

The Lincoln Courier.

VOL. VI.

LINCOLNTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1892.

NO. 10

Professional Cards.

Dr. G. F. Gostner,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Lincoln and surrounding country. Office at his residence adjoining Lincoln Hotel. All calls promptly attended to.
Aug. 7, 1891

J. W. SAIN, M. D.,
Has located at Lincoln and offers his services as a physician to the citizens of Lincoln and surrounding country. Will be found at night at the residence of B. C. Wood.
March 27, 1891

Bartlett Shipp,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Jan. 9, 1891.

Finley & Wetmore,

ATTYS. AT LAW,
LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Will practice in Lincoln and surrounding counties.

All business put into our hands will be promptly attended to.
April 18, 1890.

Dr. W. A. PRESSLEY,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Terms—CASH.

OFFICE IN COBB BUILDING, MAIN ST.,
LINCOLNTON, N. C.

July 11, 1890.

Dr. A. W. Alexander

DENTIST,
LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Cocaine used for painless extracting teeth. With THIRTY YEARS experience. Satisfaction given in all operations. Terms cash and moderate.
Jan 28 '91

GO TO

BARBER SHOP.

Newly fitted up. Work always neatly done. Customers politely waited upon. Everything pertaining to the tonsorial art is done according to latest styles.
HENRY TAYLOR, Barber.

J. D. MOORE, President.

Adlai.

The Baltimore Sun has this to say of the name of the Democratic candidate for Vice-President:

"The singular name of the Democratic candidate Vice-President is attracting attention. It is pronounced in three syllables, 'Ad-lai,' and is a biblical name. It means 'the just' or, as some have it, 'my ornament.' Adlai in the Bible was the father of Shaphat, who was one of King David's officials and had charge over the herds that were in the valleys. He is mentioned in First Chronicles, xxvii, 29."

Mevo, Ga., January 2.
For twelve years I suffered from secondary and tertiary blood poisoning. My face and shoulders became a mass of corruption and the disease began to eat my skull bones. It was said I must surely die, but I tried a bottle of B. B. B. with benefit, and using eight or ten bottles more, I became sound and well and have been so for

BLOOD POISONING
Hundreds of scars can be seen on me, and I extend hearty thanks for so valuable a remedy.
ROBERT WARD.

We know Robert Ward and that he has been cured by Botanic Blood Balm. A. T. Brightwell, W. C. Birchmore & Co., J. H. Brightwell, John T. Hart, W. B. Campbell. For sale by all druggists.

R. C. Kinnard & Son, Towaliga, Ga., writes: "One of our neighbors has been suffering from catarrh which resisted all treatment. We finally induced him to try the efficacy of B. B. B., and he was soon delighted with an improvement. He continued its use and was cured sound and well."

Write to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for "Book of Wonders" sent free.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by J. M. Lawing Druggist Lincolnton, N. C.

NOW TRY THIS.
It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold, or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at J. M. Lawing's drug store. Large size at 50c and \$1.00.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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No. 4377.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GASTONIA, N. C.

Capital..... \$50,000
Surplus..... 2,750
Average Deposits..... 40,000

COMMENCED BUSINESS AUGUST 1, 1890.

Solicits Accounts of Individuals, Firms and Corporations.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Guarantees to Patrons Every Accommodation Consistent with Conservative Banking.

BANKING HOURS..... 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Dec 11 '91

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Eructation, Kila Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTY, D. D.,
Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
ERWIN F. PARKER, M. D.,
"The Withrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave.,
New York City.

THE CHRYSLER COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

Opinions of the Nominations.

(New York World.)

The Republicans who were not at all pleased with the defeat of Blaine are inclined to be discouraged over the nomination of Cleveland.

Ex-Senator Donald McNaughton said to *The World* correspondent: "Now that Mr. Cleveland has won the nomination there is no doubt that he will receive the aggressive support of an enthusiastic party."

District-Attorney Eaton said: "It was the voice of the party calling for its old leader in recognition of his sterling honesty and his devotion to the cause of Democracy. I have too much respect for Senator Hill and his admirers to doubt for a moment that the nominee will receive the support of the whole Democratic party."

State Superintendent of Public Buildings Delehanty said: "He will receive the vote of every Democrat and will carry New York State."

Col. William G. Rice, who was Gov. Hill's private Secretary during his first term, said: "The nomination of Mr. Cleveland is, in my opinion, the strongest that could be made, so far as both the State of New York and the other doubtful States are concerned. I have carefully studied the figures of elections for several years past in this State and the study convinces me that no other Democrat has shown himself so likely to get our full vote as Mr. Cleveland. No truer Democrat than Grover Cleveland has ever been put in nomination, and whatever differences of opinion may have existed before the Chicago Convention our whole duty now and until election is to use honorably every means within our reach to see that the nominee and platform are approved by a majority of the people in November."

Attorney-General Rosendale—"The nomination of Mr. Cleveland ought to inspire every Democrat with confidence. The principles of modern Democracy, the Democracy of Tilden and Manning, are worthily typified in Grover Cleveland. His nomination was urged and insisted upon by the great body of the Democratic party of the country."

"In 1884 Mr. Cleveland resided in Albany and especial interest in the campaign centered here. The prospect of success to-day is better than it was at the outset of that campaign. I firmly believe that matters in this State will be well managed, and I predict that it will be a 'growing' campaign and prove a victorious one."

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 23.—The most enthusiastic meeting of the kind ever known in this city was held in Franklin Square to-night to ratify the nomination of Cleveland and Stevenson. A national salute was fired, two bands played, bonfires burned on many street corners and the air was ablaze with fireworks. George W. Gallaway presided and resolutions were adopted endorsing the candidates and the platform. Addresses were made by George W. Greene, of Goshen, and William Vanamee, of this city. The friends of Hill were not behind in the cheering.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 23.—A great throng of Democrats and many Republicans united to-night in ratifying the nomination of Cleveland. The city is ablaze with red fire and skyrockets. Every mention by the speakers of Cleveland's name elicits prolonged cheering.

DANVILLE, N. Y., June 22.—The Democracy of Danville fired one hundred guns to-day upon receipt of the news from Chicago, and a large new American flag was unfurled on Main street. Arrangements are being made for a grand ratification meeting.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 23.—A salute of forty-five guns was fired here in honor of the Chicago nominees and a general ratification meeting will be held on Saturday.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y., June 23.—Democrats here formed in procession to-day and, captained by F. P. Marsh, marched through

the streets cheering for Cleveland and tariff reform.

CHATHAM, N. Y., June 23.—The Democracy here are celebrating Cleveland's nomination to-night with parades and pyrotechnics. Flags are flying and cannon have been booming at intervals all day.

UTICA, N. Y., June 23.—One hundred guns were fired from three different places in this city this morning in honor of Cleveland's nomination. There was a parade with fire-works this evening.

TROY, N. Y., June 23.—The Troy Democratic Club ratified the nomination of Grover Cleveland at 4 o'clock this morning by firing 100 guns.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 23.—Forty-four guns were fired by the Democrats here this morning in ratification of Cleveland's nomination. A ratification meeting was held this evening.

Democrats generally speak in high praise of the ticket nominated at Chicago. They believe also that Tammany Hall will be true to the party and support Cleveland earnestly. Here are a few scraps of Democratic sentiment:

J. H. Sweetser, of Sweetser, Pembroke & Co.—I think Cleveland was the man to nominate and he is the man to elect. Without reference to politics, he gave us a good and clean administration when he was President, and he will do the same thing again.

Michael Blake, Clerk of the Board of Aldermen—I would have liked to have seen Hill selected, but I am satisfied with Cleveland. It's nonsense to talk about Tammany knifing the ticket. Tammany will poll a full vote and Cleveland and Stevenson will get it all.

Domodore Eibridge T. Gerry—I am a Hill Democrat, but I'll vote for Cleveland. He will be elected beyond doubt. New York will stand by him, and I confidently expect that he will carry Illinois and Indiana.

This is what the Harlem Democrats say of the ticket:

Dawyer Benjamin Franklin—I think the ticket will win. I am sorry, though, that Mr. Cleveland could not have received the vote of the delegates of this State. It would have given the Democrats throughout the country more encouragement to work. As Tammany has stated that it will support the ticket, I have no doubt that Democracy will triumph in the State and consequently in the Union.

B. S. Simons—I think the Democratic ticket is a winner. I have always had a great faith in Cleveland.

Daniel P. Hays—The Democratic ticket I consider a very strong one. It eliminates all personalities from the campaign and makes it one of principle. I am a Tammany man and I believe that Tammany Hall will loyally support the ticket. Every Tammany man whom I have met says the same thing.

H. W. Helfer—I am positive the ticket will win. I would not be surprised if Cleveland could be elected without the vote of New York. Look out for a revolution in some of the Western States.

Congressman Ashbel P. Fitch—I think it is an excellent ticket and it will be elected.

Democrats in Brooklyn talk enthusiastically for the ticket. Here is what a few of them say:

Thomas H. Troy—I believe Mr. Cleveland will carry this State and it will be with the earnest effort of David B. Hill.

Capt. John Eason—Cleveland will carry this State by between 30,000 and 10,000 majority.

D. J. Haggerty—We will carry the Twenty-first Ward for Cleveland.

Alderman Heaney—Cleveland is the strongest man in the party, and is sure to win.

Ex-Assemblyman P. K. McCann—It is a good ticket, and will win without fail.

Judah B. Voorhees—The people wanted Cleveland and he will be elected.

Ex-United States Marshall Stafford—Cleveland is from the people of the people and for the people.

His majority in the country will be greater than any candidate ever received.

John F. James, real estate agent—It is the best nomination the Democratic party could have made. I believe he will be elected.

The prominent men in the labor unions are mostly all Democrats and their views concerning the nominations are in regard to the relative merits of Cleveland and Hill. The heads of various trades unions express themselves as follows:

H. V. Clayton, Varnishers' Union, and Secretary of the Board of Walking Delegates—Cleveland is the best man we could have. I am glad he is nominated, and shall vote for him.

Edward McLoughlin, Progressive Painters' Union No. 6—I should have voted for Blaine if he had been nominated, but prefer Cleveland to Harrison. If Tammany act squarely by him, as I think they will, he will carry the State.

Owen Harvey, of the Varnishers' Union—I wanted Cleveland and am glad he is nominated, and you bet he will win.

Charles Schlecht, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners—Cleveland is first class and it was impossible to find a better man. I shall do my best for him.

E. B. Murphy, Paper-Hangers—Cleveland was my choice and I am glad he was nominated. We shall now have a good campaign and I think Cleveland will win.

Paul Walther, Cement Laborers' Union—The Democrats should carry this State with such a man as Cleveland at their head. I shall vote for him.

Chris Jacobsen, English-Speaking Farmers—It should have been Hill, for Cleveland will have a hard time to beat Harrison. I will vote for him.

A. S. Hettrich, Marble Cutters Helpers—I vote the Democratic ticket, but would rather have seen Hill at the head than Cleveland.

W. B. Horan, Stairbuilders—Cleveland is good, but Hill would have been better.

John Frewen, Progressive Painters' Union No. 3—Cleveland is the best man we could have, much better than Hill, and I think he can win.

William Ivory, Electric Wiremen's Union—Cleveland will do, but I am not enraptured with him. I would much have preferred a Western man.

John Tasker, Steamfitters' Union and President of the Board of delegates—I like Cleveland and believe he will draw more independent votes than any other man. If the party acts honestly he will win easily.

Richmond Dispatch: "We expect Mr. Cleveland to sweep the country. It does not seem possible that the man who carries New York State in his hands and shows in all the other States a strength never before manifested by any man, can be in any danger of defeat at the ballot box."

Chattanooga News: "The nomination of Cleveland is a good thing for the Democracy, the platform adopted is a strong bid for the success of pure Democracy, and the harmony that prevailed was a most propitious omen. So far, Democracy has done well."

Mr. Cleveland Talks.

At 4:30 o'clock Thursday morning, Mr. Cleveland, through Governor Russell, sent from Gray Gable, the following statement to the press:

"I should certainly be chargeable with dense insincerity if I was not profoundly touched by this new proof of confidence and trust of the great party to which I belong and whose mandate claim my loyal obedience."

"I am confident that our fellow countrymen are ready to receive with approval the principles of true democracy, and I cannot rid myself of the belief that to win success it is only necessary to persistently and honestly advocate these principles. Differences of opinion and judgment in democratic conventions are by no means unwholesome indications, but it is hardly conceivable in view of the importance of the party that there should be anywhere among democratic men any lack of harmonious and active efforts to win in the campaign which opens before us. I have, therefore, no concern on that subject."

"It will certainly be my constant endeavor to deserve the support of every democrat."

ILLINOIS NOW ON A SWING.

The Lutherans Will Vote 35,000 Strong Against the Republican Persecutors of Their Schools.

Chicago Special, 26th, to Philadelphia Record.

The placing of General Adlai E. Stevenson on the Democratic national ticket as Cleveland's running mate and the nomination of Judge John P. Altgeld, of this city, as the Democratic candidate for Governor, the constant growth of the doctrine of tariff reform among the farmers of Illinois and the rebellion of 30,000 Republican Lutheran voters against that party on account of the passage by a Republican Legislature of an obnoxious school law has set the feuds of the Republican managers of this State swimming, and they are asking one another "What of Illinois?"

Exultant Democrats are proclaiming that Illinois' 24 votes in the Electoral College will surely be given to Cleveland and Stevenson, while conservative members of the party say that the State is debatable at this time, and with a united party and hard work it can be won in November next.

All agree, however, in predicting the election of Judge Altgeld, the Democratic gubernatorial candidate, by majorities ranging from 15,000 upward. His candidacy is regarded as the strongest possible one that could have been made in the State for the Democracy, because of his peculiar elements of strength. He is an untiring campaigner. He has been in the field since last April and he has already covered the State once and established Altgeld clubs in every town and village. General Stevenson is likewise a hustler in a canvass.

Both men are fearless on the stump. There is not a better campaign orator in the State than Stevenson. Judge Altgeld is noted for his scholarly attainments and has a wide reputation in this part of the country for his writings on social economic subjects. Add to this the further fact that the judge is wealthy enough to permit of his expending \$500,000 in the campaign for organization purposes, and one can readily recognize that the leaders of the G. O. P. have every reason to feel alarmed over the situation.

Before going any further into the situation it is necessary to explain the trouble that has arisen among the Lutherans and the part they will play in the campaign. Nineteenth of all the Lutheran voters in the State are Republicans, or at least have been up to a few years ago, when the then Republican Legislature of Illinois passed a school law fashioned after that of the objectionable Bennett law in Wisconsin, which resulted in the routine of the Republicans of that State and the election by the Democrats of Gov. Peck.

Gov. Pfeiffer was appealed to by a big delegation of Lutheran preachers to veto the bill. He not only signed it, but added insult to injury by his scant courtesy to the members of the cloth. The Lutherans have their own parochial schools, where many of the students are taught in their mother tongue. The State undertook to take charge of these schools and direct the manner in which they should be conducted.

The refusal of the Lutherans to recognize the State's authority was followed by the State educational officers declaring the schools not schools within the meaning of the act, and under the compulsory section of the law, they instituted prosecutions in 20 instances against parents for not sending their children to public schools.

The parents were fined, and then such a howl was raised by the great body of Lutherans that the State authorities concluded to allow the law to remain in statu quo.

But the Lutherans were mad all over, and they set out to revenge themselves on the party they had always served. It was largely through their efforts that the last Legislature was made Democratic,

which not only sent John M. Palmer to the United States Senate, but also repealed the objectionable law. In that campaign they organized a State central committee of their own. They distributed their election tickets at the doors of their churches on the Sunday preceding the election and had their people at the polls on election day.

This State central committee had much to do with the nomination of Judge Altgeld. It in fact endorsed Altgeld, and it was the endorsement that practically won him the nomination over ex-Pension Commissioner General Black and Judge Humer.

The framers of the Democratic national platform took good care to recognize the Lutheran vote in that document. In section 11 it condemns, in the name of the party, the oppression practiced by the Russian government upon its Lutheran and Jewish subjects and calls upon the national government by all just and proper means to use its prompt and best efforts to stop this persecution. The Republican national platform speaks only of the abuses practiced on the Jewish subjects of the Czar. The Democratic platform also takes strong ground with the Lutherans in their school fight. It says:

"Freedom of education being essential to civil and religious liberty as well as a necessity for the development of intelligence, must not be interfered with. We are opposed to State law interfering with parents' rights and the rights of the education of children as an infringement of the fundamental Democratic doctrine, that the largest individual liberty consistent with the rights of others insures the highest type of American citizenship and the best government."

This was inserted specially to cover the situation in this State and Wisconsin. The Democratic managers in the latter State insist in the most positive terms that Wisconsin's 12 votes will be given to Cleveland and Stevenson. The Lutherans left the Republican party in that State and they have been steadily voting with the Democrats ever since. There have been four elections in Wisconsin since they broke away from the Republicans, and in both State and town elections it has been demonstrated that they are still sticking by their Democratic friends.

L. W. Neiman, editor of the Milwaukee Journal, who was in attendance at the Democratic national convention, says there is hardly a doubt of Wisconsin being carried for Cleveland. The Lutherans of Wisconsin and Illinois are fighting the same battle, and each has been a great help to the other in the contests in which they have been engaged in their respective States.

Washington Hensing, editor of the Illinois Staats Zeitung, says that 85 per cent of the Lutheran Republican vote in Illinois will be cast for Altgeld.

At a meeting of the Republican State Committee, held in this city a little over a week ago, one of the members of that body, who is regarded as a representative Lutheran, plainly told the committee that they had lost the Lutheran vote of the State, and this loss he placed at 35,000 votes. The speech was published in all the Chicago papers. As Harrison's majority in 1888 was 22,195, it will be seen that if the representation of this Republican committeeman is only partly true the State is lost.

There has been one State election upon the school issue since this fight started. The official vote for was Superintendent of State Schools. The Democratic nominee, Raab, beat Prof. Edwards, the Republican candidate, by a majority running above 20,000.

For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Subscribe for the LINCOLN COURIER, \$1.25 a year.

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.