

Local Happenings.

State Superintendent Joyner will speak at Big Lick on Saturday, March 26th.

Mr. G. W. Sutton's school at Morvin closed Friday with an interesting program rendered by the pupils.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stitt, who have lived here for years, have moved to Charlotte to live. Monroe is sorry to lose so good a couple.

We have received a copy of the King's Mountain Herald under its new manager, Rev. T. A. Sikes, formerly of Monroe. It is a creditable and news sheet.

The Stately Enterprise says that some of the people of Stately are talking of Mr. Jas. A. Lockhart of Anson for governor, and it trusts that "his name will go before the convention."

Mr. Lee Williams, son of Treasurer Jas. H. Williams, closed his school in the Fowler district, four miles above town, last Thursday with a nice program by the students and a treat for the whole school.

It will be remembered that Mr. T. J. Price of Unionville lost a valuable bar and a lot of lumber by fire some weeks ago. A few days ago some one went to Mr. Price's saw mill, in his absence, started the engine off, and caused it to be badly broken.

The Unionville school, taught by Mr. J. E. Hinson and Miss Corriane Wolfe, closed last Wednesday with creditable exercises, which were well attended. Miss Maud Price won the prize for the best recitation and Mr. A. M. Seerest won the one for the best declamation.

Mr. Ed Austin, the 18-year old son of Mr. J. E. Austin of Jackson township, was the victim of a fearful accident, by which he lost one of his eyes, a few days ago. While he was chopping wood a knot flew up, struck him in the eye, and burst the eyeball.

The Wadesboro Messenger and Intelligencer says that Mr. F. J. Cox, a young lawyer of Wadesboro, is the only candidate so far spoken of from Anson for the nomination for the State Senate from this, the 24th district, composed of Anson, Union, Davidson and Stanly. The two senators will this year come from Anson and Davidson.

The Jefferson correspondent of the Chesterfield Advertiser says: "A certain town in Chesterfield can boast of two households that have only two in each family. Just think of twelve families in a small town that don't send to school. The legislature ought to impose a tax of \$25. Can you guess the name of the babyless town?"

Uncle Stephen Barrett, a well known old colored man of Monroe, called "The Bishop," went to Charlotte one day last week, and, armed with a pardon from Governor Aycock, brought his son Jim home from the Mecklenburg chain gang. Uncle Stephen says he wants the paper to thank the good governor for the pardon for his boy, and the old darkey is certainly sincere in his gratitude, as his boy was sick.

Monroe at last has a chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy. It was organized last Wednesday, and the officers are Mrs. J. D. East, president, Mrs. J. M. Bell, vice president, Mrs. R. V. Houston, treasurer, Miss Katherine Covington secretary. Each member has a number of blank applications for membership and all entitled to membership are urged to secure a blank application, fill it out and present it to the organization. Any mother, wife, sister, daughter or niece of one who rendered service to the Confederacy, either in the army, navy or civil department, is eligible to membership.

The Rural Free Delivery News says: "It would be well for drivers of wagons to remember that all United States mail carriers have the right of way in public highways when on duty. They cannot be driven into the ditches by heavy loaded wagons without violation of the United States mail law, and if a collision is made by so doing and the mail delayed it will not be long thereafter until a deputy United States marshal will be looking for certain parties who will answer to roll call at a United States court. This law applies not only when meeting a vehicle, but applies to those in front of the mail as well, when the mail makes an effort to pass."

Mrs. R. J. Bell of Waxhaw died on the night of the 12th inst. Mrs. Bell was 40 years old and leaves a husband and four children. The funeral was held at Tizah Presbyterian church, of which she was a member. She was one of the best Christian women of her community and her death is a great loss, not only to her family, but to her section. Among those from a distance who attended the funeral were Mrs. J. O. A. Craig of Wadesboro, a sister of the deceased; Mr. Henry Bell of Charlotte, Mrs. Maggie Brown of Chester, Miss Bessie Simpson of Monroe, Mrs. Ellie McKenzie of Monroe, Mr. Will Simpson of Monroe, and Mr. Frank Matthews of Charlotte.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by S. J. Welsh and C. N. Simpson, Jr.

GREAT DROP IN COTTON.

D. J. Sully & Company Fall and the Crash Carries Cotton Down \$13 a Bale—The Whole Bear Force Attacked the Great Bull Leader and Crushed Him.

Daniel J. Sully, the cotton operator, who has for 15 months been the biggest figure in the cotton markets of the world, and who has "bulled" cotton from 7 cents a pound to over 17, announced his inability to make good his engagements on the New York cotton exchange today. Within a few moments cotton fell nearly \$13 a bale from the highest figures of the day.

Scenes such as followed the announcement of the failure it has been the privilege of few brokers to witness before. Traders in the street have witnessed stock panics in previous years; corners have been broken, and many crashes have been recorded, but none has been accompanied by such frenzy and confusion.

While there has been no premonition of the impending crash, no morning of the season has witnessed a more demoralized market. In less than ten minutes after the opening half a cent had been taken off the price of cotton. Prices went up and down, 10, 20 and 30 points within two and three minutes. May opened at 15.22, and went down to 14.75 in less than 15 minutes, while July, opening at 15.22, went down to 14.85. Toward the end of the first half hour early sellers started to cover and there was nothing in the news to account for the excitement. It seemed merely a renewal of the operations and the catching of further stop orders.

Shortly after the noon session, however, there was a lull in the pit and at about five minutes before 2 o'clock, the announcement of the suspension was made by Superintendent King, who read from the rostrum this notice:

"We regret that we are unable to meet our engagements, and therefore will have to suspend. "DANIEL J. SULLY & Co."

For a few seconds there was an ominous quiet over the floor as though the news had stunned all within hearing of the announcement. Then with one impulse a mighty shout went up from the floor, they who had been fighting the bulls and the bull clique for months. Sully was thrown into the air to fall where they would, a moment later to be trampled upon by the stampede for the pit. Cries were torn by frantic brokers in their mad effort to unload their holdings, and chairs and campstools were dashed into the pit to emphasize some effort to sell. Messengers were rushing in and out of the building with orders to sell or buy; telephone booths were besieged and telegraph offices were flooded with dispatches.

Outside the cotton exchange appearances gave little indication of the pandemonium within until the messengers began to rush between the exchange and the brokers' offices. Soon the news reached the stock, produce and the coffee exchanges, and traders on these markets hastened to the scene of the panic. Crowds assailed the entrance to the visitors' gallery, but a double guard was placed at the doors and admittance was refused to all but those accompanied by members.

It was estimated that something like three quarters of a million bales of cotton were traded in during the 20 minutes of the panic that followed the announcement, and that of this upwards of a half a million bales represented enforced liquidation, or the selling out of men whose margins have been nearly or quite wiped out.

As the market slumped 250 points during this period, the loss falling on this element amounted to something over a million dollars. The market steadied after about 20 minutes and then there was a sudden upward shoot of about an even hundred points. This sharp (CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deep is its cause. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure, apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It corrects inability to hold urine and scaling pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

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How a Railroad Kills Mr. Koerner.

It is left with the Southern Railway to say whether or not Charlotte is to lose a very valuable citizen. Mr. J. Lee Koerner, proprietor of the Mecklenburg Roller Mills, lives here and wishes to continue to live here, but he finds he can't live here unless the Southern Railway allows him a living chance with freight rates.

Mr. Koerner is a Virginian and knows the flour business thoroughly. He states that he was induced to come here three and one-half years ago by an agent of the Southern Railway, who spoke of the excellence of this territory as a point for manufacturing flour, and quoted a freight rate that offered a reasonable opportunity for profit on flour that was made here and shipped elsewhere.

Mr. Koerner accordingly moved to Charlotte, bringing his family with him. He purchased the Mecklenburg Flour Mills, which was then doing a small local business. Having sufficient capital for his needs and plenty of energy, Mr. Koerner increased his business, and soon began to sell much flour in the Carolinas and in Charlotte. His leading brands of flour made reputations for themselves. He employed more operatives and put more traveling men on the road. In building up success for himself he was an enterprising factor in advertising this place as a manufacturing center.

In a day the Southern Railway cut the ground from under his feet. The Southern raised the rate on flour shipped from here 18 cents a barrel. This was just enough to force Mr. Koerner to stop making flour for shipment. He had poor chance, indeed, against competitors when the Southern allowed the same rates between Lynchburg, Va., and Gaffney, S. C., as between Charlotte and Gaffney. He found, too, when the rate had been raised, that the rate for wheat shipped here from Chicago was the same as the rate on flour; or in a word, that even Chicago manufacturers became his direct competitors, since they could put flour here as cheaply on a transportation basis, as he could have wheat shipped for manufacturing.

The action of the Southern has forced Mr. Koerner to cater only to the local trade, and this is not enough to pay him in running the mill. He has asked the Southern to raise and again to give him the old freight rates, but has had no success. Mr. Koerner and F. C. Abbott are now conferring with Industrial Agent Richards of the Southern Railway on this subject. Mr. Koerner's hope of success is so limited that he is already making arrangements to sell his home, stop the plant, and carry his machinery with him back to Virginia.

Union County Shouldn't Have All the Good Things.

One of the most notable articles that has appeared in the Progressive Farmer in many a day was that on the rural telephone system in Union county which we printed last week. We are glad to see that it has excited interest in more than one section of the State. It ought to be read and discussed in every neighborhood. There is no reason, so far as we know, why these Union county people have any more right to the earth and the fullness thereof than the rest of us mortals. But the fact stands out bald and plain that they are enjoying advantages that farmers in other counties are getting. But then we have only ourselves to blame for all this. The Union county people have no patent on their plan. On the contrary, Mr. Green and others have taken pains to bring their work to the attention of other farmers by means of several explicit and practical letters published in the Progressive Farmer. In a note accompanying his last article, Mr. Green said: "I have tried to make it as simple and clear as possible, and yet many of your readers will look on the telephone system as a complex affair, requiring the work of a skilled electrician, when in fact any intelligent farmer can do the work himself."

Now, the Progressive Farmer is very desirous of getting its readers throughout the State interested in this rural telephone system. We believe it is destined to play a great part, along with good roads, good schools and rural mail delivery, in adding to the pleasures of country life and turning the tide of emigration back from the city to the farm.

Working Overtime.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cts. at English Drug Co's.

"What was it your husband wants to see me about?" inquired Mrs. Newilwed's papa.

"I think he wants to borrow a couple of hundred dollars from you," she said. "He's so anxious to get out of debt."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

William Shaffer, a brakeman of Denison, O., was confined to his bed for several weeks with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remedies," he says. "Finally I went to McCaw's drug store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in one week's time was able to walk as happy as a clam." For sale by S. J. Welsh and C. N. Simpson, Jr.

Drawing.

BY MISS LINA HAZARD.

A great many things have been said, and much more has been written, about free-hand drawing. Heretofore this subject has been treated entirely too narrowly. So many teachers do not understand why drawing should be taught to children. They misjudge the value of it. So many people, both teachers and parents, seem to think that the aim in teaching drawing is to make an artist of the child. This narrow view is held by a great many people. "We do not teach language with reference to a child's becoming a poet, an orator, an editor, or a lawyer; neither do we teach drawing with any reference to a child's becoming an artist, a mechanic, an engineer, or an architect."

The mere ability to draw has no practical value except to a few; but the training that drawing gives the eye, the mind, and the hand is useful to every child in school. It seems to be that drawing, as taught in the best schools of today, gives the child the power, first, of accurate observation; second, of clear conception; third, of sound judgment and reason. Now, in order to do this, drawing must train the eye, the mind, and the hand; or, as some writers state it, the eye to perceive, the mind to conceive, and the hand to express or execute. The first step in drawing any object is to study and analyze it until a fairly correct image has been made in the mind. "If the image is wrong, the drawing will be wrong." Such careful analysis of all objects to be reproduced will stimulate and cultivate the power of accurate observation. We all know the value of accurate observation. Pestalozzi says that observation is the absolute basis of all knowledge, and that the first object in all education is to lead the child to observe with accuracy. This step in the drawing lesson will do more than any other one thing to give the child the power of accurate observation. Now, a child's memory should be trained. Several ways of training the memory have been suggested; but I know of no better than drawing from memory. I mean by this, to let the children draw some previous lesson from memory, or an object held up for a few moments and then removed. This exercise will enable the child to carry images in his mind. We all have this power to a certain extent—the power of remembering faces, places, etc. The cultivation of this power will solve many difficulties for both teacher and pupil. It will aid in solving the spelling problem; it will aid the child in carrying the images in his mind of the unseen things. Some one has said that "one reason for teaching geography in schools is to develop the child's constructive imagination, which is his ability to imagine the unseen." The practice of drawing from memory will aid the child in retaining these images in his mind. Again, the child's power of conception will be cultivated by drawing from dictation. Drawing from dictation is simply the translation of spoken or written language into the language of form. A written or oral description of an object is placed before the child, who is expected to reproduce it in form. This cultivates the power of conception, for the child must conceive the object in his own mind before he can reproduce it. This power of conception is so often undeveloped—hence the evil of forgetting things. Give the child the power to get a proper conception of a truth, and cultivate his power of retaining these truths in his mind, and you have gone a long way towards educating him. It is not necessary, then, to say that drawing aids us in teaching all the other branches. As I have said, it will aid in solving the spelling problem; it will help the children in remembering history and geography fact.

Lastly, drawing trains the muscles of the hand, arm and fingers. Some one has said that this training is necessary for health, grace of motion, and symmetry of form; but aside from this, this training has a practical value. A large number of children, after they leave school, will depend for a living upon their fingers. Drawing puts the muscles of the fingers under the complete control of the mind and gives them strength, steadiness, and facility of motion. This training will be of practical value to the majority of the children in our common schools.

Now, taking all these things into consideration, I think you will agree with me in taking a broader view of this subject; and that it should be taught, not with any reference to the child becoming an artist, but with reference to the training of his mind, which is of practical value to every child. Drawing is good for all children—the rich and the poor, male and female; laborers in the mechanical arts and in the textile arts; in the trades, in the professions, in the home, in the shop, on the farm—now and always.

The Name Witch Hazel.

The name Witch Hazel is much abused. E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, are the inventors of the original and only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. A certain cure for cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, tetter, piles, etc. There are many counterfeits of this salve, some of which are dangerous, while they are all worthless. In buying Witch Hazel Salve see that the name E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, is on the box and a cure is certain. Sold by English Drug Co. and S. J. Welsh.

Critical Condition of Cotton Trade.

In discussing the situation with a manufacturer today, a Chronicle reporter was told that the cotton goods industry of the United States is now at the most critical point in its history since the close of the civil war. The reporter's attention was called to the fact that one of the leading firms of dry goods commission merchants in New York had refused to make a contract for the sale of cotton goods on any basis that figured the raw material at a cost of less than 17 cents a pound. The situation was explained thus:

"Raw cotton is now about 16 cents a pound. The cotton of the present crop has gone from 10 cents to 17 cents, and, although just now it is down about a point, the chance is it will rise to 17 cents and go still higher.

"The crisis will be passed by the middle of May. Meanwhile there is no earthly way for forecasting the outlook. If the speculative bull cotton pool can keep up the price until that time the mills will accommodate themselves to the situation. They will absorb the supply for manufacturing purposes and the public—the consumers—will have to pay the advanced prices for the finished products.

"But if the bull cotton pool cannot keep up the price, if they let cotton slump, there will be the deuce to pay. When the recent break came the buyers for the mills and big stores all held off waiting for a further drop which didn't come. Now the buyers are beginning to accept the apparently inevitable.

"Cotton duck is now 22 cents a pound. It, as well as all fabrics from print-cloth yarns, has advanced 30 to 35 per cent. within 18 months. Fine bleached shirtings, muslins and underwear fabrics have gone up 20 per cent. Yarn lightweight fabrics, such as India linens and Victoria lawns, have advanced comparatively little.

"The statistical position of raw cotton is the strongest on record. There are spindles enough to handle 11,000,000 bales, but there are only 10,000,000 bales in sight. Receipts of raw cotton are dwindling daily.

"In from 30 to 60 days the mills will be entirely out of their present supply of raw cotton, the cost of which has averaged them 14 cents a pound. The new crop does not come in until September next. There is no reserve stock of manufactured goods. The danger point is a smash in the speculative price of cotton."

"Buffalo Bill" Wants a Divorce.

Col. Wm. F. Cody ("Buffalo Bill") has begun a suit for divorce in which he charges his wife, formerly Louisa Frederick with cruelty and an attempt to poison him on December 20, 1900. The suit was filed in the District Court of Big Horn county, Wyoming, on January 9.

Mrs. Cody is 60 years old and the famous plainsman and showman is five years older. They have been married forty years.

In addition to his charges of cruelty and an attempt at murder, Buffalo Bill says in his complaint that his marital relations have been intolerable to him ever since his wife's refusal several years ago to entertain his friends on the Cody ranch at North Platte, Neb.

Mrs. Cody not only denies her husband's charges, but will contest the suit, having in preparation now, it is said, a cross complaint which will involve several persons in high social standing in this country and Europe.

Colds Cause Pneumonia.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by English Drug Co. and S. J. Welsh.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack for sale by S. J. Welsh and C. N. Simpson, Jr.

Do You Want Strength?

If you want to increase your strength you must add to and not take from the physical. In other words, the food that you eat must be digested, assimilated and appropriated by the nerves, blood and tissues before being expelled from the intestines. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure adds to the physical. It gives strength to and builds up strength in the human system. It is pleasant to the taste and palatable, and the only combination of digestants that will digest the food and enable the system to appropriate all of its health and strength giving qualities. Sold by English Drug Co. and S. J. Welsh.

Trying to Save Mr. Simmons' Murderer.

An effort will be made to appeal to the United States Supreme Court in behalf of the condemned negro murderer of Senator Simmons' father, on the ground that negroes were discriminated against in selecting the jury, violating the federal constitution.

Alfred Daniels, the murderer, is now under sentence of death in Jones county, and the State Supreme Court in a recent decision refused to interfere with the verdict of the jury. The ineffective appeal to the Supreme Court recited that negroes were not included in the lists from which the jury was drawn, but the point availed nothing.

Col. J. C. I. Harris and Mr. Chas. U. Harris, attorneys for Daniels, will make an application in the State Supreme Court for a writ of error in the United States Supreme Court, alleging that the first section of the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution has been violated and Daniels denied his rights as a citizen of the United States in that negroes were excluded from the jury, it is alleged.

People Who Go to Church.

In 1800 only 7 per cent. of the total population of the United States were church members, whereas today the ratio is 36 per cent., the members increasing from 364,000 to 29,000,000. Not only has there been this great gain in numbers, but there has also been a great increase in activity, as indicated by the rise of foreign missions, the modern Sunday school, young people's societies, brotherhoods, young men's Christian associations and kindred movements.

Investigations show, however, that the large majority of young men, or 5,500,000 out of 14,250,000, are outside of church membership. Even after allowing a large margin for those who are not members but attend religious services, at least occasionally, it is safe to say that fully one-half are wholly outside of church fellowship or direct influence.

It may be a comfort to know that this is no new problem. Prof. Wilcox, in his book, "The Pastor and His Flock," describes conditions a century ago as follows: "There were no young Christians in any considerable numbers. When a young man joined the church of Dr. Lyman Beecher, in Litchfield, Conn., early in the century, so strange an event astonished all the western section of that State."

More Riots.

Disturbances of strikers are not nearly as grave as an individual disorder of the system. Overwork, loss of sleep, nervous tension will be followed by utter collapse, unless a reliable remedy is immediately employed. There's nothing so efficient to cure disorders of the liver or kidneys as Electric Bitters. It's a wonderful tonic, and effective nerve and the greatest all around medicine for run down systems. It dispels nervousness, rheumatism and neuralgia and expels malaria germs. Only 50c, and satisfaction guaranteed by English Drug Co.

Happy, Healthy Children.

Any child can take Little Early Risers with perfect safety. They are harmless, never gripe or sicken, and yet they are so certain in results that robust constitutions requiring drastic means are never disappointed. They cannot fail to perform their mission and every one who uses DeWitt's Little Early Risers prefers them to all other pills. They cure biliousness. Sold by English Drug Co. and S. J. Welsh.

A Morning Tonic.

"There is no such thing as a free lunch. And there is no such thing as a free lunch." That is hardly untrue. Any of us who talk about the free lunch.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The finest remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Mr. Eli Butler of Franklinville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, and leave the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by S. J. Welsh and C. N. Simpson, Jr.

"Doctor," said the patient, after paying his bill, "if there is anything in the theory of the transmigration of souls, you'll be a war horse after death."

"That sounds rather flattering," remarked Dr. Price-Price.

"Yes, you are such a splendid charger."

Catarrh Cannot be Cured with Local Applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is not a local or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the most blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., TOLEDO, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's family pills are the best.

ROYAL Baking Powder Saves Health. The use of Royal Baking Powder is essential to the healthfulness of the family food. Royal Baking Powder saves health.

Excitement Over Gold. A letter received by a Charlotte banker states that there is much excitement in Montgomery county over gold mining. It is reported that the Carter mine, which had not been operated for 10 years, was reopened a short time ago and found to be very rich in gold-bearing ore.

ASHCRAFT'S CONDITION POWDERS. PRICE 25 CTS. FOR HORSES AND MULES ONLY.

For sale by English Drug Company, Monroe, N.C.

BANK of UNION. MONROE, N. C. This Bank has been operated in the interest of the people at large as well as its stockholders. Its officers have done their best to build up Monroe and the surrounding country. It provides every safeguard for the depositor and is always liberal to the borrower.

THERE IS ONLY ONE WAY! Which is the RIGHT way. Have your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. In the right way. At the right price. At the right place. Bring your work to me and I'll guarantee there will be no mistake in WAY, PRICE or PLACE. W. E. LINEBACK, The Jeweler, Monroe, N. C.