State Library

THE MONROE JOURNAL.

VOLUME X. NO 11 MONROE, N. C., TUESDAY APRIL 14, 1903 One Dollar a Year

Sparks of Public Opinion.

Vigilance the Price.

Biblical Recorder.

Monroe people have organized to show that prohibition will prohibit. They are fighting blind tigers. That is excellent. Vigilance is the price of law enforcement.

The Biggest Trust.

Newspaperdom.

The biggest trust on the earth is the newspaper trust. It trusts everybody, gets cussed for trusting, mistrusted for cussing, and if it busts for trusting gets cussed for busting.

Taking Courage from J. P.

Columbia State.

The country seems to take fresh heart because Pierpont Morgan predicts good times with plenty of money. Did the country ever hear of Mr. Morgan when he was having any other kind of a time or when he didn't need storage room for his cash?

Time for Carter to Do Things.

Columbia State.

Carter Harrison breaks the record. For a fourth time he has been elected mayor of Chicago, and in this victory he defeated about all the influences that could be massed against him. There is doubtless room for much improvement in the Windy City's municipal affairs, and if Harrison is "Looking Onward" now is the time for him to pay strict attention to business and "do things."

The Best Investment.

Congressman John H. Small.

Our people must realize that while it is their duty to pay taxes for the protection of their life and property, it is their still higher duty to pay taxes for the education of their children. They should believe that it is the inalienable right of every child to demand and receive the benefits of an elementary education, at least, and that the most profitable investment of the body politic, is the tax fund invested in the brains and capabilities of children.

True and Statesmanlike.

Columbia State.

"Honor, courage, integrity, devotion to principle, and the faithful performance to duty are just as essential to the greatness of a free people as courage and self-sacrifice are to the success of a fighting army." So said Gen. William Carey Sanger, assistant secretary of war, in an address delivered on Shiloh battlefield last Monday. It is the truest, most statesmanlike utterance that has recently emanated from anyone connected with the administration.

Is It Worth While?

Biblical Recorder.

Be sure that the paper that you read is worth the reading. The reading is a greater consideration than the price. One spends three cents in money for a Recorder, two dollars in energy and ten, perhaps, in time and eyesight. The question is not, Is it worth the price? but is it worth while? Many a man is throwing away dollars' worth of time on two cent papers because they are cheap. Man, they are the costliest things in the world! A paper that does not instruct and uplift, but rather runs through a man's mind—in and out again—is exceedingly dear at any price.

Would Sell Two of Them.

Charity & Children.

The gentlemen who opposed the Watts law begged almost with tears that legislature do not discriminate in favor of the towns against the country by depriving the latter of the glorious privilege of making whiskey and giving that privilege to the former. It turns out that there are five hundred and thirty stills in North Carolina, and of this number hardly thirty, we dare say, are in the towns. And so it was discrimination with a vengeance. All good men, however, will rejoice in such discrimination. It means that from four to five hundred of these infamous dens will leave the State or go out of business, for the average town has too many level-headed business men in it to allow a filthy whiskey still to come in and poison its atmosphere. If a man is too blind to so see that a "hell kettle" (as preacher Little calls the distillery) is an unmittigated curse, the strong arm ought to come in and protect him from himself. This particular feature of the Watts law is praise-worthy and we hope it will be rigidly enforced. We are delighted for once that a town may have by law what is denied the country. It may be said these stills will all move to town. Not much. "Well," you say, "look how they are flocking to Hamlet and Hoffman." It is reported that a Northern man, beguiled by flaming advertisements, rode all the way from Philadelphia to see Hamlet and Hoffman, with a view to investment. After having visited both places he is said to have remarked that if he owned Hamlet, Hoffman and Hell he would sell Hamlet and Hoffman.

"Strength and vigor come of good food, duly digested. 'Force,' a ready-to serve wheat and barley food, adds no burden, but sustains, nourishes, invigorates."

From Over the State.

W. R. Ellis, a former tobacco merchant of Winston, has been sent to an insane hospital in New York. Mr. Ellis will be remembered as the man who made continuous attacks upon District Attorney A. E. Holton.

In Polk county, in a section known as the "dark corner," William and Solomon Gordon, and two young men of the name of Gosnell, ambushed and shot Linn Gosnell on the pretext that they sought a reward which had been offered for Gosnell's recapture, he having, they declared, escaped from jail in Madison county, in this State. The four men, according to the story told by the 14-year-old daughter of the dead man, who witnessed the deed, lay in ambush behind a log and fired when the unsuspecting man started to work in his field. One of the Gordon men who fired the fatal shot is quoted as saying that he had killed two finer looking men than Gosnell, and had escaped punishment, and that he could easily get out of this trouble. None of the men have as yet been captured.

While on her way home near Biltmore, Wednesday afternoon, Miss Agnes Campbell, librarian of Asheville, was attacked by a negro, who drew a pistol, robbed her of her watch and purse, and then fled.

T. S. Rollins of Asheville, son-in-law of Senator pritchard, and his law partner, was elected at Greensboro Thursday to succeed Judge Pritchard as chairman of the Republican party of the State.

A blast was made at the Barringer gold mine, 11 miles from Albemarle, a few days ago, which uncovered quartz containing gold amounting to more than $3,000. The mine promises to be a very rich one. It is operated by the Whitney Reduction Company.

A dispatch from Henderson says: "One policeman shot three times in the stomach, another shot in the chest, and a negro shot to death, is the result of a row here last night, over a seat at the show. The negro took a reserved seat and was ordered by the police to move over to the side set apart for the negroes. He refused and had to be forcibly removed. After the show was over he walked up to Policemen Robertson and Crockett and began shooting. Robertson and Crockett returned the fire, killing the negro. Robertson is seriously wounded. Crockett's wound is not dangerous."

Row Over the Spirit of Henry Ward Beecher.

Yorkville (S. C.) Enquirer.

Rev. Dr. Isaac N. Funk of New York claims to have walked and talked with the ghost of Henry Ward Beecher last week, and Rev. Dr. Isaac M. Baldeman of the First Baptist church of New York told his congregation very emphatically last Sunday morning that Rev. Dr. Funk is a liar. It seems that both the reverend gentlemen are spiritualists. Dr. Funk believes in both good and bad spirits and Dr. Baldeman holds that as only evil spirits appear to men after death, Dr. Funk lied because it is impossible that the spirit of Henry Ward Beecher could have been evil.

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Ashma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter affected a complete cure." Similar cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis and grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c. and $1. Guaranteed by English Drug Co. Trial bottles free.

WHEN ASHCRAFT'S Condition Powders are fed to horses and mules, marked improvement will be seen after the first few doses. There is no doubt about it. The Powders, acting directly on the digestive organs, first thoroughly cleanses the stomach and bowels, correcting all disorders, and then good healthy appetite comes naturally and surely. It is the most powerful tonic and appetizer on the market to-day, and when once used horsemen will have no other.

Ashcraft's Powders produce that silky sheen of coat and hair so admired by horse fanciers. The Powders fatten but never bloat.

Always high grade and put up in doses—never in bulk.

By the use of three or four doses a week your horse or mule will not be subject to colic or any disease of the stomach and bowels.

"I had an old horse that was in very bad condition generally. He was thin and had a blood disease that was causing the hair to come off. I gave the horse three doses of Ashcraft's Condition Powders a day for seven days and fed him liberally. The appetite improved from the first few doses and the animal gained fifty-two pounds in flesh during the week I gave it three doses a day. The general health of the animal was greatly improved by the use of the powders and he was made almost a new horse. I most heartily recommend Ashcraft's Condition Powders, as I know they are a splendid tonic and appetizer.—C. C. SIKES, Livery-man, Monroe, N. C."

Ask for Ashcraft's Condition Powders. Package 25c. Sold by

English Drug Company

COOLEST OF THEM ALL.

The Young Bank Defaulter of Atlanta Kept His Nerve when Discovered.

The young Atlanta bank officer, who stole $93,457.42 from the Capital City Bank was a petted leader of "sassiety." He received a salary of $1,000 and says that during the past eight years, while he was stealing the pile, his expenses in "society" cost him $51,000 in excess of his salary. He must have been a high roller, sure enough! He claims that he spent the balance on a model Greene country farm. This may well be believed. A $1,000 man who tries to keep up with Atlanta society and run a model dairy farm at the same time will need to rob a bank—and a rich bank, too—to meet all the demands upon him.

Hon. Hoke Smith, one of the directors was sent for as soon as the defalcation was discovered. Mr. Smith says he has never seen so cool a man as Sims. The Journal says:

"He was absolute the coolest man in the bank, said Mr. Smith, and never once did he lose his nerve or flinch under the trying ordeal he underwent.

"How much are you short," finally asked Mr. Smith.

"Between $93,000 and $94,000," responded Sims, without a tremor in his voice. Those present knew that Sims was short about $1,000 but thought that the discovery of this shortage had caused him to lose his mind, and that he was crazy when he said he was short so great a sum.

"How do you know that you are short that amount?" Sims was asked.

"Because it was necessary for me to know how much I was short in order to keep dummy notes, in order to 'doctor' my books, and to balance. I have never failed to balance, and Mr. DeSaussure found me only fourteen cents out of balance when he examined my books.

"I had to keep an account of my shortage in order to keep you people from discovering me," was Sims' reply.

"How long has this been going on," Sims was asked.

"Oh, about eight years," he replied.

"Never once did he flinch or lose his self possession. He was as cool a man as ever faced such a situation. He was far and away the coolest man in that room that night," said Mr. Smith. "Such iron nerve in the face of such a charge I never saw. He did not move a muscle, but proceeded to sit down and go over his book with the examiner, pointing out his every change, his every defalcation, his every forgery."

Vicious Convict Hangs Himself.

Raleigh Special to Charlotte Observer.

Vance Spiver, the one armed convict who was yesterday sentenced by the Governor to be hanged on May 16th, committed suicide in his cell in the county jail here last night about eight o'clock, by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a short piece of iron which he pulled from the bottom of his shoe. Spiver was serving a term in the penitentiary for manslaughter when he murdered a fellow convict last November. He was tried at the December term of the Criminal Court and found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged in January, but his attorneys, Messrs. Harrison & Alston, took an appeal to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the lower court, and the Governor yesterday fixed the date of the hanging on May 16th. It was not known until yesterday but that the Governor would commute to the sentence to life imprisonment, as Spiver's attorneys have been hard at work securing petitions for this purpose, but their efforts proved unsuccessful. The supervisor of the penitentiary, as well as the jailer, says that Spiver was one of the most desperate characters they had ever had in their charge. He came near killing another convict about four years ago, when he was at the Northhampton farm. He and the convict had some words, when he grabbed a knife and plunged it to the hilt in his comrades' temple. The physicans say that if the blade had been an eighth of an inch longer the blow would have proved fatal. Spiver was a man of vicious temper and would have revenge on anyone whom he thought had wronged him. No longer than last week he came near putting out the eyes of a negro confined in jail with him. All the prisoners are furnished with a preparation, which contains a large amount of poison, to destroy vermin; the negro, who was confined in another cell had been teasing Spiver about his sentence, who had prepared for his revenge. He dissolved the poison in a cup of water and when the negro came around the next morning to assist the jailer in feeding the prisoners, Spiver emptied the contents of the cup in his face. By chance he closed his eyes, but the poison took all the skin off the lids as well as his face. No disposition has been made of the remains, and if no one calls for them he will be buried at the county home.

To Cure a Cold in one Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

The Executive Committee of the Anti-Saloon League Issues a Call to the Men and Women of the State.

The favorableness of conditions is itself a sufficient call to the men and women of North Carolina to gird themselves for battle against the saloon, their ancient and remorseless enemy.

Public sentiment against the saloon is stronger than it has ever been. It is recognized by all intelligent men as the chief source of the drink evil—an evil of the gravest character and greatest proportions; and enlightened citizens are convinced by painful experience that the saloon is the worst of the several forms of the liquor traffic. Moreover, the political leaders have grown weary of the influence of the saloon in political life, and are ready to join in an effort to destroy it. On the whole, therefore, the condition of public sentiment is most auspicious.

Again, the ignorant black vote having been eliminated, the saloon's hope in voting, as they have in the past, large numbers of ignorant negroes, is cast down, while, on the other hand, the intelligent and honest classes of the colored race who yet have the ballot have made a rule of voting against the chief enemy of their weaker brethren—the saloon. Of larger significance, however, is the fact that the white race feels at liberty to take up this question now, after long years of waiting and suffering, and they take it up with the determination to settle it and settle it right, and if need be of choosing officers of the law who will enforce their will when once it has been expressed.

Again, under the new act of the General Assembly known as the Watts Act there are three changes that make decidedly for the temperance cause.

First, the saloon and distillery are excluded from the country districts. That is, evasion and destruction of municipal prohibition, such as has been accomplished by setting up saloons just outside of prohibition towns and cities, is now rendered impossible by a sweeping statute.

Second, elections may be held at any time of year, not within ninety days of a political election. Formerly the local option elections have been limited to the month of May in which many cities and towns hold municipal elections, and these have often served to muddle the issue. Now the issue may be presented without any complications whatever.

Third. We may have choice of prohibition, saloons, or distilleries, or dispensary.

These are decided advantages and should encourage every citizen who has the welfare of the Commonwealth at heart to go readily into this campaign against the saloon.

Let it be observed that the new act does not go into effect until July 1, 1903. This accounts for the fact that we look for the elections not to occur earlier than September or October of the present year. But this is not the only reason. We are of opinion that this campaign must be commenced immediately. We must work thoroughly and earnestly, and six months is none too long a time. We cannot afford to take chances in a matter so grave. Frequently to lose an election will mean a set back for ten years.

We expect that in every community there will be discussion of the dispensary question, and we take it, therefore, as the part of wisdom to declare our position now. We are first of all opposed to the saloon system. It is recognized as the worst form of the liquor traffic. We are, secondly, for prohibition. It is recognized as the only really desirable treatment of the liquor traffic. If in any community the argument shall be made for a dispensary, let it be based upon the understanding that a dispensary is favored only on the two grounds, namely (1) That it is an improvement upon the saloons, giving protection to the rising generation; and (2) That it will make way ultimately for prohibition. We regret to confess that we fear that there may be cities in our State in which an abrupt change from the open saloon to prohibition could not be so successfully made as we desire. In such cities the dispensary is the practical half-way step. We respectfully recommend that the friends of prohibition take this question up and treat it according to their knowledge of conditions in their cities or towns, and that once a course shall be determined upon, every man who opposes the saloon system shall give it hearty support.

We expect that elections will be called in every city and town in which saloons now exist. We would here remind the opponents of the saloons that they must get up a petition of one-third of the qualified voters and that thirty days notice of the election must be given. It is of the highest importance that the friends of temperance proceed immediately to organize immediately in every town, and that they select officers and committees that are capable of wisely and vigorously conducting the campaign. An organization formed now will be able to do its best work in the summer and fall. This contest is wholly local. It presents the aspects of a general warfare, but each election is a battle in itself. The work will not be done, cannot be done, from headquarters at Raleigh. It must be done by the local organizations. Nothing short of a hand to hand canvass of every voter should be aimed at in every town and city.

The Executive Committee has called a temperence convention for July 7. The object of such a convention is mutual encouragement, to forward the campaign, to strengthen the movement all along the line; to elect field men, etc. If conditions seem ripe for this meeting, we shall have it. If not, the character of our movement being local, we shall not fear not to have it.

It is proposed to supply the demand for literature and for speaking, and it is expected that sufficient funds will be contributed to pay expenses. We shall rely upon the press of the State no little, but we shall also prepare a distinctive campaign literature. We hear and now call for volunteer campaigners, promising them travelling expenses. We already have the names of some of the State's leading men and we expect the flower of the Commonwealth to join in the great battle for Moral Supremacy.

The movement is non-denominational. It appeals to all good men and women. It is non-partisan. It will sift the men in all parties. It is a movement in the name of God and Humanity against the saloon, and in it should gathered the full moral strength of our good Commonwealth.

J. W. Bailey, of Raleigh, has been chosen manager of the campaign. Let every organization report to him the names of its President and Secretary. Let persons proposing to organize freely advice with him. Also send to him applications for literature, speakers, informations, contributions, etc.

Finally, we appeal to all good men and women heartily to give themselves to this holy cause. The curse of the saloon is known too well—too well. We are verily in danger of growing so used to it and its terrible work that we will fail to apprehend its awful proportions. It is the source of ninety per cent of crime, seventy-five per cent of pauperism, and above fifty per cent of insanity. (The first two items are based upon the report of the Bureau of Statistics of Massachusetts for 1895, and the third is based upon another official investigation in that State.) These facts are submitted to remind the indifferent that the questions that we are raising is the most serious questions that can be raised in America, and that the liquor evil is an evil that calls for the concern of every man that loves his follow man, his God and country, his home and his children. We bid the friends of our cause to greet the conflict with a cheer, to face the old discouragement with overcoming faith and zeal born of desperate necessity, to give themselves to this cause freely, and throughout the struggle to reckon upon the conquering leadership of Him Whose we are and Whom we serve, for Whose will and glory we shall endure what we shall endure, and in Whose Name we shall conquer.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. BROUGHTON, Chm.,
T. N. IVEY,
J. W. BAILEY,
I. C. BLAIR, Treas.,
J. A. OATES, Cor. Sec'y.,
J. O. ATKINSON,
J. I. JOHNSON,
Executive Committee.

By J. W. BAILEY, Manager.

SOFT CORE

Like the running brook, the red blood that flows through the veins has to come from somewhere.

The springs of red blood are found in the soft core of the bones called the marrow and some say red blood also comes from the spleen. Healthy bone marrow and healthy spleen are full of fat.

Scott's Emulsion makes new blood by feeding the bone marrow and the spleen with the richest of all fats, the pure cod liver oil.

For pale school girls and invalids and for all whose blood is thin and pale, Scott's Emulsion is a pleasant and rich blood food. It not only feeds the blood-making organs but gives them strength to do their proper work.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

ready FORCE when you are

WOODMAN, SPARE THAT TREE.

George P. Morris.

Woodman, spare that tree!
Touch not a single bough!
In youth it sheltered me,
And I'll protect it now.
'Twas my forefather's hand
That placed it near his cot;
There, woodman, let it stand,
Thy ax shall harm it not.

That old familiar tree,
Whose glory and renown
Are spread o'er land and sea,
And wealth e'er thou be it down?
Woodman, forbear thy stroke!
Cut not its earth-bound ties;
Oh, spare that aged oak,
Now towering to the skies!

When far an idle boy
I sought its grateful shade;
In all their gushing joy,
Here, too, my sisters played;
My mother kissed me here,
My father pressed my hand:
Forgive this foolish tear,
But let that old oak stand!

My heart-strings round thee cling
Close as thy bark, old friend!
Here shall the wild bird sing,
And still thy branches bend,
Old tree! the storm still brave!
And woodman, leave the spot;
While I've a hand to save,
Thy ax shall hurt it not.

Great Gun Explodes.

Pensacola (Fla.) Dispatch, 9th.

A disastrous explosion occurred on the battleship Iowa today, while the vessel was at target practice in the Gulf. The forward port 12-inch gun burst from the premature explosion of a shell, 12 feet of the piece outside the turret being demolished. Three men were killed and five injured, two seriously.

The men killed and injured were on the second, or gun deck, at mess. Three pieces of the exploded gun, each weighing over a ton, passed downward through the spar deck, falling upon the men at mess, instantly killing three men. All of the men were horribly mutilated. The heavy missiles after passing through the gun deck continued down to the third deck where they came in contact with the armored deck, the heavy steel stopping them, thus saving the engineers and firemen who were at work below. Although the upper decks were crowded with men no one there was seriously injured.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at English Drug Co's.

Mr. Stevenson Badly Burned.

Bloomington (Ill.) Dispatch, 8th.

Adlai E. Stevenson, former vice-president of the United States, lost his hair and moustache and received painful burns on his face, head and hands today, while trying to extinguish a fire in his home. The fire started in a bedroom. When Mr. Stevenson rushed into the room the curtains were in a blaze. Without calling aid he attacked the flames. In a moment the hair on his head went up in a puff of smoke. The fire then seized his moustache and blistered his face. Then Mr. Stevenson called for help. He retreated before the flames caught his clothing. The loss to the house was $1,000.

A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin of Winchester, Ind., knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of stomach and liver trouble physicians could not help her. He thought of and tried Dr. King's New Life Pills and she got relief at once and was finally cured. Only 25c. at English Drug Co's.

Confederate Veterans' Reunion.

The annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans' Association will be held in New Orleans May 19-22, 1903.

For this occasion the Seaboard Air Line Railway will sell tickets at the rate of one cent per mile for distance traveled.

Tickets will be sold May 16 to 21 inclusive, and for trains arriving in New Orleans before noon on May 22. They will be good to leave New Orleans until May 24.

An extension of the final limit to June 15 can be had by depositing the ticket with Mr. Joseph Richardson, special agent, New Orleans, not later than May 24, and paying a fee of 50 cents.

Numerous interesting side trips over an extensive area have been arranged for, at the rate of one fare, plus 25 cents, for the round trip.

The Seaboard Air Line reaches New Orleans from the North and Virginia and North Carolina points via Atlanta, with double daily train service, the same route being followed from points in South Carolina and Georgia on the Seaboard Air Line between Hamlet and Atlanta.

S. W. PARHAM, Agent.

Come to see me for chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco, cigars, etc. S. R. Doster.

Call at Henderson & Hudson's for Fleischmann's Yeast, received fresh every day.

The Savings, Loan and Trust Co.,
MONROE, N. C.

Office in Dillon's Furniture Building, directly south of and fronting the Courthouse.
Organized under the laws of the State of North Carolina.

Officers: R. B. Redwine, President; J. M. Belk, Vice-Pres.; F. H. Wolfe, Cashier.

Directors: J. M. Belk, A. W. Heath, A. J. Price, J. I. Orr, G. S. Lee, Dr. J. B. Eubanks, R. B. Redwine, J. W. Bivens, J. Z. Green.

Invites personal and other accounts—large or small—subject to check at sight, and allows interest on agreement.

Issues certificates of deposit on which interest is paid. Acts as agent for municipal and private corporations or individuals.

Buys, sells and rents real estate and personal property.

Authorized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Agent, etc. Can accept any trust for which an individual is eligible.

In trust matters the company will recognize any reputable member of the bar to which they may be instrumental in placing in its charge. By this means clients may continue to benefit by the oversight of their own counsel and at the same time secure corporate responsibility.

Endorses or guarantees the payments of notes or other obligations.

Lends money at all times on approved security or on land.

Makes bonds for officers, and in criminal or civil judicial proceedings.

Savings Bank feature—deposits in small sums for saving—a specialty.

Procures loans for borrowers and will find borrowers for those desiring to lend money.

Hand IN Hand

with the wants of our customers, we open up the new spring season. What you need, when you need it and at the price you can pay.

Monroe Hardware Company's Buggies,
Weber Wagons,
Gloe and Lytch Cotton planters,
Oliver chilled and Vulcan Plows,
Sherwin-Williams Paint.

Monroe Hdw. Co.
MONROE, N. C. R. Redfearn Mgr.

GOOD BREAD COMES Only From GOOD FLOUR.

Many a well-meant, well-planned attempt at bread-making is wrecked on the shoals of poor flour. Cheap flour is bad flour—its low price is the maker's excuse for the inferiority of his product. Good bread is not hard to make. Half the voyage is over when you get good flour. Whiter, stronger, sharper, purer flour than ours cannot be made. Therefore we caution you to ask for the "GOLDEN ROD" and "INVINCIBLE" brands. These brands are sold at the lowest price for which really first class flour can be sold and its price is the highest you need to pay in order to get the best. Beware of bad flour and short weights. Our quality and weights are guaranteed.

Henderson Roller Mills Company,
J. E. HENDERSON, Manager.

A. LEVY. MRS. A. LEVY.

Who Will Lead This Spring?

Why A. Levy, of course. He always does. If you will notice the great work going on at his store you will see that he is opening up the finest stock of

Dry Goods, Clothing and Millinery

ever brought to Monroe. He has just come back from the big Northern Markets and his goods are now rolling in on every train. The ladies in town and country are invited to come in and inspect our fine lines of dry goods and millinery, all that the prettiest material and the most skillful fingers can do for you. And as for clothing everybody knows that

Levy's "High Art Clothing"

is the best for fit and wear sold in America to-day. All that our friends and customers need to do to get suited with the best goods and carry off the finest bargains in any of our lines of goods is to come to our store.

A. LEVY. MRS. A. LEVY.