

LINCOLN COURIER.

J. M. ROBERTS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

LINCOLN, N. C., JUNE 23, 1893.

ENTERED IN THE POST OFFICE AT LINCOLN AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Subscription—Cash in Advance. Year, \$1.25; 6 months, .75; 4 months, .50.

One inch, one time, \$1.00; 25c for each subsequent insertion. Two inches, one time, \$1.50; 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

KOPE ELIAS—GLENN.

The long looked for appointments have at last been made. Hon. Kope Elias, of Franklin, Macon county has been appointed Collector of Internal Revenue of this district and Hon. R. B. Glenn, of Winston, has received the office of district Attorney.

Kope Elias has long been in the service of the Democratic party, and is an able worker for the cause. He was one of the Cleveland delegates at the Chicago convention last year. We believe the appointment will give general satisfaction.

R. B. Glenn, who made such a vigorous canvass during the last campaign, is a most deserving selection. His endorsement for district attorney was irresistible. The manner in which he handled Mary Ann Butler in the last campaign brought terror into the ranks of the Third party.

While there must necessarily be some dissatisfaction on the part of other applicants and their friends for these places, they are doubtless the best selections that could have been made.

The Collector's office will probably be continued at Asheville.

THE CELEBRATIONS at the Guilford Battle Grounds will take place on the 4th of July next. The Holt monument will be unveiled on that day. Great preparations are being made for the occasion.

The dedication ceremonies will be elaborate and striking—as the monument is to mark the spot where the North Carolina volunteer riflemen of Surry under Major Joseph Winston were fighting the Hessians and Tarleton's Cavalry after General Green had retreated from the field.

Judge Schenck deserves and is receiving high honor for bringing into prominence this historic place and for having the heroism of Guilford perpetuated in the memories of the people.

THE BANKS of NEW HANOVER county, Wilmington and a branch bank of it have failed. The following is the cashier's statement: "Owing to the withdrawal of more than \$320,000 of notice of over \$150,000 intended withdrawals maturing in a few days, and also to its inability to realize quickly upon its assets on account of the stringency of the times, the Bank of New Hanover has been forced to make an assignment to Junius Davis, in the interest of all concerned."

[Signed] A. L. SMITH, Cashier.

ONE ANNUAL event, now not very far off and which North Carolina should never permit to languish, is the celebration of the Battle of Guilford Court House. The celebration takes place on July 4, on the battle ground near Greensboro. The excellent shape in which the grounds have been put is due to the patriotic Judge Schenck. His en-

ergy and patriotism have saved this great revolutionary event from oblivion and preserved it to posterity. The Guilford Battle Ground, with its monuments and its museum, will be an honor to Judge Schenck's name long after he shall have passed away.—Charlotte News.

The Compensation of Collector Attorney and Marshal.

The collectorship of the western district of North Carolina is worth \$4,500 per annum. The collector has a salary of \$3,500 and is allowed commissions to the amount of \$1,000 per year on cancelled stamps. The district attorney and marshals are paid in fees and are allowed to make \$5,000 per year. Any excess over this amount that they collect they must turn into the Treasury, as must the collector any commissions in excess of \$1,000. During no year of the four that they were each in office did District Attorney Price or Marshal Glenn fail to make his \$5,000 and turn a balance into the Treasury. Truly, these three are very nice places.—Charlotte Observer.

The Jury's Work Complete.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The coroner's jury investigating the Ford's Theatre disaster, has brought in a verdict holding Col. F. C. Ainsworth, contractor Geo. W. Daut, Superintendent covert and Engineer Sasse responsible for the deaths of the victims by reason of criminal negligence on their part.

The jury were out nearly two hours. The verdict, with much surplus verbiage, says that Dante excavated the earth beneath one of the brick pillars which supported the floors above within in any way shoring or protecting the pillar, and this caused the pillar to fall bringing down the floors above with the results known.

"That Frederick C. Ainsworth was the officer in charge of said building and the said clerks, and that William G. Covert was superintendent of said building and that Francis Sasse was the mechanical engineer and fireman of said building; and the latter, although not an architect or civil engineer, prepared the plans and specifications for the enlargement of said cellar, and said Ainsworth, Sasse and Covert and each of them knew or ought to have known that said Daut was engaged in excavating said cellar and underpinning said pier, and that he had not shored the columns and beams of said building or taken any other precaution to prevent the fall thereof or said floors nor did Ainsworth, Sasse, Covert, or either of them, take any precaution to prevent the fall of said floor while the said Daut was engaged in underpinning said piers or columns so as to protect the said clerks from the loss of life or limbs by reason thereof; but said Ainsworth, Covert, Sasse and Dante were, and each of them was guilty of criminal negligence in respect of said excavation and enlargement of said cellar and underpinning of said piers then being and about to be done therein, and we, the jurors aforesaid, say that the said Ainsworth, Covert, Sasse, Daut and each of them is guilty of criminal negligence and we further find that Frederick C. Ainsworth, Wm. G. Covert, Francis Sasse and Geo. W. Daut are responsible for the killing of said Frederick Loftis; and we jurors aforesaid, do further say that the failure of the government of the United States to provide for skilled superintendence of the work of repair and alteration of its building in charge of the War Department is most unbusinesslike and reprehensible, and we are of the opinion that if such superintendence had been provided in the case of the work on the Ford's Theatre building the awful tragedy might have avoided."

At the request of the coroner Mr. Thomas, the district attorney, read the verdict aloud. Not a sound disturbed him. It was supposed the announcement would be followed by a scene but when Thomas finished reading and laid down the paper not a man in the room spoke. There was an oppressive silence for a moment and then the voice of Lieut. Amise, requesting the assemblage to file out quietly, was heard. His instructions were obeyed to the letter. Coroner Patterson decided not to issue warrants for the commitment of Ainsworth, Daut, Covert and Sasse until to-morrow morning, in order to give them an opportunity of obtaining bail.

Ainsworth has already secured bondsmen. Daut is very ill at his residence, suffering from a nervous attack brought on through the accusation made against him in connection with the disaster. Washington News.

ty of obtaining bail. Ainsworth has already secured bondsmen. Daut is very ill at his residence, suffering from a nervous attack brought on through the accusation made against him in connection with the disaster.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 19, 1893.—The President has been suffering from an attack of rheumatism for several days, which taken in connection with the knowledge that he has been dieting himself for some time to reduce his flesh, which notwithstanding the enormous quantity of the hardest sort of work he constantly does, has been increasing, was made the foundation for numerous sensational rumors concerning his general health. Your correspondent is assured by those who know that Mr. Cleveland's general health, barring the rheumatism, is excellent. He expects, in company with Mrs. Cleveland and Baby Ruth, to leave Washington tomorrow or next day for his Buzzard Bay cottage, where Mrs. Cleveland will return to Washington within a week or ten days, possibly sooner, and will remain, making occasional visits to Buzzard's Bay until the last of July when he expects to go for at least a month's stay. The fact that he expects to spend the month of August away from Washington effectually disposed of the rumored earlier calling of the extra session of Congress, a rumor that probably had its only origin in the wishes of those who have been here clamoring for an immediate extra session.

The coroner's jury has nearly completed its task of investigating the Ford's Theatre catastrophe, and its verdict is looked forward to with the greatest interest. It is well nigh certain that it will blame Col. Ainsworth for contributory negligence, if for nothing worse. In that case the grand jury will probably indict Ainsworth for manslaughter, and its finding will also necessarily carry some weight with the Army Court of Inquiry which will look into the matter this week. Col. Ainsworth is still at the head of the Records and Pension Office of the War Department, and owing to the peculiar conditions surrounding the position, would still be the legal head of the office and continue to draw his salary, even if he were suspended by the President, as he may be before the end of this week. Ainsworth is a Colonel in the Army, but he has neither regiment nor command; he is not in the line of promotion and cannot be transferred to other duties by the President, and he is the only man in the army who cannot be. Col. Ainsworth can only be removed from the army by Court Martial, and so long as he remains in the army it is doubtful whether the President has authority to appoint any other man chief of the Records and Pension Office, although he can designate another army officer to perform the duties temporarily. A little political tinge has been given the matter by the appearance of Senator Proctor as the special champion of Ainsworth.

Although Sec. Gresham will neither affirm nor deny the statement that Minister Blount has resigned those who know the intentions of Mr. Blount say it is true, and the presence of Hon. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, in Washington, has caused the belief that he will be his successor.

Twenty army officers have been detailed, under the act of July 1892, to act as Indian agents. There was considerable difficulty in finding officers willing to serve and the President did not care to detail men for the duty against their wishes.

When next pension day comes around there will be some disagreeably surprised men, among those who will apply for their checks at several of the Pension agencies throughout the country. The failure to receive the customary check will be the first notice these men will have that they have been dropped from the pension roll as a result of the examination now being conducted by a select committee of examiners, of all the pensioners granted under Raum's construction of the act of 1890. Although this work has just commenced many names have already been dropped and many more will follow. The men who are being dropped by this committee are not strictly speaking fraudulent pensioners, although they have drawn public money to which they were not entitled. The wrong was committed by Raum in

so constraining the law as to make them eligible for pensions, and for that reason it is not probable that any attempt will be made to recover the money already paid to those who have been or will be dropped, as will be done in cases where the pensioner got on the roll by fraudulent acts of his own.

Congressman Tucker, of Virginia, says "If Mr. Carlisle keeps on the way he has begun he will be the ideal of democracy and their candidate for the Presidency in 1896. He had done two things that commend him mightily to the popular favor—the replacing of republican officials with democrats and his refusing to be bullied into issuing bonds."

Elias is Collector and Glenn is Dist. Atty.

SPECIAL to the Charlotte Observer. WASHINGTON, June 19.—The die is cast. Kope Elias is collector, R. B. Glenn district attorney. This solution, says Col. W. H. Williams, gives general satisfaction, and the appointment of Mr. Elias will redound to the good of the party and public. Mr. Elias has received numerous congratulations. It is understood that before the recent arrangement was known Secretary Carlisle had sent his name to the President for the collectorship, while at the same time Attorney General Olney had sent his name for district attorney. The ability of the new collector is conceded by Senator Vance and others. Kope Elias goes home to-night to arrange his bond, which is \$260,000 in amount and which will be here this week. He says he has not fixed any of the minor positions under his office and may not do so for several weeks.

Not a Hero!

MR. EDITOR:—It is refreshing, if not amusing, to read your apologetic batch of suppositions in answer to a simple question in last week's paper. A simple answer would have sufficed without a needless appeal to public sympathy for a manifest mistake of judgment on the part of county commissioners. But the alarming frequency of these mistakes should not be overlooked, especially when they are so strongly emphasized by a call for a special tax.

The commissioners should remember that they are fiduciary as well as disbursing officers, and that the present or prospective funds of the county can be properly expended only when it is done for the legitimate liabilities of the county. There is none of your suppositions about this statement, but there would be if they were to indemnify the Register of Deeds or Sheriff for private losses, suffered by fire or flood, simply because they were county officers. Because Mr. Baxter is the keeper of a charitable institution of the county does not entitle him to exceptional consideration. He did not assume the responsible charge of keeper of the Home on account of his intense sympathy and love for the unfortunate inmates. He believed there was money in it, and he voluntarily took charge expecting thereby to feather his own nest, and during the years he has had charge of it he has increased in material wealth until he is considered one of our substantial citizens and above the shadow of public charity. The commissioners knew this when they contributed prospective public funds to partially make good his private losses. They could with equal justice have given aid to Messrs. P. B. and Thomas Bess on account of their recent losses by fire, and I assure them they could not give to worthier gentlemen. Since the precedent is established and the editor of the COURIER says he does "not feel called upon to condemn our commissioners for this spirit of charity towards any one who has been overtaken with such misfortune" why not give the Messrs. Bess about seventy-five or a hundred dollars to heal the ugly wounds of misfortune? If not, why not? That is about the amount given to Mr. Baxter. Mr. editor, you do not draw the line wide enough between "mine and thine" and therefore would not make a state commissioner, although an honest and conscientious one. You would no doubt of your sympathies get away with your better judgment, and that is just the quality the people do not want in a man having the taxing power in his hands. That is just what the commissioners have done, but their honesty of purpose will not be questioned. They sim-

ly desired to do a charitable deed, but in their zeal to do it, did not stop to reflect that their personal sympathies should be measured by their own pocket books.

It is a reflection upon the county to say that the benefits accruing to Mr. Baxter from the action of the commissioners would be indirectly shared by the inmates of the Home, in that it carries with it the impression that they are not amply fed and clothed, and whose welfare is governed by a private financial thermometer which rises or falls as its owner prospers. The per capita allowance for the inmates of the Home is sufficient to feed them reasonably well, and to Mr. Baxter's credit, he it said, he is a good shepherd and does not "skin" his flock to enlarge his own profits.

In this age of culture and civilization it would be hard to find a man who does not place human life above brute life, and yet you lay considerable stress on the fact that Mr. Baxter could have saved his moles if he had not gone to the rescue of the inmates of the Home, whose lives were endangered by the flames. To have done less would have made him a fit subject for judge Lynch, and yet you think him not only entitled to sympathy but also to substantial reward because God had given him a nature that knew how to discriminate between man and beast. The man who voluntarily imperils his own life to rescue a human being from threatened death is a hero; when he loses his life in the attempt, his name is heralded to the world as a martyr, but the captain of a scuttled ship who sees his personal treasure sinking to the bottom of the ocean while he is laying the gauge-plank for his passengers to safely reach the shore is only a common-place, every-day sort of a man.

A TAX PAYER.

[There is nothing in the foregoing that needs any reply from us. We know our friend "Tax Payer" is a little fond of controversy but we must deny him some pleasure in that line on this occasion. We answered his question last week as courteously as we knew how, and gave him all the reasons known to us. Our version of the set was fully given in our last week's issue of the COURIER and we have nothing further to add.—COURIER.]

A Man Who Has no Luck.

"I hoped to get an office," wrote a Nebraska Democrat to the Post-office Department, "but I have given up hoping, and am now plowing corn. I never had any luck. In my younger days I planted a tree in the hope that when I waxed old it would shelter and be a comfort to me; the other day it fell on me and broke one of my limbs and several of its own. One time I collared a burglar and took him to the police station, and the officer in charge locked me up, and let the burglar go. On another occasion I tried to relieve the suffering of a horse that had a nail in its foot, and it kicked me through the side of a barn. Why should a man with my grotesque luck hope for anything except an untimely death?"—Ed.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

If you live in the South or Southeast you will have unequalled advantages in reaching the great fair; a Solid Train with Palace Sleeping Cars leave Atlanta daily via the E. T. V. & G. Ry. to Chattanooga, thence via Q. & C. Route to Cincinnati, and Big Four Route to Chicago; cars via C. & O. By. and Big Four Route to Chicago. Besides these solid trains, all other trains, make Direct Connection in Cincinnati, Central Union Station with the Big Four Route, avoiding all transfers across the city, necessary via all other Lines to Chicago.

Trains of the Big Four pass along the Western edge of the Exposition Grounds on an elevated track, offering a magnificent panoramic view of the Fair.

The stopping trains at Midway Plaisance Gate which is main entrance to the Exposition, is an unequalled advantage offered by this route.

Naturally, all the Principal World Fair Hotels are located on the route of the Big Four, to be nearer to the Exposition, and furthermore, convenient stops are made along the line enabling passengers to reach every part of the Hotel and Boarding House District.

Should you prefer to go down town, trains of the Big Four land you at the new Central Station at Twelfth St. in the heart of the city. Thus all the disagreeable features of tedious transfers and delay in Chicago as well as along the route are positively avoided, making this line superior to all others in every respect.

For full information, address D. B. Martin, G. P. & T. A. World's Fair Route, Cincinnati, O.

THE FACT

That AYER'S Sarsaparilla CURES OTHERS of Scrofulous Diseases, Eruptions, Boils, Eczema, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, and Catarrh should be convincing that the same course of treatment WILL CURE YOU. All that has been said of the wonderful cures effected by the use of

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

during the past 30 years, truthfully applies to-day. It is, in every sense, The Superior Medicine. Its curative properties, strength, effect, and flavor are always the same; and for whatever blood diseases AYER'S Sarsaparilla is taken, they yield to this treatment. When you ask for

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

don't be induced to purchase any of the worthless substitutes, which are mostly mixtures of the cheapest ingredients, contain no sarsaparilla, have no uniform standard of appearance, flavor, or effect, are blood-purifiers in name only, and are offered to you because there is more profit in selling them. Take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists; Price 25c. per bottle, 50c. per dozen.

Cures others, will cure you

NEW STORE.

We have just opened up a first class grocery store on Main Street, in store room adjoining post-office.

We sell first class Groceries CHEAP. We buy all kinds country produce. Will pay highest market price in CASH or TRADE, for all kinds country produce. Call and see us.

C. W. Ward & Co. Lincoln, N. C., Mar. 10, 1893.

THE STORE.

ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

WILL TALK TO YOU THIS Week About --CARPETS--

Why can we sell carpets from 10 to 15 per cent cheaper than the old way of carrying carpets in stock, which necessitates investing a large capital, and there is always more or less remnants left on hand, which has to be sold at a sacrifice in order to get rid of them. As a matter of course, the customer who buys from one of these old style firms, has to pay for the loss on remnants and interest or capital invested.

This is the reason why our modern plan of selling carpets is much cheaper and better than the old way.

1st. We have no Capital invested, as we are Manufacturers' agents and carry Samples of Carpet in Stock only, therefore; we can afford to sell for a very small profit.

2st. We carry a very large assortment of samples for you to select from. After you make your selection, we take the size of your room, and order just exactly the quantity required for the room. In this way we have no remnants left on our hands. This is another saving and the reason why we can afford to sell carpets cheap.

No firm in a small town, can possibly afford to carry the assortment of carpets in stock, that we do sample. We can, therefore, give you so much larger assortment to select from.

STAMPED LINENS.

This is a line of goods that never has been carried in this market before. Our assortment is so large and varied that it is impossible to give anything like a correct idea of it, we therefore cordially invite you to call and inspect it. In connection with this line, we also have a nice assortment of Silk Tassels, Balls, Cards and Brass ornaments for Eancy work. Always on hand a good assortment Wash Embroidery Silks.

RESPECTFULLY, Jenkins Bros.

RAMSAUR AND BURTON

HAVING purchased the stock of H. E. & J. B. Ramsaur, we will continue to carry the same line of goods.

If you want a STOVE or RANGE or the vessels, or pipe, call and examine our stock.

We keep on hand Buggies and Wagons, Harness, Saddles and Collars, "Handmade," also the best sole and Harness Leather.

Large stock cut soles.

Old Hickory and Piedmont Wagons kept in stock.

Glass Fruit Jars, Flower Pots, Glass Ware, Tin Ware, Jug Towel Ware, Iron of all kinds, Nails, "cut" wire and horseshoe, Horse and Mule shoes, one and two horse Roland and Steel Plows and repairs, The largest stock of Hardware in town. Buckets, Tubs, Churns, wheel barrows, fence wire, in fact EVERYTHING kept in Hardware and Leather goods line.

The thanks of the old firm are hereby tendered the public for their liberal patronage and encouragement. The new firm will endeavor to merit a continuance of same. Come to see us whether you want goods or not. All questions cheerfully answered, except as to weather forecast.

Substitute for Sash weights.

The Common Sense Sash Balances: They can be used where it is impossible to use weights or other fixtures. They are especially valuable for repairing old buildings, and are as easily put in old buildings as new ones.

Common Sense Curtain Fixture: The most perfect Curtain Fixture made. The curtain can be let down from the top to any desired point, giving light or ventilation without exposing the room or its occupants, answering the double purpose of an inside blind and a window curtain.

Automatic Centre Rail Sash Lock: The only automatic centre rail sash lock made. No bolts, springs, or rivets are used. We will take pleasure in showing these improved goods.

RESPECTFULLY,

Ramsaur & Burton.

RACKET STORE.

We wish to call your attention to the fact that we are once more to the front with one of the greatest and most complete stock of spring and summer goods, of all kinds, that we have ever had, and we are more than glad to say that we can sell them as cheap as we ever have. Except calicoes which have advanced a little; but in all other lines we find no change, except for the cheaper. Some people may cry "high prices" to you, but it is not so with the RACKET, as you will find what you want here at the right price always.

We can sell a nice dress (Gingham at 7, 8, 9 and 10cts. per yd. A fine line of Outings at 10cts. We have the prettiest line of White goods you ever saw, from 3 to 20c. Black Lawns 8 to 20c. Challies, 7 to 12c. Satines, 20 to 18c. Standard bleached Domestic 8 to 10c. Our cashmere and Honiton line of dress goods is the best we have ever had. You will find all the new shades and colors, also the trimming to match in gimps and Silks.

NOTION DEPT.

This department is full, and overflowing with articles too numerous to mention.

SHOE DEPT.

This is one of our largest departments, and you will find one of the most complete lines of shoes that will be found in the place, from the cheapest to the best. In this line you will find all the latest styles of Ladies Misses and Children's low cuts for the spring and summer seasons.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Our line of Clothing is by far larger than it has ever been, in Mens' Youths' and Boys' Suits; you will find what you want at the price you want, for odd pants, we can suit you in anything you want from a 65c. pair to the best \$5.00 pants in the world.

Millinery Dep't.

In this line we are headquarters. Last season proved a hummer in this line. This season we expect to double our sale.

Hat Dep't.

For Mens' Youths' and Boys' hats, we have the best, the latest style and the Cheapest.

OUR MOTTO IS "UNDER-BUY UNDERSELL." Cash on Delivery of Goods.

RESPECTFULLY,

J. L. KISTLER, PROP.