

JOURNAL WANT ADS. ONE CENT A WORD FOR EACH INSERTION

LOST—in or around the depot in Monroe, Monday afternoon, Dec. 27th, a Waterman fountain pen with gold clip on the cap. Return to Miss Ethel Hilton, 16 Morris St., Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE—Three Belgian hares does and one buck—J. M. Douglas, Washington street.

FOR SALE—Pointer bird dog—Coble's Garage.

PURE NEW ORLEAN molasses—L. N. Presson & Co.

FOR SALE—I offer my farm, containing about 118 acres, 50 or 60 in cultivation, and the stumps removed. Also good building and outhouse—W. V. Tucker, Monroe, Rt. 5, 3 miles southwest of town.

THREE FARMS FOR SALE—One 107 acres, 2 1/2 miles from town, one 40 acres 5 miles from town, one 24 acres 2 miles from town.—Fowler & Lee.

FOR SALE—Terms or cash; going out of business, one new ton and half truck—Heath Motor Co.

FOR PROMPT and satisfactory service, see Nance Battery & Service Station for gasoline, oils, and battery service. Gloucester hotel corner, Monroe, N. C.

FOR SALE—Terms or cash; going out of business, three new Maxwell touring cars—Heath Motor Company.

NOTICE—We do general repair work. Fords, Chevrolets, and larger jobs. We divide our profits with you. Tires and accessories.—R. Sams, opposite postoffice.

FOR SALE—Modern bungalow in first class shape on East Everette street.—See W. J. Rudge.

CUT PRICES on all watches at McCull's Jewelry Store.

TWO DWELLINGS and one vacant lot for sale.—Fowler & Lee.

FOR RENT—7 room house on the Griffith road in sight of the school house; with or without ten acres of land.—W. L. Earmhardt.

AUTO TRANSFER—Meets all trains day or night. Trips anywhere with careful driver. Telephone 496, A. Frank Helms, Monroe, N. C.

PHONE M. H. RICHARDSON for a cord of dry pine wood.

A GOOD LINE of Buggies and Harness on hand all the time.—Fowler & Lee.

DR. HORACE SMITH, Eye-Sight Specialist, can now be found at his office regularly during the entire fall and winter. Your eyes examined and glasses fitted. The latest of everything known to the optical profession. Examinations free, you pay for the glasses only. Broken lenses duplicated. New frames, mountings, and temples. Office in Belk-Bundy building, Monroe, N. C.

FOR SALE—A forty acre farm with a six-room dwelling, newly painted, and good barn, on public road, six miles from town; twenty acres in cultivation. Will make a fine to the acre with proper farming. Don't let this opportunity pass and then in a few years say "I could have bought that farm for so and so."—Fowler & Lee.

FOR SALE—Terms or cash; going out of business, one new Auburn Beauty Six.—Heath Motor Co.

OUR OLD STAND is open to the retail trade again. Pound cake is selling at 38c per pound; doughnuts, 15 cents per dozen; everything reduced in the line of cakes; cream puffs, 40 cents per dozen. Hot rolls every evening from 5 till 8:30, fresh from the oven, 10 cents per doz. Special sale on cake one week old Saturday; pound-cake 20 cents per pound.—Monroe Bakery.

IF YOU WANT a good home in Monroe, see J. Frank Williams.

FOR SALE—One registered Shropshire buck and two ewes. If you want to make 100 per cent, try sheep.—G. S. Lee.

TO THE PEOPLE WHO OWL ME. I will be away from Monroe for about six months and my expenses will be very heavy. The Union Drug Company has charge of my books and any payments on accounts will certainly be greatly appreciated by me.—DR. R. L. PAYNE.

Public Hauling

I operate three trucks, one of them the largest in the county. Will haul anything anywhere. Can be found at freight depot, Phone 34.

M. F. BLAKENEY, Residence Phone 314-J, Monroe, N. C.

NOTICE OF SALE BY TRUSTEE

Under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by virtue of a certain deed of trust given by Albert Starnes and wife on the 18th day of April, 1917, A. D., which said deed of trust is duly recorded in Book A. W. page 287, Registry of Union county, default having been made in the payment of the note secured by said deed of trust and demand having been made by the holder of said note, I will

Monday, the 17th day of January, 1921, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the court house door in Monroe, N. C., offer for sale the following described lands situated, lying, and being in Bedford township, Union county, and known as the home place of the late Albert Starnes.

Beginning at a rock in the old line by a black jack N. W. corner of Silver Hill church—lot 3 94-169 chs. from the old beginning corner dead red oak and run thence the old line N. 3 E. 57 56-100 chs. to a snag black by four black jack corners of his survey; thence N. 88 E. 14 chs. to said survey to two small white oaks by three white oaks—red oak and black jack—Baker's and King's corner; thence South 3 W. 61-51 chs. to a hickory and red oaks—now a pile of rocks; thence S 88 W. 10 7/2 chs. to a rock in the old line, the southeast corner of said church lot, thence with two lines of said lot as follows—1st N. 4 1/2 E. 3-94 chs. to a rock by a post oak—oak; 2nd N. 83 1/2 W. 3-17 chs. to the beginning and containing 84 1/2 acres more or less being the land conveyed to Albert Starnes by C. N. Simpson and recorded in Book A-H, Page 45, excepting 16 9-20 acres sold to M. M. Winchester, and recorded in Book 48, page 656; 42 1/2 acres sold to S. S. Richardson, and recorded in Book 50, page 157; and 2 acres sold to Silver Mission church.

P. H. JOHNSON, trustee. W. B. LOVE, attorney.

DR. S. A. ALEXANDER

VETERINARIAN

Office Phone 113. Res. 55-J

WILD LEOPARD REARS AN INFANT CHILD IN INDIA

Stolen When Cubs Were Killed, Youth Lived for Three Years in the Jungle.

WAS "WILD" WHEN RECAPTURED

Calcutta, India, December 24.—Truth is sometimes stranger than fiction, and E. C. Stuart Baker, fellow of the Zoological Society of Great Britain, tells in the Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society, the story of a leopard child, for the majority of which he vouches, that recalls Mr. Kipling's Mowgli and the earlier stages of the no less famous story of "Tarzan of the Apes."

In the North Cachar hills, in Indian's northeastern frontier, Mr. Stuart Baker was met with protests on the part of a particular native, who objected strongly to furnishing his share of the "forced labor" which from time immemorial in the backward parts of this country has been given in lieu of taxation for the upkeep of roads, rest houses, etc. When Mr. Baker questioned the man, the reply given was that he had a little wild son to look after. His wife had recently died and he said that if he left his village to work on the jungle the boy would run back to the jungle.

Mr. Baker accordingly went outside the court to see the "wild child," and there, sure enough, was a small boy, about seven years old, or less, squatting on the ground like a small animal. Directly Mr. Baker came near him he put his head in the air, sniffed about and finished by bolting on all fours to his father.

Between whose legs he backed like a small wild beast retreating into a burrow. Looking more closely at the child, Mr. Baker saw that he was nearly or entirely blind from some form of cataract and his body was covered with the white scars of innumerable tiny cuts and scratches, which had healed. The boy's father narrated the following story which Mr. Baker fully believes to be true.

About five years before Mr. Baker saw father and son the Cachari inhabitants of a village called Dihungi had found two leopard cubs close to their village, which they killed. The mother leopard had tracked the slayers of her children back to the village and had haunted the outskirts for two days. The third day a woman cutting rice in cultivation close to the village laid her baby boy down on a cloth while she went on with her work. Presently, hearing a cry, she turned round and saw a leopard bounding away and carrying the child with it. The whole village at once turned out and hunted for the leopard and the baby, but without success, and finally they were compelled by darkness to leave the boy, as they supposed to be eaten by the leopard.

Some three years later a leopardden was killed close to the village by a sportsman, who brought in the pelt of his success, together with the information that the leopard had eaten which he had failed to secure. On hearing this the whole village turned out and eventually captured two cubs and one child, the boy of Mr. Baker's story. He was at once identified by his parents, claimed by them and their claim admitted by the whole village.

Subsequently when visiting Dihungi Mr. Baker interviewed the head man and also the man who actually caught the child, and both corroborated the father's story in every detail. It appears that at the time he was caught the child ran on all fours almost as fast as an adult could run, while in dodging in and out of bushes and other obstacles he was much cleverer and quicker. At that time he was only suffering from cataract to a slight extent and could see fairly well, but after he was caught his eyes rapidly became worse.

Calluses on His Knees.

His knees even when Mr. Baker saw him and when he had learned to move about upright to a great extent had hard calluses on them and his toes were retained upright almost at right angles to his instep. The palms of his hands and pads of toes and thumbs were also covered with very tough, horny skin. When first caught he bit and fought with every one who came within reach of him, and although ever then affected in his eyes, any village fowl which came within his reach was seized, torn to pieces and eaten with extraordinary rapidity.

When brought before Mr. Baker the boy had been more or less tamed. He walked upright except when startled into extra rapid motion, was friendly with his own villagers, whom he seemed to know by scent, would eat rice, vegetables, etc., and consented to sleep in his father's hut at night. Clothes, being a Cachari child of tender years, had not been introduced to him.

His blindness was not in any way due to his treatment by the leopard, as another child of the same woman, a couple of years older, and the mother also suffered the same disease. At the same time the defective power of sight may well have manifested as sense of smell, as the loss of organs have caused him to rely on the other. When caught the child was in perfect condition, thin but well-covered and with a quite exceptional development of muscle.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Current Fiction.

"Excuse me." "I beg your pardon!" "Be sure and come to see us!" "I've had a lovely time." "We've never had a cross word since we've been married." "I'll pay you this tomorrow, sure." "I'd rather have my Ford than your big car." "I'd trust my husband anywhere." "Oh, it's no trouble at all!" "It isn't the money, it's the principal of the thing." "I just finished the last quart I had, old man."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

These three things are useless: to think without working, to speak without doing, to wish without willing.

WORLD WAR HERO SHOT TO DEATH IN NEW YORK

Monk Eastman, Former Bandit Leader, Slain by Unknown Persons at Subway Entrance.

WAS RESTORED TO CITIZENSHIP

Monk Eastman, once leader of a notorious gang that terrorized the lower east side of New York City, a convicted felon but restored to citizenship as a reward for heroism as a soldier in the World War, was slain shortly before daybreak the other day by "some one unknown."

Eastman's body, bearing five bullet wounds, was found by a policeman at Fourteenth street and Four avenue. Nearby on the steps of a subway entrance lay a revolver with five empty shells.

In the dead man's pockets were \$140, a watch and chain and a Christmas card. The presence of the valuables indicated to the police that the killing of Eastman probably was not part of the prevailing crime wave, but the result of a vendetta.

Had "Lurid" Career.

Eastman, whose right name was William Delaney, had a youthful career that was lurid even for underworld annals. The son of wealthy and indulgent parents, he chose as his companions the gangsters of the one time "toughest" district in New York near Fourteenth street and Third avenue—only a block from where he this morning was killed.

A dozen years ago the "Monk" Eastman gang was composed of gunmen, burglars and drug addicts, and the police claimed to have traced a score of murder mysteries to the zone in which the gangsters operated. Their leader, however, served terms for lesser crimes—burglary, smuggling of narcotics and disposing of stolen goods.

The last time Eastman appeared on police records was in 1915, when he was arrested, pleaded guilty to robbery and was sentenced to two years in prison. On his release in October, 1917, he enlisted in the army as a doughboy in the 166 Infantry of the Twenty-seventh Division. He then was forty-five years old.

Restored to Citizenship.

After the war he was honorably discharged, but lacked the rights of citizenship because he had been convicted of a felony. Governor Smith, in restoring the soldier's civic status, acted on the recommendations of the regiment's officers. The letter of Lieutenant J. A. Kerrigan, of Company G, read:

"During the attack on Vierstaat Ridge, Eastman was wounded and taken to a casualty clearing station. He remained there only three days, for upon hearing that the regiment expected to go into the line again, he escaped from the hospital, equipped himself from a salvage dump, joined his company and was in action throughout the entire Hindenburg-line show. His conduct was exemplary and he has never been reported for absence without leave or any other offense."

Another incident related to the governor was that Eastman had gone "over the top" on hands and knees, with hand grenades with which to attack a German machine-gun nest. The enemy fire was so intense that his back was seared from his back, but he gained his objective.

Need Courses in Bookkeeping.

(From the Type Metal Magazine.) Every community needs a public school course for every child in the principles of double-entry bookkeeping, manufacturing, cost keeping, and merchandising mark-up—the principles, understand, not the details. And the need applies to the country at large, for we are, as Frank Vanderlip says, a nation of economic illiterates.

The public, and even the young man or woman behind the counter, cannot distinguish between net and gross profit. This is making for a wrong public opinion concerning conditions, and causing destructive rather than constructive legislation. The principles of business economy are very simple and are the basis of all economy—social or political.

An understanding of them is the sure way to social justice. In the light of accounting as practiced in the average well-regulated business, the science of political economy becomes so simple that it can be understood by the average high school students after a fifteen-minute explanation. Acquaintance on the part of the public with the principles of debit, credit, overhead and turnover is not only a lasting answer to socialism, but is the way to a more equitable distribution of wealth and its proper conservation.

The principles of business accounting are as good as any means of teaching a child arithmetic—and he gets two lessons in one. Yes, even three lessons in one, for it would teach straight, honest thinking.

Such a public school course should be laid out by a committee consisting of a certified public accountant, a manufacturing cost keeper, a merchandising manager of a large department store and a professional educator.

Such a course would not require text books—just a teacher, a blackboard, and a piece of chalk.

A FRESH SHIPMENT OF HORSES AND MULES. ALSO SOME FINE BROOD MARES. Give us a look. FOWLER & LEE.

Joke Was on the Doctor.

(From the Type Metal Magazine.) Speaking of persons who make a rule and then refuse to allow any exceptions to occur, Theodore H. Price says that these people remind him of the story of the physician in Chicago who had built up a very large practice as a diagnostician.

Being anxious to make his examinations thorough and to save time, he required that all his patients should be undressed before he received them.

A man came to his office one morning and asked to see him.

"There are four or five patients ahead of you," said the nurse, "but if you will step into the dressing room and take off your clothes the doctor will see you when your turn comes."

"What do you mean?" asked the visitor.

The nurse explained the doctor's requirements and his scientific methods.

"Why," said the man, "do you mean to say that I have to take off all my clothes to see this doctor?"

"Yes," replied the nurse, "he will see no one unless he is naked."

"Well," answered the man, "I don't like it," and he left.

The next morning he reappeared and renewed his request for an interview with the doctor.

"I told him of your visit yesterday," said the nurse, "and asked him

if he cared to make any exceptions. He said no, his rule was inviolable, that his methods were scientific, that his time was valuable, and that he would see no one unless he saw him naked."

"Well," said the man, "I don't like it, but if I must I must, and I will see him."

"All right," said the nurse, "step into the dressing room, take off your clothes, and the doctor will see you when your turn comes."

So the man disrobed and stood shivering, waiting for the doctor, who came in shortly and slapped him on the shoulder.

"My friend, what can I do for you?" asked he.

"Why, doctor," replied the man, "I only wanted to ask you to renew your subscription to the Ladies' Home Journal."

While making a visit to New York a man unmistakably of country origin, was knocked down in the street by an automobile. A crowd instantly surrounded him with condolences and questions.

"Are you hurt, my friend?" kindly asked a gentleman, who was first among the rescuers, as he helped the stranger to his feet and brushed the mud and dust from his clothes.

"Well," came the cautious reply of one evidently given to non-committal brevity of speech, "it ain't don me no good."—Harper's Magazine.

This Bank is for PEOPLE WHO WANT TO IMPROVE THEIR FINANCIAL CONDITION. Will You Let Us Serve You? A checking account is most convenient in the payment of bills. A savings account is the sure road to an eventual competency. Monroe Bank & Trust Co. R. B. Redwine, President. H. B. Clark, Cashier.

SEABOARD Air Line Railroad SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 28th at 12.01 A. M. Trains Arrive Leave No. 14 from Charlotte 5.50 a.m. 5.55 a.m. for Wilmington. No. 12 from Atlanta 6.30 a.m. 6.35 a.m. for Richmond. No. 34 from Rutherfordton 10.50 a.m. 10.55 a.m. for Raleigh and Wilmington. No. 5 from Richmond 7.55 a.m. 8.00 a.m. for Atlanta. No. 19 from Wilmington 11.20 a.m. 11.30 a.m. for Charlotte. No. 15 from Monroe 8.10 a.m. for Rutherfordton. No. 29 from Monroe 11.30 a.m. for Atlanta. No. 31 from Raleigh and Wilmington 2.40 p.m. 2.45 p.m. for Rutherfordton. No. 20 from Charlotte 5.50 p.m. 6.00 p.m. for Wilmington. No. 30 from Atlanta 5.50 p.m. No. 16 from Rutherfordton 9.10 p.m. No. 6 from Atlanta 9.35 p.m. 9.45 for Richmond. No. 13 from Wilmington 10.35 p.m. 10.45 p.m. for Charlotte. No. 11 from Portsmouth 11.55 p.m. 11.40 p.m. for Atlanta. C. T. HARRILL, Ticket Agent. E. W. LONG, Division Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C.

ORANGES We are now receiving regular shipments Florida Oranges direct from groves. By handling in large enough quantities to enable us to buy direct we save you the middle-man's profit. 45 cents per doz. A fresh shipment every week. T. C. Lee & Son GENERAL MERCHANDISE PHONE 356.

Holiday Tire Reduction Sale! While they last we will sell Ford size DIAMOND SQUEEGEE TREAD TIRES at 50 per cent off the List Price. List Price 30 x 3 1/2 \$23.80 SALE PRICE 30 x 3 1/2 \$11.90 List Price 30 x 3 \$19.60 SALE PRICE 30 x 3 \$9.80 Henderson Motor Co. Ford Cars Trucks and Fordson Tractors Genuine Ford Parts

A FEW MORE FREE BOOKS COTTON RECORDS AND FEDERAL INCOME TAX RECORDS We are specializing on fire insurance, and can give prompt and efficient service. We represent Companies with assets aggregating over One Hundred Million Dollars, and are therefore prepared to give you the very best protection at lowest rates. FARM PROPERTY Our policies covering farm property, protects you against loss from fire, lightning and wind storm, and covers live stock anywhere within the county. We write this in three and five year terms and give you the privilege of paying one-fifth cash and the balance in equal annual payments. It will pay you to see us before placing your insurance. GORDON INSURANCE & INVESTMENT CO. Farmers & Merchants Bank Building. Monroe, N. C.