

LINCOLN COURIER.

J. M. ROBERTS, EDITOR AND MANAGER.

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LINCOLN, N. C., March 29, 1889.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, A. C. Nixon, Lincoln, N. C. Clerk of Court, C. E. Childs, " " Reg. of Deeds, B. C. Wood, " " Treasurer, L. T. Wilkie, " " Surveyor, M. E. Rudisill, " " Coroner, J. C. Hooper, " " Supt. Pub. Inst., R. Z. Johnston, " "

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

J. A. Robinson, Chm'n, Lincoln, N. C. J. W. A. Paine, Kidsville, " L. B. Camp, Iron Station, " P. A. Reep, Reepsville, " W. M. Hall, Orleans, " "

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

D. Matt, Thompson, Chm'n, Lincoln, N. C. D. A. Con, " " S. V. Goodson, " " "

POST MISTRESS.

Miss Neddie C. Hoke

TOWN OFFICERS.

Mayor, R. C. Cobb, Secretary & Treasurer, W. R. Edwards, Marshall, R. S. Edwards, Commissioners—J. B. Ransford, Blair Jenkins, B. H. Sumner, J. L. Kistler, T. H. Hoke, J. H. Bisner, G. L. Pifer, P. S. Best.

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

Mails on C. O. Railway, distributed 6:30 P. M. and 11 A. M. Mails on Narrow Gauge Railway, distributed 7:30 P. M. and 12 M.

Star Route, via Reepsville, leaves Lincoln at 7 A. M., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; arrives at Lincoln at 4:30 P. M. on Fridays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS open December, January, February and March.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS meet first Monday in each month.

TOWN COUNCIL meet first Friday night in each month, at 7 o'clock.

BOARD OF EDUCATION meet first Monday in each month.

SUBSCRIBERS

WE PLEASE REMEMBER THAT THIS PAPER IS DISCONTINUED AT THE EXPIRATION OF TIME PAID FOR. DO NOT FAIL TO RENEW AT ONCE.

WE DO NOT understand why boys in towns and cities are permitted to run at large on the streets, where they are constantly coming in contact with bad boys, and where they are sure to hear every description of slang and profanity from the lips of immoral character, and where they are put up by unscrupulous persons to all kinds of mischief. Lincoln has fewer idle boys on the streets than most towns its size. But there is some little degree of this looseness in our town that parents should at once take steps to correct.

WE HAVE RECEIVED a copy of Christian Thought which contains a most interesting and able discussion of "Judicial Proceedings mentioned in the New Testament," by Kemp P. Battle, LL. D., President of the University of North Carolina. Dr. Battle is learned in scriptures and takes great delight in their study. The following is the closing paragraph of his discussion:

"It is wonderful when the sole object of the Evangelists is followed out with unvarying singleness of purpose, that incidentally so much information about the history and geography of the country, and the government and occupation of the people, is given. We not only know Christ and His Apostles but we see through their eyes the nature of the flora and fauna of the land, the clouds and mountains and hills and vales and waters, cities and villages and people and institutions. Before

our view pass emperors and local ministers, sub kings and tetrarchs, procurators, procurators and dummies, high priests, with their strange combination of temporal and spiritual power, Sanhedrin and boules, Jewish, Roman and Greek courts, cities great in power and renown, representatives of the chief European and Asiatic races, mobs and lawful assemblies, judges and sheriffs, prosecutors and prisoners, officers and soldiers, nobles and commonalty, tax-payers and tax-gatherers, palaces and dungeons, priests of Jewry and heathendom, religious sects and political parties, philosophers and rabbis, royal courts and happy households, the various pursuits of busy people of diverse races, in city and country and on the seas, with the conquering Romans over all. These and much more appear in their narrative by undesigned glimpses and all in strict harmony with the facts, known from all other sources, of the history of this era, the most interesting and momentous of all the ages, the era when moved on the earth the wonderful Being, whose teachings, purifying the heart, the fountain of all actions, have raised its inhabitants higher towards Heaven, and will raise them ever upwards, slowly but never ceasing, each generation eliminating some of the evils of the preceding, until mankind shall be raised to the level of the angels."

WE HAVE noticed with great pleasure the stand Mr. Hoke took in the Legislature and are glad to see that others give testimony of his ability and honesty. His one bill to make the penitentiary self-sustaining was worth more to the State—the tax-paying people—than everything else done by the whole Assembly. We now nominate Alex Hoke for the next Senator from Lincoln and Catawba.—Press and Carolinian.

THE CONNECTICUT Legislature has passed a bill prohibiting the use of tobacco for smoking by minors under 16 years of age. To deliver of sell was made a crime by this new law. This is a good law. Doctors all testify to the evil effects of tobacco upon boys.—Chronicle.

Miss Willard's New Book.

Miss Willard has, at the urgent request of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, spent the winter months in writing a book. From some knowledge of the contents of the book and knowing Miss Willard's ability as a writer I have no hesitation in saying that the work will be of great value to all who are interested in the uplifting of humanity: A reviewer in the Chicago Evening Journal has the following to say of the new work: "As Miss Willard will celebrate her semi-centennial on the 28th of September next, she entitles the book 'Glimpses of Fifty Years,' the Autobiography of an American Woman." There is a prospect of its appearing simultaneously in England under the title of "A Prairie Girl's Career." Frances Willard is the frankest of women both by name and nature and those who have seen a revised sheets say there is nothing conventional about the work, but it is off hand, fresh and altogether the most unique self-revelation of the time.

There is hardly a contemporary philanthropist or reformer whom Miss Willard does not know, besides a majority of the leading literary lights of our land, and she will silhouette these besides giving a narrative account of her curious childhood on the Western prairie (though her ancestors founded Concord, the literary center of the nation, and several of them were Harvard Presidents, Boston preachers, etc.) her odd inventive school-days, brilliant episode as a teacher, two years and more of foreign travel, leading her to almost every European capital and as far east as Damascus, Baalbek and the Volga banks in Russia; her Presidency of a woman's college and career as Professor in the Northwestern University at Evanston, Ill., her home, and closing with her fifty years of National fame as a reformer, organizer and speaker."

MARY C. WOODY, Pres. of N. Carolina W. C. T. U.

An exchange gives the following as the origin of the term "sandwich" as applied to a slice of meat between two slices of bread: "House wives, when putting up sandwiches for their school children's lunches, can inform the little ones that the name comes from the Earl of Sandwich, a brilliant but profligate nobleman of the reign of George the Third, who was the first to put a slice of ham between two slices of bread."

AFFECTION.

It is an admitted fact, that the affections are the offspring of all our actions, both natural and spiritual. In the conflicts of life there are many obstacles with which to contend; and without the fruits of affection, which are energy, incitation, encouragement, vigor and fullness, it is impossible for man to overcome them, but by the aid of the affections, with their fruits, he is enabled to dig to the bottom and bring up the rich treasures of knowledge. God, in his wise providence, formed man and endowed him with intellectual capacities capable of almost endless improvements, and science stands with outstretched arms calling for votaries that she may crown them, and thus we are permitted to assume our proper position, for those capacities are weak at first; like the beginnings of the great rivers that receive their origin from some little rill running down the hill or mountain side, to the great ocean, and flowing along the low-lands and swelling the seas; so are our minds expanded and enlarged by the affections for the sciences. Hence the affections should have a dwelling in our hearts and minds that we may press on for great and renowned intelligence, for they are the source of all our actions, and they are the source from which all the great and ennobling discoveries and inventions have made their appearance, and it is from them that others will receive their birth. It was on account of their affections for us that our ancestors wrote the history of the world, and other works that flow as an ocean of knowledge just behind us, and stimulate us to scan the vast pages of nature and grasp information from surrounding objects, that animate us to turn subjects over in our minds and look at them on all sides, and what is more to place bright honor from the pale moon, or dive into the bottom of the mighty deep and bring up drowned honor by its locks. Hence education, the great stake in man's mind, that infinitely transcends its importance, all other temporal interests, and enables us to enjoy civil and religious liberties, has, for its origin, the affections the spring of all action. Hence it is an evident fact that we must first have the affections before we can be moved to enjoy the objects of nature, for the grand and ennobling fruits of the affections, energy, incitation, force, encouragement, fullness and internal strength are the key to science.

And you leave no action, you destroy all enterprise. Thus the affections promote education, the connecting link that binds man to man and earth to Heaven. The affections kindle such emotions in our hearts and minds that we cannot be still. From them our forefathers have built the invisible bridge from shore to shore across the boisterous and raging ocean. It is from the affections that our minds become enlightened and are borne upon the wings of imagination, speed their way throughout the infinite regions of space, and receive impressions from all surrounding objects, and thereby we are permitted to taste of the exquisite and inimitable beauties and splendors of astronomy. The imagination brings up the huge monsters that geology tells us once roamed over this earth and sported in its waters. Again from the various exercises of love and hatred, according to the circumstances of the object of these affections, as present or absent, certain or uncertain, probable or improbable, arise all those affectionate, desire, hope, fear, joy, grief, gratitude and anger. From a vigorous, affectionate and fervent love to God, necessarily arise other religious affections, a dread of the displeasure of God; gratitude to him for his goodness, complacency and joy in him when he is sensibly present, grief and anxiety when he appears to be absent. So we see that the affections are the foundation of hope, the great anchor to the soul of man, of love its companion, the chain which connects the anchor to the soul, so that we may anchor when we reach the haven of the paradise above. Education then is the principle object in the mind of man, and there should be no sluggard in obtaining it. No man should do himself the gross injustice to believe and act upon that belief, that he can exact no influence. Every member of the community can do something and that something he is bound to do. It matters not what may be his condition or calling, whether the station he occupies be public or private, whether he be rich or poor, the simple fact that he has affections should excite his liveliest interest and call forth his noblest efforts. A. J. C. March 25, 1889.

The Exodus.

The exodus of the colored people is serious enough as it is. It can only do harm to exaggerate it. A leading Wake county farmer came into the office of the News and Observer yesterday to say that he had been reported as deprived entirely of labor and at his wits' end for means to plant his crop, whereas in point of fact he had not even been crippled in his operations to any extent, not one of the thirty-eight or forty plows with which he had started out having had to be stopped on account of the exodus. Six laborers had left his farm, four who worked for wages and two tenants and this was the extent of the reported "depopulation" of his large farm of its labor. His experience was a fair sample of that of his neighbors, and we fancy it a fair sample of the experience of farmers in general. The scum of the colored country population as a rule has been taken away from a few counties. The body of the colored people—the more reliable part of the colored population—remains, unseduced from the homes and the work to which it is best adapted. Moreover there is a turn in the tide of the wish of the colored people to go. The few straggling accounts of the promised land that get back here are not encouraging, and we think it is safe to venture the assertion that the exodus has reached its height and that the excitement it has produced among the colored people will now subside. At any rate all that can be done to ally that excitement should be done. The poor negroes are being deluded away from a land and from occupations to which they are best suited, we have no doubt, and for the most part will eventually repent bitterly of their folly in yielding to the voice of the tempter. Whatever can be done to deter them from thus sacrificing their own interests as well as those of their employers should, therefore, be done.—Chronicle.

For the information of those who complain at high rates for advertising, we will state that a column advertisement in the Chicago Tribune costs \$35,000 a year. The same space for the same time, at the very lowest, is \$26,544, and \$148,000 the highest charged.

General News.

Grover Cleveland was fifty-two years old the 18th.

The planet Venus is said to be approaching the earth at a rapid rate.

The Plant says a baby was born in Durham the other day with four teeth.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston has tendered his resignation as Railroad Commissioner.

The President and every member of his Cabinet, except two, are Presbyterians.

Easter falls on the 21st day of April this year, and insures a good crop of fruit. Let us hope so.

Justice Stanley Mathews of the United States Supreme Court died in Washington on the 22d inst.

Emigration statistics published in Berlin show that 2,000,000 Germans have emigrated since 1871.

Senator W. H. Lucas, of Hyde county, was married last week to Miss Martha A. Armstrong, of Pender county.

About 4,000 negroes have left the State of North Carolina since January 1st, 1889, for other States, and they are still going.

The orange industry in Florida has grown from nothing to 3,000,000 boxes in the last twenty years. There are at least 150 varieties.

President Harrison has been invited by the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly to be present at the session this summer at Morehead City.

The estate of the late Col. Eugene Morehead, the Durham banker and real estate broker, has been adjusted and the valuation placed at \$230,000.

Alburt L. Rippy, convicted of murdering his father at the last term of Alamance Superior Court, was sentenced to be hanged Tuesday, April 30th.

Lord Ashtown, the young English baron who has just attained his majority and the control of an enormous fortune, is about to make a tour of America.

A Vermont minister is reported to have preached one hundred and twenty-one funeral sermons with net returns of two barrels of apples and a single silver dollar.

Ex-President Cleveland and party started on their trip to Cuba, on Monday the 18th inst., passing through this State, going by way of the coast line and St. Augustine Florida.

Greensboro is organizing a "Continental" Military Company, with cocked hat, knee-breeches and big buckle, to take part in the approaching Guilford Battle Ground Celebration.

A dispatch from London says Sir Thomas Gladstone, Bart., is dead. Sir Thomas, who was the only surviving brother of the Right Hon. Wm. E. Gladstone, was born July 25th, 1804.

Senator Chase, of Rhode Island, who resigned the other day, is the only Quaker who ever sat in the Senate. He is also the only Senator who ever resigned ten days after he was unanimously re-elected.

The Empress Victoria, wife of the late Emperor of Germany, ignores the use of powder and make-up. If she is like her royal mother in stature and build, a bun-tle would not improve her appearance.

The President, on the 20th inst., appointed Frederick D. Grant, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Court of Austria-Hungary.

The penitentiary Board at its session last week reduced the salaries of employees to the amount of \$7,500 and contracted with the Wetmore Shoe and Leather Company for the hire of 300 convicts.

The case of Messrs. Cross and White was called in the U. S. Supreme Court on Monday the 18th inst., and on motion of Walter B. Henry, Esq., counsel for the defendants, the case was postponed until October next.

Subscribe for the LINCOLN COURIER, \$1.50 a year. The merchants of Lincoln should aid their home paper by advertising more liberally.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer. The Great French Blood Remedy. 12000 gallons sold in ten months.

Cures Consumption, Catarrh, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Blood Poison, Cancer or any disease arising from an impure blood by destroying the living germ in the blood. Rep. J. M. McManaway, of Shelby, says of it: "I have been using it for ten days for Catarrh and Eczema, and received great benefit from it." Only \$2.50 per gallon or 75 cents per quart. For sale at Mr. Wilkie's store, Lincoln, N. C., by Mr. Elam Curry, agent for Lincoln county.

NEW FALL

and winter GOODS!

The attention of the public is called to my new purchases in Fancy Dress Goods, cashmeres, Worsteds, calicoes, Jeans, cassimers, Shawls, Jerseys, Shoes, Hats, and clothing which are now ready for inspection, and comparison of prices with other houses is invited. With an experience extending over many years, and the cash to back it in purchasing, I can safely promise the public that I have as many bargains to offer as any house in the trade.

I am sole agent in Lincoln County for

BAY STATE BOOTS AND SHOES

for Men, women, and Children. Buy that brand and you will get the best. Those who owe me by note or account are requested to call and make settlement, as I need the money. Thanking the public for the generous share of patronage given me in the past, and assuring them I have bargains for them at all times, I am, very truly, J. C. COBB.

CHICKERING PIANOS.

ARION PIANOS. BENT PIANOS. MATHUSHEK PIANO. MASON AND HAMLIN PIANOS.

WATERLOO ORGANS PACKARD ORGANS MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS.

At low prices and easy terms. Write me for prices before buying. The Largest Stock of Furniture in the State.

F. M. Andrews.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

S. G. FINLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LINCOLN, N. C.

Prompt attention to all business, and collections a specialty. Office adjoining Mrs. Georganna Hoke's. Jan. 25, 1889.

MONEY TO LOAN.

ON IMPROVED FARMS IN Lincoln county, in sums of \$300 and upwards, on long time and easy terms. For particulars, apply to L. L. WITHERSPOON, Attorney-at-Law, Newton, N. C.

February 8, 1889.

PIEDMONT SEMINARY.

LINCOLN, N. C.

MALE and FEMALE.

Practical Course, Practical Teachers, Practical Methods, and thorough work. Prepares for the every day duties of life, instead of show and display.

LOCATION HEALTHY.

Of easy access by Rail Road. SPRING TERM begins Wednesday, January 9, 1889.

For Circulars, &c., send to

D. MATT THOMPSON,

Principal, Lincoln, N. C.

J. Thos. McLean,

DEALER IN Monuments, Headstones, Etc., Iron and Wire Fencing, &c. Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lincoln, N. C. March 1, 1889.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a Mortgage Deed, with power of sale to me made by W. J. Moore and wife, Florence Moore, on the 8th day of September, 1887, I will sell at the Court-house door in the town of Lincoln, N. C., on Monday, the First day of April, 1889, corner west, the following described property lying and being in Lincoln county, Lincoln Township, First Tract, Adjoining lands of Solomon Carpenter, A. G. Hoke and others, containing 4 1/2 acres. Second Tract, South of and adjoining the above, containing 10 1/2 acres.

For further particulars reference is hereby made to said mortgage deed, as Registered in the office of Register of Deeds, of Lincoln county, 8th Sept. 1887, Book 60, pages 139 and 140. Terms cash. J. J. PLONK, Mortgagee. March 1, 1889.

IS NOW VISITING

THE NORTHERN MARKET'S PURCHASING A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Spring & Summer

GOODS

WHICH THEY HOPE TO OFFER TO THEIR MANY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS AT AN EARLY DAY.

C-A-S-H GROCERY STORE

Is kept a well selected

STOCK OF

GROCERIES, CONFEC-

-TIONARIES,

&c., &c., &c., &c.

I pay cash and sell for cash. One and the same price to all. Call, see my goods, and hear my prices, before buying. Yours truly, A. W. REEDY.