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ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

THE STORY OF THE CONVENTION

What the Democrats Did in State Meeting Last Week—The Platform and the Minority Report.

Raleigh Times, Friday.

After adopting a platform which progressive democrats today declared to contain concessions, the state democratic executive committee last night adjourned at 11 o'clock. There was only one fight in the convention and that was over the form of a primary plank, the minority of the convention wanting a law covering everything from county to nation and the majority contending for a primary for state, judicial and national officers. The majority won by a majority of more than two to one.

The convention was in session about 11 hours, a third recess being taken at 5:15 to enable the platform committee to report, and adjournment following on the first roll call at the night session. Those advocating a limited primary on the ground that a county should not be forced to nominate its candidates in this manner against its desire were Cameron Morrison, R. H. Hayes and R. A. Doughton, and those insisting on a primary for county officers were A. L. Brooks, John D. Bellamy and C. C. McMichael. Delegates in all parts of the hall showed impatience during the debate.

In the afternoon Governor Craig was called to the platform and addressed the convention on state and national issues. He elicited applause. In addition to the nomination of Senator Overman, the convention gave its unanimous endorsement to the record of Edward L. Travis, chairman of the corporation commission. W. E. Daniel placed his name before the convention, and Mr. Travis modestly thanked the convention for the honor.

While the convention was grinding the platform committee was listening to the appeals of the progressives for the incorporation of the 19 resolutions adopted at the mass meeting. J. W. Bailey, Clarence Poe, J. C. Biggs, A. M. Scales and R. F. Beasley spoke for these measures, Mr. Bailey contending that the party had to go forward.

The platform of the democratic party of North Carolina, as adopted by the democratic state convention last night, is as follows:

THE PLATFORM.

We, the representatives of the democratic party, assembled in convention under conditions of democratic responsibility in state and nation, rejoice in the large measure of success with which democratic promises have been enacted into law, and with which democratic principles have been applied in restoring equal opportunities to all sections and all classes. We reaffirm our allegiance to the cardinal principles of democratic government, and we again present our cause to the people in the full confidence that a continuation of democratic control will result in a complete restoration of the high ideals of constitutional government as established by the fathers of the republic, and interpreted to meet the needs of the progress of the times.

We endorse the administration of Woodrow Wilson, and the broad statesmanship, high ideals, earnestness and application with which he is administering his high office. The democratic party under brave and wise leadership has merited the confidence and the support of the American people. It has restored the government to the people and wrested the government from the hands of the favored classes, under which the republicans had placed it. The tariff has been revised downward, and the power to tax the people wrested from the favored few. It has destroyed monopoly of credit and enacted a system which will insure equal banking facilities for all of the people without regard to section or class.

We especially commend the just and patriotic foreign policy of the president of the United States. In dealing with other nations our country under the guidance of President Wilson's great intelligence and sincere love of justice, has acknowledged no standard of conduct beneath that demanded by Christian nations. We heartily endorse the record of achievements and leadership in the national congress of our United States senators and representatives, and take pride in the opportunity that came to our state to furnish their wise and seasoned leadership in the successful working out of the great problems of a national democratic administration.

We endorse the administration of Governor Locke Craig, and the other state officials, and especially commend the successful efforts of the general assembly, the governor and the corporation commission for the readjustment of our interstate freight rates, and we express the confidence that their zeal in the cause will be productive of further fruitful results until discrimination in freight rates will be entirely removed, and we pledge a continuation of our effort to remove all such discriminations.

We rejoice in the progress our state is making in the cause of the education of all the children under democratic rule, and we pledge to the people of the state the continued support of the party until a six months school in every district throughout North Carolina shall be a realization, and the resources of the state under democratic rule will be used to promote this end as rapidly as economical conditions permit, and to this end we urge the adoption of the amendment to the constitution providing for the estab-

lishment of a six months school. We urge that the effort of those men and institutions engaged in the splendid work of conserving the health of our people and eradicating disease and preventing infection be seconded with enthusiastic and unstinted support, both by state and local governments.

We stand for the strict upholding of the laws prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors, in the enforcement of which great progress has been made. We are made glad by the evidence that both drinking and drunkenness and the crime that they bring are rapidly decreasing.

We endorse the principle of a legalized state-wide primary for all national, state and judicial officers, and we pledge the party to the enactment of such laws as will make their principle applicable to all political parties.

We recommend that our penal system be revised in light of the most modern methods.

We congratulate all concerned upon the advances made by our governor and the general assembly, and especially upon the epoch-making victory recently won before the interstate commerce commission, in the matter of relieving North Carolina points of the discrimination in freight tariffs in favor of points in other states; and we urge that the struggle so well begun shall be pressed until there shall not remain a shadow of suspicion that the people of this state labor under disadvantage so far as the common-carriers are concerned, both interstate and intrastate.

We likewise ask that the present investigation of insurance rates be pressed to a conclusion that will remove all question as to discriminations adverse to our people on this point.

We bring before our party the special demands and the needs of the farmers of North Carolina, in the conviction that all that serves them serves all the people. We recommend that the state follow up its increasingly useful work of inspection, education, and instruction, with aid to a system of rural credits, designed to enable the producers of the wealth, from which the state draws its life, to manage their enterprises at the lowest possible rate of interest and to market their products to the best advantage. We urge our representatives in congress to uphold the president in his plans to aid our farmers in the matter of rural credits. We recommend the encouragement of studies in practical agriculture in our free schools.

We recommend the enactment of effective legislation designed to control our natural resources, especially our forests and fisheries, and our wild game and that such legislation be as far as possible, state-wide. We urge the building of good roads throughout the state and the encouragement of our farmers in the splendid progress which they are making in the improved conditions of country life.

We demand every possible safeguard for the health of the people of the state, and that the government of the state shall be at all times responsive to the needs, demands and happiness of our people.

CAMERON MORRISON, R. H. HAYES, JOHN D. LANGSTON, JNO. C. LAMB, WILSON G. LAMB, D. F. GILES, FRED G. COXE, R. A. DOUGHTON, Committee.

THE MINORITY REPORT

The following offered as the minority report, was not adopted, being defeated by a vote of 572 to 268:

We regret to dissent from the report of the majority of your committee on resolutions and platform with relation to any matter coming before this convention, but there is one plank of the platform which we feel sure should not be adopted as reported by the committee, and that is the one relating to legalized primaries for the state.

We believe that the democratic party can only hope to succeed in the state and nation by placing the management of government affairs directly in the hands of the people and by proper election machinery, enabling the masses to directly express their preferences in the selection of those officers who are to administer the affairs of their government.

We believe that the democratic party should either go back to the delegate system of selecting candidates, bona fide primary election law for all offices of all parties to be held throughout the state on the same day, the expense of the same to be borne by the state, so safeguarded by a corrupt practice act, that honesty in election will be possible.

We therefore offer as a substitute for the committee's report on the primary question the following:

We demand the enactment of a legalized state-wide primary election law, by ballot, for all parties and for all elective offices, to be held on the same day throughout the state at the expense of the state, and we urge the general assembly to provide such an act as will clearly and distinctly effectuate this purpose, and properly safeguarded by a drastic corrupt practice act.

A. J. MCKINNON, A. L. BROOKS.

The vote by which the state convention rejected the minority report on the primary plank was 572 to 268. Then the majority report was adopted without opposition.

CREAMERY IS GOING AHEAD.

Work is Growing Rapidly and More and More Farmers are Sending in Cream—Many Have Bought Separators—Now Churning Every Day.

Up till June the first the Monroe Creamery had been operating three full months—March, April and May. The work of April was more than twice as much as that of March, the May work twice as much as that of April. This increase is due to the fact that more people are finding out the advantage of the creamery and also that those already patronizing it are increasing their number of cows. There are now 55 regular patrons of the business. There are three routes, from twelve to fifteen miles long from which the wagons of the creamery gather milk and cream each day, going with the regularity of a rural mail carrier.

But little milk is now gathered, nearly all the patrons having bought separators and thus send in the cream only, retaining the skim milk for use at home, principally for feed to hogs. Of the 55 patrons of the creamery only five now send in actual milk, the others using separators.

In March, the first month of operation, 460 pounds of butter were made, and the patrons received \$145.97 for butter fat.

In April 971 pounds of butter were made from 6006 pounds of cream, and the farmers received \$277.53 for butter fat.

In May 12619 pounds of cream were furnished the creamery, from which 2544 pounds of butter were made and the patrons were paid \$664.40 for butter fat.

The price received for butter fat is 30 cents a pound if delivered to the creamery, and 27 cents per pound when collected on the routes. The yield of butter fat from average milk is about 16 cents per gallon of milk.

This leaves the skim milk for use at home, and the special combination which is advised for those who keep cows, is to furnish their cream to the creamery and give the skim milk to the hogs. This is said to make a paying combination. There is now no reason to make poor butter at home, which will not sell. Buy a separator, get two or three good cows, a brood sow, and you'll have the combination. Last month the lowest amount paid out to any one patron was \$2.19. This was where only a small amount of cream was sent in now and then. The largest amount paid to any customer for butter fat was \$64.02.

So far this month it has been necessary to churn daily.

THE ARLINGTON MONUMENT.

Confederate Memorial in the Shadow of Washington—Mrs. Butler the Moving Spirit.

Washington Dispatch to Charlotte Observer.

The unveiling of the Confederate monument at Arlington yesterday was a unique performance in Washington, and near the burial place of so many Union soldiers. The blue and the gray now dwell in peace at Arlington, regardless of the fuss two or three cranky Union veterans made over President Wilson's disinclination to attend the Memorial Day services while we are at a crisis with Mexico.

The two persons most prominent in the movement to erect and unveil properly the monument to the Confederates were ex-Secretary of the Navy Herbert of Alabama and Mrs. Marion Butler of North Carolina. Mr. Herbert and Mrs. Butler have worked for years to make yesterday at Arlington historic.

Mrs. Butler, who was Miss Florence Faison before her marriage, is a native of the Old North State. She has lots of energy and is very popular in Washington. As a member of the executive committee of the organization that had the task of building the monument she directed the efforts of many women in Washington.

Mrs. Butler was chairman of the program committee that unveiled the monument.

Sanford's Snake Man.

Express.

Last Thursday a large black adder crawled from under the old wooden building between the stores of Carter Furniture Company and Mr. W. F. Cheeks on Moore street and was picked up by Mr. C. H. Poe. Mr. Poe attempted to chloroform him but failed. Every person that came along gave Mr. Poe and the snake plenty of room. Mr. Poe finally took the reptile by the tail and popped his head off as a driver would pop a whip. He says that he has never been able to find a snake head after popping it off. He has made a study of snake life as he has studied the habits of certain varmints. Mr. Poe has the nerve to pick up and handle the most poisonous snake to be found. He has been bitten by a moccasin, a king snake, a black snake and chicken snake. The poison from the bite of the moccasin made him sick and he had to take medical treatment. He felt no ill effect from the bite of the other snakes.

Had the Kale in His Leg.

Harry C. Wise, 50, woke up at the county hospital at Denver, Col., after a prolonged celebration. As soon as he had gotten a line on his whereabouts Wise began to shout that he had been robbed of \$8,000.

To please the patient an attendant brought in his cork legs, and in a safety deposit vault inside of one of them they found \$8,000 in certificates of deposit.

PROGRESS OF SOIL SURVEY.

Engineers Now Hard at Work and Will Be All Summer—What the Work Undertakes to Accomplish and the Object for the Same—Will Be Complete County Map.

Messrs. E. B. Derrick of the National department of agriculture and S. O. Perkins of the State department, working jointly, have completed gathering data for about 175 square miles of the 565 square miles of this county for a soil survey map of the county. These gentlemen think that the field work will be completed by the middle of September and that their data will be turned in complete by October first. It will then require about eight or nine months for the printing of the maps. So we may expect to have maps in something like a year from now. Two thousand will be printed and can be secured by individuals in the usual way for securing free documents.

The object of the survey is to furnish aid to farmers in the better fertilization and use of their lands. Every piece of soil of a distinctive character will be shown on the map in colors provided it is as large as ten acres. A bulletin will go along with the map giving information as to the treatment and fertilization of each character of soil. By the use of the map each farmer will know what kind of soil he has. He can then write to the State department of agriculture at Raleigh and get analysis and directions for the treatment of that particular soil. Beside mapping the soil, which is the primary object of the work, the map will locate all roads, streams, towns, railroads and all other things usually shown on maps. And it will be accurate. All the work is subsidiary to the soil mapping and put in only as an aid to the same.

Interesting News Items About Wingate.

Correspondence of The Journal.

Wingate, June 8.—Mr. M. A. Griffin, a medical student of Chapel Hill, is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Griffin.

Miss Mary Sherrin came in Friday night from Red Springs College. Miss Sherrin will probably spend the summer in this, her home town.

Misses Osee and Annie Long returned home Friday from visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Griffin. His friends will be glad to learn that Mr. Calvin Edwards, whose illness was noted a few days ago, has about regained his normal health.

Dr. D. L. Hunter of Huntersville, a recent graduate of the University at Chapel Hill, on his way home, spent Friday evening with friends in Wingate.

Mr. W. Thos. Cutchin of Baden, N. C., spent Sunday with friends in our village.

Misses Gladys and Nell Hefner and little brother, Cecil, spent the week-end with relatives about Shiloh.

Mr. Henry Broom and family left Saturday on a visit among relatives in Concord.

Any one who will listen attentively for thirty minutes to the charming music of a mocking bird, then say in his heart that there is no God, can find his brother's name in the 14th Psalm of David.

His friends and old comrades will be sorry to learn of the death of Mr. George P. Austin of Cabarrus county at the age of 80. Bro. Austin was a former citizen of this county. He was a member of Co. I, 53rd N. C. Regt., a true and gallant soldier as well as a splendid citizen. Heart failure was the direct cause of his death.

Mr. J. F. McCoy has a right sick child, but it is hoped that it is not dangerously ill.

Mr. Smith completed that well for Mr. Ed. Williams Saturday—Two days and a half and water plenty. Vann is an expert in his line, and he "goes down after it."

Mr. John W. Bivens left Friday for a few days outing. He will visit the home of Prof. and Mrs. B. Y. Tyner of Fredericksburg, where he will join Mrs. Bivens and their daughter, Dorothy, who will accompany him thence to Washington city. They will return about the 11th inst.

Rev. T. J. Huggins supplied for pastor Williams of the Methodist church. Bro. Huggins always has something interesting for his hearers.

O. P. TIMIST.

Beat His Wife Up.

Chatham Record.

Quite a little merriment was created here a day or two ago by a wasp of the town. This was told one of our most prominent citizens that Mr. So-and-So had beat his wife up that morning. Then the wasp left to tell some one else of the awful facts. The first citizen was thunderstruck, and he told somebody else. The other man was horrified. The story spread from man to man; then the women got hold of it and in less than no time it was singing in the mouths of everybody, while the poor innocent man of all this trouble was busy at his work. If some of the women could have laid hands on him the wife-beater would not have fared so well.

When the other side of the story got out every body looked like April fools. They never once thought that the husband got out of bed first and his wife afterwards, therefore beating her up.

Mr. James Harty, the oldest citizen of Charlotte, died Friday. Mr. Harty made the boast that he had never lived off of Tryon street and that he had never cast a vote except in Charlotte.

WILL STACK KILLED.

One of the Well Known Desperadoes of Chesterfield County Bit the Dust at the Hands of James Parker Saturday Morning—End of a Local Terror.

Will Stack, who, with his brother, Walter Stack, has been a terror in the upper part of South Carolina and the lower part of Union county for a long time, was shot to death at four o'clock Saturday morning by James Parker, at the latter's home in Chesterfield county. The report is that Stack had threatened to kill Parker and that he went to the latter's house and by abuse and bravado, sought to get Parker out. Finally he attempted to get into the house, when he was shot by Parker with a shot gun. The shooting took place about four o'clock Saturday morning and Stack died that night. The load of shot entered his side above the hip.

When told by Dr. D. H. Funderburk that he was going to die, Stack is reported to have said he didn't give a dam, as he would rather die and go to hell than to stay here.

And this is the end, as the end always comes, of a man who did everything possible to make everybody in his section fear and hate him. With his brother, Walter Stack, he has been a terror to decent people for several years. He was in Monroe some time ago on the occasion of the county school commencement and was then arrested by Chief Laney and Constable Starnes. He had a quart bottle of liquor in one pocket and a high power automatic Colt's revolver in the other. Not very long ago he went to Trinity church in Buford township and shot under the house while services were going on and was run away by some of the brave men of that community. It is said that he had boasted for some time he expected to kill four men before being killed. One of the men marked was James Parker who killed him. He was concerned in a killing at Pageland two years ago. He was a young man under thirty. His brother, Walter Stack, has been even worse. Last year he killed a defenseless negro on his own piazza, and was tried in Lancaster but got off. He was with the notorious Ben Hunter when the latter was killed by the Belks. Walter Stack came here not long ago and bought a ticket for Mississippi and left.

No Change in Gloomy Report.

Monroe N. C., June 5, 1914. The Commercial Appeal.

Memphis, Tenn.

Dear Sirs:

The crop prospect is exceedingly poor. This is one of the few dictums which excites no controversy. There is at this date a practical suspension of all agricultural endeavor over a very large area of the county. "Watching and waiting" for rain and speculating upon its probable effect upon dry and half germinated seed is the business of a half-hearted, apprehensive citizenship. Barren, bone-dry fields, tenanted only by crows, seems a tantalizing panorama spread by famine. Should the seed in the fields devoted to cotton fail to respond immediately to precipitation and the plan to avenge vigor, there will be a marked curtailment of acreage, as these fields will be planted to corn and peas. Observation and inquiry disclose no change in percentage of stand and condition, that is to say, 30 per cent in first and 65 per cent in second condition.

Very truly yours,

GEO. E. FLOW.

Claude Kitchen Fighting With Labor and Farmers' Unions.

Washington Special to Baltimore Sun.

Claude Kitchen of North Carolina, the next floor leader, and Robert L. Henry of Texas, chairman of the rules committee, will lead the fight in the house this week for a stronger amendment to the Clayton anti-monopoly bill exempting labor and farmers' unions from prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust law. They will have as their lieutenants Representatives Lewis of Maryland, Sherwood of Ohio, Buchanan of Ill. and other labor union congressmen.

The fight over the amendment promises to be a warm one. The labor forces claim they have enough votes to carry their amendment. But some of the most conservative labor union Congressmen are hoping that a compromise will be agreed upon before that provision in the Clayton bill is reached and thus a bitter struggle avoided. Representative Lewis is one of the men who are working for a compromise.

Representative Kitchen will line up with the labor forces on the ground that the two last Democratic platforms pledged legislation which would specifically exempt labor and farmers' unions from prosecution under the Sherman law. He holds that the party cannot afford to break this pledge in the face of the coming campaign. Mr. Henry takes the same view.

Notice.

For nearly twenty years I have been in the lightning rod business in this section. I am at home. I can be found any time. I guarantee my work and you know where to find me. Because I am at home, have every facility for doing good work, have no heavy traveling expenses, I can and do, do your work cheaper than a crowd of strangers traveling through the country at enormous expense, and whom you'll never see again. Call on the old reliable home man to do your work.

E. W. POINTER, Monroe, N. C.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

More or Less Interesting Things Reduced to Paragraphs for Short Space and Quick Reading.

Dr. Plato Durham preached the commencement sermon at Trinity College Sunday and declared that the basis of the Church was freedom of thought. The equality of every man in the sight of God. Of all institutions in the world the Church of God was pointed out as the one liberal minded, one that allowed heresy if the heart was right.

Generally fair and hot weather east of the Rocky Mountains is predicted for this week.

Eleven candidates have entered the primary for Governor of South Carolina, and an even dozen is expected. The State campaign begins on the 17th, and the primary will be held August 25th. The candidates will all speak on the same day at each county seat.

Capt. James C. Marshall, one of the best known citizens of Wadesboro, died Sunday. Capt. Marshall graduated at Chapel Hill in 1861 and immediately entered the Confederate army.

Government engineers are now engaged in making a physical examination of the Norfolk and Southern railroad under the law passed by congress directing a physical valuation of all railroads in the United States as a basis of rate making. This is the first work in this section of the country.

The State Grand Lodge of Pythians is in session in Durham this week.

A brother and sister, white, were found guilty of retailing in Asheville Saturday. The brother was sentenced to the roads for five months and the sister to the county home for 30 days.

Mr. H. A. Hayes, formerly superintendent of the Methodist Children's Home in Winston, was brought back there from Chicago, Ill., where he was recently arrested by Chief J. A. Thomas Saturday night at 9:35 o'clock, where he will answer to the charges of having embezzled the sum of \$1,685 from the Children's Home a little over a year ago.

Mr. J. C. Little, a native of this county, and at present Senator from Wake county, was defeated for re-nomination Saturday. Mr. Little made a splendid record as Senator in the last Legislature.

The engagements of William J. Bryan for Chataqua lectures for this summer embrace three dates in North Carolina, though the towns to be favored have not yet been made public.

The State Board of Agriculture has appropriated the sum of \$15,000 for making a State exhibit at the Panama Exposition in San Francisco next year.

Mr. Johnathan Mooney and Mrs. Margaret Deaton were married at Cornelius Friday night. The groom is over seventy and the bride sixty.

General Puerta yesterday withdrew his orders for a blockade of the port of Tampico. This removes a point of friction for the time being.

Three hundred and forty-six men were killed in and about coal mines in the United States during the month of April. This is an advance over last year for the same month. The civil war raging about the coal mines of Colorado continues.

Yesterday the mediators on the part of the United States presented a plan for peace in Mexico. This plan is in substantial agreement with one decided upon by the South American mediators. The details are not given.

Wedding News.

Correspondence of The Journal.

Miss Amanda Morris, who has been visiting in Charlotte the past two weeks, returned Friday.

Mrs. M. C. Harkey came home Saturday from Lenoir where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. S. Coble.

Mr. Joseph and Miss Pauline Taylor spent a part of last week with their uncle, Joseph Warden, near Derita.

Mr. R. W. Lemmond of Monroe spent the day at Mr. Stanhope DeLaney's Sunday.

Miss Elizabeth Norwood of Lenoir visited Miss Ethyl Price the first of the week.

Miss Dawson of Matthews visited friends here last week.

Mr. Cletis Deal has returned from Trinity College, Durham.

Mrs. Harvey Helms is very ill.

Aged Woman Saves a Train.

A trestle on the C. and N. W. railroad near Newton, was discovered to be on fire Monday by a Miss Haas, an aged lady, who lives about a quarter of a mile from the railroad, just before a train was due. She ran to her home and got a red cloth and stopped the engine just before it reached the burning trestle, saving the train from destruction. The framework under two lengths of rails was burned away and in the act of falling. The work train brought new rails and trestle timber, and after several hours work the bridge was repaired sufficiently to allow trains to cross.