

HER LIFE TRULY SAVED.

Dr. Miller's Heart Cure Does It.
Mrs. Chas. La Pointe, a well-known resident of Denver, writes this wonderful story. Her testimony should convince all as to the worth of the New Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine. Her letter dated Sept. 13th, 1894, reads as follows:



Typical fever left me with heart trouble of the most serious nature. Nothing the doctors gave had any effect. I had severe pains in the heart, and was unable to live my life for more than three minutes at a time. My heart seemed to stop and I had something cold, in which it seemed every breath would be my last. We accidentally saw an advertisement of Dr. Miller's New Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine, and purchased a bottle of each. After taking the medicine a week, I could lie down in a chair and sit up an hour and in a short time I was able to do light housework. I shall be ever grateful to you for your wonderful medicine. Truly yours Mrs. Chas. La Pointe.

Dr. Miller's Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will restore all diseased hearts. It is sold in bottles for \$5 or \$10. It will cure all heart troubles. Write to Dr. Miller's Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miller's Heart Cure Restorative Nervine.
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Burial Robes, Slippers, &c.

STATE
Normal and Industrial School.

A Fearful Storm!

WIND AND RAIN AND FLOOD IN OKLAHOMA. DAMAGE AT LEAST ONE MILLION.

Towns of El Reno and Guthrie Swept by Raging Waters. Many Persons Lose their Lives.

A dispatch last Wednesday from Guthrie, Oklahoma, says: For miles to-night the Canadian valley is a dreary waste. At sunrise this morning a mighty wall of water, from six to eight feet high and a mile wide, broke upon West Guthrie without warning crushing houses, sweeping away property and drowning people by the score. Every movable thing was swept before the wave, which passed on into the valley with relentless force, wreaking terrible destruction to life and property wherever it reached. Dozens of human lives are known to have been sacrificed, how many may not be ascertained for weeks; hundreds of houses were wrecked; for miles farms were completely ruined, bridges and tracks were washed out and railway traffic in every direction is at a standstill. The efforts of rescuing parties have in many cases proved in vain. Many people floated down the stream before they could be reached and their fate is unknown; others will pass the night in trees or perched on house-tops. The property loss is placed at something near a million dollars.

Fully two-thirds of the victims were colored people. Business has been suspended all day in Guthrie. As thorough an organization for relief as is possible has been made, but all aid has been necessarily retarded by the confused condition of things. It will be impossible to explore the houses until the water subsides, as many of them are submerged. As darkness gathered many overturned houses could be seen far out in the flood but it could not be learned whether their occupants escaped. The river is thirty feet above its ordinary level. A heavy rain began falling this afternoon. A threatening bank of clouds came up from the Northwest and many persons fled to their tornado cellars, fearing that another disaster was upon them. Luckily, however, the danger was slight.

The Cotton Wood river, a small stream that winds between Sheep banks in West Guthrie, was bank full from a heavy rain yesterday and last night. About 6 o'clock waters from a cloud-burst above added to those already nearly up to the level of the high banks and the flood was sweeping through West Guthrie, a section populated mostly by colored people. Persons who saw the first wall of water said that it was about eighteen feet high, spreading entirely across the valley. There was no water in front of it save that in the river's channel. The first wave was followed by others in quick succession, until the whole settled into a bank of water from six to eight feet high.

A Lynchburg drummer nearly caused a serious conflagration at one of the leading hotels at Greensboro the other night. The weather was cold, and he took an incandescent light, which had a long connection to it, in his room, wrapped a bed sheet around it and placed it in the foot of the bed to keep his feet warm. He was awakened some hours afterward by smoke and roasted feet. The light had set fire to his bed, which was in full blaze, and was extinguished after much difficulty. The globe to the light had become soft and plastic from the intense heat, and assumed an almost flat shape; it is now exhibited by the hotel man, who was much excited by the almost serious accident. The drummer said he had often done so before, but had never had a like experience.

Joseph E. Kelly, charged with the murder of Cashier Jos. A. Stickney, of the Great Falls National bank, pleaded guilty in the municipal court before Judge Knapp. He was arrested in Canada.

Mr. T. B. Parnell, of Raleigh, gets the Eastern Judgeship, and Col. James E. Boyd, of Greensboro, is to be Solicitor of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

DELICATE WOMEN

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

IT IS A SUPERB TONIC and exerts a wonderful influence in strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.

It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Taylor & Banner.

HORRORS OF SHIPWRECK.

Men Subsist on Human Flesh for Days to Keep from Starving.

St. Johns, N. F., April 28.—Anxiety is felt at St. Pierre as to the condition of the four survivors of the wrecked French brigantine *Viallant*, which struck an iceberg on the Grand banks on the night of April 14th and foundered almost immediately. Three of them are in a comatose condition and it is feared that one will not live through the night. Their physical and mental sufferings are terrible. It was found necessary to amputate the arms and feet of three, their ears and noses were badly frozen and the flesh presents a ghastly and leprous like appearance. As if this were not wretchedness enough, their reason is temporarily, if not permanently, gone. As they lay in their cots they rave in distracted recollection of their awful experience. It is scarcely possible to get any definite notion of the incidents of the disaster, but it seems from what can be gathered from their incoherent cries and ravings that four dories were overturned at the moment of the wreck. Two of the men on board the rescued dory were taken from the water almost drowned. They were the first two to perish. The third who died was a young fellow about 18 years of age. He made a stubborn fight for life. Four boats are known to have got safely away from the ship, but the captain's boat was the only one after wards seen by the occupants of the rescued dory. The intense cold made it impossible for them to do anything in the way of navigating the dory and they were compelled to drift helplessly.

The most horrid incident of the experience was the cannibalism to which they were driven by the resistless pangs of hunger. The dead body which they used for food was frozen so stiff that they were scarcely able to back off the flesh with their knives. For two days the life of the survivors was sustained in this way. Everything that is possible is being done to find the missing boats if it should have been their good fortune to have survived. Outgoing vessels will make a close search of the waters north and south of St. Johns, but there is little hopes of further rescues.

Closing Events of Greco-Turkish War.

A London dispatch of April 28th says: Matters at Athens are likely to remain unchanged until the ministerial crisis is settled, when overtures from the powers to intervene are expected. The sultan is said to be willing to listen to terms. The downfall of the Deliyannis cabinet is taken for granted, though it has not actually occurred. M. Ralli, who is likely to succeed Deliyannis, was equally keen for war. Little or nothing seems to be known at Athens or is reported here as to the movements of the Greek fleet. The only news of actual fighting in progress this afternoon comes from Velestino, which commands the road to Volo. Possibly this indicates an intention of the Turks to march southward. It is said that Edham Pasha has sent a white flag to Volo with the assurance that the Turkish troops will inflict no damage upon the city or citizens. There seems little doubt therefore, that he intends to occupy Volo.

The Greek forces now extend in a fourteen mile line from Pharsalos to Velestino. Pharsalos commands the Tarka pass and the road leading to Athens by way of Larissa. Athens, April 28.—Midnight.—The legislative assembly met again this evening. Ninety-five deputies were present. As a senate quorum is 104, another adjournment was necessary. The adjournment was followed by considerable excitement and cries of disapproval from the gallery. The session was awaited with the greatest anxiety. A dense crowd gathered in the vicinity of the chamber to get the first news of such action as might be taken. There was, however, no disorder. Many of the ministerial deputies declare that they will vote against the government on the question of confidence. Late last night it was rumored that the Greeks are still fighting in front of Pentapogonia.

The opposition leaders issued an address to the public this morning asking that order be maintained. It had a calming effect upon the people. It is semi-officially announced that the department of the interior, during the absence of Secretary Blies, that six chiefs of divisions in the Secretary's office are to be removed. There are nine divisions in the Secretary's office, each presided over by a chief. When Hoke Smith came into power he removed seven Republican chiefs and retained two. The policy of removing chiefs of divisions appointed under the Cleveland administration will be adopted in all the departments.

The Old North State.

STATE ITEMS OF IMPORTANCE GATHERED FROM OUR MANY WIDE-AWAKE EXCHANGES.

Tramps shot at Engineer Bolick on the Southern's Chattanooga train near Salisbury a few nights ago.

Judge Hoke continues seriously sick and the Governor has assigned Judge Adams to hold most of his courts.

The Mercury says 605 bushels of potatoes were shipped from Hickory to points in Georgia one day recently.

Six citizens of Troy, Stanley county, have been arrested for counterfeiting. They made spurious nickels and quarters.

Mrs. Mary Reeco, of this place, broke an egg the other day and found inside the usual white and yellow, but inside of the yellow was a complete little egg with a hard shell on it.—Yadkin Ripple.

The special tax for graded schools in Monroe was voted down on the 20th by a majority of 180 to 72. The efforts of the liquor dealers and the almost solid vote of the negro won the day against schools.

The potato bug has put in its appearance and begun its destructive work. We learn that, in some sections, full grown bugs are found on the ground ready to destroy the plant as soon as it comes up.—Shelby Aurora.

The dead body of an unknown man was found floating in the French Broad river, below Alexander, in Buncombe county, last week. An inquest developed that the man had been murdered, but he was not identified.—Lincoln Journal.

Nettie Smith, a widow, living on Armstrong, this county, gave birth to a child in December last, smothered it to death, and buried the remains under the door of her dwelling. The startling discovery of this horrible crime was made Monday.—McDowell Democrat.

A distressing accident occurred Monday morning in South West township. Mr. Clay Hood threw a large piece of wood out of a wagon, when the 4-year-old son of Mr. Will Tyndall ran from behind a pile of shingles and under the wood as it was falling. It crushed the child's head, killing him instantly.—Kinston Free Press.

In Wake Superior Court yesterday a verdict for \$11,000 damages was given ex-President Thad. Pleasants, of the Seaboard Air-Line, for the loss of his left hand last year in a railway collision at Manly. The railway appealed. Mr. Pleasants is a brother of Mr. R. J. Pleasants, of this city, section foreman on the Southern road.—Winston Sentinel.

At the risk of being called an old fogey and a back number, we will say that of all the inappropriate, senseless social functions yet thought of, the Easter ball is the most senseless and most inappropriate. We protest against the abominable and sinful folly of pretending to celebrate our Lord's resurrection with a ball.—Monroe Enquirer.

Last week Mr. Wallace, of Statesville, went up to Collettsville and intended going on to the Globe, but finding that he could reach the party he wished to see, over the telephone, he paid a small fee, called up the party, and transacted his business. Thus he saved the expense of a twenty mile drive and a day's time by the use of this wonderful modern convenience.—Lenoir Topic.

It's doubtful whether a more characteristic farmer could have been found in Anson county than Mrs. Vina Tie, who died recently at the age of 90. Her farm is situated nine miles from Polkton, and there in a little log cabin, overlooking the creek that divides it, she lived alone since the death of her husband, which occurred fifty years ago, and devoted her attention to her farm, working literally night and day.

The prize medal offered to the best drilled man in the Asheville Light Infantry by Colonel John Hey Williams, surgeon general of North Carolina, is now in the hands of Sergeant J. Arthur White, who won it at the last drill. If he shall win it twice more in succession it remains in his possession. It is a gold medal of pretty pattern and handsomely engraved. It has just been turned out from Arthur M. Field's store.—Asheville Citizen.

The Concord Standard comes to the front with the most thrilling romance we have yet heard of in North Carolina. A young lady was engaged to be married but fell a prey to consumption. They were by a creek when she told her lover she did not expect to live long and therefore must postpone the marriage. He demanded his ring, and finally did take it from her hand and toss it into the stream. Some time after she was fishing in the same stream and caught a catfish and in its gills she found the ring, placed it on her finger and died with it there; while her lover was in distant parts.—Salisbury Sun.

BANKERS FAIL.

The Well Known Firm of Burruss, Son & Co., of Norfolk, Va., Make an Assignment.

A Norfolk special of April 27th says: Business circles were startled to-night by the news of the assignment of N. Burruss, Son & Company, one of the most prominent and widely known banking firms in the South.

A deed was filed at 7 o'clock transferring to Judge Theodore S. Garnett, assignee, all properties held by Captain Burruss individually or as a firm, to secure creditors. The liabilities amount to between \$340,000 and \$350,000, and the assets are stated by the firm to be \$400,000 available, with nominal assets much more. It is stated that the bank will pay out even, and this is probably a fact, as most of the property transferred is valuable real estate which under favorable conditions would probably realize more than the assets. In addition to this there is a large amount of personal property. The assignee is instructed to wind up the business at once.

Captain Burruss gives as the cause of the failure hard times and a great demand for money. One hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars has been withdrawn from the bank since July 1st, and though offers of assistance were received from numerous banks, at home and abroad, including \$60,000 offered from Richmond, it was deemed best for the protection of the depositors, as well as the firm, to assign at once, such action being inevitable.

The bank was established in 1864, and did an immense business. Its failure was a surprise to every one, as it was considered one of the most substantial institutions of the sort in the country.

It is the largest bank failure since the noted Bain bank broke over a decade ago. It is impossible to present to estimate the effect it will have upon business here, but it will be large.

A General European Engagement Would Benefit This Country.

The outbreak of hostilities between Greece and Turkey has caused considerable speculative activity and excitement in the produce markets; but there has been no conspicuous advance in prices except in wheat and flour, and there are statistical reasons for strength in these staples, which many persons believe justify present prices even if there should be no disturbance of the peace of Europe. War between Greece and Turkey alone would probably not afford adequate reason for any important permanent advance in the prices of American food products except in so far as it should affect the policy of other nations with reference to the exportation of produce and in preparation for future wants by importing countries in fear of the involvement of other powers in the final settlement of the dispute between the contending governments.

The fear of a general European war would naturally induce large buying by foreign importers of food stuffs, and if exporters like Russia should put an embargo on shipments in order to protect her on ship position the larger share of the demand would naturally flow to the United States, which is the only important surplus food producer on the globe whose resources have not been already impaired by recent crop failures. The merchants of Great Britain especially would see the necessity for a large restocking of requirements, since in the contingency referred to that country would be in a position of comparative isolation from sources of supply other than the United States. The crops of Australia, British India and Argentina have been so curtailed that they would afford no relief to the British consumer. It is in recognition of these facts that the Greco-Turkish war has been affective as a market stimulant, and it has been felt more in wheat than in corn and provisions because the former is in comparatively small supply, while other products, and particularly corn, are in superabundant supply in this country.

War is to be deprecated from any point of view; but it is not easy to see how the food producers of this country could fail to be benefited by such a disturbance of the peace of Europe as would cut off or menace the sources of food supply which would be available under normal conditions for the needs of foreign countries.—Philadelphia Record.

It Cured Them All.

Mr. Henry Shira, Girard, Ala., says: "Two years ago I had a severe case of Gripe and could not recover from its effects. About a year ago I tried King's Royal Germetuer and was soon well. It also cured me of bowel trouble, which I had for four years, and I find it to be a quick cure for headache. It cured my wife of Gripe also, and she says it is the best thing she can get for Asthma and Vertigo. I heartily recommend it as a good family medicine." New package, large bottle, 100 doses, \$1. For sale by Taylor & Banner.

When a piano agent named Dillard presented a bill to Mrs. Dora Billwiler, of Mount Airy, Ga., the latter horsewhipped him, saying no man should ever present a bill to a lady.

HONOR TO GRANT.

MONUMENT DEDICATED WITH IMPOSING MILITARY AND CIVIC CEREMONIES.

In New York City on Tuesday Was Witnessed the Grandest Pageant Ever Beheld on Land or Water.

New York city, Tuesday, April 27th, was all astr. With military pomp and splendor never before witnessed in this country was dedicated the magnificent monument erected by the people of this nation to the memory of Ulysses S. Grant.

The ceremonies took place in the presence of a great multitude of people. Six miles of streets were lined with people estimated to number over one million. It was a tribute of the populace to the great American general history.

As all Europe honored Napoleon's interment under the dome of the invalides, so did America do honor to Grant. There was assembled on the high knoll of the drive on the numerous stands erected about the tomb, such a gathering of men of eminence, from far and near, as was strange even to cosmopolitan New York. Standing within the very shadows of the monument itself were the President and Vice President, the members of the cabinet, all living noted generals of the country, the diplomatic corps, representing Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia, China and other nations; most of the Congress and the Senate of the country, the Governors of scores of States, members of different legislative bodies throughout the country, prominent Confederate soldiers with whom Grant crossed swords in the sixties, all bent upon honoring the memory of America's celebrated soldier.

The parade from Madison Square to the tomb was a dazzling spectacle. Fifty thousand men marched in solid columns amid the hurrahs of the multitude. In the North river over 200 crafts of all descriptions joined in the demonstration. The warships of the North Atlantic squadron were assembled in double indented column immediately opposite the monument and back of them rode at anchor a fleet of foreign warships which gathered here in honor of the occasion. Immediately behind the visiting ships was a fleet of the United States revenue cutters, and further down the river was an immense fleet of merchant vessels. The ceremonies began with the marching of the soldiers and civilians toward the noble temple which shelters Grant's body. It was 10:30 o'clock when Grand Marshal Dodge gave the order for the first column to move. From that hour until evening the air was filled with martial music. The crowds along the route were unprecedented.

As the marching columns passed the monument on the west side, each column gave a silent salute, which was repeated on the opposite side of the tomb, where the men passed in review of the President. The whole line of march was beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. There was scarcely a display along the route which did not dispel the national colors. Throughout the city, too, the decorations were general. Flags flew from house tops, while in many instances buildings were almost smothered behind profuse decorations. The larger stands were decorated with royal purple bunting and American flags. The speakers' desk, at which the President presided, was covered with the President's official flag. On other stands suspended from poles were hung the eighteen corps flags of the army.

On the tomb itself there was no decoration except double victory palms bound on the face of each column of the front. They were fastened on the columns with purple silk, which is the color used in the windows of the tomb to subdue the light from without.

On other municipal stands were placed the flags of the foreign countries. In the center of the main stand, worked in national colors, was the motto: "Let us have peace." This inscription was also carved over the facade of the tomb in bold letters, and was the first thing to catch the eye at close quarters.

Early in the morning the President and Vice-President, diplomatic corps, members of the cabinet, justices of the Supreme Court, Mrs. Grant and family, and the specially invited guests of the city assembled at the Fifth Avenue hotel and proceeded in carriages to the monument.

Squadron A, National Guards, state, acted escort for the President. Four mounted aids, each from the army of the Tennessee and the Loyal Legion, and a detail of four comrades from George J. Meade post, G. A. R. of Philadelphia, were in carriages as escort to Mrs. Grant and family; all under command of Maj. Gen. Daniel Butterfield representing Grand Marshal Dodge.

The Grant Post flag, 35x50 feet, hoisted, stood 500 feet north of the monument, and was a gift from the Daughters of the American Revolution. The pole is 100 feet in height

and made of steel. Eighty carriages filled the streets above the Fifth Avenue hotel before 8 o'clock this morning. In the first carriage were Mrs. U. S. Grant, Col. Fred D. Grant, Mrs. Fred D. Grant and Miss Julia Grant. Following them were U. S. Grant, third; U. S. Grant, Jr., Mrs. U. S. Grant, Jr., Miss Marian Grant, Chaffee Grant, Miss Julie Grant, Miss Fannie Grant, U. S. Grant, fourth; Mrs. Nellie Grant-Sartoris, Algernon Sartoris, Miss Vivian Sartoris, Miss Rose Marie Sartoris, Jesse K. Grant, Mrs. Jesse K. Grant, Mrs. Nellie Grant, Chapman Grant, Mrs. Virginia Grant Corbin, the Hon. M. J. Cramer and Mrs. M. J. Cramer. These carriages passed around the square and took position just in advance of the first group. Last of all, President McKinley, Mayor Strong, former President Cleveland, Speaker Reed, Vice-President Hobart, members of the cabinet, and the judges of the United States Supreme Court entered a third group of carriages.

Fourteen hundred men from the warships in the North Atlantic squadron were landed at the foot of Thirty-fourth street at 9 o'clock. The presidential party passed over the entire parade route. They were escorted between banks of human faces a hundred deep, for the people were already lined up.

President McKinley and the party reached the tomb at 11 o'clock. As he alighted from his carriage the band struck up, "Hail to the Chief," and the men-of-war stationed in the North river fired a rapid national salute of twenty-one guns.

Ex-President Cleveland marched on the stand with Gen. Tracy. A few minutes later Speaker Hoed appeared with Senator Elkins. Behind President McKinley were Vice-President Hobart and Gen. Horace Porter, followed by the members of the cabinet and representatives of the Grant family. The ceremonies began at 11:15 o'clock with the singing of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

Bishop John P. Newman then offered prayer. President McKinley was loudly cheered as he arose to deliver his address.

At the close of President McKinley's address, the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung. General Horace Porter's address followed. Mayor Strong accepted the monument on behalf of the city.

The Grant tomb is massive, the doors weighing 7,000 pounds.

Four Lives Lost.

A New York dispatch of April 28th says: Four persons lost their lives in a fire at 1378 Third avenue, Brooklyn, early to-day. The dead are Mrs. John Newell and her two children, aged three and five years; Mrs. Celia Barnett, aged thirty-eight years.

The flames began in the lower hall and spread with great rapidity through the building, completely cutting off the escape of the Newell family, which occupied the top floor. When Mrs. Newell found the stairway burning and the halls filled with smoke, she threw her children—Louis aged eight and John aged five—from a window to the street below, where four men held a blanket to catch them. The children bounded from the blanket and were killed by falling on the sidewalk. Mrs. Newell was afraid to attempt the leap and was found suffocated later in her apartments. Her husband escaped with slight burns. On the floor below lived Mr. and Mrs. Barnett. They reached the street in safety, but Mrs. Barnett ran back into the burning building to secure some jewelry she had left behind. She was subsequently found in an alcove room dead and slightly burned. The loss is estimated at \$25,000. The fire, it is said, was of incendiary origin. That many more lives were not lost is only due to the prompt action of the police.

It is said near Round Mountain, California, that a flock of wild pigeons gathered in length about one mile and in width about two hundred yards, covering many acres of land. It is supposed they had selected that place for nesting and raising.

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Liver Ills.

A CLEAR HEAD; good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.
An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Two frequent desires to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a simple bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention THE MOUNT AIRY NEWS and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Bing hamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

DR. KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER

This pleasant and perfect remedy, so delightful to take, so refreshing and exhilarating, stands in highest favor with all who know it best, as the greatest of all medical remedies for both sexes, of all ages and in all conditions.

WHAT IT WILL DO FOR YOU.

It will give you APPETITE.
It will give you restful refreshing SLEEP.
It will stimulate your DIGESTION.
It will restore your NERVOUS ENERGY.
It will put your KIDNEYS in perfect order.
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It will change your weakness into STRENGTH.
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For Fine Rubber Stamps and EVERYTHING IN OFFICE SUPPLIES.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Spavins and Blisterings from horses. Blood Purifier, Cures, Splints, Swenney, Ring-Bones, Splints, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Bleeding Cures ever known. Sold by Taylor & Banner, N. C.

Wanted. A reliable lady or gentleman to distribute samples and make a house-to-house canvass for our Vegetable Tablets. \$40 to \$75 amount weekly made. Address Crofts & Reed, 842 to 850 Austin Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

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