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REVOLUTION SPREADS TO OTHER GERMAN CITIES

Reports to Neutral or Allied States Show German People Are Taking Affairs Into Their Own Hands—Good Order Generally Marks Spread of Democracy

By the Associated Press.

Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—The uprising in northwestern Germany, according to the only direct news from Germany early today, is reported to have spread to Hanover, Oldenburg and other cities. Generally the revolt is not attended by serious disturbances. Reports from the Danish border town of Vandrup say that all is quiet in Schleswig, but that further disturbances are reported to have occurred in Hamburg.

COUNCILS IN BAVARIA

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—Kurt Eisner, a Munich newspaper man, and prominent in Socialist circles, is leader of the revolution which has broken out in the Bavarian capital, according to reports reaching Paris. Some reports designate him as president of the Bavarian republic, which has been proclaimed. Eisner, the adviser adds, has organized the workmen and soldiers into councils similar to those in Russia.

AMERICAN SURGEONS SHOW FINE TRAITS

By the Associated Press.

With the American armies in the field, Oct. 14.—War has not dulled or dulled the sensibilities of the American army surgeons. Nothing stands out finer or nobler than the tender care and earnest solicitude with which American military doctors handle their soldier patients.

In a three-day trip through the Saint Mihiel sector the correspondent of the Associated Press had many opportunities of observing the work of the American medical men. He visited a number of field dressing stations and also several hospitals just back of the battle line, through which hundreds of wounded Americans were passing.

Disabled American soldiers, from the time their wounds are dressed at the advance casualty station to the time they arrive at the last base hospital, receive the most sympathetic and tender care at the hands of the army doctors. They get better care and more attentive treatment than an average person would in peace times. To render the soldier free from pain, to make him comfortable, to cheer his spirit, the American military doctor will exhaust every resource, will sacrifice sleep and food and all personal thought of himself.

Thousands of instances occur every day where army physicians, so absorbed and so sympathetically interested in their patients, will keep night after night an anxious and unbroken vigil over the progress of their condition, and will rest only when ordered to do so by a superior officer.

Besides the use of anaesthetics the Yankee doctor, caring for his fighting comrade only as he would care for a brother, resorts to a hundred other means of relieving the wounded men's distress. In the actual battle zone he has to act as physician and nurse, for no women are permitted in the front lines. It is always impressive to see the gentle, cautious way he paces his patients in bed, the infinite pains he takes to cause them as little suffering as possible when applying or removing dressings, and how kindly and reassuringly he speaks to them.

The ambulance drivers and stretcher bearers spare no pains to see that the sick and wounded in transit from the front over broken French roads suffer no hardship or discomfort.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Shuford and Mrs. Fred Abernethy spent yesterday in Charlotte.

German Forces Are Severed

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Capture of Maubeuge by the British, General March said today, marked the definite severance of the last German artery to that sector of the west front and will make it impossible for the enemy to shift his forces to meet the new attacks.

Summarizing the allied successes since the inauguration of the forward movement, General March pointed out that the Germans have been pushed farther 64 miles from Paris and the territory they occupied has been reduced to less than 5,000 square miles. The Americans

MUST SURRENDER FRENCH VIEW TODAY

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—French opinion which is remarkably restrained and conservative is unanimous in the view that Germany will capitulate between now and Monday. There is no tendency to exaggerate happenings in Germany, but it is felt that the Germans have had enough to make it imperative for the government to make peace at the earliest possible moment.

While Germany is reflecting on the peace terms, Marshal Foch's armies were delivering hammer blows and a collapse of the German armies is not impossible.

There were signs of a new retreat from the Scheidt yesterday and in front of the French on the Meuse over a front of 15 miles the Germans are moving.

The alternative for Germany is armistice or invasion—not evasion.

NO WORD HEARD AT NATIONAL CAPITAL

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 9.—So far the American government was advised late today no word has been received by Marshal Foch since the courier from the German envoys started last night with the armistice terms with instructions to report back at 11 o'clock Monday.

SOCIALISTS WAIT FOR SIGNING TERMS

By the Associated Press.

Berne, Nov. 9.—The German Socialists decided not to carry out at noon today their threat to withdraw from the government if Emperor William had not abdicated. Instead they extended the time limit in consideration of an eventual armistice.

ADMIRAL SIMS WAS AT BIG CONFERENCE

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—Vice Admiral Sims, commander of the American naval forces in the war zone, was present at the first interview between Marshal Foch and the German armistice mission yesterday.

German Forces Are Severed

have made an advance of many miles on the Meuse front.

General March characterized the publication of the erroneous signing of the armistice as very bad for the military program of the United States. For instance, he said in New York, the stevedores who were engaged in loading very essential supplies for the expeditionary force stopped work and did not return on that day or the next day and army food stores were very much delayed.

In commenting on the situation, General March said that the American army would remain in France some time after peace is signed.

EXPECT COURIER RETURN WITH ANSWER

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—4:30 A. M.—It is probable that the German reply to the allied terms for an armistice will be brought back by the same courier that took them to German headquarters at Spa yesterday. Under the circumstances it is believed the reply cannot be delivered before the middle of this afternoon at the very earliest.

The German government, however, may use the wireless in case the plenipotentiaries at Marshal Foch's headquarters are authorized to sign the terms.

MAX HAS RESIGNED

London, Nov. 8.—Prince Maximilian of Baden, the imperial German chancellor, has resigned, according to a German wireless dispatch picked up here last night.

The wireless says that Prince Maximilian tendered his resignation in view of the altered parliamentary situation, but that acceptance of it is still outstanding.

QUICK COMMUNICATION WITH LONDON SOON

By the Associated Press.

London, Nov. 9.—"America will become within reach of England in a day and a half and the time will come when an Englishman in New York will see his London paper the morning after publication," said Handley Page the airplane constructor, recently.

He prophesied that immediately on the declaration of peace it would be possible to begin an air service between Marseilles and London with a single stop at Paris for an overhaul and taking in gasoline. Mr. Page continued: "Constantinople could be reached in twenty-four hours, Rome in twelve and a half hours, and Marseilles in eight," he said.

"An 800 mile service could be run at a profit, both for mails and passengers, at a rate but little in excess of that at present in force. "I base my calculations on the use of a medium-sized machine making non-stop flights of 400 miles. Each would carry 4,400 pounds of revenue earning load. There would be first-class aerodromes at each end of the route, and another in the middle. Second-class aerodromes would be provided every 100 miles.

"A minimum service of six machines each way per day could be provided for a capital of under \$500,000. The annual cost would be under \$600,000."

ALL SUNDAY WORK STOPPED BY NAVY

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The navy department today issued an order discontinuing until further notice all Sunday work at short stations of the navy. The order becomes effective tomorrow.

Secretary Daniels said the order was issued to save the men from the strain of seven days a week, now that production has exceeded requirements. He added that if production should again fall off he would restore the Sunday working.

GREAT BRITAIN REFUSES TO RECOGNIZE TRANSFERS


London, Nov. 9.—Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, minister of blockade, announced that reminders had been sent to the governments of neutral countries that the British government had always declined to recognize any transfers of enemy tonnage made during the war, and that the neutral governments had been warned. His majesty's government would refuse to recognize either during or after the war any such transfer to neutral flag or ownership made before the final conclusion of peace except with special consent.

The British government, the minister said, holds that the allies have a claim against the shipping of the central powers in view of their illegal submarine campaign and they do not intend to allow their claim to be defeated or prejudiced by any such transfer.

PRINCE MAX MAY BREAK THE NEWS

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—It is regarded probable in well-informed circles that Prince Maximilian will today communicate the terms of the armistice to a committee of reichstag leaders and will himself convey their vote to authorize the plenipotentiaries to sign the armistice.



"It gives me the greatest pleasure to testify that the work has been conducted upon the broadest lines of service, not merely to the gallant soldiers of the army of the great Republic of the West, but to all they could assist. The high quality of character of those conducting this work needs no praise, but I affirm that in my opinion it would have been impossible to have afforded the boys that inspiration and succor they need—and which they so richly deserve—without your efforts."

—A. Lloyd George
Prime Minister of Great Britain

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

FOR THE BOYS OVER THERE

Allied Troops March Ahead

By the Associated Press.

While the German government is considering the allied armistice terms, the British, French and Americans are carrying on successfully the task of freeing French soil of the invaders.

On the north the British have captured the fortress of Maubeuge and driven the Germans into Belgium. Along the Scheidt in Belgium, where the British hold part of Tournai, Field Marshal Haig's men have crossed the river on a nine-mile front north of Tournai.

General Petain's armies, who hold the center of the allied advance, continue their march toward the Belgian frontier south of Maubeuge. The French have driven the Germans from all the natural defenses of the Franco-Belgian border and if their advance is maintained as during the last two days they will have the Germans out of France by night.

East of the Meuse the American troops are marching towards Montmedy and the Briey iron fields. The forward movement is on a front north and south of Damvillers. Further north towards Sedan there has been only artillery and machine gun fighting.

Reports from Germany are that the revolutionary movements continue to spread, especially in the northwest.

Emperor William, while refusing to abdicate, has asked Prince Maximilian to retain office until the emperor reaches a decision of his future course. Apparently the emperor fears the conditions that might result should the chancellor resign.

EMPEROR REQUESTS MAX TO HANG ON

By the Associated Press.

Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—Emperor William has not accepted the resignation of Prince Maximilian of Baden, the German imperial chancellor, according to advices today from Berlin.

The emperor, who has been thoroughly informed by the chancellor regarding the general situation, the message adds, has asked Prince Maximilian to continue holding the office provisionally until the emperor's choice of a successor is ready.

NEW YORK COTTON

By the Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 9.—The cotton market showed continued nervousness and irregularity this morning. The opening was 32 points lower to 15 points higher, with near months easier under liquidation, but prices almost immediately rallied. The close was steady.

	Open	Close
December	28.70	29.40
January	28.15	28.75
March	27.80	28.35
May	27.60	28.00
July	27.35	27.70
Hickory Cotton	28	1-2c

WEATHER FORECAST

For North Carolina: Fair in east and probably local rains tonight and Sunday in the west portion. Warmer tonight in the east portion; colder in the west portion Sunday; gentle south winds.

HOW GERMAN DELEGATES WERE GIVEN CONDITIONS

Envoys Met Marshal Foch in Railroad Car and Heard Him Read Allied Demands—Request For Suspension of Hostilities Flatly Refused—Place of the Meeting.

QUARANTINE NOT RAISED HERE FOR WHILE

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Germany's armistice delegates were met by Marshal Foch yesterday morning at 9 o'clock in a railroad car in which the commander of the allies has his headquarters, according to the Petit Parisien.

When the German envoys had met the marshal and Mathias Erzberger, speaking in French, had announced that the envoys had been authorized to act for Germany and they in turn had been assured that Marshal Foch was vested with authority, the conference proceeded to business.

Marshal Foch then read the terms in a loud voice, dwelling upon each word. The Germans were prepared by semi-official communications for the terms as a whole, but hearing set forth in detail the concrete demands seemed to bring to them for the first time the realization of the extent of the German defeat. They made a few observations, merely pointing out the difficulties in the way of carrying out quite secondary clauses.

Then Erzberger asked for suspension of hostilities in the interest of humanity. This request Marshal Foch flatly refused. The delegates having received permission to send a courier to Spa and communicate to that place by wireless withdrawal.

Marshal Foch immediately communicated his notes to Premier Clemenceau.

The German delegates are lodged in a country mansion at Rethondes, six miles east of Compiègne, and 30 miles from Marshal Foch's headquarters.

YANKEES WREST HIGH GROUND FROM HUN

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Wrestling from the enemy his hold on the heights east of the Meuse is reported by General Pershing in his Friday evening communique. Large captures of ammunition are noted.

American aviators carried out bombing raids behind the enemy lines. Four enemy airplanes and three balloons were destroyed.

THREE ARE KILLED IN TRAIN COLLISION

By the Associated Press.

Aurora, Ill., Nov. 9.—A train bearing hundreds of soldiers from Camp Grant to witness the football game at Chicago with the Camp Taylor squad was wrecked in a head-on collision with a passenger train near here early today. Three dead have been taken from the wreck. The injured will number 20, officers say.

SOCIALISTS ALLOW KAISER MORE TIME

By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Diplomatic dispatches through Switzerland today say official German information shows that the Socialists are delaying steps to force the emperor's abdication pending signing of the armistice.

AMERICANS GO FORWARD

By the Associated Press.

London, Nov. 9.—The British forces have captured the fortress of Maubeuge, Field Marshal Haig announced today.

FRENCH RESUME MARCH

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 9.—The French armies this morning resumed their forward march along the entire front, the war office announced today.

QUARANTINE NOT RAISED HERE FOR WHILE

By the Associated Press.

City council last night suspended indefinitely the date for the raising of the quarantine in Hickory on account of the presence of Spanish influenza, but it is hoped that the ban may be lifted by the first of the week. This action was taken because the epidemic had obtained a new hold in this community, 31 cases being reported on Thursday and Friday. When the crowds began pouring into Hickory on Tuesday to vote and the men mingled together as if there had been no danger, it was realized that the danger, which had been almost entirely eliminated through carefulness, had returned through carelessness. This fear was realized in the reports to the health authorities.

Hickory pastors had made preparations for reopening the churches tomorrow and Superintendent Carver had arranged for the school's to reopen on Monday, but these plans will be deferred for several more days. It is believed, however, that conditions will again become normal in a few days and that the quarantine can be lifted in at least another week.

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Allied Armies Resume Drive

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