

The Lincoln Courier.

VOL IV

LINCOLN, N. C., FRIDAY, NOV. 14, 1890.

NO. 28

M'Kinley's Defeat.
 Republicans had set their hearts upon the success of the "High Tariff Napoleon," and regard his defeat as one of the very worst of the severe calamities which had befallen them.—N. Y. Star.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.
 Mrs. Mitchell, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that more for me than all other medicines combined, for that had feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at Dr. J. M. Lawing's Drug Store.

"Will you have your steak rare or well done, sir?" asked the waiter. "I'll take it rare," replied the guest. "I have enough done between meals, I am a bill collector."

HAPPY HOOSIERS.
 Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that had feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at Dr. J. M. Lawing's Drug Store.

He: "I am sure you would like my brother." She: "I have no doubt I should. I am told you two are so different."—The Epoch.

Eggs and chickens are too valuable to be allowed to go to waste when Ganten's magic chicken cholera cure is sold and warranted by Dr. J. M. Lawing.

Who Is Your Best Friend?
 Your stomach of course. Why? Because it is out of order you are one of the most miserable creatures living. Give it a fair honorable chance and see if it is not the best friend you have in the end. Don't smoke in the morning. Don't drink in the morning. If you must smoke and drink wait until your stomach is through with breakfast. You can drink more and smoke more in the evening and it will tell on you less. If your food ferments and does not digest right—if you are troubled with Heartburn, Dizziness of the head, coming on after eating, Biliousness, Indigestion, or any other trouble of the stomach, you had better use Green's August Flower, and no person can use it without immediate relief.

"Oh Tommy that was abominable in you to eat your sister's share of the cake." "Why," said Tommy, "didn't you tell me, ma, that I was always to take her part?"

IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?
 Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Dr. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by Dr. J. M. Lawing, Druggist.

A little girl at the dinner-table one day asked to taste a piece of pickle, but after eating it she made a very face and said: "I don't like it; it dazes my tongue."

CANT SLEEP NIGHTS.
 Is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25 cents and 50 cents. For sale by Dr. J. M. Lawing, Druggist.

Hostess—"Won't you sing something, Mr. Greene?" Mr. Greene—"There are so many strangers here, I—" Hostess—"Never mind them, they'll be gone before you get half through."

A CHILD KILLED.
 Another child killed by the use of opiate given in the form of Soothing Syrup. Why mothers give their children such deadly poison is surprising when they can relieve the child of its peculiar troubles by using Dr. Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no opium or morphine. Sold by Dr. J. M. Lawing, Druggist.

DR. CREAMY REPLIES TO DR. PRITCHARD AGAIN.

In reply to Dr. Pritchard's article of yesterday morning I would say:

The Doctor acknowledges that his memory may be somewhat at fault, as to what was said, in reference to some things written in my article. He asks, however, "If I did not know he was absent from the city, at the time of the meeting which I quote, that he wrote a letter to the Alliance stating three things, etc." I answer. The Doctor was away from town the first meeting I quoted, May 26th. There was another meeting appointed; the Doctor was away from the city. It was called in. Another appointed, the Doctor was not present when we met. At the meeting of June the 9th, which is quoted by me, the Doctor was not present, in fact he was not present at a meeting of the committee, after April 29th, (according to the minutes) though this matter which was considered of vital importance to the Alliance was under consideration. On this morning, June the 9th, the question was asked where he was. One of the members stated that he thought Dr. Pritchard had gone hunting that morning. The President's recollection is that the Doctor stated to him the reason of his absence at a former meeting was that he forgot it. Now as to the letter, he says he wrote to the Alliance stating certain things, I do not say the Doctor did not write and send it. But if it ever reached the Alliance neither the President, Secretary, nor several of the members whom I have seen, have any recollection of it. The minutes I quote do not mention it in any way, though they state fully what Dr. Hoge said. I am sure if as important a document as that would have been at that time had been there, somebody would have remembered it, and the minutes would not have been so unfair as not to notice it. The Doctor was not there, he surely has not enquired as I have, to find whether it had been received, and yet he asks if I am not guilty of a suppression of the truth, and insinuates that I have a convenient (italics his) memory, had intentionally (italics mine) forgotten his disclaimer in order to put him in a false light, &c. Ah, Doctor, I had hoped that by our association, which has been so pleasant, that you had learned to know me better than that. "May my right hand forget its cunning" before I am ever guilty of a thing like that, about any one, much less one of God's ministers and one whom I love. No, Doctor, I know nothing of the letter. You can bring the same charge with equal justice against the minutes, they could not put them down unless they were there. The Doctor seems to get ready for his statement about my convenient memory by stating what a great English lawyer has said, "That he would rather trust a line on paper as to a fact, in the past than any man's memory." I have given the lines on paper, the minutes of the Alliance which prove the Doctor mistaken about two members of the Alliance, protesting against Jones' visit to Wilmington. Another maxim of the law is "false in one, false in all." I would put it, mistaken, by the record once perhaps in all. In all candor, Doctor, I am entitled by this rule to the benefit of any doubt until proven otherwise. Does the Doctor say and expect the reading public to accept the statement that he has raised but one issue, the pulpit manners of Sam Jones. How then will he explain his opposition at the first proposal of Jones coming. The protest of two members of the Alliance. "Let it be remembered that the Methodists called him."

That a great stir has been raised in Wilmington, and charges to Jones' pulpit manners, and makes this issue with him and his friends. If this is the only issue he makes, why need he take so much time and words to tell about how Jones came, who was for him, who against him. No, Doctor, the public see you have

made an issue against those who called and helped him when he came. That issue I have tried to meet, how well the reader must decide. In doing so I have noticed some of the strange statements you have made and which I cannot reconcile in reference to Brother Sam Jones. Take for example what he says in one article, "That he does not doubt his piety or impugn his motives." In his last article he says, "I charged him with being a vulgarian, a blackguard and a profane sweater, (italics mine) and what is more, I proved each of the charges true from his own pulpit utterances." The Doctor, of course, being the Judge. The Doctor seems to see things that many of his brethren and other Christian people do not in reference to Sam Jones. Many of the good people of Wilmington, wives mothers and daughters—chaste, pure, refined, attended the meetings, many of the Doctor's own congregation. They did not consider that they were listening to a vulgarian, blackguard, and profane sweater, and when asked if they had been benefited by the meeting as conducted by Brother Jones almost unanimously stood up in testimony of the fact. They heard more, a great deal more and saw more of Jones' pulpit manners than the Doctor and yet that was their vote. Take this statement from the daily Advertiser of Montgomery, Ala., under date of 28th instant:

"After the conclusion of the service, Dr. Wharton, pastor of the Baptist church, Dr. Burkhead, of the Presbyterian church, Dr. Moore, of the Court Street Methodist church, Mr. Cummings, of the Dexter Avenue church and Mr. Thompson, of the Adams Street Baptist church, made short talks endorsing Mr. Jones and expressing sincere thanks for the great work he had done in Montgomery. Dr. Moore took a vote to see how many people in the audience wanted Mr. Jones to visit Montgomery again in the next twelve months, and everybody stood up."

There were these men of God, pure, chaste, reformed mothers, wives and daughters, all voting for the return of this man of God. Doctor, his pulpit manners certainly did not impress them as they did you. You say I have not touched the issue. Let the verdict come from the people and I will be content.

As to the Doctor's charge, "That I sinned against charity, and brought a false charge against a brother" in what I said about his requesting the publication of his article on Sunday, or any other day. Let me quote what I said: "The Doctor then asked, as I am informed, that it be copied in a Wilmington paper." What are the facts, gathered from the source to which the Doctor directed me? Dr. Pritchard in the latter part of last week, said to the Editor: "You asked me some time ago if I would write anything in regard to Sam Jones. I said, I did not know yet. I have written in *Charity and Children*. Look out for it." In reference to the Sunday matter I said, "I was sorry when the *Messenger* stated on Saturday that the Doctor would appear on Sunday." I did not say positively the Doctor requested to have it published at all. I said I am informed he asked it. I did not say the Doctor requested it published on Sunday. I stated a fact. I was pained to see the notice. I was pained after the notice was given, that it appeared on Sunday. And now, Doctor, I want to say that nothing could ever have been farther from my thoughts, than to call, much less try to "prove you an unmitigated scoundrel." That sounded harshly. I don't think anybody who knows me will say I would try to do anything like that. There was an issue; you made it. I tried to meet it. This article endeavors to explain the points made in your last article. Doctor, I honor your thirty-six years in the ministry. I am glad that your character is undisputed, and many a man might well rejoice to have it. I assure you

that my wishes and prayers are for your continued happiness and success in your work as preacher and pastor. I have in what I conceived to be the interests of justice to my church, my people, and in this article, my own good name. As stated before, if the Doctor had not written, and, as he did, I should have said nothing. When he shall see fit to close the matter, I am willing, and will gladly do so. Till then, I shall try to give light, as I see it, if considered necessary. With kindest feelings for all who differ from me, as well as those who agree, I close with a prayer upon them all.
 W. S. CREAMY.

One More Word from Dr. Pritchard to Dr. Creamy.

Dr. Creamy says that I attended neither of the meetings of the Alliance, which considered the resignation of the Methodist pastors, and that some one said I had gone hunting. The law does not allow hunting in May and June, the months in which these meetings were held. At the first, I think I was at Wake Forest College, as a trustee of the Baptist Female Seminary. At the second, was at Chapel Hill as a trustee of the University.

I certainly wrote a letter to the Alliance, and I understood from the Rev. Mr. Peele that my letter was read. I must have misunderstood him. It not only does not wound me to beg Dr. Creamy's pardon for reflecting on his fairness unjustly but it really affords me pleasure to know that he knew nothing of my letter and is not guilty of an unworthy act. But if I had written no letter my article published in the *Star*, in which I disclaimed all my discourtesy towards my Methodist brethren, ought to have protected me from the charges Dr. Creamy brings against me.

No, my good brother Creamy, you can't mislead the public that way. The question is not between me personally, and my brother pastors, it is not between the Methodist who co-operate with Sam Jones and other churches who did not—the real issue and the only issue between us is the pulpit manners of Sam Jones. As a temperance reformer he would be superb and as an evangelist, I say it in all sincerity, I should be delighted to work with him, if he had the manners of a Christian gentleman.

I don't want to prolong this controversy and I think I can bring it to an issue. Here are some of the expressions Sam Jones used in the pulpit. "The aristocracy of Wilmington would not be allowed to sweep out the kitchens of the aristocracy of Baltimore." "You don't approve of Sam Jones' ways! You bear-eyed fool!" "You hounds of hell." "You infernal hounds." In Norfolk he said: "If you fellows hear any one abusing Sam Jones, give him ten cents and let him ride to Capt. Roper's and I'll guarantee to eat him raw—as nasty as the job is." If any one says Sam Jones is vulgar he is a foul-mouthed liar. "I want to say to you preachers, if you can't swallow the whole of this carcass from head to tail, you had better take your hats and go home." "You damnable polecats of hell." "You pusillanimous polecats of hell." Now if my Brother Creamy will take these sayings of Sam Jones, and write them off on a piece of paper and get down on his knees, and put his hand on his heart and say, "O God, from my heart as a minister of Christ I endorse these pious pulpit utterances of my beloved Brother Jones," and will sign that paper and publish it in the *Messenger*, then I shall have not another word to say. Toe the mark, Brother Creamy.

T. H. PRITCHARD.

WE CAN AND DO.
 Guarantee Dr. Acker's Blood Elixir, for it has been fully demonstrated to the people of this country that it is superior to all other preparations for blood diseases. It is a positive cure for syphilitic poisoning, Ulcers, Eruptions and Pimples. It purifies the whole system and thoroughly builds up the constitution. For sale by Dr. J. M. Lawing, Druggist.

Subscribe for the LINCOLN COURIER.

A Gigantic Boycott Proposed.

Charlotte Chronicle.
 Col. L. L. Polk and Dr. Macune, of the National Alliance, have taken extraordinary precautions to prevent their being criticised, and to punish all papers and persons who differ from them or oppose Alliance measures, by a boycott by the entire Alliance, said to represent a million members.

This will strike many with horror, and yet the proof of it is here—presented. Below is a secret circular issued by Col. Polk from the national headquarters in June last, and which until now has been a secret to the outside world.

On one side of the circular is a "circular letter" and on the other is a long preamble and set of resolutions to boycott. Such a blow at the freedom of the press was never before attempted in this country, nor was such a slander on the American press ever framed as is contained in this pronouncement of Col. Polk.

On the back of the circular appears what is headed a "circular letter," and on the front, containing the seal of the National Alliance, is the address "to the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union." Here is the document in full:

Circular Letter.
 To all members of the Farmers' Alliance, Wheel or Union:

There seems to be unmistakable evidence of an organized fight to be made on our order by its enemies through such newspapers as can be bought or influenced.

It is impossible for us to tell when a paper has been bought or influenced, because such things are generally done in secret. The only way therefore, that we have of judging to which side a paper belongs is by its utterances. There are paid correspondents who hatch up falsehoods on the officers and works of our order, and publish them in a number of small or obscure papers at the same time; then all the papers that are in the ring copy the article and express their hypocrisy and malice by sighs of pretended righteous indignation. These lies are invariably made from whole cloth, and have in no case yet reported had a shadow of truth on which to rest. They have up to date been hurled at the chairman of your national legislative committee, Brother Macune, principally, with occasional attacks on your other officers, but we expect, as our order develops strength and shows that it is making an effective move in favor of the producers, that all engaged in your behalf will be slandered without stint. For these reasons the address on the other side of this page has been agreed upon.

To the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union:
 BRETHREN: In view of frequent, systematic, false, malicious and slanderous attacks made by an unscrupulous, partisan and subsidized press upon the officers, members and methods of the Alliance, and and while it is ostensibly done to expose some wrong doing, the real animus is to injure and break down the influence of the Alliance, and after careful consideration, your executive committee have prepared the following circular, which we ask the secretaries of the State Alliances to forward at once to all locals for their information and action. If systematic and concerted action is taken we shall not be troubled long with this class of abuse:

WHEREAS, It has become clearly evident that certain papers of the partisan press of the country have been subsidized by corrupt power for the purpose of defeating the efforts and purposes of the great farmers' movement; and

WHEREAS, It is also clearly apparent that one of the methods to be employed is to traduce and slander the officers and other prominent and influential members of our order, with the view of destroying the confidence of the membership in their appointed leaders and friends; and

WHEREAS, This cowardly mode of warfare is waged against these brethren, however true and loyal they may be, whatever their character as men and as citizens; and

WHEREAS, Many of these slanderous papers live and move and have their being in the support of the farmers, the men whom they would thus traduce and defeat; and

WHEREAS, While we should respect and defend the freedom of the press only so far as that freedom shall be exercised on the side of truth and good government, and should condemn it when employed as an engine of corruption; therefore be it

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend and urge the brotherhood throughout the country to note carefully and constantly the attitude of the press toward us, and when any paper by vicious and malicious misrepresentation of any officer of whatever rank, from the lowest to the highest in our order, or any member of the same, or by unfair methods against our order, shall seek to impair our strength or unity, that any and all such papers shall no longer receive in any manner the countenance and support of members of our order.

Resolved further, That when any body of our order shall decide to withdraw or withhold its support from any such paper, it should by proper methods notify any and all advertisers who seek their patronage through the advertising columns of said paper that they will withdraw and withhold their patronage from all such advertisers.

Resolved, That the president be requested to cause a sufficient number of copies of these resolutions to be printed, one for each subordinate body of our order, and forward the required number for each State to the respective State secretaries for immediate distribution to the subordinate bodies, and a copy to each of the State officers.

Resolved, That the president be requested to send a copy to each State president, and request that he communicate it officially to the State body at its first session, and ask its favorable action thereon.

Approved this 23d day of June, 1890, at Washington, D. C.

L. L. POLK,
 Pres. N. F. A. and I. U.
 C. W. MACUNE,
 Chairman Ex. Com.
 J. F. TILGEMAN,
 Member Ex. Com.
 ALONZO WARDALL,
 Member Ex. Com.

Employer and Employee.

We once knew a cotton mill superintendent who seemed to have an easy time of it. A woolen mill superintendent who envied him his position asked him what was the most difficult thing about cotton mill superintending, when he dryly answered, "Getting the position." From our observation we should say that keeping a position after it was obtained was the most difficult part of the undertaking. Few people deliver in the shape of service what they bargain to deliver, hence we see good men secure good positions and keep them for a year or two, and then lose them. They were not discharged and they did not leave. "Big head" is sometimes the cause; big head seldom gives one dollar's worth for a dollar, hence dissatisfaction follows; big head gets so important that he thinks time tables were not made for him. In fact, he sometimes gets more important than his employer; when he gets to this stage he is ripe, and should quit and get a position as an oil drummer. There is another class of men who are smart enough, but they have always some business outside of the mill to attend to. In fact, they are trying to serve two masters equally well, and no one has yet succeeded in doing it. The result is, the time table is neglected, and pay day looked for as if it was the most important thing in life, all of which is noticed by the employer, and the employe is put in the balance and found wanting, and a change of position is the result, bringing a loss to both parties. A great many good men lose positions because they do not give a dollar's worth for a dollar. This may come about in many different ways, but no matter what the cause employer and employe suffer alike both in mind and finances, and there is a breaking up of homes and changes to new localities, all of which could be avoided by a proper understanding of what constitutes *time and money*.—Wade's *Fibre and Fabric*.

IMPORTANT!

LOOK, **Get Prices and Photos,** READ, FROM **E. M. ANDREWS,**

Before you buy Furniture, It will pay you. I want to call the attention of all the readers of this paper that my stock of **FURNITURE, PIANOS AND ORGANS** is now larger and more complete than at any time since I have been in the business. I have just received a car load of nothing but Antique Oak and Sixteenth Century Suits, ranging in price from \$26.50 to \$75.00. These were bought at a bargain and are the very newest styles. I have made a large deal in Parlor Suits also. Listen at these prices; Flush Suits of 6 and 7 pieces I am offering now for \$32.50 to \$100.00. Flush Suits in Walnut and Antique and 16th Century that I sold for 10 per cent. more money last year. I have a well selected line of Divans, Flush Rockers, Book Cases, Mantle Mirrors and Novelties in Furniture. I have scoured the country this year for bargains, buying in large quantities for cash to get the best bargains, my object being to give my customers this fall the most and best goods possible for the money. I make a specialty of furnishing residences and hotels complete from top to bottom. I am anxious to sell you all your furniture, and will do it if you will only allow me to quote my prices. Long time given on Pianos and Organs. Write me for prices and terms.

E. M. ANDREWS, Charlotte, N. C.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
 Dr. G. C. Osborn,
 Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
 H. A. ANCKER, M. D.,
 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merit of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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