

War Time Necessity!

Help Your Country and Our Allies by Raising Bigger Crops.

Corn is 100 per cent higher than it was last year.

Cotton 95 per cent higher.

Top Dressers are only 60 per cent higher, due to the high cost of materials.

Labor is scarce. Increase your crop yields to the maximum possibility---the labor will cost no more.

Our country needs an increased production in all crops, and with cotton and corn at present prices, you should do all you can to bring it about.

The way to do it is to use the Southern Cotton Oil Company's Top Dressers.

You owe it to your country---and it will pay you handsomely.

The Southern Cotton Oil Company
MONROE MILL.

Life Insurance is the flower of love surviving the frost of death.

FOUR WEIGHTY REASONS FOR LIFE INSURANCE.

FIRST—Statistics tell us that only two men in one hundred succeed in business.

SECOND—That only one man in thirty has sufficient for old age.

THIRD—That in the settlement of valuable estates scarcely one per cent reaches or maintains the valuation of the Testator.

FOURTH—That the number of contested wills is very large.

IF YOU could pay the cost of a life policy and neglected to do so, it's a mean thing for you to go up to Heaven, while your family go to the poor-house. You, at death, move into a mansion, river front, and they move into two rooms on the fourth story back of a tenement house. When they are out at the elbows and knees, the thought of your splendid robe in Heaven will not keep them warm. The minister may preach a splendid sermon over your remains and the quartette may sing like four angels in the organ loft, but your death will be a swindle.

TALK WITH ME BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

Monroe Insurance & Investment Company.
Office in Bank of Union Building. G. B. CALDWELL, Manager.

Snake Got the Brood

Mr. Richardson Wanted it to Catch Rats But it Ate the Little Chickens and Spared Only the Old Hen. Correspondence of The Journal.

Monroe, La., June 17.—As I have just come in from measuring a snake and trap killing two more which I had set for my old hen, I will tell about it. I am not trying to beat Mr. Price, for I never heard of a snake eating a hen before. When Mr. G. J. Richardson was going to the house from the field he saw a snake, but instead of killing it as his wife urged him to do, he took a notion to drive it to the barn and let it clean up some of the rats thereabouts. But the snake wouldn't drive much and got into a hole. Later on in the day he heard a hen making a noise of distress and found that the snake had eaten all of her eleven little chickens, and was manœvering for the old hen. This snake, when killed, measured six feet and nine inches in length and seven and a half inches around. I hope Mr. John Beasley can back me up a little in this.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Spittle spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Sam Preston.

Miss Bright Helms spent Sunday with Misses Beattie and Emma Richardson.

Mr. Horace Check of Columbia spent Saturday night and Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Ben Helms, and family.

Miss Dora Irby of Waxhaw spent Saturday night with Miss Follie Whitaker.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Richardson spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Spittle.

Parks, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McCorkle, we are glad to say, is speedily recovering from fever. All members are requested to be at church next Sunday for the purpose of calling a preacher, also our leader wants the singers to meet at 9:20 next Sunday morning and sing until Sunday school time. — Farm Boy.

State Increase in Food Acreage. (Raleigh News and Observer.)

Increase of food and feed crop acreage in North Carolina will amount to a million and a half acres, according to estimates of Mr. J. M. Johnson, of the office of Farm Management of the North Carolina Agricultural Extension Service.

These figures are based upon a survey which the North Carolina Extension Service and United States Department of Agriculture has under way designed to show the changes in acreage of all important crops; the number of the different kinds of live stock; and the amount of labor being used in agricultural enterprises this year as compared with last.

The results of the survey so far as it has gone shows that the farmers have made gratifying response to the appeal of the State and nation to grow more food and feed crops. It looks like the increase in these crops for the State will amount to close to a million and a half acres, and with fairly good seasons and cultivation from now on North Carolina reassured of food and feed crops of which she may well be proud of and for which the nation at large will be grateful.

Cotton Becomes Aristocrat. (From the New York World.)

Twenty-five cent cotton quoted on the markets indicates strange possibilities in the sumptuary development of mankind. Silk imported from the East brought Europe the first alternative to wool, and afforded well-to-do persons, like Queen Elizabeth, the opportunity to dress in a manner different from that of the lower orders. Even down to our own times the black silk dress whose material was of such aristocratic quality that it would "stand alone" without anybody inside of it to hold it up, marked the condition of gentility. Such a garment one only purchased once in a lifetime after consultation with all one's female relatives and friends; and such a garment one wore only on the various state occasions or in the high crises of life. There was never any talk of wearing it out or of its getting unstylish. But with the introduction of artificial silks and the cheapening of their quality, social status was less easily established to the outward view, since everybody now could indulge in the luxury of a silk dress. Will cotton, rising by leaps and bounds, take the place of the proverbial "silks and satins?" Will an apron or a pair of overalls eventually be the badge of aristocracy? It would seem so now—unless the German substitute made of wood-pulp opens up a new supply after the war.

Soldiers' Bad Conduct. The National Guardsmen on duty guarding tunnels and bridges in the vicinity of Black Mountain, stormed the Black Mountain jail early Saturday morning, rescuing three of their comrades, Horace W. Lavender, Charley Pratt and S. W. Boyle, who had been confined in the jail on disorderly conduct. The three men in question had grown disorderly the night before after consuming considerable liquor, according to allegations of the Black Mountain officials and were locked up in jail. Shortly after day-break Saturday morning their comrades learning of their plight, stormed the jail over the entrance while one of the number broke the lock. Civil officers followed the men back to camp, re-arresting the three men charged with disorderly conduct and they were taken to Asheville for safe keeping.

Beat His Wife to Death. Albert Bordeaux, a tenant farmer of Cypress township, Bladen county, is in jail at Elizabethtown charged with beating his wife to death, according to reports sent to the daily papers.

The woman had appealed to her landlord to save her from her husband's cruel treatment. The landlord promised to have the man arrested for cruelty. It is thought that Bordeaux overheard the conversation and later deliberately tried to beat his wife to death. When neighbors went to the house later they found the woman in a semi-conscious condition. She died the next day, after making it known, it is alleged, that her injuries were due to her husband's cruelty. Bordeaux refused to attend his wife's funeral, and although he protested his innocence when arrested by Sheriff Clark, he was found asleep in bed with a revolver in his hand. The arrest was made while the funeral was being conducted.

An autopsy was performed and the coroner's jury found that the woman came to her death as the result of blows inflicted by her husband. The victim was an old woman and had been paralyzed.

5,000 Airmen Equal to 1,000,000 Soldiers. A billion dollars, \$400,000,000 more than previously had been suggested, probably would be required to carry out the proposal of putting 100,000 airplanes and from 10,000 to 20,000 aviators into the war. Allen R. Hawley, President of the Aero Club of America, told a sub-committee of the military affairs committee of the house of congress, Mr. Hawley strongly indorsed the proposal, saying it had been said that 25,000 aviators could do more toward terminating the war than 1,000,000 additional soldiers. He also endorsed the Sheppard-Hulbert bill, under consideration, to establish separate department of aeronautics.

"Our allies are doing everything they can to turn out aviators and aircraft in large numbers," he said. Great Britain, according to authoritative reports, is producing 4,000 airplanes per month and France as many, but they are used as fast as they are manufactured.

What might remain of the 100,000 airplanes when peace is restored could be utilized for commercial purposes, he said. A French government commission now is making plans for such use.

Flag Meant Nothing to Her. Following her admission that she had made remarks disloyal to the United States government, Miss Dora T. Israel, teacher in the San Francisco schools for 17 years, resigned. Miss Israel told the board of education she could not teach children to honor the flag, which she said meant nothing to her.

Preverted Reasoning. (From the Union Republican.)

A Boston preacher counseled his congregation to buy no Liberty bonds until national prohibition is secured. It is an insult, he declared, to ask the people to lend money to the government when so much money is being spent for rum. This is perverted reasoning. The government is not spending its money for rum, the government is not going to spend the proceeds of the Liberty loan for rum.

We cannot make out support of the war contingent upon the adoption of any of our fads, no matter how worthy. The suffragist might as well refuse to do Red Cross work until she gets the vote as the prohibitionist to buy a bond until the demon rum is throttled. The advocate of the initiative and the referendum might declare that he will resist conscription if his theories are not adopted.

Tom Watson Leads Revolt. A press dispatch reports that resolutions declaring the selective draft law "highly undemocratic, reactionary and subversive of those principles and safeguards of a liberty guaranteed by the national constitution" were adopted at Thomson, Ga., Saturday, at a mass meeting of citizens at which there were addresses protesting against selective conscription. The principal speaker was Thomas E. Watson of Thomson.

Watson said the selective draft act was "unconstitutional," and offered to plead the case of any person held on charge of resisting draft. He said only volunteers should be sent to France and "that boys should not be taken to a foreign soil, when transgression against us was on the sea, where it should be fought out."

The resolutions also declared that "the method of financing the war was a flagrant violation of the constitutional provisions committing the nation to a vast war debt calculated to build up a permanent military establishment which violates every sentiment and principle of free institutions."

Sour Stomach. This is a mild form of indigestion. It is usually brought on by eating too rapidly or too much, or of food not suited to your digestive organs. If you will eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, eat but little meat and none at all for supper, you will more than likely avoid the sour stomach without taking any medicine whatever. When you have sour stomach take one of Chamberlain's Tablets to aid digestion.

Graham Flour and Corn Products For Wheat Flour.

If the people of North Carolina would use graham flour containing 25 per cent of the wheat grain, instead of the white flour in common use, and would use such methods of cooking as are proper for breakfast in the place of wheat products, they could save thereby 6,000,000 bushels of wheat per annum, the equivalent of 1,200,000 barrels of flour, which would provide the bread ration of 200,000 soldiers for a similar period. If the entire nation should follow this course more than 200,000,000 bushels of wheat would thereby be released for export to Uncle Sam's allies, where it would do more good in all probability than its value invested in ammunition.

The figures for the United States are estimates made by Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Carl Vrooman and the New York Produce Exchange. The figures representing North Carolina's part are estimates made by John Paul Lucas, executive secretary of the State Food Conservation Commission.

With a view of releasing for the armies and the needy civilian population of our allies at least a part of the wheat consumed in the State, Secretary Lucas has addressed an earnest appeal to the approximately 200 roller and grist mills in the State. Members of the Food Conservation Commission believe that the millers, the merchants and the people of North Carolina are willing to put into effect the suggestion for the substitution of graham flour and corn products to some extent for white flour. In fact, many are already following this policy.

Cop the Nuisances. (From the Statesville Landmark.)

The patience of the public has at last been exhausted with the women suffragists who for months have stood about the white house grounds with banners. The limit was reached when they displayed a banner, the day the Russian delegation was to call at the white house, charging in effect that the United States was not sincere in its professed interest in a democracy for Russia. The purpose of these women, as evidenced in the banner device, was to persuade Russia not to fight with the United States against Germany. It was moral, if not legal, treason, and the folks who destroyed the banner did the right thing.

The purpose of this picketing of the white house grounds is simply to annoy the President of the United States because he has not tried to force congress to submit an amendment to the constitution granting suffrage to women. That would be had enough at any time; it is unbearable when the country is at war.

It is the extreme woman suffrage element that is engaged in this business—the element that is attempting to gain its ends by bulldozing. It does not represent the great majority of either the women or the men who believe the ballot should be given to women, but who are trying to obtain that end by legitimate means. The picketing of the white house grounds and all similar attempts by this element, which brings discredit on a worthy cause and one that will eventually succeed, should be stopped, even if some of those engaged in it have to be landed in jail.

Will cure your Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally and externally. Price 25c.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open places of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise; splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, ran, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract before putting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly.

Wanted. One word each insertion.

FOR SALE—50 bushels of corn.—Sam Phifer.

FOR SALE—Large mule, gray wagon and harness.—Heath-Morrow Company.

GOOD BURLAP cotton seed meal bags are worth 5 cents each. Good cotton bags will bring from three to four cents. Bring them to the Monroe Oil Mill.

WANTED—Girl of refinement for nurse in Christian home. Must have good disposition and be fond of children. Permanent position. Salary \$20.00.—Cleve Stallings, Littleton, N. C.

FOR RENT—A four room cottage with all conveniences, on West Jefferson avenue.—T. L. Crowell.

FOR RENT—Six room cottage with modern conveniences.—H. E. Copple.

FOR SALE—Pedigreed Rufus Red Belgian Hares. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable considering quality.—Jas. M. Liming, 924 S. Beason St., Muncie, Ind.

LOST—Between Monroe and Bakers, misses artisan cloth coat. Finder please leave at Journal office.—J. L. Polk, Mineral Springs, N. C.

EIGHTEENTH SERIES of the Peoples Building and Loan Association of Monroe is now open and shares may be had dated May 5th. Only twenty-five cents per week pays for a share and you save money in this way so easy that you don't know it. Every one should have at least a few shares.—E. C. Carpenter, president; R. F. Beasley, secretary and treasurer.

WATT ASHCRAFT, Veterinarian.—Day calls, 113; night calls, 191-R. Office on Franklin street, Monroe, N. C.

LADIES CAN secure a car from J. C. Maynor with the assurance of courteous treatment and careful drivers. Just call either "316 or 171-R.

SHETLAND PONIES—Special summer sale.—Write E. L. Andrews, Bristol, Tenn.

WANTED—Old false teeth, don't matter if broken, I pay \$2 to \$15 per full set, single and partial plates in proportion. Sent by parcel post and receive check by return mail.—F. TERL, 405 N. Wolfe Street, Baltimore, Md.

PLEASE CALL at any time for hack work.—Henry Lily, Phone 268.

H. E. COPPLE'S furniture store has a full line of all kinds of furniture and it pays to call there before you buy.

Wants

DR. HOWARD SMITH will be in his office in Fitzgerald building, July 2 to 7, inclusive. If you need glasses, don't forget the date.

Burlap is high and scarce, therefore we are buying all the good second hand bags we can get for next season. It will pay you to save them and see us.—Monroe Oil Mill.

W. O. LEMMOND, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Law Building, old Library Room, Monroe, N. C. Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts. Will give special attention to collection of claims and settlement of estates by administrators and executors.

DR. R. L. PAYNE, Physician and Surgeon, MONROE, N. C. Office in old Postoffice Building, over Union Drug Co. Office hours 11 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Residence Phone, 273-R.

Dr. B. C. Redfearn, Dentist, Office one door South of Bruner's Store. Phone 232. MONROE, N. C. At Marshallville on first and third Mondays of each month and at Matthews second and fourth Monday.

MRS. JULIA R. PRICE, Registered Nurse, Monroe, N. C. Phone 317. Residence 203 East Windsor.

DR. R. H. GARREN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office over Hamilton-Liles Co. Store. Office Phone No. 258. Residence Phone No. 15-J. MONROE, N. C.

DR. G. M. SMITH, Physician and Surgeon, MONROE, N. C. Office over The Union Drug Store, Monroe, N. C. Calls answered promptly day and night Phone 221.

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