

# Lincoln County News

VOL. IX.—NO. 92

LINCOLN, N. C. THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 18, 1915.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

## BOARD ALDERMEN MET LAST MONDAY

Considering the Assessment Matters. Adjourned To Meet Nov. 29.

The City Aldermen were in special session last Monday night in the Mayor's office. A portion of the evening was consumed in consideration of the matter of the assessment of abutting property owners for permanent street improvement in districts 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. A protest was presented to the board signed by many of the property owners in the above assessment districts. The protest was addressed to the mayor and Board of Aldermen of the town of Lincoln and was as follows: "The undersigned abutting property owners, lying along the streets embraced in said districts and indicated as to which district by figures opposite our respective names, respectfully enter our protest and show, why said assessment should not be made. First, The assessments as made by you in said respective districts, are erroneous, excessive, made improperly and amount to more than allowed or prescribed by law, therefore an improper charge against the abutting land owners. Second—That in making said assessment, no allowance has been made for the ten thousand dollars turned over by the Road Commission of Lincoln county, to be used in the improvement of the two roads leading through Lincoln connecting the sandhills roads worked into town by the Road Commission, as provided by Chapter 788, Public-Local Laws 1915, which amount should be deducted before assessing the abutting land owners, thereby giving to said land owners, the pro-rata share of which they are entitled. The above districts being within the prescribed limits of which by Chapter 788, Public-Local Laws 1915, the said ten thousand dollars, was to be expended upon the roads, and upon which the ten thousand dollars should be expended and be deducted before calculation of assessments against abutting property owners. Third, The extra work, brick, basins and piping charged, is not a proper charge against property owners, and is erroneous, as it is the duty of the town to take care and give proper drainage for all-water accumulating along its streets and no charge to property owners to convey or care for water accumulated upon road way. Fourth, Error has been made in the amount of excavations charged, amount too large. Fifth, Except also to the amount yardage of asphalt, too large. Wherefore pray, that a proper assessment be made and the property owners be charged only with such amount as authorized and directed by law, and to that end the Board of Aldermen make re-calculation and allow to the property owners the proper assessment, making the deductions as herein prayed."

This protest was discussed by Capt. C. E. Childs for the property owners and City Attorney Jonas and by several of the property owners present. After much explaining and discussion the property owners present at the meeting said they would withdraw "Section Two" of the protest relating to the \$10,000 received from the road fund.

The Board then took a recess until Monday night, Nov. 29, at which time the city engineer is instructed to present an accurate, corrected list of assessments against abutting owners along the five improvement districts for final adoption. It was also further ordered that the engineer submit to each property owner who has filed protest, the final assessment before said meeting to the end that corrections, if any, may be made by the engineer. Provided if any such property owner is dissatisfied with the engineer's assessment, he be given a hearing at said meeting of the board.

## GOVERNOR'S THANKING PROCLAMATION.

That this State is buoyant with hope and looking forward with ennobling faith to greater achievements, is the declaration of Gov. Craig in his Thanksgiving proclamation, issued Saturday. Calling on the people to fittingly observe the day for our many blessings, the Governor says: "According to our means we must provide for the fatherless, children and widows and all who are desolate and oppressed, for if we do not we are unworthy of our own good fortune. Let us on this day dedicate ourselves with renewed energy to the work laid off for each of us, and call ourselves to the realization of our obligations as neighbors and citizens, that we may strive with faith and earnestness for the high social order, whose law is perfect justice. Let us in humility and gratitude remember that we have been spared while the world is consumed by war. We should pray to the lands now stricken by desolation and death, the beneficence of peace may be restored and the power of righteousness exalted in all the earth."

At Aviston, Ala., Sunday, Miss Ella Fletcher, 37 years old, while at Sunday school heard that Mrs. M. Eason had been talking about her. She got out a pistol and went after Mrs. Eason. The latter is not expected to live and Miss Fletcher is in jail.

## WHAT WE OWE THE LORD

Dr. Livingston Johnson on Theme "How Much Owest Thou My Lord?"

The question of stewardship is a burning one and, I trust, will become more so until the Christian world comes very much nearer to a proper appreciation of its responsibility to God.

At the Laymen's Convention which was held in Chattanooga a year ago, there hung above the platform a banner bearing this motto: "Christianity's supreme task in America, is to Spiritualize a Commercial Age."

The only way to accomplish that supreme task is to bring Christianity to a realization of its obligation of stewardship. "How much owest thou my Lord?" is the question I desire to press upon every leader. My personal opinion is that a tenth of one's income should be the minimum. Having made bold to answer the question, it is incumbent upon me to give my reasons for this belief.

What the Scriptures Say. I believe the Scriptures teach it. Let us see what God's word says on the subject.

(a) It is clearly taught in the Old Testament, Malachi 3:8 "Will a man rob God? Yet ye have robbed me, even this whole nation. And then follows the promise: "Bring ye all the tithes into the store-house, and prove me herewith, saith the Lord, if I will not open you the windows of heaven, and pour you out a blessing, that shall not be room enough to receive it."

I suppose none will deny that the duty of giving a tenth is unmistakably taught in the Old Testament, but there are many who say it is no longer of binding force, that it passed out with the Mosaic Dispensation, that we live under a dispensation of grace, and are, therefore, not bound by the requirements of the law.

Let us look into these objections for a moment. In the first place, the requirement to give a tenth antedates the Mosaic Law. In Genesis 14:20 we have the first mention of tithing, Abraham met Melchisedec, King of Salem, who was Priest of the most high God, and Abraham gave him a tenth of all. So you cannot stop with Moses in your search for the origin of tithing, you must go back at least as far as Abraham. Indeed, I should not wonder if tithing began with Adam, the father of the race. It is true that tithing was incorporated in the Mosaic Law, but it didn't have its origin there. If it is said that it passed away with the ceremonial law, I answer it was not a ceremonial, but a moral law. All laws that were merely ceremonial did pass away, but moral laws, such as marriage, the Sabbath and, indeed, all the decalogues, were brought over into the new dispensation. Christ said he did not come to destroy the law, but to fulfill it.

The New Testament. (b) Tithing is recognized and approved, if not distinctly taught in the New Testament. Christ said to the Pharisees, "Ye tithe anise and rue and cummin, and have omitted the weightier matters of the law, judgment, mercy and faith. These ought ye to have done and not to leave the other undone." He commended them for tithing the vegetables or herbs that grew in their gardens, but rebuked them for neglecting the weightier and more important matters of the law. "These ought ye to have done." When Christ says "ought" that imposes an obligation that should not be regarded lightly. This is the New Testament, mark you, and is the language of our Lord himself.

In Hebrews 7:1-10 Melchisedec is said to be a type of Christ. His greatness is shown from the fact that Abraham, the patriarch, gave to him (Melchisedec) a tenth of the spoils. Now the argument is that if Melchisedec, who was a type of Christ, received this honor at the hands of Abraham, how much more worthy in Christ, the great anti-type, to receive honor and sacrifices at the hands of his people. If Melchisedec received tithes of Abraham, Christ should surely receive tithes of us, for he is our high priest, "not after the law of a carnal commandment, but after the power of an endless life."

Ribby very pertinently asks, "Why does the Apostle here introduce the question of tithes at all if it be not essential to the proof of Christ's superiority over the sons of Levi?"

(c) Those who live under the new dispensation are not free from law. In the New Testament, grace does not mean anarchy. Permit me her quotation from Ribby: "It is idle to say that the moral law does not comport with the liberty of the Gospel, for the law is anlaw to no man that loves it, and he has never tasted real gospel liberty who does not delight in the precepts of his Maker. He who fears the law, is the only slave to it, while he who loves it is the only free-born son of God. Hence Christian liberty is the freedom to do what is morally right under the constraining power of moral motives, with love as the great underlying principle. Hence, while the Christian is not under law, the law is not under him; it is yet true that he has no more liberty to break the Sabbath, or to take God's name in vain, or shed from man, or rob God in either and offerings than the Jew. His liberty consists in keeping the law, without the coercive power of the penalties, or the hope of its righteousness."

## KITCHIN FEARS PRO-GRAM WILL SUCCEED

BY BIG MAJORITY.

Washington, Nov. 16.—Representative Claude Kitchin, majority leader of the House, who opposes the Administration National defense program, has declared to a constituent his belief that it will succeed by an overwhelming majority.

In a letter today written by Representative Kitchin to Charles L. Coon, of Wilson, N. C., the new majority leader says: "I shall oppose the big Army and Navy program with all the earnestness and power I possess. However, my fear is that the President will push it through by an overwhelming majority. In the first place, practically all the Republicans will vote for it. In the second place, although I know that the convictions of four-fifths of the Democrats are opposed to it, many of them—I fear a large majority—will fling away their convictions on this question to please the President and do his will, as I have seen them do it on two or three occasions before."

Representative Kitchin declares that the program "at one bound, in one year increases our naval appropriations more than our total increase for the last 14 years; our total increase by Germany the whole 15 years preceding the European war, and more than the combined increase of all the Nations of the world in any one year of their history."

The North Carolina Congressman asserts that "this sudden, radical and stupendous move for war preparation is going to shock the civilized world, and whatever be the outcome of the present war, will alarm the world again into an armed camp."

## BOOKER T. WASHINGTON DEAD

Booker T. Washington, noted negro leader and educator, is dead at Tuskegee, Ala., of hardening of the arteries. He had been in failing health for months but only recently became seriously ill and last week hurried from the north that he last night died at home.

Washington was born in slavery in Virginia in 1857 or 1858. He was an ambitious boy and saved his money, working his way through school. In 1881 he organized an industrial school for negroes at Tuskegee and has since remained principal of the institute he founded. He did a great work for his race and stood forth as the champion of the idea of industrial education for negroes.

There's plenty of room at the top, unless you happen to be a steep climb. It will not do, of course, to hold that all who practice tithing will succeed in business for such is not the case, some fail. But not one has ever failed because he tithed, his failure was due to some other cause. He may make bad investments (though according to the business man whose opinion is given above, he is not so likely to do it as a man who does not tithed), or he may place confidence in men who prove to be unworthy of his confidence; but for failure on account of these things tithing is not responsible. There are many more failures, proportionately, among those who do not tithed than there are among those who do.

The reason we regard giving as such a hardship and speak of it as a great sacrifice is because we do not set aside a definite per cent of our income as the Lord's and feel that we have no more right to appropriate it to our own use than we have to appropriate the property of our neighbor. That is why it is well for us to have a certain place which we know is the Lord's treasury into which to put a tenth of all that comes into our hands.

Wade Greatly Increase Our Gifts. From last year's associational minutes we learn that \$900,000 in round numbers were given by the white Baptists of North Carolina. Suppose we would make our gifts aggregate \$1,000,000. This includes home expenses as well as contributions to benevolent objects.

According to the government report the average income of the people of the United States is \$170. That includes children who are under the producing age. If only those who are producers were counted it is estimated that the average income would be \$300. Every one who is old enough to be a member of a Baptist church is a producer. Now if North Carolina is an average state, the income of our people is \$300 each year. There are in the state 245,000 white Baptists. At \$300 each the total income would be \$73,500,000. A tenth of that would be \$7,350,000. That is to say, if we should make the tenth the minimum, we would give seven times as much as we gave last year. Instead of making the tenth the minimum we are giving but one-seventh of one-tenth.

Note: There is a question in the minds of a good many as to what constitutes a tenth, whether it is to be taken out of the net or gross income. I should say after the necessary expense of production is eliminated, one tenth of the remainder should be given to the Lord. For instance, if a farmer owns his land it is proper for him to deduct the cost of hired labor, fertilizer and feed for his stock. If he does not own his land he should deduct the rent also. He should not deduct anything for his own labor, or for the maintenance of his family. This principle can be applied to every branch of business.

## SHORT NEWS ITEMS

Seven moonlight schools are being conducted within four miles of Chapel Hill, the seat of the University, by University students.

Mr. Stanley, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Kentucky, won by about 300 votes. The Republicans concede his election, which makes it safe.

A proposal to charter American-owned ships manned by American flag, to bring out of Rotterdam millions of dollars worth of goods detained there on account of the British order-in-council, has been submitted to the State Department by a New York syndicate headed by Jules E. Bernard.

Growing reports continue to come from Mexico of better conditions and hope is held out that, notwithstanding Villa's opposition, Gen. Carranza will soon pacify the country. That's encouraging, but better let about too soon.

The Panama exposition at San Francisco will close without fail December 4.

H. W. Miller, who brought suit against the town of Concord on the ground that a sewer emptying into a creek damaged his land, was awarded \$500 after the jury had wrestled over the matter 31 hours. Town appealed. Ten similar suits are pending.

James Sprunt and W. H. Sprunt of Alex. Sprunt & Son, large option exporters of Wilmington, will give to the Presbyterians of Wilmington a handsome church in the eastern part of the city, as a memorial to their parents. The edifice will be either of brick or stone and will cost many thousands of dollars. The church is for a new congregation to be organized.

Eighty-four rural school children will attend the sessions of the Teachers' Assembly in Raleigh, Thanksgiving week. They will be used in demonstration schools to illustrate methods of teaching to the members of the assembly by the experts in charge. These children will come from McDowell, Johnston, Northampton, Alamance, Orange and Granville counties.

Reports received by Revenue Agent W. H. Chapman, says the Greensboro News, disclose the seizure and destruction of 69 illicit distilleries in the Greensboro district during October. Of the total, 35 of these were taken in the fifth North Carolina district, 22 in the fourth North Carolina district and two in the district of South Carolina.

In Shelby last Wednesday evening Isabel Smith cut the throat of her husband, John Smith, with a razor and John died in a short time. Both colored. The Smiths had frequent domestic arguments, due to free use of booze, it is alleged, and according to the testimony John had caressed Isabel with a chair just before she embraced him with the razor.

Arthur Barrett, a young white man was arrested in Salisbury, a few months ago as a hobo and it developed after his arrest that he was wanted for postoffice robbery in New Hanover county. In the Federal court at Wilmington last week he pleaded guilty and was sentenced to Atlanta Federal prison for a year and a day.

The body of Father Benoit F. Favard, the priest who mysteriously disappeared from St. Joseph's colored Catholic school in Norfolk, Va., on the morning of November 5, was found floating in the river at Norfolk Sunday morning. As there were no marks of violence on the body it is supposed to be a case of suicide. The priest was native of France and had brooded much over the ruin caused by the war.

Col. W. J. Bryan, who has filled several dates in North Carolina within the past week talked to a Greensboro audience Sunday night about the First Commandment. Monday night he spoke in Charlotte.

It is announced that a military training camp for civilians will be established in North Carolina early next year, similar to the one conducted at Plattsburg, N. Y., last summer when men in all walks of life attended and learned of war tricks.

A three-million dollar fire in a Pennsylvania steel mill making supplies for the allies; countless accidents and explosions and fires aboard ship, and various and sundry other things indicate the activity of foreign spies and agents in this country; and a former Austrian minister to San Francisco has declared that Austrian consuls in this country are taking orders from the Austrian consul general and the German ambassador, in a nationwide war on American industries.

Wade Holman Goch, wealthy capitalist of Clarksville, Va., who only a few days ago wedded Miss Margaret Radcliffe of Lexington, N. C., shot and killed himself in the presence of his bride on a train near Weimar, Texas, Sunday morning. No cause is assigned.

William S. Battle, aged 93, a prominent citizen of Turboro, died last week. He was a member of the Legislature several terms and was in that body when North Carolina cast her lot with the Confederacy. He was the father of Dr. S. Westray Battle of Asheville.

## FROM THE WAR ZONE

London, Nov. 16.—With the increasing gravity from the Allies' viewpoint of the military situation in Serbia, Greece's attitude toward the armies of the Entente Powers has become a matter of the deepest concern, and an effort is being made to induce the Greek Government to define its intentions.

It is said that the presence at Saloniki of a large number of French and British warships with transports has made some impression on King Constantine and his advisers. But, with so much at stake, nothing short of a positive guarantee of the safety of the French, British and Serbian troops, should they be compelled by circumstances to retire into Greece, will satisfy London and Paris, the Ministers of which capitals are being strongly supported by the Russian and Italian representatives.

The presence of Lord Kitchener, the British Secretary for War in the Aegean and of Genys Cochin, a member of the French Cabinet, at Athens, it is hoped here, will help to clear up a very complicated situation. The time, however, is short, for the Bulgarians have been strongly reinforced both in central and southern Serbia, and, besides attempting a flanking movement against the Serbians at Babuna Pass, thereby threatening Priepel and Monastir, are opening formidable forces to the French at Gradiak and along the left bank of the Cerina.

Thus far the Serbians are holding the Balbuna Pass, and the French their original position, but the pressure is necessarily being felt by troops who have been fighting for days without cessation.

In the north, the Austro-Germans who have joined hands with Bulgarians west of Nish, are moving slowly and steadily, but doubtfully cautiously owing to the presence of the unbeaten Montenegrins with perhaps other support, harassing them in the west.

A dispatch received tonight from Vienna by way of Zurich says that British and Italian troops are endeavoring to reach the battlefield where the Serbians are awaiting them, but does not say from what point they are coming. The Near East will be watched with considerable anxiety for the next few days.

On the other fronts there is little to report. Both the Belgian and Petrograd statements report quiet generally. On the Stry River, however, the Russians are still fighting for the river crossings.

In the west the weather is wintry and there has been only artillery and mining activities. The ground has hardened however, and attacks which could not be attempted in the mud might soon be possible.

London, Nov. 17.—Both the military and diplomatic situation of the Allies in the Balkans are disquieting, if not critical, a fact which doubtless, led to the visit of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, David Lloyd-George and A. J. Balfour to Paris for a conference with the French Cabinet and General Jore, French commander-in-chief.

The main Serbian army, under General Putnik, operating in the north, is encompassed on every side but one, and being cut off from the south by the Bulgarian advance beyond Tetovo, must depend upon the rough roads through Montenegro and Albania for any supplies from the sea.

In the south the Serbian position is almost as bad. The success of the Bulgarian flanking attack on Babuna Pass and their advance from Velez have prevented the hoped-for junction of the Serbian-French forces. This leaves the Serbians only two lines of retreat, one into Albania, where they may be harassed by unfriendly tribes, and the other across the Greek border, where they are in danger of being disarmed and interned. It is to prevent the latter eventually that the Entente Allies are putting forth every effort and unquestionably this matter has been discussed in Paris by the British and French Ministers.

Like Italy and France, England now demands that Greece shall either join the Allies or translate her benevolent neutrality towards the Entente into a clear declaration that she will attempt to disarm neither the Serbians nor the Allies should they be forced back over her frontier, and that she will afford further facilities for the landing and transport of Allied troops.

## THREE MILLIONS ARE DESTITUTE.

New York, Nov. 16.—Over 3,000,000 persons in Belgium and northern France, mostly women and young children must be clothed and shod by Christmas. If the garments and shoes for these destitute people are not forthcoming at once, their sufferings during the winter will become desperate.

Such is the note of an urgent appeal issued to the people of the United States by the Commission for Relief in Belgium.

## NOTICE TO SCHOOL TEACHERS

Do not fail to attend the teachers' meeting Saturday, Nov. 20, 1915. The meeting will open promptly at ten o'clock. We expect to do some real work in this meeting so come out and profit by it. Very truly yours, L. HERGE BEAM.

## Shower Of Gold Wednesday Evening November 24, 1915

DISTRICT NO. 1.

FIRST PRIZE—\$5.00 For The Highest Number of New Subscriptions Entered By November 24th.  
SECOND PRIZE—\$5.00 For The Second Highest Number of New Subscriptions By November 24th.  
THIRD PRIZE—\$5.00 For The Third Highest Number of New Subscriptions By November 24th.

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THIRD PRIZE—\$5.00 For The Third Highest Number of New Subscriptions By November 24th.

Every day since the contest began new names have been coming in and both districts are represented by the first and finest families in Lincoln and adjoining counties, and any child on the list may feel proud of the company with whom it is associated in this race. This is of course exceedingly gratifying to the News and to the contest management and speaks volumes for the excellent standing this newspaper has in this community.

On Wednesday, November 24th the News will give three five dollar gold pieces in each district for the three largest number of new subscriptions brought in from the beginning of the contest and that time.

Three children in each district will each be given a five dollar gold piece. The prizes, remember, will be given to the children in each district securing the greatest number of new subscriptions up to Wednesday, November 24th inclusive. A six months subscription will count as one subscription the same as if it were for a year, so if you cannot get a friend to pay you for but six months it will count as much as if the subscription were for a whole year, except in the number of votes. A year's subscription counts just three times as many votes towards

the big prize of \$150 at the close of the contest the 22nd of December. However, while you are working for the five dollar gold pieces you are really working for two prizes, as the number of new subscribers will win the five dollar gold pieces, and with every subscription you get votes to help win one of those big prizes December 22.

Get started now. It is not necessary to be a subscriber to the News to enter your child in the contest. If your child's name is not on the published list, phone or write the contest manager, and enter the name now, and get all the information necessary on how to get a part of the \$500.00 in gold the News is giving away before Christmas. You may as well have a part of it as to see your neighbor get it all. Everybody has an equal chance, and then think of the honor there is in having your little one win.

If there is anything you do not understand write the contest manager or, better still, come in person and talk the contest over with Mrs. Joyce.

Do not delay. The ones that get started now and honestly try are going to be the ones to carry off the gold eagles the closing night of the contest.

Three hundred thousand shares of stock, or thereabouts in the Cambria Steel Company were bought in New York a few days ago for approximately \$15,000,000 by Leonard Replogle of Pittsburg, who started his business career when 11 years old as a water boy at less than \$5 a week in the Cambria Mills at Johnstown, Pa. He is now 38 years old.

## Our Candidates

Here are the little kings and queens, the princesses and princes, the dimpled darlings, the chubby lads and wee small lassies from the kingdom of happiness and world of loveliness.

- | DISTRICT NO. 1.  | IRON STATION, N. C.                |
|--|------------------------------------|
| All territory within a radius of a mile each way from the court house. | Master William Joseph Shires, 2200 |
| Miss Sarah Yoder.....2400  | Master Yates King Wilkinson, 11850 |
| Master Ralph Thompson.....1000   | Miss Jennie Elkinson.....2250      |
| Miss Jennie Cooper.....2150  | Miss Sadie Perkins.....2350        |
| Miss Margie Lee Sigmon.....5350  | Master John Caswell Hamrick, 4150  |
| Master Loy Resp.....4400   | DENVER, N. C.                      |
| Miss Rosa Tucker.....2150  | Miss Annie Little.....3550         |
| Miss Anna Bridges.....3050   | Miss Celeste Proctor.....1750      |
| Miss Nina Nixon.....1950   | Miss Sue Eason Killian.....1250    |
| Miss Louise Wetmore.....2400   | Miss Anna Lu Gordon.....2350       |
| Master Ernest Barr.....1500  | Miss Mary Sigmon.....3050          |
| Miss Mabel Ruth Plunk.....1550   | Miss Ruth Nixon.....1350           |
| Miss Jennie Ray.....2250   | Miss Louisa Brown.....2250         |
| Miss Estelle Rudisill.....3200   | Miss Helen Proctor.....3000        |
| Master James Shuford, Jr.....2550                                      | Miss Pinkie Howard.....3050        |
| Miss Ruth Leonard.....1900   | Miss Irene Lineberger.....2500     |
| Miss Sarah Costner.....3250  | Master Clegg Lineberger.....1050   |
| Master Albert Suttle.....1050  | CHERRYVILLE, N. C.                 |
| Miss May Coxe Merritt.....2300   | Miss Mary Lou Spargo.....21500     |
| Miss Radiant Miller.....1400   | CROUSE, N. C.                      |
| Master James Miller.....1050   | Miss Nellie Hoover.....1050        |
| Miss Elizabeth Warlick.....2350  | Miss Avis Estlin.....1450          |
| Miss Elizabeth McLean.....1750   | Miss Nellie Harvey.....1050        |
| Master Ruffin Self.....1050  | Master Guy Beattie.....1050        |
| Master Jack Shuford.....2900   | Miss Lois Carpenter.....12700      |
| Miss Sarah Reinhardt.....1050  | Master Herbert Mullen.....1750     |
| Master Beverly Costner.....1050  | Miss Fabelle Carpenter.....1050    |
| Miss Betty Hayes Burgin.....1750                                       | Master Hal Hempfer.....1050        |
| Miss Margaret Burgin.....2300  | The Hoffman Twins.....1150         |
| Miss Elizabeth Phillips.....1950                                       | HIGH SHOALS, N. C.                 |
| Miss Ida Ford.....2175   | Miss Bertha Glines.....1950        |
| Miss Ida Dye.....1050  | Master Percy Queen.....12450       |
| Master Robert Costner.....20800  | Miss Mary Horvis.....1050          |
| Miss Fannie Sharp.....1650   | Miss Marie Summey.....1050         |
| Master Earl Clement.....1750   | Master Fred Plunk.....1050         |
| Miss Viola Boliek.....1050   | Master Webb Daniels.....2500       |
| Wm. Lee Davidson Johnston.....1650                                     | DALLAS, N. C.                      |

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| Miss Rosa Tucker.....2150  | Miss Annie Little.....3550         |
| Miss Anna Bridges.....3050   | Miss Celeste Proctor.....1750      |
| Miss Nina Nixon.....1950   | Miss Sue Eason Killian.....1250    |
| Miss Louise Wetmore.....2400   | Miss Anna Lu Gordon.....2350       |
| Master Ernest Barr.....1500  | Miss Mary Sigmon.....3050          |
| Miss Mabel Ruth Plunk.....1550   | Miss Ruth Nixon.....1350           |
| Miss Jennie Ray.....2250   | Miss Louisa Brown.....2250         |
| Miss Estelle Rudisill.....3200   | Miss Helen Proctor.....3000        |
| Master James Shuford, Jr.....2550                                      | Miss Pinkie Howard.....3050        |
| Miss Ruth Leonard.....1900   | Miss Irene Lineberger.....2500     |
| Miss Sarah Costner.....3250  | Master Clegg Lineberger.....1050   |
| Master Albert Suttle.....1050  | CHERRYVILLE, N. C.                 |
| Miss May Coxe Merritt.....2300   | Miss Mary Lou Spargo.....21500     |
| Miss Radiant Miller.....1400   | CROUSE, N. C.                      |
| Master James Miller.....1050   | Miss Nellie Hoover.....1050        |
| Miss Elizabeth Warlick.....235   |                                    |