

The Lincoln County News.

LINCOLN, N. C.

Issued MONDAY AND THURSDAY

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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1918



DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For United States Senate
F. M. SIMMONS

For Members of Corporation Commission
Term of Six Years:
GEORGE P. PELL
Term of Two Years
ALEX J. MAXWELL

For Corporation Commissioner
GEO. H. PELL

For Chief Justice Supreme Court
WALTER CLARK

For Justices Supreme Court
PLATT D. WALKER
W. R. ALLEN

For Congress 4th District
E. Y. WEBB

For State Senate
DR. R. B. KILLIAN

County Ticket
For Representative
EDGAR LOVE
For Sheriff
G. LEE HEAVNER
For Clerk of Court
A. NIXON
For Register of Deeds
B. C. WOOD
For Coroner
S. R. WARLICK
For Treasurer
M. L. LEATHERMAN
For County Commissioners
Catawba Springs... O. F. HOWARD
Ironton... D. A. TROUTMAN
Lincolnton... H. J. CROOKS
Howards Creek... J. M. JETTTON
North Brook... G. L. BEAM

THE ELECTION.

The candidates for office in county, State and Nation are before the voters. The voter is the man Tuesday. It is up to him. The campaign has been different from any ever held. The usual speakings were not held, the appeals being made through the newspapers and by letter and in person. There are as usual all kinds of election predictions on the eve of election, but very few predictions are ever correct, only the ballot can tell the correct tale. The New York Herald always makes an election prediction Sunday before election, but of late years, its predictions fail. This year the Herald's political canvass of the country indicates that in the elections to be held next Tuesday the democrats will retain control of the senate by a majority of four, and the republicans will gain control of the house of representatives by a majority of 29. The democrats at present have a majority of eight in the senate, and they now control the house by a plurality of seven. The next Congress as fore-shadowed by the Herald's representatives from every state and congressional district, will stand as follows: Senate—Democrats, 59; Republicans, 46. House—Democrats, 296; Republicans, 229. The present Congress is made up as follows: Senate—Democrats, 52; Republicans, 44. House—Democrats, 214; Republicans, 207; independent, 7. There are seven vacancies, due to death or resignation, in the present house. The total membership of the senate is 96 and the house 435. Both parties are claiming victory in Congressional election. Homer S. Cummings, acting chairman of the democratic national committee, predicted that the democratic majority in the senate would be increased by the vote to be taken in 40 senatorial contests and that the democrats would make gains in the house of from 30 to 60 members. Republicans will control the next house by a majority of 25 members, Representative Fess, of Ohio, chairman of the national republican congressional committee, has declared. While no formal statement was issued by the republicans as to the senatorial contests, leaders of the party predicted that the next senate would be republican by a safe margin. "Our advices from every state point to a sweeping democratic victory," said the statement issued by Chairman Cummings. "The democratic majority in the next senate will be increased and we will control the house by a substantial majority. Reliable estimates of net gains by the democrats range from 30 to 60. The tide is running strongly in our favor, especially in the middle west and far western states, with a pronounced

drift toward democratic candidates in every state." Everywhere the voter is expected to give a Democratic majority, as a vote of confidence in President Wilson, just as the people have backed all of our presidents during a war, and this is as it should be. This issue of the News will be read by many before the election is over, others will read it after they have voted. All should do their duty to their country for the result of the balloting will be watched with as much interest in Europe as at home, for under the leadership of President Wilson, America has taken the lead among the nations in determining the principle which here to guide the destiny of mankind. Put one over for the children by voting for the school amendment. Democrats work and vote for the entire Democratic ticket—County, State and Congressional. Endorse Democracy, thus giving President Wilson a vote of confidence. The ten counties in this Congressional district last election gave congressman Webb a majority of 2,474. The vote in 1916 was for Webb and Greene by counties as follows, Webb vote first and Greene vote second: Avery, 363 and 1,185; Burke, 1,588 and 1,476; Catawba, 2,532 and 2,638; Cleveland, 2,713 and 1,503; Gaston, 2,985 and 2,662; Lincoln, 1,498 and 1,399; Madison, 991 and 1,943; Mecklenburg, 4,489 and 1,212; Mitchell, 432 and 1,318; Yancey, 1,264 and 1,100.

FOLLOWING OUR BOYS OVER THERE.

Let us follow one single soldier on the long road that leads from his front door to far-away France and see how these seven organizations join hands to form a great chain of helpfulness all the way. Stepping Aboard the Train. He steps aboard a troop train that is to carry him to the cantonments. A long, lonesome ride, full of homesick thoughts; but perhaps there is a hand furnished by the Jewish Welfare League or the War Camp Community Service to speed him on his way, and on the train are friends who he had not expected—a Y. M. C. A. or a K. C. secretary—a big, friendly fellow who has traveled for months with other boys just like him, and knows how to help. Arriving at the Cantonment. At the cantonments the evidence that the folks back home are thinking of him lies thick on every side. Here the 750 great honey huts of the K. of C. and the Jewish Welfare League, the Salvation Army, and the Y.—as the soldiers speak of it. Places where he can write letters home, play games at night, witness motion pictures, see hear helpful lectures, attend church service and keep up with his studies under the direction of the best college professors and teachers in the country. Here also are the 85 host-houses of the Y. W. C. A. where mother and sister and sweetheart may make headquarters when they visit. In all these buildings are branch libraries provided by the American Library Association, and filled with books and magazines. In 43 of the large camps and several hundred smaller ones are library buildings, besides, with trained librarians and comfortable reading rooms. Agreements to Prevent Hot Duplication. In the larger camps and cantonments the soldier will find houses of all five of the camp agencies—the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., K. of C., Jewish Welfare League, and Salvation Army—and all full at every hour of the day and evening. In the smaller camps and naval stations the organizations have working agreements which prevent duplication. In such a camp there will frequently be only one hut, with its doors open to all the boys alike. The Soldier's Church. To it on Saturdays and Sundays come the prominent preachers, priests and rabbis to conduct worship, for the hut is the soldier's church and synagogue. There he may have one of the more than 3,000,000 copies of the Scriptures that have been supplied by these agencies, or a half dozen helpful, inspiring booklets on a variety of subjects. The Soldier's Gymnasium. Basketball and other indoor baseball are played in the hut under the direction of one of the 2,000 trained physical directors; for the hut is the soldier's gymnasium. Two motion picture machines are placed on the average camp, and prominent actors and actresses as well as lecturers, cartoonists, and readers are brought out from the neighboring cities, their expenses paid by the organization in charge. The Soldier's College. Classes in French, mathematics, history and business practice are held regularly; for the hut is the soldier's college also; and hundreds of thousands of boys who are eager that these warfare years shall be years of progress are keeping in touch with their studies at night. In short, the soldier finds that all the agencies that made life most pleasant and worthwhile in peacetime are represented under the friendly roof of the hut—the church, the school, the gymnasium, the club, the theater, the lecture hall, and the motion picture theater. SECTIONALISM REVIVED. It is reported that Republican politicians are telling the farmers that President Wilson has fixed the price of cotton so that it will not bring over 31 cents. The price of cotton has not been fixed at all, as those who have "put out the word" know. As a matter of fact, in the West the Republicans are using this very fact to gain votes. They tell the Western wheat grower that while the price of wheat has been fixed the price of cotton has not, which is a discrimination against the Western farmer in favor of the Southern farmer. In fact all through the North and West, the Republican appeal is to sectionalism. It is charged that the South is running the country and that other sections are discriminated against; that the war tax falls heaviest on the North and West. In some instances they have even tried to capitalize the casualty list by claiming that it shows a greater number of casualties among soldiers from the North and West, evidence that men from that section are doing most of the fighting. In their desperation to control Congress, there is hardly any limit to which these Republican politicians will not go.—Statesville Landmark.

REPUBLICAN TACTICS.

The Raleigh Times, advertent to the nature of tactics being pursued by the Republican campaign manager in North Carolina, makes this illuminating comment: "John Morehead's advertisement charging frauds enacted under the absentee voter law is a fair sample of the unintelligent leadership which has characterized the present generation of his party in this State. Every two years the same old farce is enacted: the Republicans start their campaign by assuming all the virtues, but professing their belief in the innate honesty and decency of the Rank-an'-File Democrats; the campaign ends with wholesale charges of fraud and corruption brought against all Democrats. The result is ever the same and will continue to be the same until the cause—no brains—be removed." It is only fair to say that this Republican persistence in reflecting on the intelligence of the people of North Carolina is the maintained policy of Mr. Morehead. But it is fair to say that work for his lieutenants. This is but another "old-time Republican farce," as The Times calls it, only this year it has broadened out to the inclusion of the National party managers, as witness the deception they are attempting in the case of wheat. Cotton, price-fixing, and Roosevelt undertaking to undermine the Administration of the country through partisan appeal. The Republicans are a long time finding out that the people are not to be fooled.—Charlotte Observer.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN NEARLY SEVEN BILLIONS.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Despite peace talk and influenza, American citizens have responded for a fourth time to the government's appeal for war with more than was asked. Total subscriptions of \$6,866,416,300 from more than 21,000,000 individuals is the record of the fourth Liberty loan, as announced today by the treasury, based on careful estimates by the 12 federal reserve banks. The entire \$686,416,300 over-subscription will be accepted and applied to reducing the size of the fifth loan to be offered in the spring. Final figures may send the fourth loan total even higher.

BEWARE OF "SURE CURES" FOR THE "FLU."

Use of vaccines in combatting or treating Spanish influenza has not gone beyond the experimental stage so far as the United States public health service has been able to learn. In a statement the public health service warned the public against any of the "sure cures" being advocated for the malady, which, according to reports, is rapidly subsiding in all army camps and is spreading a lessening incidence among the civilian population in many states. "It must be remembered," said Surgeon General Blue, "that several different vaccines are now being tried. The reports so far received, however, do not permit any conclusion whatsoever regarding the efficacy of these vaccines or their relative merits. "The health service urges the public to remember that there is as yet no specific cure for influenza. The chief reliance must be on medical attention, good nursing, fresh air, nutritious food, plenty of water and cheerful surroundings."

WHAT A NOTED SURGEON THINKS OF WHISKEY.

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, noted surgeon of Baltimore, Md., wrote Governor Bickett a letter endorsing the action of the authorities for not approving the use of whiskey in the influenza epidemic, in which he says: "I am glad you stuck to your guns, and would not sanction the importation of liquor into the State. One might imagine it was a well recognized treatment of influenza and pneumonia from the excitement aroused. Such is not the case. "I don't think any doctor of ability reads the letter, 'today would declare that he was sure that whiskey had ever yet saved a single case. But every man would tell you that he was certain whiskey has caused tens of thousands of cases of pneumonia and the drinker almost always dies when he gets it. "Oiler, in his 1912 'Practice,' says: 'Alcohol is generally advisable to combat 'toxemia' and then, in 'Modern Medicine,' 1913, p. 282, says: 'Collected statistics of patients treated with and without alcohol show a lower mortality when it is withheld (Hay), and even in chronic drunkards immediate withdrawal is better than temporizing. (Gall), forming.' "You see we doctors," concludes Dr. Kelly, "know mighty little about therapeutics. Alcohol as a curative agent is like whipping a jaded horse, but he don't go as far as he might have gone without the whipping."

THIRD OF POPULATION HAS STARVED.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Relief work on a far greater scale than now is being administered by the American Red Cross among the civilian populations of the Holy Land is immediately necessary if thousands of men, women and children are to be saved, said a telegram received at Red Cross headquarters today from Dr. John H. Finley, Red Cross commissioner for Palestine. One-third of the population of Lodi-area had died of starvation and disease due to lack of nourishment, many villages are depopulated and in ruins, and thousands of persons are in direct need as the result of epidemics, prohibitive prices of food and inability to get work, Doctor Finley said.

BULGARIAN TERMS OF PEACE ARE ANNOUNCED.

Amsterdam, Oct. 27.—A dispatch received here from Sofia quotes the Bulgarian semi-official newspaper, Prosveta, as giving the following as the terms of the armistice entered into between Bulgaria and the entente allies: The evacuation of the territories occupied by Bulgaria in 1916 which belonged to Serbia or Greece. Re-establishment of Bulgarian rule in the portion of former Bulgarian territory occupied by troops of the entente, for instance, Strumitza. Demobilization of the Bulgarian army, except three divisions of infantry and four regiments of cavalry. Consignment to the allied army of the arms, munitions and war materials of the demobilized troops. Capitulation by the Bulgarian units stationed westward of Uskub when the armistice is signed, the troops to remain guarded by the entente until further orders. Departure within a month of German and Austro-Hungarian troops, military agencies, diplomatic and consular representatives and persons of their kind. The terms not mentioned in the armistice according to the dispatch.

NURSING OF INFLUENZA.

Springfield Republican.

The lifting of the ban on the use of gasoline on Sundays ends a most interesting experiment which will be long remembered as a precedent. Every car owner who has sacrificed his Sunday ride during the past two months will now be pleased to learn that 1,000,000 barrels of gasoline have been saved for the overseas forces of the United States. Was it not worth while? And how easily it was done! No law enacted to the same end could have brought better results. Voluntary action of the people was in a sense, but when the fuel administration's request was fully understood the mere sanction of a virtually unanimous public opinion became more powerful than any written statute. One could search history in vain for a finer illustration of what a solidified public sentiment can accomplish almost instantaneously.

GERMANS COOK UP THE DEAD BODIES COMRADES.

First Sgt. Robert Rascoe, medical corps, 129th infantry, in a letter to his mother in Reidsville, writes: "I have just returned again from the trenches, and you shall be the first one for me to write. I'm getting along fine and enjoying the best of health. "We had more casualties this time than we've had any time in the lines owing to the fact that every time before we have just held the line and this time we pushed the Boche and gained our offensive. "While the bullets were singing and shrapnel bursting we were back in the aid post helping the brave boys who were wounded. It is a horrible sight to see them with their limbs broken and blown off by bullets and shrapnel and nourishment the patient gets. Yet it is certainly remarkable how these boys talked after being wounded; how they made the Boche run and how they were taken prisoners. "When they brought prisoners back we would carry one of them for stretcher-bearers. We used over 400 of them for this purpose that day. When we put a man on a stretcher after dressing him we would put four Germans to carry him. All we had to do was just show him the path and he would carry the patients back with our boys. "I have heard how the Germans cooked up the dead bodies of their comrades but never believed it until I saw it with my own eyes. We went in a tunnel where they used, and there were dead bodies a numbers of great size pots on a furnace; then there was a body all cut up and in the pots, also the chop block and everything in evidence to show that this barbarous work had been going on without doubt. It is impossible for people like this to win war. It is only a question of time when they will be completely whipped. This is what we are all living for now, so that when this great struggle ends we can return to our homes and loved ones."

BETTER SHOES FOR LESS MONEY PROMISED.

The American people will soon be able to purchase the best fixed minimum and maximum retail prices, lower than those now prevailing and obtain at the same time shoes of better quality. This announcement was made by the war industries board, based in an agreement entered into with the shoe industry. Under the agreement shoes will be standardized as to quality and styles at prices ranging from \$3 to \$12 for men and women groups as follows: Class A, from \$9 to \$12; Class B, \$6 to \$8.50; and Class C, \$3 to \$5.50; proportionate prices for youths' and children's shoes have been fixed in each of the three classes. Manufacturers, jobbers and retailers subscribed to the agreement and retailers will be required to sign a pledge containing the new price scale and display it in their shops. Failure to do so will mean the cutting off of supplies. The manufacturers' pledge provides for standards of quality at the quoted prices.

ACCEPT TERMS, URGE THE GERMAN BANKERS.

Amsterdam, Nov. 2.—German banking and commercial men, after a meeting have sent the government a declaration in favor of acceptance of the entente's armistice conditions, according to the German papers. The declaration presents an argument against those who hope for an improvement of the situation from a continuance of the war and demands measures for facilitating peace, even if sacrifices are required.

CHRISTMAS THIS YEAR.

will mean more than ever to thoughtful people, but it will not be a season for extravagance; only worth-while Christmas presents will be given. For nearly one hundred years The Youth's Companion has been the popular Christmas present. It always has been the best present for so little money, because the paper means so much to the family life and continues to come every week throughout the year. In these serious times The Youth's Companion is worth more than ever. It costs just the same—\$2.00 for 32 issues. It's the best \$2.00 that can be invested in a family and when giving The Companion you give only the best. Don't miss Grace Richmond's great serial, Anne Exeter, 10 chapters, beginning December 12. The following special offer is made to new subscribers for so little money.

OUR GREAT UNLEARNED.

Popular Mechanics. The war has thrust a schoolmaster's task of tremendous proportions on our government. Because there are 5,500,000 persons over 10 in this country who cannot read and write in any language, the secretary of the interior has urged Congress to enact laws to remedy this situation. The figures quoted in this connection are startling. There are nearly 700,000 men of draft age in this country who are illiterate. Aside from the big economic loss which such ignorance entails, there are vital military considerations involved. These men, of whom between 30,000 and 40,000 are already in the army, cannot read the orders posted on the bulletin boards, they cannot read the manual of arms, nor understand signals given by the signal corps in time of battle.

A PATRIOTIC DUTY.

Almost as vital as that of protecting the honor of flag and country, is the duty of protecting and safe-guarding health. When strength is well-nigh exhausted and the resistive powers are reduced, then is the time disease germs are the most potent and when

SCOTT'S EMULSION

affords splendid and effectual means of offsetting the tendency toward weakness and protecting strength. The abundant tonic and unique nourishing properties of Scott's Emulsion make it a dependable agent that may be used everyday, by anyone, to protect strength.

Scott & Bowne, New York, N. Y.

LEONARD'S

Help put Lincoln County over the Top in raising our quota for Army Y. M. C. A. War Work and also see

A WONDERFUL SHOWING OF New Fall Coats and Coat Suits

WOMEN WHO APPRECIATE QUALITY AND STYLE WILL BE QUICK TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE MANY ATTRACTIVE MODELS WE ARE SHOWING. OUR PRICES ARE MUCH UNDER THE LARGER CITIES. WE INVITE YOU TO LOOK THEM OVER. SEE OUR WINDOWS FOR A FEW OF THE NEW MODELS. WE SELL WAR SAVING AND THRIFT STAMPS. BUY THEM FROM US. LET'S GO OVER THE TOP.

Leonard Bros.

MAKE OUR STORE YOUR STORE LINCOLN, N. C.

GLASSES FITTED NOT HOW CLEAR BUT HOW GOOD
BROKEN LENSES DUPLICATED
J. M. Sherrill Co. JEWELERS AND OPTOMETRISTS LINCOLN, N. C.
THE HOME OF RELIABLE GOODS & REPAIR SERVICE

Big Auction Sale

Saturday Nov. 9th

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, ALL MY FARMING TOOLS, GASOLINE AND OIL BURNING ENGINES, MOWERS, BINDERS, HAY RAKES, GRAIN DRILLS, MANURE SPREADER, PEA THRESHER, WHEAT CLEANER, WAGONS AND SOME LIVE STOCK, HARNESS, ONE FAIRBANKS AND MORSE ELECTRIC LIGHTING SYSTEM AND A LOT OF HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

THERE WILL BE HUNDREDS OF USEFUL ARTICLES TO BE SOLD AT THIS SALE AT YOUR OWN PRICE. YOU CANT AFFORD TO MISS THIS SALE.

WHEN I SAY SOLD I MEAN THEY ARE GOING.

Don't Forget the Date--Saturday November 9th.

Sale to Begin at Nine O'clock.

M. H. Hoyle

INSPIRING EXAMPLE.

Lumberton Robesonian.

Mrs. R. P. Byrd, who lives on R. 2 from Fairmont between Center and Hog Swamp churches, came to Lumberton the other day principally to buy \$25 worth of War Savings stamps, and her example, considering the circumstances, is peculiarly inspiring. Mrs. Byrd is 59 years old, and her husband is 70. They live alone and her husband is not able to do any work. By herself, employing no labor except to do the plowing and to help barn tobacco, Mrs. Byrd raised a crop, paid \$800 on the home place, and has money to invest in War Savings stamps. She says she wants to do anything she can to help win the war. An example like that ought to inspire some others of us who perhaps have been putting ourselves on the back to move up a peg and invest more money in helping to win the war.