

MRS. L. W. CLARK TO LEAVE FRIDAY ON TOUR OF WORLD

Will sail from New York Monday Mr. Clark going As far as Cuba

ENTIRE TRIP WILL TOTAL 30,000 MILES

Mrs. L. W. Clark leaves Friday for New York City and will sail Monday on the steamer 'Empress of France' for a cruise around the world. The vessel which has been specially chartered for the trip will carry a party of over 750 with guides and lecturers, making possible a real educational tour. The first stop will be for two days in Havana, Cuba, 1200 miles from New York; then to Colon, another 1,000 miles, and through the Panama Canal to Panama and the Pacific. Two days in San Francisco, after a sail of 3,200 miles from Panama, and from there to Hawaii, another 2,000 miles, visiting both Hilo and Honolulu. The party then goes to Japan, 3,400 miles further west, for two weeks, visiting Yokohama, Tokyo, Nikko, Osaka, Kioto, Kobe and other points of interest and sail from Nagasaki, another 1,500 miles, for a week in China. The steamer will go to Hong Kong but trips inland will be made to Canton where people live practically as they did 3,000 years ago and to other places of interest.

The next stop, 700 miles after leaving Hong Kong, will be in our new possessions, the Philippine Islands and then on to the island of Java, 1,500 miles distant and south of the equator, the most southern point reached on the trip. Sailing north again 500 miles, the next port visited is Singapore on the Malay peninsula. From Singapore to Rangoon in Burma, then another 1,200 miles and after two days the party proceeds to Calcutta in India, 800 miles. The overland trip of three weeks in India perhaps be as full of interest as any part of the tour; visiting Benares, Agra, Delhi and other cities, finally embarking again at Bombay on the west coast of India. The vessel will then sail for Suez, passing through the Red Sea and making 3,000 miles more of its journey home. After a week in Egypt the party sails 1200 miles through the Mediterranean to Naples, the chief port of Italy and from there to Gibraltar and Southampton, England, 2,000 miles nearer to the United States yet 3,000 miles via way of Quebec and Montreal, Canada. Here the voyagers leave the steamer and take the train to New York, the starting point, after a trip of nearly 30,000 miles, lasting almost five months.

Mr. Clark will accompany Mrs. Clark to New York and as far on the trip as Havana, returning by way of Florida, East Coast resorts about February 1st.

MEXICAN MONK PREDICTS THE END OF THE WORLD

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 17.—Considerable anxiety is being shown by the Indian population of the village of Mixcoac, near Mexico City following the recent declaration of Father Genaro Rivera, a Carmelite monk residing there, that the end of the world will come on December 12, 1954.

The monk bases his prediction on highly complex astronomical observations he has been conducting for years, and he asserts that the millennium is a certainty on the date mentioned. Inasmuch as he is a highly respected man of the village, his assertions have caused great excitement among the credulous Indians. Local newspapers have given much prominence to the predictions.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEMORALIZED

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The foreign exchange market is utterly demoralized with operators practically at a standstill.

ENTIRE CREW LOST AT SEA IN STORMS

Report Schooner Capsized in December Gale

NORFOLK, Jan. 18.—Entire crew of eleven men of the schooner Helvetia believed by coast guard officials to have lost their lives when the vessel capsized off the Virginia coast, during heavy storms in December, this was stated the completion of an investigation which started Monday when the Derelict was sighted off the coast and found to be the Helvetia, which left New York December 13, for Charleston South Carolina. Report said it was almost impossible for the crew to have escaped during the heavy gales.

LOCAL BRIEFS RIGHT OFF THE WIRE

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The Board of directors of the Richmond Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad declared a hundred percent dividend obligation.

RICHMOND, Jan. 18.—George P. Coleman resigned as state highway commissioner in order, he said in a letter "I may free to do things I think necessary for proper advancement of highway interest which mean so much to the development of Virginia".

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Negotiations between American and British regarding debt refunding, will be carried forward through the British embassy after the return to London of the commission.

RALEIGH, Jan. 18.—Proposals for the state to provide ship and port commission, and to build a railroad into counties western North Carolina, held chief interest among legislators. The commission was authorized to inquire into railroad proposals was ready to report and the commerce committee held hearings on the ship and port proposals.

MILLION DOLLAR FURNITURE FIRE IN LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 18.—Fire in the warehouse of Barker brothers furniture dealers, did damage estimated at one million dollars. Origin of the fire is undermined.

DRAPER LOSES TO SPRAY IN HOTLY CONTESTED GAME

The Draper "Y" loses a hotly contested game of basketball, with the local Spray "Y" boys, last night 36 to 46.

The game was very clean and fast. Both teams displaying fine team work.

Draper had by far the best team work in the first half. Haiger of the visitors was the star of the first half cutting the net for 10 field goals, a total of 30 points with Demorest accounting for 4 bringing the total to 24 with Draper in the lead.

In the second half the lead was virtually changed with Hodges and Suttentfield forwards and Check center, Patterson and Slayton guards and to say the least those two guards did the trick in the initial period of the play.

Hodges and Suttentfield were going like wild fire accounting for 18 field goals, or 36 points. Hodges was shooting with deadly aim at the little iron circle fastened to the blackboard. He was the high point man with a total of 11 field goals, or 22 points. The game ended 46 to 36 in favor of Spray.

Friends of the game are delighted with the splendid feeling existing between the Central and Draper boys.

ITALIAN SHIP RESCUES CREW OF MONTELLO

(By Associated Press) NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Italian steamship Giuseppe Verdi, wireless that she rescued the entire crew of the freighter Montello yesterday when she was reported sinking.

FORD'S PLAN TO END WAR FOREVER

DETROIT, Jan. 18.—Henry Ford's industrial expansion program is world-wide, not national, in scope and has been undertaken with the underlying motive of educating the people of the world to such a degree and of making them so prosperous "that wars will be ended forever".

This was disclosed today as the motive back of the Detroit manufacturer's desire to extend operations into every part of the world.

Mr. Ford believes that "a busy, prosperous people do not stop work to make war; they go to war only when it is necessary to protect their homes or their ideals when these are menaced by some more idle nation."

"When the time comes that every one, everywhere, has a job, and lasting prosperity has been created as a result, the people of any nation will be too busy to think of war," the manufacturer says. There fore, it is pointed out by those in close touch with him, he is convinced that world industrial expansion bringing with it prosperity for all peoples in all lands, automatically will make war impossible.

The manufacturer is known to believe that the automobile is the agent that will usher in the millennium of world peace.

"When the people of any country get to understand automobiles and use them daily, they will know considerably more about machinery," he declares. "Then, in the course of a few years agricultural machinery will appear in that country. Hundreds of bushels of grain will be produced where only a few were grown before. In many foreign countries, the farmers know nothing of machinery. Probably they will not know it until they have learned to use automobiles."

DANISH PRINCE MUST EARN HIS LIVING

(By Associated Press) COPENHAGEN, Jan. 17.—Prince Aage of Denmark, whose fortune was wiped out in a recent bank failure, has gone to Morocco to earn a living as a major in the French colonial forces. Just before he departed, during the Christmas holidays, he said he was genuinely sorry that he could not take up active business career in his own country. He had never enjoyed anything more, he added, than the job he once held for several months in a foreign branch of a well known American firm, neither his employers nor the other employees knowing his real identity.

In Denmark Prince Aage was called the American prince. His habits and tastes were similar to those characterizing the citizen of the United States. Most of his intimate friends were Americans, and their mode of life was his. Soon after the war the Prince visited the United States, plunged into society, and adopted many American ways.

Recently it was thought desirable to use the Prince in an ambassadorial capacity, but, with his fortune gone, he was unable to accept a post paying only a small income. So he has entered military life, having the reputation of being one of the finest soldiers in Denmark. The Princess Aage and their five years old son have gone to live in Italy at the home of the Princess's father, Count Calvi di Bergolo.

Mr. A. E. Fleming warded off the effects of influenza for several days, but he too had to give up and remain at home Tuesday.

SIX GERMAN COAL OPERATORS TO FACE COURT-MARTIAL

French, Modify their orders Making same apply only to coal mined

SIX DEALERS ARE TO FACE CHARGES

(By Associated Press) ESSEN, Jan. 18.—Ruhr coal operators who thought French were to take over the mines found themselves still in possession of their properties and learned that only the coal mined and above the ground, came under the revised requisitioning orders of the French. Magnates also learned they faced court martial instead of actual arrest for refusal to deliver coal to France. Public opinion in the United States and England is said to have influenced the French to revise their orders.

ESSEN, Jan. 18.—French military instituted court martial proceedings against six Ruhr coal magnates on charges of "refusing to obey military authorities in territory under a state of siege" The names are withheld.

MUST IMPORT CALCIUM OF ARSENATE, FIGHT WEEVIL

(By Associated Press) WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Imports will be necessary to furnish Southern cotton planters sufficient supplies of calcium of arsenate used in fighting the boll weevil, it was said in the joint report of agriculture and interior departments to the Senate in response to the Dial resolution.

SCIENTISTS LOOK TO MADAGASCAR FOR RADIUM

(By Associated Press) LONDON, Jan. 17.—Madagascar has huge uraniferous deposits which are capable of producing in the near future 40 to 60 grains of radium bromide a year, according to Professor Lecroix, secretary of the French Academy of Science. This production would be equal to about half of world's present annual supply.

Ten tons of "betafite", the name given by Professor Lecroix to deposits found in the Betafo district of Madagascar, furnish 15 grains of radium bromide. He adds that the crystals from which the radium bromide is obtained are found conveniently in red earth and may be extracted by washing as is done in the case of gold bearing deposits.

PROHIBITION BILL MAY BE BROUGHT UP NEXT MAY

(By Associated Press) MEXICO CITY, Jan. 17.—The "wets" are breathing a trifle easier now that it is impossible for a "bone dry" bill to be considered by the present regular session of congress which adjourned sine die December 30. Although there was small fear that such a measure would pass the lower house, it was expected in many quarters that the "dry" element, receiving inspiration from certain high officials, would attempt to have such a bill at least brought up for discussion. But other legislation intervened and a new liquor law was forgotten.

It is now considered likely that when congress meets in regular session next May, a prohibition bill will be introduced and the various organizations in the republic dealing with the manufacture and sale of intoxicants are already conducting a vigorous campaign to counteract the "dry" propaganda.

A "bone dry" Mexico is not generally considered here as even a remote possibility, but it is believed that drastic regulation by the poor classes, who obtain a murderous drink known as pulque for a few cents a quart. Pulque has frequently been described as the "curse of Mexico", and legislation to restrict its sale is regarded as necessary.

CHICAGO WILL NOT EMPLOY K. K. S.

(By Associated Press) CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—The City Council went on record today as opposing retaining any members of the Ku Klux Klan on the city payroll.

JACKIE COOGAN MUST PAY ENORMOUS TAX

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 18.—Of the half million dollars Jackie Coogan, child film actor said to have received as a bonus for signing a contract with the metro corporation, \$260,720 will go to government as income tax, according to figures made public by the internal revenue collector. Figures did not include tax on Jackie Coogan salary of \$1250 a week or his share of six ty percent net profits of films in which he is starred.

15 YEAR OLD GIRL TELLS OF ENDING OF URAY SMITH

MORGANTON, Jan. 18.—The mysterious murder of Uray Smith, who was found dead in his uncle's house several miles from this city last September 6 came to light this afternoon when his 15-year old cousin, Mary Collins, told officers of the part she had in the affair. The child is now in the county jail, and just before dark her mother, Mrs. Rosalie Smith, was placed in jail also charged with being connected with the killing.

Since the time of the murder the entire community has been guessing but scarcely any suspected this girl of the crime. Her story was told this afternoon in a cheerful manner, many times smiling as she related the horrible events. She declared that she had not told any member of her family that she was the guilty one, and that she had been keeping her secret all this time. Shortly after the murder the girl was sent to Mountain Island, Gaston county to stay with relatives there. Investigations by Solicitor R. L. Huffman, of this district, led to the belief that she was the last person seen with the dead man, and a warrant was sworn out for her.

According to her story, which was told to Miss Beatrice Cobb, newspaper correspondent, her cousin, sister of the dead man went out in the field after dinner and the other members of the family, including Mrs. Collins went to Glen Alpine, Mary started out with the other girl, Irene Smith, but Smith says she held her back. While they were in the house alone, she told Miss Cobb, the man tried to assault her and they had a fight. She stated this afternoon that he offered her \$20 if she would submit to immoral relations and when she refused he said he was going to cut her throat. She tried to run, she says but every time he would catch her and drag her back into the house. Shortly before he was killed, she says he did cut his throat with the knife and she accounted in that way for the blood found on his shirt.

After the attempted or alleged, suicide did not prevail on her to submit to his requests, the girl says that he got a shotgun hanging over the door and started toward her. There was a scuffle over the gun which resulted in a load being discharged into the breast of the Smith man, says the girl.

She stated that after the shooting she ran out into the field where Irene Smith was, but did not tell her what had happened. According to Solicitor Huffman, who claims he has damaging information to the effect the girl came in the field in a highly nervous state and refused to let her cousin go back to the house. The girl denies this statement.

Mr. Huffman stated this afternoon that he had witnesses to swear that Mrs. Collins, mother of the girl had stated a few days before the killing that she was either going to kill Uray Smith or have him killed. She, as well as her daughter, denied that statement.

RECORDS MADE ON BASEBALL DIAMOND INTERESTINGLY TOLD

Comparisons made with Records of years past and Conclusions drawn

1922 PRODUCED NEW HIGH POINTS IN BALL

By Irwin M. Howe. When a team ranking eighth in team batting hangs up a mark equalling or surpassing that of the batting leaders fifteen, sixteen or eighteen years ago it follows that there must have been many individual batting feats that would have been startling in the days when Chesbro, Bender, Plank, Waddell, Joss, White, Young, Walsh and other famous hurlers were matching skill with the heavy hitters of their time.

This past season the Boston Red Sox, eighth in team batting hit 263 the exact mark attained by Cleveland in 1904, three points below that of Detroit in 1907, and eight points higher than Cleveland in 1905, these teams being batting leaders for those years.

Below is given a table of the best performances of the players who made the present plenary records possible.

Seven players clouted five safe drives each, in as many times at bat, in a single game. Ty Cobb pulling this trick three times, while on another occasion he grabbed five hits in six times up. Besides Cobb, those who made five hits in one game while facing the pitcher but five times, were Mostil, Chicago, Gardner and J. Sewell, Cleveland, Rigney, Detroit, Baker, New York, and Goslin, Washington. It will be noted that four of the seven are youngsters, Joe Sewell being the veteran of the quarter with a little more than two years of service. Lawton Witt, Sam Rice and Leon Goslin also kept company with the on one other occasion each safe manager of the Tigers by smashing blows in six times at bat.

Twelve men hit for a total of ten or more bases in a single game, Ken Williams, Ed Miller and Ruth being tied for top honors, (12 bases). Williams set his record by walloping three home runs off two young White Sox pitchers; Miller made a single; a triple and two homers in a game against Cleveland with Coveleskie, Keefe and Bagby on the mound, while Ruth pounded two home runs and two doubles on September 11, as a quartet of Connie Mack's hurlers came and went.

Ray Schalk set a peculiar record June 27th in a Detroit contest in which Ehmke and Cole divided the mound duty equally. The White Sox catcher in four appearances at the plate hammered a single, a double, a three-base hit and sent one over the fence good for one round trip. This record was equaled by R. Meusel on July 3. Sullivan and Eckert pitched for the Athletics.

In the period extending from July 27th to September 17th, George Sisler set a new American League record for batting safely in consecutive games. During this time he hit safely in forty-one contests, being stopped by Joe Bush, September 18th. The previous mark of forty games was hung up by Ty Cobb in 1911. Kenneth Williams also started a batting streak on July 27th, but was halted August 25th by Hoyt and Murray of the champion Yankees after a period of twenty-eight games.

Pratt and Burns of Boston turned in records of the same sort for twenty-three games and John Tobin St. Louis, for twenty-one.

ELON COLLEGE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING DESTROYED

(By Associated Press) ELON, N. C. Jan. 18.—Fire completely destroyed the administration building of Elon College, with a loss estimated at \$125,000 completely covered with insurance, origin of the fire is undetermined.