

LINCOLN COURIER.

J. M. ROBERTS, EDITOR AND MANAGER.

ENTERED IN THE POST OFFICE AT LINCOLN AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

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LINCOLN, N. C., March 15, 1889.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, Alf Nixon, Lincoln, N. C. C. E. Childs, " Reg. of Deeds, B. C. Wood, " Treasurer, L. T. Wilkie, " Surveyor, M. E. Radisill, " Coroner, J. C. Hoover, " Supt. Pub. Inst. R. Z. Johnston, "

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

J. A. Robinson, Chm'n, Lincoln, N. C. W. A. Paine, Kidsville, " L. B. Camp, Iron Station, " P. A. Reep, Reesville, " W. M. Hull, Orleans, "

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

D. Matt, Thompson, Chm'n, Lincoln, N. C. D. A. Coon, " S. V. Goodson, "

POST MISTRESS.

Miss Nannie C. Hoke.

TOWN OFFICERS:

Mayor, B. C. Cobb, Secretary & Treasurer, W. K. Edwards, Mar-hall, R. S. Edwards, Commissioners:—J. B. Ramaur, Blair Jenkins, B. H. Sumner, J. L. Kistler, T. H. Hoke, J. H. Bissner, G. L. Puffer, P. S. Reel.

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Mails on C. C. Railway, distributed 6:30 P. M. and 11 A. M. Mails on N. W. Gauge Railway, distributed 7:30 P. M. and 12 M. Star Route, via Reesville, leaves Lincoln at 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; arrives at Lincoln at 4:30 P. M. on Fridays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS, open December, January, February and March.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS meet first Monday in each month.

TOWNS COUNCIL meet first Friday night in each month, at 7 o'clock.

BOARD OF EDUCATION meet first Monday in each month.

UBSCRIBERS

WILL PLEASE REMEMBER THAT THIS PAPER IS DISCONTINUED AT THE EXPIRATION OF TIME PAID FOR. DO NOT FAIL TO RENEW AT ONCE.

THE LEGISLATURE has adjourned. Whether or not many good effects will be felt from the new laws and the changes in the old, remain to be seen; but there is no doubt that there has been a great deal of hard work done. As for our representative, W. A. Hoke, we desire to say that he has made a record that merits the highest praise. Mr. Hoke's ability, his keen sense of duty, and his promptness in the discharge of what he believes to be his duty; his powers of eloquence and logical argument in discussing legislative questions—all these, as they were manifested day by day during this session of the General Assembly, have made him a reputation that extends throughout the state.

AN IMPORTANT MOVE.

LINCOLN, N. C., March 8, 1889. EDITOR LINCOLN COURIER:—In looking over the last edition of your paper, I see you give an account of a new company getting up to build a Weave Mill, opposite the Laboratory Cotton Mill. You make one mistake, and that is in regard to the class of goods to be made. The grade of goods, we expect to make, is a very fine grade of Dress Gingham, this is a class of goods that is controlled by our best mills North. Those mills some years ago, made little or nothing but the coarse grades of goods, but the competition got so great on account of our Southern mills taking up the coarse grades of goods that there was very little in them for the Northern manufacturer, hence they changed to a finer grade of goods. Since the change the Northern mills are making money. Now I do not see any reason why our South-

ern mills can't compete as well with the North on the fine grades as they have done on the coarse grades. There is much more skill required to make the fine grades but the profit in the fine grades at present is almost double that of the coarse grades.

I would be glad to have an interview with any person that would like to subscribe from \$500 to \$10,000. Yours respectfully, A. M. PRICE.

We do most certainly think that such manufactories ought to be built in the South, and we think further that citizens of this community, who have means, should take an interest in this important move; and there are such here. The only thing lacking is public and enterprising spirit. The COURIER has plead time and again for more interest on the part of our citizens in behalf of manufactories. But so many have manifested, sometimes such utter indifference in regard to these things as to make the editor feel ashamed that he had ever dared mention such subjects. Now these remarks are written not only for the purpose of stirring up more interest in the factory referred to in the above letter, but also in the building up of other important enterprises. There is everything in the location of Lincoln to make it attractive to capitalists. The lack of progress is not on account of the location. The fault is in the citizens; because they do not take the proper interest and hold out the necessary encouragements to attract strangers. Let us awake! Let every citizen look about him and see if there is not some new industry that he can start up, or aid, that will profit him and the town.

THE ELECTION BILL.

The following is the amended election law as it passed the Senate: 2674. The board of commissioners of the several counties shall select, on or before the first Monday in September preceding each election, one or more persons for each election precinct, who shall act as registrars or voters for each precinct. Said board shall make publication of the names of the persons so selected, at the court-house door, immediately after such appointment, and shall cause a notice to be served upon said persons by the sheriff. If any registrar shall die or neglect to perform his duties, the justices of the peace for the township may appoint another in his place. And no person who is a candidate for any office shall be a registrar or judge or inspector of an election.

2675. Registrars shall be furnished with a registration book, and it shall be their duty to revise the existing registration books of their precinct or township in such manner that said books shall show an accurate list of electors previously registered in such precinct or township, and still residing therein, without requiring such electors to be re-registered anew; and such registrars shall also, between the hours of sunrise and sunset on each day (Sunday excepted), for thirty days preceding the day for closing the registration books as hereinafter provided, keep open said books for the registration of any electors residing in such precinct or township, or do not appear in the revised list. But the board of commissioners for each county may, upon giving thirty days' notice in each township, direct that there shall be an entirely new registration of voters before any election, instead of the revision of the registration list, as above provided. That said books shall be closed for registration on the second Saturday before each election.

Sec. 2676. No elector shall be entitled to register or vote in any other precinct or township than the one in which he is an actual and bona fide resident on the day of election, and no certificates of registration shall be given except as hereinafter provided. No registration shall be valid unless it truly specifies the age, occupation, place of birth and place of residence of the elector, as well as the township or county from whence the elector has removed—in the event of a removal.

Sec. 2677. It shall be the duty of the registrars and judges of election to attend at the polling place of their township or precinct with the registration books on the second Saturday preceding the election,

from the hour of nine o'clock, a. m., till the hour of five p. m., when and where the said books shall be open to the inspection of the electors of the precinct or township, and any of said electors shall be allowed to object to the name of any person appearing on said books. In case of any such objection, the registrar shall enter upon his books, opposite the name of the person so objected to, the word "challenged," and shall appoint a time and place, on or before the election day, when he, together with said judges of election, shall hear and decide said objection, giving due notice to the voter so objected to: Provided, nothing in this section shall prohibit any elector from challenging or objecting to the name of any person registered or offering to register at any time other than that above specified. If any person challenged, or otherwise objected to at any time shall not be a duly qualified voter, the registrar shall erase his name from the books, and on or before the day preceding each election, the registrar shall erase from the books the names of all electors who have died or become disqualified by crime, or have removed from such voting precinct.

Sec. 2678. The board of commissioners for each county, on or before the first Monday of the month next preceding the month in which each election is held, shall appoint at each place of holding elections in their respective counties, four suitable and discreet persons as judges or inspectors of election, who may, if deemed proper, be of different political parties; and one of said judges shall be named as chairman of the judges of election by the Board of Commissioners. The said judges of election shall attend at the places for which they are severally appointed on the day of election, and they, together with the registrars for such precinct or township, who shall attend with the registration books, after being sworn by some justice of the peace, or by other person authorized to administer oaths, to conduct the election fairly and impartially according to the Constitution and laws of the State, shall open the polls and superintend the same until the close of the election. They shall keep poll books, in which shall be entered the name of every person who shall vote, and at the close of the election the judges of election shall certify the same over their proper signatures, and deposit them with the register of deeds for safe-keeping. And said poll books shall, in any trial for illegal or fraudulent voting, be received as evidence. The board of commissioners shall, immediately after the appointment of the judges of election, as herein provided, furnish a list of names of such judges to the sheriff of their county, who shall, within ten days, serve notice of such appointment upon the said judges; and if any person appointed judge of election shall fail to attend, the registrars of such township shall appoint some discreet person to act as such, who shall be by him sworn before acting.

Sec. 2681. Every person who shall present himself for registration shall state under oath how long he has continuously resided in this State and in the county in which he offers to vote; whether he is an alien or native born; when he became twenty-one years of age; whether married or single, and where or with whom he resides. Upon the request of any elector the registrar shall require the applicant to prove his identity or age and residence by such testimony, under oath, as may be satisfactory to the registrar. And if an elector has previously been admitted to registration in any ward, township or precinct in the county in which he resides he shall not be allowed to register again in another ward, precinct or township in the same county until he produces a certificate of the registrar of the former township, ward or precinct, that said elector has removed from said township, ward or precinct, and that his name has been erased from the registration books of the ward, township or precinct from which he has removed; and the identity of any person claiming a right to be registered in any precinct of the same county by virtue of such certificate, with the person named therein, shall be proved by the oath of the claimant, and, when required by the registrar, by the oath of at least one other elector. Every person found qualified shall take the following oath:

I, ..., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Con-

stitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of North Carolina; that I have been a resident of the State of North Carolina for twelve months, and of the county of ... for ninety days; that I am a duly qualified elector, and that I have not registered for this election in any other precinct, and that I am an actual and bona fide resident of ... township (or precinct). So help me God.

And thereupon said person shall be permitted to register, and the registrar shall record the name, age, occupation, place of birth and residence of the elector, and the name of the township or county from which the elector has removed, in the event of a removal; also the date of registration, in the appropriate column of the registration book.

Sec. 2682. No registration shall be allowed on the day of election; but if any person shall give satisfactory evidence to the judges of the election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years on the day of election, or has become of twenty-one years of age after the registration books were closed, he shall be allowed to register and vote. Provided, he be found otherwise qualified.

Sec. 2685. The polls shall be opened on the day of election from seven o'clock in the morning until sunset of the same day, and no longer; and each voter whose name shall appear registered, and who shall not be challenged and rejected, shall personally deposit his ballot in the proper ballot box, unless he is physically unable to do so, and in that event, the chairman of the judges of election shall deposit his ballot or ballots as such disabled voter shall direct.

Sec. 2687. There shall be separate and distinct ballots for the following officers, to wit:

- 1. Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.
2. Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Attorney General.
3. Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts and Solicitors.
4. State Senators and Members of the House of Representatives.
5. County officers for the respective counties, viz: Clerk of the Superior Court, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Surveyor, Coroner and Sheriff.
6. Constable.
7. Presidential Electors.
8. Representatives in Congress.

On each ballot shall be the name or names of the person or persons voted for as such officers, respectively, and the office for which they are voted. Provided, that whenever a vote is to be taken on any special question or questions, a box shall be provided, properly labelled, for that purpose, and the ballots therefor shall be deposited therein; the Member or Members of Congress for the State at large, if there be such, shall be voted for on one ballot. The voting shall be by ballot, which ballots shall be on white paper, and may be printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, and shall be without device.

Sec. 2688. The board of county commissioners, or upon their failure the inspectors of election, shall provide for each election precinct in their respective counties ballot-boxes for each class of officers to be voted for, in which to deposit the ballots for such officers respectively. Each of said boxes shall have an opening through the lid of sufficient size to admit a single folded ballot, and no more. The said ballot-boxes shall be kept by the judges of election for the use of their several election precincts respectively. And said judges of election, before the voting begins, shall carefully examine the ballot-boxes and see that there is nothing in them. Each box shall be labelled, in plain and distinct Roman letters, with the name of the office or offices to be voted for, and the question or questions to be voted upon. And if a majority of the judges of election for the county and State officers of any voting precinct shall deem it expedient to do so, at each precinct a space or enclosure, such as the judges of election shall deem proper and sufficient, may be nailed off or otherwise provided as their judgment may direct, with an opening at one end or side for the entrance of the voter, and an opening at the other side for his exit, as a polling place, in which to hold the election for the State and county officers. Only one voter shall be allowed to enter such polling place

at one time, and no one except the judges of election shall be allowed to speak to or interfere with the voter while in the polling place casting his vote, which shall be put in the box or boxes by said voter. A similar but separate and distinct space or enclosure may be nailed off, or otherwise provided, as a polling place for the election of Members of Congress and Presidential Electors at such distance from the polling place for State and county officers as the judges of election may designate. In the event such separate polling place shall be designated for holding the election for Members of Congress and Presidential Electors as herein provided, the methods for holding the election and conducting the voting shall be the same in all respects as those provided aforesaid in this amendment to said section 2688 for the polling places for State and county officers. The registrar appointed for such precinct shall have power and authority to appoint a deputy registrar for such separate polling place, to whom shall be furnished the names of all persons qualified and entitled to vote at such precinct, and the judges of election appointed for such precinct shall appoint two suitable and discreet persons as judges or inspectors of election for such separate polling place, who, if deemed proper, may be of different political parties. The registrar and judges so appointed for such separate polling place shall be sworn to perform their duties according to law, shall make due returns of the election, and have all the powers, privileges and authority conferred on them by law, as in the case of other registrars and judges of election. Provided, however, that if the judges of election at any of the voting places in this State do not see fit to carry out the provisions of this amendment to said section 2688, then and in that event the election at said precinct not adopting such provisions shall be conducted in all respects as is now provided by law.

Sec. 2689. When the election shall be finished, the registrars and judges of election, in the presence of such of the electors as may choose to attend, shall open the boxes and count the ballots, reading aloud the names of the persons who shall appear on each ticket; and if there shall be two or more tickets rolled up together, or if any ticket shall contain the names of more persons than such elector has the right to vote for, or shall have a device upon it, in either of these cases such tickets shall not be numbered in taking the ballots, but shall be void, and the said counting of votes shall be continued without adjournment until completed and the result thereof declared: Provided, that in making said count no ballot for any office other than that for which said box shall be designated and labelled shall be counted.

Sec. 2694. The board of county canvassers shall, at their said meeting, in the presence of the sheriff and of such electors as choose to attend, open and canvass and judicially determine the returns and make abstracts, stating the number of legal ballots cast in each precinct for each office, the name of each person voted for, and the number of votes given to each person for each different office, and shall sign the same. Said board shall have power and authority to judicially pass upon all the facts relative to the election, and judicially determine and declare the true result of the same, and they shall also have power and authority to send for papers and persons, and examine the latter upon oath.

A True Tonic. When you do not feel well and hardly know what ails you, give B B B (Bottanic Blood Balm) a trial. It is a fine tonic. T O Callahan, Callahan, Charlotte, N. C., writes: "B B B is a fine tonic, and has done me great good." L W Thompson, Damascus, Va., writes: "I believe B B B is the best blood purifier made. It has greatly improved my general health." An old gentleman writes: "B B B gives me new life and new strength. If there is anything that will make an old man young, it is B B B." P A Shepherd, Norfolk, Va., August 10, 1888, writes: "I depend on B B B for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had a doctor."

Thomas Paulk, Alapaha, Georgia, says: "I suffered terribly from dyspepsia. The use of B B B has made me feel like a new man. I would not take a thousand dollars for the good it has done me." W M Cheshire, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I had a long spell of typhoid fever, which at last seemed to settle in my right leg which swelled up enormously. An ulcer also appeared which discharged a cup full of matter a day. I then gave B B B a trial and it cured me."

NEW FALL

and winter GOODS!

The attention of the public is called to my new purchases in Fancy Dress Goods, cashmeres, Worsteds, calicoes, Jeans, cassimers, Shawls, Jerseys, Shoes, Hats, and clothing which are now ready for inspection, and comparison of prices with other houses is invited. With an experience extending over many years, and the cash to back it in purchasing, I can safely promise the public that I have as many bargains to offer as any house in the trade.

I am sole agent in Lincoln County for

BAY STATE BOOTS AND SHOES

for Men, women, and Children. Buy that brand and you will get the best. Those who owe me by note or account are requested to call and make settlement, as I need the money.

Thanking the public for the generous share of patronage given me in the past, and assuring them I have bargains for them at all times, I am, very truly, J. C. COBB.

CHICKERING PIANOS.

ARION PIANOS.

BENT PIANOS.

MATHUSHEK PIANO.

MASON AND HAMLIN PIANOS.

WATERLOO ORGANS. PACKARD ORGANS. MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS.

At low prices and easy terms. Write me for prices before buying. The Largest Stock of Furniture in the State.

F. M. Andrews.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

S. C. FINLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LINCOLN, N. C.

Prompt attention to all business, and collections a specialty. Office adjoining Mrs. Georganna Hoke's. Jan. 25, 1889.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON IMPROVED FARMS IN Lincoln county, in sums of \$300 and upwards, on long time and easy terms. For particulars, apply to L. L. WITHERSPOON, Attorney-at-Law, Newton, N. C. February 8, 1889.

PIEDMONT SEMINARY.

LINCOLN, N. C.

MALE and FEMALE.

Practical Course, Practical Teachers, Practical Methods, and thorough work. Prepares for the every day duties of life, instead of show and display.

LOCATION HEALTHY. Of easy access by Rail Road. SPRING TERM begins Wednesday, January 9, 1889. For Circulars, &c., send to

D. MATT THOMPSON, Principal, Lincoln, N. C.

J. Thos. McLean,

DEALER IN Monuments, Headstones, Etc., Iron and Wire Fencing, &c. Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lincoln, N. C. March 1, 1889.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a Mortgage Deed, with power of sale to me made by W. J. Moore and wife, Florence Moore, on the 8th day of September, 1887, I will sell at the Courthouse door in the town of Lincoln, N. C., on Monday, the first day of April, 1889, COURT WEEK, the following described property lying and being in Lincoln county, Lincoln Township, First Tract, adjoining lands of Solomon Carpenter, A. G. Hoke and others, containing 4 1/2 acres. SECOND Tract, South of and adjoining the above, containing 10 1/2 acres.

For further particulars reference is hereby made to said mortgage deed, as Registered in the office of Register of Deeds, of Lincoln county, 8th Sept. 1887, Book 60, pages 139 and 140. Terms cash. J. J. PLODK, Mortgagee. March 1, 1889.

IS NOW VISITING

THE NORTHERN MARKET'S PURCHASING A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Spring & Summer

GOODS

WHICH THEY HOPE TO OFFER TO THEIR MANY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS AT AN EARLY DAY.

C-A-S-H GROCERY STORE

Is kept a well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, CONFEC--TIONARIES, &c., &c., &c., &c.

I pay cash and sell for cash. One and the same price to all. Call, see my goods, and hear my prices, before buying. Yours truly, A. W. REEDY.