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FROM OUR NEIGHBORING EXCHANGES.

(Continued from page one.)

he wouldn't stand back much to go to Mexico if his services should be needed there. He says that the farmers are later with their work now than any time within his memory with the exception of the spring of 1865. That year very little land was broken before the middle of April.

The commencement exercises are now in progress at Waxhaw school. Sunday morning Rev. K. W. Hogan preached a strong sermon on the "Conservation of Souls." Last night there was a recital by the music class, and this morning at 10:30 the address was delivered by Mr. B. C. Ashcraft of Monroe. The diplomas were also presented this morning to the three young lady graduates, Misses Georgia Broome, Estaline McCain and Cleone Davis. This evening at 8 o'clock the curtain will be raised for the presentation of a three act drama "The Elopement of Ellen."

(From The Lancaster News.)

Mr. Sanford Snipes, a well known farmer, who lives on the Sistrare place, about three miles north of Lancaster, was painfully hurt last Friday by being thrown from his buggy. Mr. Snipes was just leaving home for town when his horse became frightened at some object in the road and ran away, throwing him from the vehicle. When brought to town later for medical treatment, it was found that Mr. Snipes had one leg broken and badly bruised. He is resting as well as could be expected after such an accident.

Saturday morning while working in the elevator shaft at the Lancaster Cotton Mills, Mr. James Crenshaw had the misfortune to break his leg near the hip joint. Dr. W. F. Laney attended upon the unfortunate man and thinks he will never entirely recover from the injury. He has been taken to the Fennell Infirmary at Rock Hill for treatment.

Mr. Caswell S. Starnes of the Zion section celebrated his 88th birthday on Saturday. There were over a hundred persons present, including his children, grandchildren and great grandchildren. A sumptuous dinner was served, which all enjoyed to the fullest extent. Rev. W. C. Kelly, Mr. Starnes' pastor, was present and delivered an address suitable to the occasion. Mr. Starnes was born in Union county, N. C., but removed to this county sixty years ago and has lived ever since in the residence he now occupies.

Mr. William F. Vincent of the Antioch section, who lived on the plantation of Mr. J. J. Blackmon, was found dead Friday morning on the place with a gun shot wound through the heart. The body was found on one side of a wire fence and his discharged shotgun a few feet away on the opposite side. He and his family had been working at the Lancaster Cotton Mills, but early in the year they moved to Mr. Blackmon's plantation. On the morning of his death his family were in the act of moving to Kershaw to work in a mill at that place, the wagons being at the house to load the household effects. The verdict of a coroner's jury was that the man met death at his own hands.

Closing at Trinity.

Correspondence of The Journal.

The school taught at Trinity by Misses Nancy Lathan and Bessie Reid Houston closed April 11th with beautiful exercises by the school in the forenoon. At the noon hour dinner was served on an improvised table 40 feet long loaded with the most delicious and palatable viands that the art of cookery could invent, for which our Trinity women are noted. There were good things in profusion and after the large crowd had eaten to the full there was enough left to have fed thrice the crowd.

Just before dinner there was quite a gloom overshadowing the crowd, for at that time no speaker had arrived, but while the tense was at its zenith we heard the rumbling of an automobile, and looking up there was Mr. Lingle, pulling in with Bro. Nisbet and Mrs. Nisbet. Then the feeling of suspense was removed.

After dinner Mr. J. J. Parker came dashing in driving a perspiring steed, and our last tension was removed.

Prof. Nisbet and Mr. Parker gave us two excellent addresses which were enjoyed by all. The chair gave us a fine selection of music with Miss Bessie Reid Houston at the organ. The crowd was then dismissed with thanks to the teachers for the good work in school and the speakers for the fine addresses.

Mr. Calvin Laney, son of Mr. J. C. Laney, and Miss Kate Eubanks, daughter of the late Mr. J. C. Eubanks, were married April 16th at the residence of the bride's mother in Buford township, Rev. R. M. Hegler officiating. J. C. L.

The most proficient minstrel band in the world will appear here April 28th with A. G. Allen's Big Minstrel Show. More than two-thirds of the members of the band have been playing together day after day for more than fifteen years.

No. Six-Sixty-Six

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

MR. BEASLEY ON THE STUMP.

Candidate for Congress Makes Speeches and Tells the People Why He Asks for Their Support. Says Mr. Page Has Been in Congress Twelve Years and Long Terms Are Not Best for the People—Primary Should Have Been Held When the Farmers Could Attend.

Lee County News.

Mr. R. F. Beasley of Monroe, candidate for congress to succeed Mr. R. N. Page from this district, made three speeches in the county last week. At Sanford Thursday night he spoke to a fine and enthusiastic audience and made a rousing speech in advocacy of his candidacy and showing why Mr. Page had been in Washington long enough. He received much enthusiastic applause at many points in his speech. At Jonesboro Friday night Mr. Beasley made an educational address after the spelling match had been finished in the graded school building. Here he stated that he had been working in the cause of education and making speeches over the State for nearly twenty years, and he certainly is an enthusiastic worker for education for the children of all the people. At Broadway Saturday night Mr. Beasley made another ringing political speech. For the benefit of our readers we give a synopsis of the arguments of Mr. Beasley, not attempting to give any speech in full, but merely the line of argument used by him.

At the very beginning, the framers of our constitution saw that if the masses of the people were to be fairly represented in Congress it was necessary that representatives be elected for short terms, so they provided that the lower house of Congress should be elected every two years. It was designed that the representatives should come up fresh from the people every two years, pulsing with the hopes, and the wishes of the masses of the people back home who were engaged in their daily avocations, and not having time to look after public matters. If a representative stays too long in Congress he is apt to lose touch with the people. And when he gets more anxious to hold his place than to serve his people he has office holding palsy, and ceases to be a leader, who is always ready to strive for the welfare of the every day citizen back home in his store or following his plow. He loses sympathy and understanding. He ceases to ask what can I do for my people but asks, "How can I do the least to give offence and hold my office?" He begins to feel like the office belongs to him and not to the people. Now and then some really big man holds office a long time because he makes a place in influence and leadership, and by his services and fidelity and usefulness, reflects honor upon himself and his people.

Mr. Page has missed a great opportunity to be of service to his people. He is a man of wealth, he has held office a long time, receiving a large salary. He and his son draw nine thousand dollars a year out of the public treasury. He has had a great opportunity to study public questions, to lead the people, to stand for and fight for the great causes that mean so much for the welfare of the people. Had he done this he could have been of great service and usefulness and would have been more than a mere salary drawer. But he has not identified himself with any great question or effort, either in State or Nation. He has taken no part at all in the great struggles for better educational advantages, nor for prohibition, nor for better freight rates, nor for agricultural development, for reform in any line, nor for any of the great causes that Bryan and Wilson stand for. He has failed to strengthen his party in his district and it is now in worse shape than when he was first elected. He claims now to be in favor of State-wide legalized primaries, but he never sought to get one passed by the legislature. It is true that Mr. Page has generally voted right upon questions that were forced upon him, but it is a pity that he has never tried to do anything himself. He is now a Wilson man, but when Mr. Wilson needed his help he did nothing for him. He is a Bryan man now, no doubt, but when Bryan needed help and encouragement in his great work of making the Democratic party responsive to the will of the people, he gave him no help.

Mr. Page is not in sympathy with the farmers, evidently, in their co-operative enterprises, for he has done nothing to help them on. The Greensboro News, after an interview with Mr. Page on the subject of the attempt to class the Farmers' Union and the labor organizations as trusts, said that the sub-committee, of which Mr. Page was a member, was openly opposed to any legislation that sought to exempt such organizations from the operation of the trust law, and that Mr. Page stood where he had always stood on this subject. If he has ever done anything for the farmer, except send out worthless seed at public expense, no one has ever heard of it.

Mr. Page is now writing letters to the people of this county telling them that his public duties are so great that he can't get out to see them. Some men are getting two letters on the same day. One farmer got two letters the same day and didn't read either one of them. Mr. Page could easily have arranged so that he would have time to see the people if he had wanted to see them. His friends were in charge of the district committee which called the primary on the 16th of May. Beasley wanted the primary in August when the farmers would have time to go out and vote, but Mr. Page's friends wouldn't wait. Congress will no doubt adjourn in June, and with a primary in August Mr. Page could have had plenty of time. But the truth is, he didn't want any time. He wanted to plead this excuse and sit in Washington and write Soft-Soap letters. He is a great letter writer. He swamps the farmers with letters just before the election, but forgets them in the meantime.

Mr. Beasley said that he had never

seen the time that the salvation of the country depended upon his voting the Republican ticket, that he had never made a promise that he did not fulfill, and that he never told one man one thing and another man another thing. He was one of the first Wilson men in North Carolina, and had a letter from Mr. Wilson thanking him for his work. The farmers and working men who keep up with public questions know Beasley and are for him. There is a general feeling of all classes all over the district that Mr. Page has been in Congress long enough, and the wagon load of soft-soap letters he is sending out cannot stop the feeling. He has not come up to expectations. His brother, Mr. Henry Page, is about the only man who has spoken out to endorse him in two years. But as Brother Henry is fighting Senator Overman and says he is not fit to be in the Senate (when the people will endorse him unanimously) nobody will pay much attention to Brother Henry. Mr. Page has made such a mess of things that if he is nominated the district would be in danger of going Republican. Democrats don't believe in keeping a man in office forever unless he makes good. It has been talked over this district for a long time, said Mr. Beasley, that no man need oppose Mr. Page who was not able to spend a great deal of money to get elected. The Democrats of this district ought to resent this insult and stand by the man who dares to make the race, in defiance of such sentiment. If the offices are only for the wealthy, we had as well quit calling this government one of the people and by the people, for a man of moderate means will have no chance.

Mr. Page has not dealt frankly and fairly with the Democrats of this district. He has outraged the sense of justice, political decency and party principles. He has received more honor and given less service in return than any Democrat who ever held office in North Carolina. It makes a great deal of difference to the people whether they keep the doors of opportunity open to their sons and their neighbor's sons. Because there has been an impression in this district that Mr. Page had it gripped by the throat, no man has dared to run against him, yet judging his future by his past, he would never be of any great service if he stays in Congress all his life.

In a signed article last week W. J. Bryan said that the four great things that must still be watched by Democrats, because the party salvation depended upon handling them correctly in behalf of the people, were: The Railroads which are still opposing effective regulation. Second, The Trusts, which will die hard if at all. Third, The Money Power, which though crippled by the currency measure, is still potent and in danger of overcoming its good effects. Fourth, The Liquor Interests, which are fighting the extension of prohibition.

What has Mr. Page ever done or said against either of these? Has he ever spoken for railroad regulation? His ideas on the trust question are so hazy that he seems to think farmers organizations and railroad workmen brotherhoods should be included in the law. In all his long years in Congress has he ever raised his hand or voice against the sinister subtle and all pervading influence of the money trust? What has he ever done against the liquor traffic?

Mr. Page's lamentable failure four years ago on the stump when he had a young and inexperienced debater opposing him, showed that he could not successfully defend Democratic principles against a strong and able Republican which is sure to be put out against him. He has too many apologies and excuses to make. It is time for the Democrats to have a nominee in this district who can meet a Republican opponent.

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

COTTON.	
Best long staple . . . . .	15.00
Best short staple . . . . .	13.25
Seed . . . . .	36
PRODUCE.	
The figures given here are prices paid by merchants today. They may be different tomorrow or next day. Readers are advised to phone some responsible merchant on the day they expect to come to market and get figures for that day.	
Turkeys, per pound . . . . .	12 1-2 to 15
Hens . . . . .	45 to 50
Young chickens . . . . .	25 to 35
Roosters . . . . .	25
Guineas . . . . .	20 to 25
Eggs . . . . .	16 to 18
Butter . . . . .	12 1/2 to 18
Hams . . . . .	15 to 18
Beeswax . . . . .	18 to 20
White Peas . . . . .	\$2.00 to \$2.50
Colored Peas . . . . .	\$1.75 to \$2.00
Country cane seed . . . . .	\$1.75
Beef cattle . . . . .	4 to 5 1/2
Pork . . . . .	11

NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Adeline Starnes, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against my intestate's estate to present same, duly verified, at the law office of J. C. M. Vann, attorney, on or before the 17th day of April, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This 16th day of April, 1914. JERRY STARNES, Administrator of Adeline Starnes, Deceased.

LIST-TAKERS' APPOINTMENTS.

Notice is hereby given that the list takers of Union county will be at the following places at the times named when and where all property owners and tax payers of the county are required to return their property for taxation as required by law. SANDY RIDGE TOWNSHIP. At Howie Mine May 2nd. At Clark's Store May 9th. At Mineral Springs May 15th. At Prices Mill May 16th. At Marvin Mine May 23rd. At Weddington May 30th. R. B. CUTHBERTSON, List-Taker.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c

BELK BROS. DEPARTMENT STORE.

SATURDAY and MONDAY SPECIALS.

- 15 and 25c. WIDE SHADOW LACES ..... 10c. yard
- 10c. GAUZE VESTS ..... 5c each
- CANNON CLOTH ..... 5c yard
- 6 1/2c YARD WIDE SEA ISLAND SHEETING ..... 5 cents
- 20c DEVONSHIRE CLOTH ..... 12 1/2c yard

White Crepe Dresses \$4.95.

New shipment of White Crepe Dresses, the very newest styles, trimmed with Laces and Tango, Pink, Blue and Yellow Girdles, a good value, at \$4.95

Ladies New Neckwear

In Tango Ties, Lace, Dutch and Emroidered Collars, Chiffon, Laces and Net Pleatings, at 25 and 48c yard

16 BUTTON LONG WHITE KID GLOVES ..... \$1.95

MEN'S TANGO NECKTIES ..... 48c each

Are You a Farmer?

The First National Bank

WANTS YOUR BUSINESS. HAVE YOU BEEN ITS CUSTOMER? IF SO, YOUR WANTS WILL BE SUPPLIED. ACTIONS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS WE PROMISED YOU ACCOMMODATIONS IN TIME OF YOUR NEEDS. IF YOU NEED CASH TO MAKE A CROP CALL ON US. OPEN A CHECKING ACCOUNT. PAY YOUR BILLS BY CHECK. THESE ARE VOUCHERS RETURNED TO YOU.

The First National Bank

IS AFTER YOU. YOU ARE INVITED TO COME. JOIN ITS HUNDREDS OF SATISFIED CUSTOMERS. PROSPER YOURSELF, AS IT PROSPERS. THE ONLY REQUIREMENT ASKED GOOD AND SUFFICIENT SECURITY CONSISTENT WITH SOUND BANKING.

The First National Bank

F. B. ASHCRAFT, Chairman Finance Committee.