THE MOUNT AIRY NEWS.

VOL. 19. MOUNT AIRY, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1899. NO. 48.

Suffered 20 Years.

MRS. MARY LEWIS, wife of a prominent farmer, and well known by all old residents near Belmont, N. Y., writes: "For twenty-seven years I had been a constant sufferer from nervous prostration, and paid large sums of money for doctors and advertised remedies without benefit. Three years ago my condition was alarming; the least noise would startle and unnerve me. I was unable to sleep, had a number of sinking spells and slowly grew worse. I began using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills. At first the medicine seemed to have no effect, but after taking a few bottles I began to notice a change: I rested better at night, my appetite began to improve and I rapidly grew better, until now I am as nearly restored to health as one of my age may expect. God bless Dr. Miles' Nervine."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee. First Bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

GEO. W. SPARGER,

+ Attorney-at-Law, +

MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

Will practice in State and Federal Courts. Special attention to collection of claims and negotiating loans.

S. P. GRAVES,

+ Attorney-at-Law, +

MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

Practices in State and Federal Courts. Prompt attention to collection of claims.

VIRGIL E. HOLCOMB, MOCKSVILLE, N. C. JAS. B. McGUFFIN, DANBURY, N. C.

HOLCOMB & McGUFFIN,

Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law.

Will practice in the Superior Courts of the 9th Judicial District, in the Federal Court, at Greensboro, and in the Supreme Court at Raleigh, North Carolina.

W. F. CARTER, MOUNT AIRY, N. C. J. R. LEWELLYN, DANBURY, N. C.

CARTER & LEWELLYN,

+ Attorneys-at-Law. +

Practice in the State and Federal Courts. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care.

W. B. BROWN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

OFFICE WITH GEO. W. SPARGER,

Mount Airy, N. C.

Americans Explore the Amazon.

Washington, May 18.—The Navy Department has just received from Commander Todd, of the Wilmington, an interesting account of the remarkable voyage of exploration up the Amazon river made by that vessel in April last. The Wilmington was instructed by the Navy Department to push on up the great river and ascertain how far it was navigable. Captain Todd reports that he ascended to Yquitos, in Peru, which is about 2,100 miles up the river. This voyage was made, as he says, against adverse currents averaging three knots for the entire distance. Manaos, at the junction of the Rio Negros with the Amazon, has heretofore been regarded as the head of navigation for steam vessels, and from that fact has grown to be a prosperous city of 40,000 inhabitants. Consequently, the intention of Captain Todd to ascend the river above that point caused consternation, and, in the end, as revealed by subsequent reports, led to some adverse demonstrations against the American consul and against the native pilots who assisted the Wilmington's commander to make the voyage. Captain Tood succeeded, notwithstanding these obstacles, in ascending the Amazon for 1,000 miles above Manaos, and had it not been for lack of fuel he could have steamed about 300 miles further, he believes. As it was, the Wilmington, which entered the Amazon from the Atlantic ocean, was within about four hundred miles of the Pacific and well into Peru before she turned backward down the river.

The possibilities of the successful navigation of the vast and hitherto unknown interior of South America revealed by Captain Todd's voyage, will, it is believed, be of the greatest importance, and the Navy Department probably will take steps to see they are made known to the maritime world. Unfortunately, Captain Todd shows the great Amazon, like the Mississippi, is so changeable in its channels as not to permit of successful charting, so that expert pilots will always be required in navigating the stream.

I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. Grisham, Gears Mills, La. For sale by Taylor & Banner, Druggists.

Helen Gould's income is the largest of any unmarried woman's in the country. She spends little on herself, but gives to churches and charities about $100,000 a year.

The smallest salary paid to the head of a civilized government is three pounds a year to the President of the Republic of Andorra, in the Pyrenees.

RUNNING SORE ON HIS ANKLE.

After Six Years of Intense Suffering, Promptly Cured By S. S. S.

Obstinate sores and ulcers which refuse to heal under ordinary treatment soon become chronic and deep-seated, and are a sure sign that the entire circulation is in a depraved condition. They are a severe drain upon the system, and are constantly sapping away the vitality. In every case the poison must be eliminated from the blood, and no amount of external treatment can have any effect.

There is no uncertainty about the merits of S. S. S.; every claim made for it is backed up strongly by convincing testimony of those who have been cured by it and know of its virtues by experience.

Mr. L. J. Clark, of Orange Courthouse, Va., writes: "For six years I had an obstinate, running ulcer on my ankle, which at times caused me intense suffering. I was so disabled for a long while that I was wholly unfit for business. One of the best doctors treated me constantly but did me no good. I then tried various blood remedies, without the least benefit. S. S. S. was so highly recommended that I concluded to try it, and the effect was wonderful. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease and force the poison out, and I was soon completely cured." Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—drives out every trace of impurity in the blood, and in this way cures permanently the most obstinate, deep-seated sore or ulcer. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains not a particle of potash, mercury, or other mineral. S. S. S. cures Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Catarrh, Eczema, Rheumatism, Sores, Ulcers, Boils, or any other blood trouble. Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

THOS. FAWCETT, President. C. L. HANKS, First Vice Pres. D. M. AUSLEY, Second Vice Pres. M. L. FAWCETT, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MT. AIRY.

INCORPORATED. Capital, $50,000, Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. Fawcett, C. L. Hanks, M. L. Fawcett, D. M. Ausley, G. D. Fawcett.

This bank solicits the accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, Farmers and Individuals. The accounts of the Merchants located in towns adjacent received on favorable terms. The funds of our customers are secured by two burglar proof steel chests and the Yale Time Lock. Interest allowed on Savings Deposits.

Dressmaking Establishment!

MRS. W. B. OVERBY

Has opened a Dressmaking Establishment at her residence near Trinity Episcopal church, and solicits a liberal patronage from the citizens of Mount Airy and surrounding country. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Can Furnish Good Board and Lodging to a Limited Number of Persons on Very Favorable Terms.

The Source of Power in the Pulpit.

Among the factors in our church life none is more constant through all the ages than the preaching of the Word. It is the regal force making for the upbuilding of the church, never more needed than to day.

And to-day is this the case just in proportion to its loyalty to the one great message which the Christian pulpit has been ordained to promulgate, the Gospel of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ. And by the Gospel, we mean that large truth which the Bible contains, not the plan of salvation wrought out by the theologian, nor the shibboleth of a creed, but the truth that includes in its domain Sinai and Calvary, Tabor and Olivet, that has within its boundaries the rivers that watered Eden and the stream on whose banks grows the tree of life, and yet with all its vast reach of thought does not neglect the least detail of everyday life, which the beams from Calvary can and do make glorious.

The thought in our mind is that for a number of years past in many quarters there has been undue emphasis upon minor matters, the major truth being relegated to an inferior position. The claims of applied Christianity have in some cases superseded Christianity itself. Such preachers have for a period seemed to ignore the fact that the Gospel is all that gives vitality to the innumberable issues which have sprung from it.

This Gospel which we are to emphasize will make the pulpit mighty in its presentation of three factors—God, sin and salvation—the three angles in the great triangle that bounds heaven, earth and hell. God in the light of all that is true in the Bible, in history and science. Sin in its malignity, its perversity and its ruin. Salvation in its largest promise of a redeemed, glorified humanity.

We do well to bear in mind the oft-told experience of Dr. Chalmers. No man in his day, no man in our day, could more ably, more persuasively present the ethics of our religion; and men went farther and farther from God as he preached the law given by Moses, the law given by Jesus. It was not until he had learned that by grace we are saved, that a new birth alone can make a new life possible, that Calvary infinitely o'ertops Sinai, that new lives began to be lived under his preaching.

Higher and grander than Paul is the example of our Lord. The sermon on the Mount he preached, with its incomparable ethics, but not until after he had laid the foundation for it in the theme of his first sermon, "Repent! repent!" and in the teaching to Nicodemus, "Ye must be born anew;" and all through his ministry the strain is never absent, "I came to seek and to save the lost."

The ethics, the philanthropies, the reforms of our religion have no advocates more genuine, more successful than such men as Chalmers, such apostles as Paul, for they have caught the spirit of the Master, who uttered the unique truth of Christianity, "I, if I be lifted up, will draw all men unto me."

Let us, then brethren make as mighty as God may enable us to do the ethics of our religion, but only as they spring from their only source of life, the Gospel, a Gospel containing in itself the potency of a true life.

A pulpit emphasizing these cardinal truths will possess a mighty in renovating society, in inducing noble living, that can never be found in an undue presentation of ethical philanthropic expedients.—Zion's Advocate.

Will the N. & W. Come In?

Some parties prominent in business were talking this morning about the effect on this section of the country and Greensboro in particular of the recent purchase by the Southern. One of them remarked—"I think the Southern will probably do us right, as Colonel Andrews says, but Greensboro is a place of two much commercial importance to allow one road to monopolize all the business and it will only be a short time before the Norfolk and Western will be in here. It is only twenty-six miles from us now—Madison—and it is a small matter to reach us. The Pennsylvania road has a large interest in the matter and has long wanted to get in here, but saw no opening, for two competing lines are enough. Then the Seaboard is not so very far off. It can be reached at Pitteboro, perhaps thirty miles away, so that it can be safely predicted that some other road will come in and that time is not far distant. It is simply a matter of business, that's all. To allow one road to monopolize all the business in a city like ours is preposterous, especially when we can be reached at such little expense."—Greensboro Record.

The wife of Russell Sage is very generous and though her home life is simple she gives about $200,000 a year to deserving charities.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists.

Quick to Kill Filipinos.

A late New York special says: Letters of American soldiers in the Philippines to their friends and relatives at home give actual and vivid pictures of the war, besides showing how the superstition, savagery and treachery of the natives have made necessary a mode of warfare against them which under other circumstances would be cruel and rapacious. The following letters tell their own horrible stories:

Charles Brenner, of Minneapolis, Thirteenth Minnesota, says: "Company I's movements were hampered by few prisoners. They were killed, and the company moved on."

Albert F. Prey, First Washington, says: "Not far from where I write Dewey threw a ten-inch shell into a trench and killed 150. We could see them go up into the air in pieces."

A. I. Price, Company C, First Idaho, writes: "On all of the natives who were killed was a large white rag, covered with inscriptions of Jesus Christ, and saints with ear-marks in Latin and Spanish. This is worn by them because the priests have told them if they wore this charm our bullets would not kill them."

T. W. Lemon, sergeant major in First Washington, writes: "While the boys were making good Filipinos of a lot of natives one of them had his attention drawn to a clump of bushes. There a priest was caught. No palaver was wasted on him. Some of the men who conducted the post mortem said the body had 28 bullet holes in it."

J. G. Rinkle, Company L, First Washington, writes: "In a skirmish to day the boys made a round-up, and at one place there were 17 lying around a priest who had been killed with them. Many of the natives wore large shields or breast plates of some kind of coarse cloth, where on is written in Latin what they claim is a charm or defense against all evil. They have told us that they could not be killed while wearing these shields."

Sergeant W. A. Rule, Company H, Colorado Volunteers, writes: "When you can realize 400 or 500 persons living within the confines of five or six blocks, and then an order calling out all of the women and children, and the setting fire to houses and shooting down any niggers attempting to escape from the flames, you have an idea of Filipino warfare. From the house of nearly every nigger in Manila floats a white flag. In any civilized country you know what that means. From some one or a dozen of these 'amigo' houses some sentry is shot at every night. What else can we do?"

An Ocean of Whitewash.

The court of inquiry's report on the beef scandal has been made public by the President. From beginning to end it is a bold effort to whitewash the Commissary Department, excuse Alger, and give the Chicago beef contractors a certificate of character.

General Miles is sacrificed to the political necessities of the McKinley Administration. Although he sold no beef, shared in no contracts, and had nothing to do with the Commissary Department, he is censured by this remarkable court of inquiry, which pronounced the beef sound and nutritious when it was purchased, and charges all the decayed and poisonous beef up to the climate of Cuba. All the whitewashing reports that the friends of McKinley might frame from now until doomsday could not hide the stain on Alger or wipe out the crimes of the Commissary Department.

The truth is that the people have no interest in anything the court of inquiry may say about the beef scandal. They have read the testimony in the newspapers, and they have made up their minds as to where the responsibility rests. Not one person out of a thousand will agree with the court of inquiry in its condemnation of General Miles. The public has confidence in his integrity, and no faith whatever in the sincerity or honesty of his accusers. This report, no doubt, will give great personal satisfaction to the President and his Secretary of War. It was planned to do that very thing. But it will make no votes for Mr. McKinley, and it will not change the verdict of the public, which is adverse to Alger, Eagan, and the Beef Trust. Gen. Miles has nothing to regret. He has done his duty fearlessly. He has won a moral victory that cannot be tarnished by the report of a court organized to save the administration from the consequences of its blunders.—New York Journal.

Simon Gragg, tried for murder in Watauga Superior Court last week, was acquitted. The trial consumed more than a week. In Caldwell county about two years ago a shack at a saw mill was blown up with dynamite and the two men sleeping in it were killed. Gragg was charged with the offence but the evidence against him was circumstantial. He was tried and convicted of murder in Caldwell Superior Court but the Supreme Court gave him a new trial and the case was moved to Watauga.

There are no further developments in the selection of a site for Winston's public building, except that some of the parties who offered sites have reduced the prices first given.

The reason Aguinaldo has no seat of government is because the Filipinos don't get time to sit down.

Nonsense About the South.

The esteemed New York Sun is not at its best when it discusses Southern matters. In a recent article, speaking of the lynchings and other brutalities committed in different states beyond the Potomac River, and speculating as to whether these atrocities will have the effect of expatriating the negroes, the Sun declares that, in the event of a projected migration, the Southern whites would rise up in protest and even resort to violence to defeat the movement. Negro labor, the Sun asserts, is cheap labor, and its disappearance would disorganize the whole industrial system of the section. Further along in the same article, the Sun says that the Southern whites are doing everything they can to drive the negroes out from among them. What, with lynchings, persecutions, and so on, and so on, life is made intolerable for the negroes, and but one result can be expected.

We pass over the absurd contradiction involved in these two irreconcilable propositions. Of course, if the whites are trying to expel the negroes from the South, they will not object when their efforts promise to be successful. Of course, if the whites regard them as indispensable to their industrial system, they are not trying to drive them out. The Sun clearly does not understand the situation.

The fact is that the negro is not indispensable to the South, though the high class whites—relics and descendants of the old slave owning aristocracy—all prefer him. He is more conservative, more reliable, more acceptable in every way to the whites of the kind we have mentioned. They understand the negro, have confidence in him, and bestow upon him their affection and their sympathies. There is no instance on record where a Southern gentleman tried to obstruct a negro in his effort to acquire and retain property. There is not an instance in which a negro has been persecuted in the pursuit of any honest and legitimate avocation. On the contrary, the great proprietors are not only willing but anxious to see their black neighbors become free holders, for in that they recognize the solution of the vexatious problems now disturbing their social and political order. At the same time, it is true that the industrial system of the South does not depend upon the negro. It is a well known fact that at least three fifths of the cotton crop—the section's most important product—is planted, cultivated, and harvested by white labor. It is an equally well known fact that truck farming, fruit growing, and all the various ramifications of diversified agriculture are yearly growing in extent under the white man's industry.

The simple truth of the matter is that the atrocious crimes which have furnished the pretext for lynching are committed by a very small fraction of the negro population, and the barbarities practiced upon the alleged criminals are committed, as an almost invariable rule, by the lowest and most disreputable class of whites. The negroes who are butchered and tortured do not represent their race any more than the whites who butcher and torture them represent their own. They are, both of them, insignificant quantities, and the country is making far too much of them in these controversies. When we see the sweatshops abolished in our great Northern cities, the white caps exterminated in the Middle Western States, the wife beaters and torturers of helpless children everywhere, punished as they deserve, it will be time to concentrate our altruistic solicitude on the South. We commend to our Northern contemporaries the parable of the mote in the neighbor's eye.—Washington Post.

Youthful Criminals.

Mr. E. W. Pace spent a day over in Green county this week, and on his return tells us of a horrible crime committed by some children on the plantation of Mr. T. E. Barrow. Among the colored tenants living on his place were Hillard Anderson and Susan Harper. Anderson had a child three years old and the woman had two children aged seven and eight. Upon going out to their work they left the children together. During the absence of the parents the Harper children took sticks and beat the Anderson child to death, crushing its skull with their blows. Those who committed such an awful deed are too young to be dealt with by the law.—Greenville Reflector.

Nine white men, all Federal prisoners, escaped from Buncombe jail at 1 o'clock Saturday morning. They cut and prized their way out of the cage in which they were confined and then cut their way through the brick wall. One of the nine returned and surrendered.

HOOD'S PILLS

Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cause of the Sampson-Schley Feud.

It has come to be pretty well understood that there is an old feud between Commodore Schley and Rear Admiral Sampson, the two naval officers just now making history for themselves and for the country. When Schley was an ensign he was on board ship with Sampson, then a lieutenant, and a difficulty occurred between them, and ever since a grudge has rankled in the breast of Sampson. The difficulty, years and years ago, occurred in this this way:

One day Sampson missed some bananas which he had hung up in the ship to ripen. He was very angry over the loss of the fruit and tried to find the thief. Finally he came to the conclusion that a certain marine was the culprit, and sent for him. The marine replied indignantly that he had not seen the bananas and that he was no thief.

This infuriated Sampson, who said: "I will punish you for lying as well as stealing." Sampson sent for the druggist and gave the poor marine an immense dose of ipecac.

Schley was ashore at the time, but when he returned he saw the marine suffering. Schley asked Sampson who had administered the drug that caused the suffering of the sailor.

Sampson told the whole incident, and the matter so incensed Schley that he exclaimed: "No gentleman would treat a poor marine that way," and, following the exclamation, he slapped Sampson in the face. Then a scene followed, Sampson demanding satisfaction.

Schley reminded him that it was against the regulations for naval officers to receive or send challenges to fight a duel, but added: "That need not prevent your getting satisfaction, sir. We can both resign to-day and then fight it out."

Sampson did not resign, did not seek satisfaction, and the matter was dropped.—Chicago Chronicle.

Apparently the poison still rankles in Sampson's cowardly heart, as was shown by his effort to rob the noble and brave Schley of the honor of destroying Cervera's squadron at Santiago. Sampson's fear of Spain's dummy guns in the various fortifications at the mouth of Santiago harbors, has only been equalled in history by "embalmed beef" Alger's holy horror and deadly fear of the "Johnnies" during the late civil war between the States.

The Snake had a Head at Each End.

This is a snake story right, but unlike most snake stories, this is a true one, for a reputable man, Mr. A. M. Hargett, of Faulk vicinity, vouches for it. Mr. Hargett's son was plowing a few days ago and upturned a small green snake, which, to his utter surprise, had two heads, one on each end. The head at the tail end of his snakeship was a little bit smaller than the other one, but just as perfect, with eyes, mouth and all. And what's more, both heads were "licking out" their tongues. If anybody can beat this it's time for them to come forward.—Monroe Journal.

Great Improvement.

"I had severe headaches and rheumatism and suffered intensely. I could not rest, had spells of cramping in my stomach and had constant pain all over. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am now in better health and weigh more than ever before in my life."—Mrs. Catharine E. Moyle, Huntington, W. Va.

That distress after eating is prevented by one or two of Hood's Pills. They don't gripe.

Four miles from Durham Thursday morning a freight train ran into a gang of section men and badly hurt two of them, both colored. Amos Ward died of his injuries that afternoon, and Adolphus Berry is seriously hurt.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The Proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Taylor & Banner, Druggists, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

Greensboro Nurseries,

GREENSBORO, N. C.,

For all kinds

Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Vines and Plants.

We are the introducers of the Famous "Greensboro" and Gonnet's Southern Peaches. Catalogue free.

Greensboro herd of Registered

POLAND CHINA HOGS,

Finest herd in the South. Write for prices. JOHN A. YOUNG, Proprietor.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Boutwell Upholds Aguinaldo.

Boston, Mass., May 17.—There was plenty of fire in an address which ex-Governor Boutwell, president of the Anti Imperialist League, delivered before that body, in a conference here yesterday, in which he upheld the position of Aguinaldo. Mr. Boutwell said:

"It is the purpose of the league to bring the army out of the Philippines by quiet influence of the American people at home. But, failing in that effort, as fail we may, then we propose to so act as to summon the army from the Philippines by the authority of the votes of the American people, and without thought of the consequences to men, to administrations, to political parties or to questions of domestic concern. If the opinion of one person upon the question whether the President of the United States or Aguinaldo is in the right is of any value to the advocates of imperialism, I am prepared to make answer. The President asserts a right to govern others, a right which has never been possessed lawfully by any one, and which has never been exercised except through fraud, force and war. As between Aguinaldo and the President, Aguinaldo is in the right, and the President is in the wrong. Aguinaldo can only bring the war to an end by the surrender of all right of self-government in himself and in his people and by the recognition of a right in the President to govern and tax 8,000,000 Filipinos in whatever manner shall to him seem expedient."

Mr. Boutwell held that the iniquity of imperialism was bearing a harvest of evil in many quarters, in support of which statement he cited recent events in Samoa and Hawaii.

Hood's Sarsaparilla never disappoints. It may be taken for impure and impoverished blood with perfect confidence that it will cure.

Egyptian boats more than 4,500 years old have been exhumed from the banks of the Nile in perfectly good condition. They are of cedar and float as jauntily as if they had been paddled but yesterday.

Out in Kansas

lives a happy wife. She writes: "I have used **Mother's Friend** before two confinements. The last time I had twins, and was in labor only a few minutes. Suffered very little." The reason why

Mother's Friend

does expectant mothers so much good is because it is an external liniment, to be applied upon the outside, where much of the strain comes. It helps because the pores of the skin readily absorb it, and it comes into direct contact with and is absorbed by the parts involved. Morning sickness is quickly banished, and nervousness is kept completely away. The sense of dread and foreboding is not experienced, even during labor itself. Confinement is short and almost without pain. Recovery is quick and sure. Best of all, **Mother's Friend** benefits the unborn just as much as the expectant mother, and when the little one comes it will be strong, lusty and healthy.

Druggists sell Mother's Friend for $1 a bottle.

Send for our free book on the subject, finely illustrated.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Excitement in Cuba Moderating.

Havana, May 17.—Cuban excitement has taken a swift turn toward moderation. All the political groups and the fifteen daily newspapers of Havana realized to-day that a cessation of wild talk was desirable. Even the acrobatic members of the late military assembly went about soothing their excited followers. The meetings of the national league to-night, though largely attended, were orderly, all the speakers advising calm reflection before any movement is begun, lest violent incidents might be precipitated by rashness.

The largest ocean waves are seen off Cape Horn, rising 46 feet in height and 705 feet long from crest to crest. Waves in the North Atlantic have been observed to rise 43 feet. In the German ocean the height does not exceed 10½ feet and in the Mediterranean 14½ feet.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Earlville, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to cure Tobacco Habit.

Dr. John E. Banner,

DENTIST.

Office Hours—8:00 A. M., to 5:00 P. M.

LEONARD BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST., Mount Airy, N. C.

T. B. McCARGO,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

OFFICE OPPOSITE NEWS OFFICE,

MOUNT AIRY HOTEL BLOCK.

BUSINESS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. H. Blakemore,

PHOTOGRAPHER

MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

Is prepared to make all the New and Artistic styles. Is up with the times and will give you first-class work.

Nasal Catarrh

CAN BE CURED BY

SIMPSON'S

Eczema Ointment.

For Stomach and Liver Troubles, Use

SIMPSON'S LIVER PILLS,

The Best in the World,

SENT BY MAIL FOR 25 CENTS.

Ask your Druggist for them.

SIMPSON'S PHARMACY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WILLIAM SIMPSON, Manager.

Salem Academy and College.

Fifty-ninth year. This institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high grade course of study, but has experienced teachers in all its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins September 5th.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, North Carolina

Farmers' Warehouse,

WINSTON, N. C.,

IS THE PLACE TO SELL YOUR TOBACCO.

We always work hard for our customers and never turn a pile loose until every bid is in. We are glad to say that all grades of tobacco are selling well and our buyers are anxious for it and will

PAY YOU GOOD PRICES.

It makes no difference what sale we have, drive into our house where you will always receive a hearty welcome and always get the highest market price for every pile of your tobacco.

Your friends, A. B. GORRELL & SON,

MT. AIRY MARBLE WORKS,

Mount Airy, N. C.

W. D. HAYNES & CO., Proprietors.

Fine Marble & Granite Monuments

Tombstones, Iron Fencing,

Stone or Marble for Building Purposes, &c

Write for designs and prices, or call and examine our work. Our work and prices will please.