

W. S. BLAKENEY, Pres. W. C. STACK, Cashier.
J. R. SHUTE, Vice-Pres. R. G. LANEY, Asst. Cashier.

THE BANK OF UNION,

MONROE, N. C.

Capital \$50,000.00
Surplus \$50,000.00
Deposits \$500,000.00
Resources \$600,000.00

Board of Directors.

W. S. Blakeney, President
W. E. Cason, S. A. L. Ry.
T. C. Collins, Merchant
F. W. Howey, Planter
G. A. Marsh, Capitalist
J. W. Neal, Physician
A. M. Stack, Lawyer
J. R. Shute, Capitalist

W. S. Lee, President Cotton Mill.
F. M. Satton, Planter
I. F. Tyler, Capitalist
J. E. Stack, Cotton Merchant
Thos. E. Williams, Planter
M. A. Walters, Planter
E. C. Winchester, Wholesale Grocer

Another Fine Load MULES

We received the latter part of last week the best load of Mules and Blocky Brood Mares seen in Monroe in a long time. Everything in the bunch, sound, fat and good workers. You know our motto: **SATISFACTION TO OUR CUSTOMERS.**

Bargains in Harness.

We have a large stock of home-made Bridles and Harness parts in stock, and the price we put on them will make you sit up and take notice. Everything is made from the best leather obtainable. We only ask you to look for yourself.

FOWLER & LEE

Sale, Exchange and Feed Stables.

The Light to Study By


Children should never study under a poor light—it strains the eyes and the ill effects may be permanent.

The best lamp for study is the Rayo—its light is soft, clear and steady—you can use it for hours at a time without hurting your eyes in the least.

The Rayo lamp is strong, attractive and durable. Can be lighted without removing chimney or shade—easy to rewick.

The Rayo costs little, but you can't buy better at any price.

Your dealer keeps the Rayo—ask to see it.



STANDARD OIL COMPANY
Washington, D. C. (New Jersey) Charlotte, N. C.
Richmond, Va. BALTIMORE Charleston, W. Va.
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, S. C.

Drink a Bottle OF Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

Now put up in Bottles and ready to serve in a Moments Notice by

THE MONROE COCA-COLA COMPANY

Corner Stewart and Railroad Streets. Phone No. 340.

F. N. SNYDER, Mgr.,

MONROE, N. C.

WE ALSO BOTTLE A FULL LINE OF SODA WATER.

A YEAR'S WORK OF DEMOCRACY

The Big Things That Have Made The Year 1913 Notable in the History of the American Government.

(By the Associated Press.)

Nineteen thirteen wrought changes in the American government—political, economic and financial—probably more far-reaching than any other year of the last quarter-century. This was apparent today in a backward glance over memorable events of the past twelve months in all branches of governmental activity.

A Democratic administration in national affairs came into power, a Democratic Congress at the back of a Democratic President for the first time since Grover Cleveland occupied the White House.

The first constitutional amendments since 1870 were perfected, providing two radical changes in the fundamentals of government—an income tax and the direct election of U. S. Senators.

NATIONAL BANK AND CURRENCY SYSTEM RECOGNIZED.

The national bank and currency system, which was devised to float the debt of the Civil War and has operated ever since, was recognized into a Federal Reserve system in which the central bank plan, the dominant system of Europe, was rejected and a vast scheme of financial reorganization perfected.

DEMOCRATIC TARIFF LAW.

A Democratic tariff law became effective, the first since 1893 and one of the most comprehensive tariff measures ever enacted.

A parcel post system was brought into successful operation.

The Interstate Commerce Commission began a physical valuation of railroads—a project which will cost millions and take years to complete but which is expected to ultimately provide a basis of rate-making. Meanwhile, the fifty-two great eastern railway systems renewed application for a five per cent general increase in freight rates and the commission directed reductions in express rates which are expected to save the public approximately \$30,000,000 a year.

Last steps in building the Panama Canal were taken with the probability that the greatest engineering feat of the age will be in operation in the New Year.

CONTROL OF PHILIPPINES TO NATIVES.

Practical control of the Philippine government was delivered to the natives of the island by President Wilson's appointment of a native majority on the Philippine Commission.

What promised a new era in relations of the government with great corporations in the enforcement of the Sherman Anti-Trust law, was bought about by the "bloodless" dissolution of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company's relations with the Western Union.

President Wilson's open declaration that the administration desired to cooperate with "big business" in a peaceful administration of the law, was received in business and financial circles with evidence of optimism.

VALIDITY SHERMAN ACT AS CRIMINAL LAW.

The Supreme Court laid down valuable decisions of deep-seated importance. It sustained the validity of the Sherman law as a criminal measure for the first time in the "turpentine trust" case. In the cotton corner case it laid down the principle that a "corner" in any commodity is a violation of the anti-trust laws. In the State rate cases it decided that States through their railroad commissions have control over the rates of fares within their borders, irrespective of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

BRYAN'S INTERNATIONAL PEACE PLAN.

In foreign relations, affairs of the year hardly were less eventful. Secretary Bryan's plan for international peace was accepted in principle by more than thirty nations and treaties with the United States actually were signed by the Netherlands and Nicaragua.

"ONLY GOVERNMENTS FOUNDED ON LAW."

The most important pronouncements of the administration's foreign policy were made by President Wilson when he withdrew the support of the United States from the bankers in the so-called \$350,000,000 loan; in his Latin-American statement in which he proclaimed the intention of the United States to recognize in the western hemisphere only those governments "founded on law" and order; and in his noted Meville speech, in which he pointed out the menace of foreign concessions to the peace and security of Central and South America.

THE MEXICAN AFFAIR.

Relations with Mexico, the American government's refusal to recognize Huerta and a spirited exchange of notes on the subject, were the dramatic event of the year. Great indignation against the exemption of American shipping from tolls in the Panama Canal and Japan's protest against the anti-alien land legislation in California were the two other principal features. Both still are in the course of diplomatic discussion.

EXTENSION OF AMERICAN TRADE ABROAD.

Plans for the extension of American trade abroad by the creation of commercial agents of the Department of Commerce were launched; import and steps in the government's participation in relations between capital and labor were the creation of a new portfolio in the Cabinet for Secretary of Labor, to which William B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, a prominent labor leader, was appointed; and the creation by Congress of a Federal Commission on Industrial Relations which has begun a study of the entire subject.

The Most Important Thing

a druggist does is fill prescriptions. There is no drug store where this feature has more scrupulous attention than here. When there is sickness in the house

It Does Not Pay to Take Chances.

Better bring your prescription here, where everything is certain to be right.

ENGLISH DRUG CO.

THE DEPENDABLE STORE, MONROE, N. C.

Money to Loan

in limited amounts on improved real estate.

GORDON INSURANCE CO.

GENERAL AGENTS

Philadelphia Life Insurance Co.

Farmers & Merchants' Bank Bldg. MONROE, N. C.

Money to Loan

in limited amounts on improved real estate.

GORDON INSURANCE CO.

GENERAL AGENTS

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Farmers & Merchants' Bank Bldg. MONROE, N. C.

44 Lynchings Total for 1913.
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 29.—Only forty-four lynchings known to be such beyond doubt, have occurred in the United States during the year 1913. This is the lowest number on record more than 50 being recorded last year and as many as 250 in some previous years.

The record for the year shows decided improvement in other respects than in the mere number of victims. So far as the newspaper accounts show none of the victims were burned at the stake, an atrocity that has been indulged in by infuriated mobs more than once in the past. Nor were any of the lynchings cases this year accompanied by the so-called race riots, which always added to the number of victims and served to intensify the antagonism of the white and black races.

The town of Harrison, Miss., furnished the nearest approach to a "reign of terror" when two drugged mulatto boys, on September 28, ran amuck and started a riot in the course of which three white men, four negro men, and one old negro woman met death. The two boys were killed by the citizens, but as they met death while resisting capture, the case cannot strictly be classed as one of lynching.

In the forty-four lynchings the victims of all but one were negroes, and all but two of the cases occurred in Southern States. No woman was included among the year's victims.

Five-Year-Old Fredell Boy Shoots Little Girl.
Statesville, Dec. 29.—Katie Lou Carter, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Carter, was killed in a horrible manner today at the home of her parents in Cool Spring township, about six miles northwest of Statesville. Her head was literally blown off by a lead shot from a gun in the hands of her 5-year-old brother.

The little girl, aged about 3 years, and her brother and two younger children had been left in the house to play while the parents went about their work. The 5-year-old boy, the eldest of the children, had hold of his father's shotgun, and loading it from a pile of shells left on a table discharged the weapon with the barrel pointed at the head of his sister. Fired at close range, the shot took the top of the child's head off.

The children were badly frightened and the little boy who did the shooting at first denied firing the gun, but later confessed his guilt without giving any cause for the act. A bruise was visible on the boy's face where the gun had kicked him.

Has Been Good Year for North Carolina Farmers.
Washington, Dec. 29.—In a farmers' bulletin issued today, Secretary Houston of the Department of Agriculture makes a great showing for North Carolina. The only crop of 1913 that did not bring more money than that of 1912 is cotton. Tobacco is almost double in value.

The value of the tobacco crop in the United States for 1913 is 28.4 per cent greater than that of last year. The largest increase was in the bright districts of Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina. The price is higher than ever realized before.

According to the bulletin, North Carolina farmers are rolling in wealth. The following figures give crop values based on prices December 1, 1913, to producers: Corn, \$48,618,000, against \$42,418,000 for 1912; wheat \$7,703,000, against \$5,907,000; cotton \$45,393,000, against \$50,373,000; tobacco, \$30,988,000, against \$7,757,000.

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture B. T. Galloway is spending his Christmas vacation in North Carolina. He is related to the North Carolina Galloways.

One of Senator Smith's Jokes.
Atlanta, Dec. 29.—Senator Hoke Smith's reputation as a humorist is not entirely overcast by his reputation as a statesman. The Georgian is being quoted this week all over the country as contributing the following jest to the railroad situation:

"One day," said the senator, "I was waiting for a train at a place near Athens, Ga. One hour, two hours, three hours passed, but no train. Just as I was about to make arrangements for a vehicle to drive me to the next town, the station agent said:

"I wouldn't go to that trouble yet. That train will be along soon now."

"What makes you think so?"

"Well," said he "I'm pretty certain it will. Here comes the conductor's dog now."

Monster Aeroplane With Sleeping Rooms.
The remarkable success of the Russian airman, Sikorski, in building an aeroplane weighing three tons and a half is reported by the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times.

Some time ago Sikorski designed a giant aeroplane which was constructed to carry eleven persons. He has now successfully tested a new flying machine half as large again.

According to the Bourse Gazette, the new aeroplane is propelled by four motors of 100 horse power each. There are cabins with sleeping accommodation for a number of passengers.

On the trial trip the machine rose into the air after a run of 100 yards and circled the aerodrome without a hitch.

An Ideal Woman's Laxative.
Who wants to take salts or castor oil, when there is nothing better than Dr. King's New Life Pills for all bowel troubles. They act gently and naturally on the stomach and liver, stimulate and regulate your bowels and tone up the entire system. Price 25c. At all druggists.—H. E. Bucklen & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c.

To Prevent Blood Poisoning
apply at once the wonderful reliable DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL, a surgical dressing that relieves pain and heals at the same time. Not a liniment. 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

Eighty-Four Year Old Man Kills His Son.
Paris, Dec. 30.—An extraordinary tragedy occurred in Paris tonight when a popular English vaudeville performer, known on the stage as Harry Fragon, was shot and killed by his 84-year-old father, Victor Pott.

On his way to the theatre Fragon called at the apartment which he occupied with his aged father. He found the door belted and was kept waiting a long time before it was opened. High words ensued and suddenly the father drew a revolver and shot the son through the head.

The report of the revolver brought to the scene the police and those living in adjoining apartments. The son was hurried to a hospital where he died; the father was taken to the police station.

The feeble old man was greatly shaken as in a rambling way he told his story to the police commissary. He had bought the revolver, he said, with the intention of committing suicide. The son had brought a woman to the house in spite of repeated protest. Tonight, Pott declared, his son was accompanied by the same woman and reproached him for keeping him waiting. He meant to kill himself, in their presence and, drew the pistol. What passed he did not understand but instead of putting a bullet into his own temple he fired at his son. Why, he could not explain.

The janitor of the apartment and neighbors informed the police they often had heard father and son quarrelling.

For Women Only

Dr. Simmons Squaw Vine Wine is prepared expressly for the ailments of women. It contains ingredients which act directly on the delicate female constitution, mildly and pleasantly—yet it exercises a most beneficial effect all through the system.

DR. SIMMONS Squaw Vine Wine

Overcomes weakness, nervousness and irritability. Gives prompt relief from the depressing bearing-down pains, backaches, nausea and irregularities which cause so much suffering and despondency. It has a most happy effect. Restores strength, renewed hope, cheerfulness and the energy and will to perform the duties of the household which formerly were so trying and distasteful.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers
Price \$1 Per Bottle

C. F. SIMMONS MEDICINE CO.
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

Notice of Summons.
North Carolina, Union County.
In the Superior Court.

R. B. Redwine vs. Thomas Barrett, T. J. Honeycutt and wife . . . Honeycutt, defendants.

To the defendants T. J. Honeycutt and wife . . . Honeycutt:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the plaintiff R. B. Redwine has instituted a civil action in this court for the purpose of foreclosing the rights of the defendants above named, as well as yourselves, of all their rights in and to a certain bond for title made by the said R. B. Redwine and his wife to the defendants P. L. Alexander, Thomas Barrett and T. J. Honeycutt on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1909, and for the purpose of selling said land to pay the purchase price agreed upon and for such other further orders as to the court may seem just and proper. The said defendants are required to appear at a term of Superior court of this county to be held at the court house in Monroe in the county of Union and State of North Carolina, on the 5th Monday before the 1st Monday in March, 1914, it being the 26th day of January, A. D. 1914, to answer or demur to the complaint filed in this cause. The defendants will further take notice that if they fail to answer or demur to said complaint, the relief prayed for or such as may be deemed just by the court will be rendered against the defendants in this cause.

Done at my office on this the 12th day of December, 1913.

R. W. LEMMOND,
Clerk Superior Court of Union County, N. C.

Notice of Administration.
Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. G. Chapman, deceased, late of Union county, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at his office, on or before the 12th day of December, 1914, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This the 8th day of Dec., 1913.

W. O. LEMMOND, Admr.
of W. G. Chapman, dec'd.