky Forces Regaining Part of Lost Command and Allies Holding Germans in Italy—British Continue Drive.

By the Associated Press. Petrograd, Sunday, Nov. 11.—The situation in Russia is proceeding constantly. The Kerensky government regained possession of the telephone station this morning. The exact whereabouts of Kerensky's army is not known.

HICKORY OFFICE FIGHT TO BE SETTLED

By the Associated Press. Mr. Marshall L. Brown of New York, special agent of the National Surety Company, which was on the bond of the late J. H. Aiken, postmaster of Hickory, and which placed Mr. W. F. Fogle, its local agent, in charge of the office last July, came to Hickory Sunday to straighten out the situation for his company and left at noon today for New York. Seen by a Record reporter, Mr. Brown said he thought the matter would be settled satisfactorily to all concerned within a few days.

COLORED CONFERENCE MEETS HERE TUESDAY

The fifty-ninth session of the annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held at Hartzel Memorial church, Hickory, this week with Bishop E. H. Hughes of Malden, Mass., presiding. The opening session will be held Tuesday evening and the address of welcome on the part of the city will be delivered by Mayor Yount. The various colored ministers will respond. Bishop Hughes will stop at Hotel Huffry and the other ministers and laymen will stop with the colored people of Hickory.

Mrs. T. W. Shuford and children, Mrs. W. W. Barber and Miss Wilhelmina Barber have returned from Columbia and Asheville where they were guests of relatives and friends.

Premier Kerensky will approach Petrograd toward evening. Communication with him has been established. A delegation from the committee for saving the country and the revolution is only a matter of days or hours. For the more successful liquidation of this adventure it is necessary that all democratic forces unite around the all-Russian committee for saving the country and the revolution.

Rebels Retire in Disorder. Another Russian wireless dispatch says: "A regiment faithful to the government and the revolution, in full agreement with the Cossacks, the soldiers and workmen's delegates and all democratic organizations, occupied the town of Tsarkoe-Selo and the chief radio telegraphic station. The rebels are retiring in disorderly mobs on Petrograd."

"Severe measures are being taken against marauders and pillagers. Those caught with stolen goods are being shot immediately. Those guilty of rebellion are being handed over to the military revolutionary court."

A proclamation has been issued "to the soldiers of Petrograd by M. Matcoski, who describes himself as a member of the all-Russian committee for saving the country and the revolution and as commissary of the Petrograd military district."

Fighting is in progress in the Grand Morskia between bolshevik infantry men and junker forces in armored cars.

KERENSKY FOLKS GAIN GROUND AGAIN

By the Associated Press. Petrograd, Sunday, Nov. 11.—Street fighting is proceeding constantly. Junkers loyal to the Kerensky government regained possession of the telephone station this morning. The exact whereabouts of Kerensky's army is not known.

RAILROADS MUST SHOW COOPERATION

By the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 12.—The interstate commerce commission, the supreme court here today, has authority to compel railroads to establish through rates and joint hauls to the connecting lines.

CAMPAIGN BEGUN IN SOUTHERN STATES

By the Associated Press. Atlanta, Nov. 12.—The campaign to raise \$1,500,000 in the southeastern district Y. M. C. A. war work at home and abroad was met in full effect today.

MEAT AND FUEL TO BE CHEAPER IN MORGANTON

A Morganton special says: The town commissioners are getting the praise of the people for taking hold of the food and fuel situation with a firm hand. Meat was getting so high it was almost prohibitive and for years it has been so a farmer couldn't peddle meat, in order to protect the meat dealers but Monday night the commissioners did away with license taxes and any one in Burke can sell what he pleases in Morganton.

One man was around Saturday selling beef at just a little over half the prices prevailing last week.

The farmers have been getting at the most 5-12 cents gross from the meat dealers, and from that it was quickly transferred into a 30-cent per pound article at retail.

A number of farmers are getting ready to do a regular meat peddling business, and claim they can furnish the finest meats at not over 20 cents, and from that down to 12-13 cents.

Taking up the fuel situation, the town is going to purchase coal and distribute it at actual cost, and a large amount of wood has been purchased from the Hardaway Contracting company, who is clearing lands for the Southern Power company's dams. This wood is to be shipped to the town immediately and distributed according to the needs and everybody is to share alike.

In the meantime the fuel situation is more critical each day until the plans of the commissioners can be put into effect, and a cold spell now would mean suffering to a good many people.

Mrs. E. L. Shuford and two daughters spent Sunday at Camp Sevier.

TO PLACE BAKERIES UNDER GOVERNMENT

By the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 12.—All bakeries in every city of the land are to be put under government license beginning December 10 and made subject to government food law by the plans of President Wilson's proclamation.

The effect of the food administration will be to standardize bread and perhaps to bring the price of a loaf down to seven or eight cents.

USE DUTCH SHIPS FOR BENEFIT OF WORLD

By the Associated Press. An Atlantic Port, Nov. 12.—Indications that a satisfactory agreement has been concluded between the American and Netherlands government officials whereby the more than 100 Dutch ships which have been tied up in American ports for several months were seen today in the announcement of the sailing last week of a Dutch vessel.

With a cargo of coal, she is en route to South America, her articles of manifest showing she was to re-tur.

LARGE FAREWELL IS GIVEN MR. STANFORD

The farewell service at the Methodist church Sunday night for Rev. A. L. Stanford, who closed his four years as pastor of that church in Hickory, brought out the largest gathering of people that was ever seen in that edifice, and this great concourse, no less than the several ministers who spoke words of appreciation, attested to the good work done in Hickory the past four years by the minister. Mr. Stanford goes to conference at Asheville this week and will be transferred to some other charge.

The congregations of the Reformed, Presbyterian and Baptist churches turned out en masse, their pastors having arranged the union service for the retiring pastor. Not only was every available seat in the main auditorium and Sunday school room filled, but the aisles and class rooms were packed. A feature of the evening was the unusually fine music by the Methodist choir, which was reinforced by other voices, and a solo by Mrs. J. H. Shuford.

The ministers in the pulpit with Mr. Stanford were Rev. J. G. Garth, Dr. C. A. Munroe and Rev. W. K. Bradshaw. Each of these gentlemen spoke briefly and eloquently of Mr. Stanford's work, and they pointed out that what he had done here could be done by other churches. They paid a tribute to his genius as an organizer, as well as his ability as a pulpit orator.

It was fitting, Mr. Bradshaw said, that Mr. Stanford preached on "What think ye of Jesus Christ?" This was a message that should be delivered constantly. Mr. Stanford declared that the most important question in the world today was the answer to this question. He gave the answers of Jesus' disciples and followers in the early days and of latter followers of the Master, and called upon the mortal saints in support of the array of biblical facts.

Before concluding his sermon, Mr. Stanford called attention to the fact that there is a subtle agency working in the church that would deny the divinity of Christ. He showed that this doctrine was not only false, but would undermine Christianity throughout the world. He pleaded with the church not to admit such doctrines, and to hold true to the faith of the fathers.

Naturally the retiring minister was grateful for the outpouring in his honor, and he said he did not wish to assume credit for the work done here. A loyal congregation had made the task comparatively easy, and he gave credit to his heavenly Father. At the morning service the congregation and pastor grew closer together than they had been, it seemed, at any time during his four years as pastor. If a good feeling was shown, those who displayed it were glad of it. It was the last day as pastor for Mr. Stanford here and his congregation expressed their feelings by their acts.

Some sort of a scrap occurred in Highland Sunday night, but the particulars were not obtainable today. It was said that some men were drinking and that one of them cursed a sober man, who sent his fist straight out before him, and smeared the other's face.

NEW YORK COTTON

By the Associated Press. New York, Nov. 12.—A more optimistic view of the European situation, firmness and strength in the stock market served to stimulate interest in the cotton market today. The opening was firm at an advance of several points over Saturday's close. The close was steady.

	Open	Close
December	27.55	27.93
January	26.98	27.25
March	26.48	26.64
May	26.22	26.40
July		26.12

HICKORY MARKETS	
Cotton	27 1-2
Wheat	\$2.40

WEATHER FORECAST



For North Carolina: Local rains to-night and Tuesday; gentle to moderate north and northeast winds.

COMPARATIVE WEATHER	
October 11,	1016 1917
Maximum	68 68
Minimum	41 39

THREE SOLDIERS DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK

By the Associated Press. Denver, Col., Nov. 12.—Three soldiers were killed and 16 injured today in a wreck of a troop train near Cotopaxi, Col., according to a message received at the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad offices here. The troops were from Utah bound east.

ANOTHER BIG BUNCH OF ITALIANS TAKEN

By the Associated Press. Berlin, via London, Nov. 12.—The Austro-German forces in northern Italy have cut off 10,000 retreating Italians in the upper Piave valley, the war office announces. The Italians are believed to have surrendered, the statement says.

TO PROTEST FRIDAY AGAINST INCREASE

By the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 12.—The final drive in the fight of the eastern railroads for a flat increase of 15 per cent in freight rates will be made this week.

OVER 200 DESCENDANTS AND RELATIVES PRESENT

Newton, Nov. 11.—More than 200 descendants and relatives of Thos. F. Drum gathered at his home on Second street to celebrate his 88th birthday anniversary. The following children were present: Mesdames Martha Cook, Charlotte Campbell, Charlotte; Etta Coleman, Ida Martin, of Sherrill's Ford; Harvey Jones of Valdes; R. P. Wilkinson, Maiden; Willie Wilkie and F. J. T. and Rev. Geo. P. Drum. Mr. Drum married Miss Wilkinson, who died in 1901. There have been 16 children, a daughter died in youth and Mrs. E. W. Bost died in Moore county some two years ago. The total number of grand-children and great-grand-children is 214. Of these 182 are living, 102 were present at this gathering. These people all live in North Carolina and are scattered from Burke to Kinston.

A bounteous dinner was served. Rev. C. H. Curtis of Maiden made a talk, after which Rev. G. P. Drum read a sketch of the family, then introduced Hon. W. C. Feimster and he was followed by Rev. W. L. Hutchins, the pastor of Mr. Drum. Mr. Drum was for nearly four years a member of Company T, Forty-ninth regiment and was wounded at Malvern Hill. He was also with his company at the surrender at Appomattox. Mr. Drum is a much better preserved man for one of his age than is usually found. His mind is still active and his general health good.

Mrs. Hugh S. D'Anna and two children are guests of Mrs. Geo. Lyster at Greenville.

AMERICAN PATROL BOAT GOES ASHORE

By the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 12.—The navy department announced today that a patrol boat had gone ashore in home waters, the name of the boat and the place of the accident being withheld. None of the crew was lost.

TIRPITZ INSISTS ON KEEPING BELGIUM

By the Associated Press. Amsterdam, Nov. 12.—At a meeting of the new Fatherland party in Munich yesterday, Admiral von Tirpitz, former minister of marine, made a violent annexationist speech. He said the question of whether Germany or Great Britain should control Belgium would depend on the winning of the war.

"A mistaken solution of the Belgian question would stunt our exports and the reserve capital of our industry and degrade us to being the bond slave of Anglo-Americanism," said the admiral. "Our military security lies in Belgium. It is the only way for obtaining compensation for the great losses sustained."

PRESIDENT URGES LABOR TO BACK COUNTRY IN WAR

Contest Cannot Be Won Unless All Americans Cooperate—Says He Is Ready to Await Verdict of History on Germany's Guilt.

Y.M.C.A. MEETING HERE SUNDAY SUCCESS

It was an interested and appreciative audience that gathered at the Reformed church yesterday afternoon to listen to the addresses on Y. M. C. A. work in the army, and the campaign to raise Hickory's quota of the \$35,000,000 needed to carry on the work received quite an impetus as a result of this meeting.

Dr. W. H. Nicholson, chairman of the executive committee, president, Rev. W. R. Bradshaw, after reading a scripture lesson, spoke feelingly of the work of the Y. M. C. A. among the soldiers, and stated that in this work they were waging a war against sin, as well as supplying the comforts of life to the boys who were fighting our material battles.

Dr. Nicholson said few people realize the importance of the work being done by the Army Y. M. C. A. The immensity of the work required, systematic organization, and fortunately for us the Y. M. C. A. was already organized and only needed extra financial support to get down to business, and it is up to us to see that they get this support.

Rev. S. B. Stroup said there was no doubt whatever in his mind that the United States had entered into a religious war; that the eternal principles of right were at stake; that we cannot think for a minute of withholding what is needed not only to carry on this war but in supplying everything possible that will help the Army Y. M. C. A. in carrying on the great work they have undertaken, and this, too, in spite of any sacrifice required.

Rev. J. G. Garth said the Y. M. C. A. always had his unqualified indorsement, that his boyhood life had been largely influenced through that organization; that the Red Triangle stood for the ministrations of the body, mind and souls of the soldier boys who are fighting our battles or preparing to fight them.

Mr. J. M. Morehead, Y. M. C. A. secretary at Camp Greene, said he could talk for two days and not tell half what his organization was doing in camp and battle field. To illustrate the work attached to each secretary, he said that in his building alone he was responsible for 4,000 men, besides the base hospital, that now had in its cots about 400 men. A Y. M. C. A. secretary begins his work at 6:00 in the morning and keeps it up until after 10 o'clock at night, and in many cases long after that. One hundred thousand pieces of writing paper and 50,000 envelopes are distributed weekly, while the cost of postage amounts to about \$60 to \$70 per day.

In explanation of the entertainment features of the association, the speaker said that the various classes of entertainments were all first class, and that they were of building to building, and were of varied character. Each building, however, had one night every week that was known as "Write-a-letter home night." Almost every night the buildings are crowded with soldiers; in fact the men have to climb up and sit on the girders of the buildings at times on account of the crowd.

Mr. Morehead paid his respects to Teddy Roosevelt's recent charge that many young men were seeking enrollment with the Y. M. C. A. to avoid actual war duties. This charge, the speaker said, was entirely wrong. In the first place, all men within the draft age in Y. M. C. A. work, even including ministers of the gospel who under ordinary circumstances would be exempt, have to take the same chances of being drafted as other men; that the secretaries at the front have no light jobs, but risk their lives in every way; that the Army Y. M. C. A. is the last thing seen by our soldier boys when they enter the trenches and the first thing they see when they come out of the trenches; that is the duty of the Army Y. M. C. A. men to not only minister to the wants of the wounded as they are passed back to the rear, but to even go into the trenches with sandwiches and hot coffee to strengthen and cheer our nation's defenders.

The speaker said his organization had frequently been attacked for not stressing evangelistic work in the cantonments, but experience had taught them that it was better to go slow along that line, that more good could be accomplished through kindness and example, persistent and constant under all circumstances than in any other way. This point was illustrated in some interesting human interest stories that was part of the speaker's experience in his work The home, the church and the school formed the work of the Red Triangle, and the Y. M. C. A. was not neglecting any of the three lines. To illustrate how they endeavored to keep the home fires burning the speaker told of a young man who came to him with a request if a letter came to him from Wilkesbarre to be sure that it was sent to him.

Auditorium, Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 12. President Wilson made a personal and eloquent appeal here today for the full support of organized labor for the government in the conduct of the war. Speaking before the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor, he declared that the war could not be won unless all elements cooperate.

The president paid warm tribute to Samuel Gompers, president of the federation and virtually called upon the federation to give him support. He denounced pacifists who were hindering the conduct of the war.

Discussing Germany, the president declared Germany had started the war and that he was willing to await the verdict of history on that statement.

The creation of new instrumentalities for better cooperation between labor and capital was one statement by the president which was of prime interest to the delegates to the convention.

The president alluded to the present war as the last decisive issue between the old principles of power and the new principles of freedom.

"I believe," he said, "that the spirit of freedom can get into the hearts of Germans and find as fine a welcome as it can find in any other heart. But the spirit of freedom does not suit the hearts of the Pan-Germans."

"You know," he continued, "how many intimations come to us from one of the central powers that it is more anxious for peace than the chief central power and you know that the people in that central power know that if the war ends as it stands, they will be vassals of Germany, notwithstanding the fact that their populations are composed by all the people of all that part of the world, and notwithstanding that this is contrary to their interests."

Referring in another part of his speech to the Russian situation, the president said:

"May I not say it is amazing to me that any group of people should be so ill informed as to suppose as some groups in Russia apparently suppose that any reform plan in the interest of the people can live in the presence of a German powerful enough to undermine or overthrow them by intrigue or force?"

The president referred to the sending of Colonel House to Europe as having sent "a greater lover of peace than any man in the world, but I did not send him to negotiate peace. I sent him not to talk peace, but to learn how the war can be won."

Taking up the labor question, President Wilson said:

"If we are true friends of freedom, we will see that power and productivity of the country are kept at maximum. Nobody should be allowed to stand in the way. The government will not keep them from doing this, but the people will!"

The president appealed for cooperation. He said he would like to see all critics deported.

"We must get down to business and every one must do the right thing. Never show ourselves Americans by going off in separate groups to talk by ourselves, but cooperating together."

The president denounced organizations which he said are trying to destroy the law but in every case they should be dealt with justly. "I am opposed to our taking the law into our hands, as much as I dislike the activities of that kind. The man who takes the law into his own hands is not the man to cooperate. We must not only take common counsel, we must take common action."

To the convention he said: "I am with you if you are with me," explaining that he did not want cooperation with himself, but with the government of the United States.

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG AT PASTIME TOMORROW
Don't fail to see Clara Kimball Young at the Pastime tomorrow, Tuesday, November 14th in "Deep Purple." The most thrilling adventures ever known to have been experienced by a country lass, are those portrayed in this great screen triumph. "The Deep Purple." Clara Kimball Young as Doris Moore, in this production, has excelled all previous efforts to attain screen perfection. This wonderful stage success, which played on Broadway for over two years, gives her ample opportunity to display her ability as a screen star. It is a play that opens with a touch of human midnight, but it ends beautifully with the sunrise of eternal love.

Italians Foil Efforts of Enemy to Outflank Them; Another Menace Removed

By the Associated Press. Headquarters in Northern Italy, Nov. 11.—The enemy's efforts to outflank the Italian line, the war office announced today.

AUSTRIANS CHECKED

By the Associated Press. Rome, Nov. 12.—The Italians have resisted the enemy everywhere along the northern front, along which the Austrians are attempting to outflank the Italian river line, the war office announced today.

On the plain there is brisk fighting across the Piave river.

Enemy activity on the plains was checked.