

Are Your Children Extravagant?

To allow a child to become extravagant, no matter how well-off the parents may be, is to seriously interfere with the development of its character.

Extravagance breeds idleness and a lack of appreciation of values. A pampered and over-indulged child can never really experience those joys and pleasures that are the birthright of childhood.

You will not regret it if you require your children to earn their money and then save a part of it. Teach them thrift. Let them open an account with us. We'll be glad to have them call at any time.

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All the latest popular hits while they are still being sung and whistled are yours upon Columbia Records. The leading lights of vaudeville and musical comedy make these records for Columbia.

Al Jolson, Nora Bayes, Bert Williams, Harry Fox, and Van and Schenck are some of the famous popular artists who sing the newest song successes for Columbia exclusively. Come in and hear some of their latest records.

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FACTORS not to be overlooked in the selection of a motor truck are adaptability, low initial cost, economical operation, dependability and minimum upkeep expense.

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JOURNAL'S FARM COLUMN

Timely Topics on Matters Pertaining To The Farm.
When asked to explain why navy beans, planted between potato hills, would keep out potato bugs, Mr. T. J. W. Broom, county demonstrator, frankly stated that he was unable to do so. "But," he said, "if Luther Burbank says it can be done, there must be some truth in the statement made by Henry Adrian at the Chattanooga last week. I am advising our farmers to make the experiment." Bugs, however, are not such a formidable enemy to Union county farmers as they are to the farmers of the north and west. Our potato patches are usually very small, and it is not a difficult matter to pick the bugs off the vine by hand. Spraying is also an easy method to get rid of them. Continuing, Mr. Broom said: "Navy beans are not grown with much success in the South, and for this reason the experiment may not prove successful. Neither can they be planted in February, when potatoes are usually planted in this section. Then our fall potatoes, which are planted in July, are never attacked by the bugs."
However, despite these obstacles, Mr. Broom is advising that the experiment be tried, and some farmers will doubtless do so.

Better Cattle in Union County.
"No county in the state is turning towards better live stock so rapidly as Union county," dairy and live stock experts sent here from Raleigh and Washington declare. The movement is spreading gradually over the entire county, and if the pace is continued, Union will soon rank among the leaders in the cattle section. Farmers are going to Catawba county every week or so to buy registered cattle, and more trips to that section are planned for the near future.

Among the leaders in the better cattle movement are the following: Monroe township—J. B. Mangum, W. M. Mangum, Eugene Serrest, H. B. Serrest, S. O. Medlin, Fred Eason, H. C. Boyce, John A. Winchester, Henry Austin, H. B. Clark, R. B. Redwine, T. J. W. Broom, R. C. Griffin, Z. V. McIntyre, and John A. Bivens; Goose Creek—E. T. Itelk, and W. B. Long; New Salem—E. L. Hill, J. B. Williams, and G. W. Smith; Marshville—J. C. McIntyre, J. C. Austin, H. E. Williams, J. Rufin Griffin, L. T. Marsh, L. L. Marsh, Dr. M. P. Blair, and J. D. Moore; Lanes Creek—J. B. Huggins, C. E. Rushing, H. F. Parker, M. L. Baker, Wilson Edwards, R. D. Smith, and Fred Horton; Buford—S. A. Lathan, J. R. Lathan, J. H. Edwards, W. B. Laney, Mrs. A. L. Funderburk, Thomas Starnes and Vance Laney; Jackson—H. M. McCain, C. M. McCain, Heath Yarbrough and R. D. Simms; Sandy Ridge—H. L. Price, E. E. Stephenson, and Luther McCorkle; Vance—J. F. Thompson, J. E. Broom and J. P. Broom.

Demand For Milk.
Milk is the cheapest food in the world. A quart of milk today is as cheap as beef steak at 15 cents a pound. It takes three hours of a man's labor to produce 100 pounds of milk, which sells for \$3.50 to \$3.75. Yet some people, considering 17 to 20 cents a quart too much for milk, are reducing its consumption in their homes, depriving children of a necessary and health-producing food.

The demand for milk will be great in Monroe when the Hawn Ice Cream plant begins operations. Hundreds of gallons of cream, and hundreds of pounds of creamery butter will be produced weekly by this concern. Its milk supply must come from Union county farmers, so those in the dairy business can begin to make their plans accordingly.

When to Apply Nitrate of Soda.
In view of the big amount of nitrate of soda bought by Union county farmers this year, the following article on the proper methods of applying it by a writer in the Progressive Farmer, is very timely:

A common question among farmers now is how and when to use nitrate of soda as a fertilizer for cotton. The high price of cottonseed meal has forced many to substitute nitrate of soda.

The Alabama Experiment Station began 10 years ago to conduct tests to show the value of nitrate of soda applied at different stages of growth of the cotton plant. The results of these tests are found in Bulletin No. 209, now ready for distribution.

The tests on the Experiment Station farm were made on sandy loam upland soil of moderate fertility. At planting time a mixture of 160 pounds of acid phosphate, 80 pounds of kainit, and in most years 100 pounds of cottonseed meal was applied. The nitrate of soda at the rate of 140 pounds per acre was applied at different stages of growth. The stages were (1) at planting time, (2) at

HAVE YOU A BAD BACK?

If You Have, the Statement of This Monroe Resident Will Interest You.
Does your back ache, night and day; Hinder work; destroy your rest? Does it stab you through hind through When you stoop or lift or bend? Then your kidneys may be weak. Often backache is the clue. Just to give you further proof. The kidney action may be wrong. If attention is not paid More distress will soon appear. Headaches, dizzy spells and nerves. Uric acid and its ills. Make the burden worse and worse. Liniments and plasters can't Reach the inward cause at all: Help the kidneys—use the pills Monroe folks have tried and proved. What they say you can believe. Read this Monroe woman's account. See her, ask her, if you doubt.
Mrs. F. Limerick, 600 Crowell St., says: "Some time ago I had some trouble with my back and kidneys. My back ached a good deal and my kidneys were out of order. I got a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills, and found them to be just as represented. Doan's cured me of the trouble, and I have great faith in the medicine." Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Timmerly had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

"dirt" time, first cultivation after plants had been thinned to a stand. (3) at time of appearance of first squares, and (4) at time when first blooms appeared. The nitrate of soda was well pulverized and evenly distributed in the drill for the application at planting and by the side of the cotton plants, and by the sides of the cotton plants for the other applications. The side applications were made at time of cultivation and covered with soil.

INCREASE AT AUBURN FROM APPLYING 140 POUNDS OF NITRATE OF SODA PER ACRE TO COTTON AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF GROWTH: POUNDS OF SEED COTTON PER ACRE

| State of Growth | Av. Date of Application | Av. Yield for six years at Planting | Increase Over |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Planting | 5-2 | 985lbs | --- |
| "Dirt" | 6-19 | 1065lbs | 80lbs |
| First squares | 6-21 | 1015lbs | 30lbs |
| First blooms | 7-12 | 1019lbs | 34lbs |

The results in the above table were secured previous to the time when the boll weevil did material damage. Under heavy boll weevil infestation the results might be different.

The increases do not represent the increases from the use of 140 pounds of nitrate of soda per acre, but only the increases over that application made at planting time. From the results secured under these conditions, we find the largest increase came from the application made at "dirt" time, that is forty forty days after planting. The advantage of this application over that made at planting time for eighty pounds of seed cotton per acre. If seed cotton was valued at ten cents a pound, the financial gain was eight dollars per acre in favor of this application. The later application, while not so beneficial as that at "dirt" time, was more beneficial than the one at planting time. As stated above these results were secured before the boll weevil did serious damage.

The average results of fourteen tests made in various counties of Alabama—mostly north of Montgomery—covering a period from 1914 to 1919—are given in the table below:

AVERAGE YIELD AND INCREASE FROM 100 POUNDS OF NITRATE OF SODA PER ACRE APPLIED AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF GROWTH

| State of Growth | Av. Date of Application | Av. Yield Seed Cotton (pounds) | Av. Increase Over No Nitrogen |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| "Dirt" | 5-31 | 659lbs | 124lbs |
| First squares | 6-17 | 665lbs | 134lbs |
| First blooms | 7-3 | 644lbs | 116lbs |
| 3 wks. after | --- | --- | --- |
| First blooms | 7-22 | 643lbs | 109lbs |

The largest increase was secured from the application made when the first squares appeared. However this increase was only ten pounds over the increase obtained from the application at "dirt" time. The results seem to indicate that the best time to put on the nitrate of soda as a side-dressing is when the first squares appear or earlier.

The column of increase shows that nitrate of soda proved profitable when put on at any date. If seed cotton is valued at ten cents a pound and nitrate of soda at \$75 per ton, the profit ranged from \$7.15 to \$9.65 per acre.

When 100 pounds of nitrate of soda was applied at "dirt" time and a second 100 pounds applied 3 weeks after the first blooms appeared, the average increase over no nitrate plot was 175 pounds of seed cotton per acre; but when 200 pounds of cottonseed meal was applied at "dirt" time and 100 pounds of nitrate of soda was applied 3 weeks after the first blooms appeared, the average increase was only 127 pounds of seed cotton per acre. Under these conditions it would seem that 100 pounds of nitrate of soda was more efficient by 48 pounds of seed cotton than 200 pounds of cottonseed meal.

The experiment at Auburn and in other parts of the state seem to indicate that the best time to apply nitrate of soda is either before or by the time the first squares appear.

When nitrate of soda furnishes the only source of nitrogen from commercial fertilizers, the writer believes that the farmers will get good results from applying part of the nitrate in drill at planting time and the remainder at "dirt" time. A small amount put in the drill will hasten the early growth of the plants and fruiting. When all is applied at planting time, a considerable part of it may be lost through leaching, unless the soil is underlaid by a tight clay subsoil; but when a part is put down at planting and the remainder as a side-dressing, the danger from loss is not great. However, this divided application entails some extra labor and expense which should be considered by the individual farmer.

At-Ease

LOOSENS TOUCHY CORNS
Apply a few drops on a sore, touchy corn or bothersome callous. Instantly the soreness leaves. "At-Ease" removes hard corns, soft corns, or corns between the toes, without soreness or irritation. "At-Ease" is the guaranteed remover, is sold in Monroe by The Union Drug Co., and Bohona Drug Co., and all druggists everywhere.

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