

# THE MOUNT AIRY NEWS.

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NO. 17.

## BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS

Of America Use Pe-ru-na For All Catarrhal Diseases.



MRS. HENRIETTA A. S. MARSH.

Woman's Benevolent Association of Chicago.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, President Woman's Benevolent Association, of 27 Jackson Park Terrace, Woodlawn, Chicago, Ill., says: "I suffered with the grippe for seven weeks and nothing helped me until I tried Peru-na. I felt at once that I had at last secured the right medicine and kept steadily improving. Within three weeks I was fully restored."

Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer I. O. O. T. of Everett, Wash., has used the great catarrhal tonic, Peru-na, for an aggravated case of dyspepsia. She writes: "After having a severe attack of the grippe, I also suffered with dyspepsia. After taking Peru-na I could eat my regular meals with relish, my system was built up, my health returned, and I have remained in excellent strength and vigor now for over a year."

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbia, O.

## A New Scripture.

For school officers: Seek first of all a good teacher and these things will follow—a school library, a good school house, embellished school grounds, interested pupils, punctual and regular attendance.

And do you ask how you are to know a good teacher? By his works is the best rule to guide you. Did he ever convert a community so that it helped him to establish a school library, build a decent school house, beautify the school grounds? Did he ever interest indifferent parents in the education of their children, did he ever inspire enough interest on the part of the children to cause them to love the school and be punctual and regular in attendance? Did he ever take enough interest in the poor and the illiterate children of the community to secure enough aid to put them all in school? Does he spend his vacation in idleness or does he spend it in sober thoughtfulness and in planning better work for the future? Does he know enough and care enough about universal popular education to enable him to convert opponents of such education?

These are some of the qualifications which any school officer can find out without formal examination of the applicant for the position of teacher. And, unless an applicant has these qualifications, it were better far that he were not elected to teach the children of any community. The education of the children can not wait on the reformation of the teacher.—Southern Education.

The Dyers and Mercerers Union has given the dyers permission to return to work, thus finally ending the textile strike which began in Philadelphia on June 1st. The dyers are the last of the 120,000 strikers to return to work.

## Mr. Spencer and Southern Railway

There is no man in America better able to give authentic and authoritative facts concerning the material progress of the Southern States than President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern Railway. An analysis of the industrial conditions of the states traversed by this great system of railroads is made a feature of the annual report of President Spencer, who, naturally, discusses them in the light of the traffic and transportation problems they involve, which are of peculiar importance to the interests he represents. The printed copies of the report which have just been received in Atlanta present some interesting details in addition to the general conclusions as set forth in the rather brief synopsis recently published in The Constitution.

President Spencer says that "the industrial growth throughout that portion of the southern states served by the lines of the company has continued during the year in a most satisfactory and encouraging way," and, giving details, he adds:

"The number of new industrial plants of various classes completed during the year was 735, and the number under construction at close of the year was 146. Previously existing plants to the number of 208 were materially enlarged during the year.

"There were 29 cotton mills under construction on June 30 of this year, an increase in number of 18 mills over corresponding date of the previous year. These new mills when completed will place in operation 15,537 looms and 443,632 spindles; an increase over similar equipment in new mills under construction on June 30 last year of 4,937 looms and 100,802 spindles.

"There were large investments made during the year along the company's lines in new mineral developments and the enlargement of old ones.

"The tons of mine products hauled during the year increased 1,100,166 or 16.85 per cent over the preceding year.

"During the year investments in lumber and other wood working enterprises completed, amounting to over \$5,000,000, and in additions to existing plants to about \$2,500,000.

"The capital invested in tanneries completed during the year amounted to about \$600,000, and in additions to existing plants to about \$380,000.

"The sale to Northern and Western purchasers for investment, development or settlement of timber, mineral and farm lands contiguous to the company's lines, aggregated over 2,000,000 acres, valued at about \$13,000,000.

President Spencer's financial statement contains a table showing the heavy investments for new construction and real estate which the company made during the year ending June 30 for the purpose of meeting the demands of this steady increase in its business, due directly to this notable industrial development. This shows a total of \$2,308,781.34.

Included in this is an item of \$501,402.54 representing the expenditure made for the second track and revision of grades and curvature in that portion of the main line from Alexandria to Orange, the beginning of the double tracking. There are also included purchases of real estate for the purpose of increased facilities at a number of different points, among them: Atlanta, \$157,102.53; Birmingham, \$217,639; Lynchburg, \$1,000; Memphis, \$39,577.10; Washington, \$40,102.75; Spencer, N. C., for addition to yards, \$58,692.97; Monroe, Va., \$67,210.74; Spartanburg, \$21,998.38; and a large number of small sums at other places, the aggregate reaching a very considerable sum.

The Okolona Big Creek line in Mississippi cost \$128,519.20. There was expended for revision of grades and curvature on the Asheville division \$216,806.45, and on revision of grades and curvature on the St. Louis division \$199,688.88. The balance on the shops at Sheffield is \$17,599.17. New yards at East St. Louis involved a cost of \$42,155.39; additions to the yard at Princeton \$54,907.40.

The several spur extensions constructed to mines, principally in Alabama and Tennessee, represent a total of \$84,567.62, while the net cost of the additional passenger tracks and tracks to industrial plants, less side tracks taken up, is \$247,306.89. As stated, the total expenditures under this heading, "new construction and real estate," is \$2,308,781.34.

New and additional equipment was purchased during the year amounting to \$1,826,162.68. PRESIDENT SPENCER TALKS. Speaking of the facts set forth in his report and of industrial

conditions generally throughout the southern states, President Spencer said in a recent talk with a representative of The Constitution:

"The industrial growth of the south has been remarkable. While the development for the year ended June 30, 1902, was quite unprecedented, the last year exceeded it by 17 per cent in the capital invested in traffic-producing industries on the Southern Railway System proper. In the year previous such investments were very generally of the character of new enterprises involving the purchase of premises and the erection of factory buildings, while during last year, investments were more strictly in mine, factory and mill equipment designed to increase capacity of output. Investments of this character along the Southern Railway lines were very much greater last year than the year previous, and, of course, that implies a correspondingly heavier tax upon the physical capacity of the railroad to move the traffic. During this last year the increased investment in coal mines, iron mines, lumber mills, wood working plants and other closely related interests, which are the producers of largest tonnage, was even more marked than in other classes of industrial enterprises.

"This gives an indication of the traffic requirements imposed upon the railroads in addition to the usual crop movements and emphasizes the importance of the fullest cooperation of all interests in every way possible to relieve a possible transportation congestion. This congestion is not limited to the south. It is more or less general throughout the country; but in the south where the industrial awakening has been relatively the greatest in a short space of time, the situation has been more difficult to forecast, and to reasonably provide for, than in other sections where industrial changes have been more gradual.

## PROMPT LOADING AND UNLOADING URGED.

"The extraordinary industrial growth of the sections of the territory traversed by the Southern Railway lines is imposing a trying task upon the rolling stock equipment of the company, and despite the increased facilities which have been provided for handling the increased volume of general traffic—including 207 new locomotives and 10,625 new freight cars within the last three years—the company may find itself at times somewhat embarrassed, unless it can secure the cooperation and assistance of its patrons. The company can be materially aided in its effort to move the large volume of traffic impending, including the cotton crop, which promises to move rapidly, through the prompt loading and unloading of traffic, and in the interest of all concerned it is hoped that patrons generally will co-operate to this end."—Atlanta Constitution.

## Tobacco Growing.

Professor J. H. Connell tells in Farm and Ranch of the serious efforts now being made to establish the tobacco industry in east Texas and south Texas by the national department of agriculture. Mr. Shelfer, the expert in charge of this work, is reported this spring as using two horse transplanting machines successfully at Nacogdoches and other stations. Each machine sets three to five acres per day. The tobacco now being grown in Texas is the Cuban cigar leaf of several varieties. This has been grown in large quantities in a few restricted localities, but the market price has been unsteady because the leaf has not been properly and uniformly cured before placing it on the market. Here and there parties have graded and cured the tobacco according to market demands and the wrappers have sold for \$2 per pound. A crop of 800 to 1,200 pounds of leaf per acre is a satisfactory yield of Havana. Only 200 to 400 pounds of this amount can be classed as wrappers. Texas Havana is of such high grade that when properly cured it cannot be distinguished from the imported Havana. Besides the cigar tobacco there are the plug varieties grown under two general classes, green varieties and white Burley. Of these two plug tobaccos the white Burley is considered far superior, as it gives to the wrappers used on the plugs the golden color so much prized. The curls of Burley and the dark green varieties are used as plug fillers, for snuff and smoking tobacco.

John Wagner, colored, who was working with a steam shovel gang on the Seaboard Air Line Railroad at Polkton, Anson county, was killed last week by a shovel full of dirt from the big machine falling on him from a height of 30 feet. He was so badly crushed that he died in a few moments.

For a pleasant physic take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take. Pleasant in effect. For sale by C. E. Galloway and J. W. McPherson & Co.

Walter Jackson, who killed a six year old boy at Hamilton, Montana, was taken from jail on Wednesday night and lynched.

## Everything Comes To Him Who Waits

Even men of mature years, confronted with adversity, should not despair of recuperation, even in mortal all sirs. Marins did not end his career at the ruins of Carthage and his defeat by Scylla, but became counsel for the sixth time and died in his bed. He was morally, a bad example, but, if even the wicked can be extracted from temporal disaster, how much more shall the good man hope for deliverance, by labor and prayer.

Here is Senator Platt, of New York, seventy years old and now, who has been married for the second time. We are told that "no man was deader politically than he in 1881, when he, with Conkling, resigned his seat in the United States Senate. To be known as a Platt man in those days was to invite political ostracism, and yet within ten years he nominated Fassett for Governor, and, in successive terms, Morton, Black, Roosevelt and Odell, and in 1897 was elected to his old seat in the United States Senate and last January re-elected."

So, preserve your fortitude, ye who are down in the world and seemingly forsaken, for times go by turns, and everything, they say, comes to him who waits, if he can wait long enough, with a valiant spirit—and work while he waits.—Augusta Chronicle.

## The Wildest Scheme Yet.

The American Negro Co-operative and Industrial Association, which recently met at Brooklyn, has succeeded in evolving the wildest, most visionary, most impracticable scheme yet devised as the means of colonizing the race problem. It was resolved to raise a fund of two hundred million dollars by collecting 41 cents a month for four years from each one of the ten million negroes supposed to be in the United States.

This proposition is coolly put forward by the educated and presumably educated negroes that compose the association. In suggesting such a plan they show themselves utterly destitute of good business judgment, and sound common sense. How can such a tax be collected? Negroes are no more fond of paying taxes than their white neighbors. Many of them refuse or fail to pay a small annual capitation tax, and that, too, when in some States it is necessary as a prerequisite to the exercise of the elective franchise, and when, too, the proceeds of the tax are used to maintain the schools for the equal benefit of white and black children.

The annual capitation tax in no case, we believe, exceeds \$1.50 per year, and this is collected from adult men alone, yet this association proposes to collect from every negro, old or young, male or female, 41 cents a month, or \$4.92 a year, or \$19.68 in four years. Of course, the whole tax will have to be paid by the head of the family. Take, then, five as the average number of the family, then the father would have to pay \$2.05 a month, or \$24.60 a year, or \$98.40 in four years. No man possessing the least modicum of brains could expect to collect such a tax. But what if it could be done? Then what use is to be made of this enormous fund of two hundred million dollars? Is it to be used in building mills and factories to be operated by negroes, or in establishing schools, colleges and universities for the education of the race, or is it to be expended in the purchase of some territory outside the United States, which may be used for building up a negro commonwealth or in the purchase of steamships to transport emigrants to the new land of promise? On all these points we are left in the dark. And after all, it is not worth while to discuss them, because the question of the expenditure will never come up for consideration, because the first step in this wild programme will never be taken. The fund of two hundred million dollars or any considerable part of it will never be raised. If this is the best scheme that can be evolved by the educated leaders of the negro race, the case seems to be hopeless. The negroes will have to look not to their own race for the Joshua that will lead them out of the wilderness, but will have to be aided and guided in their aspirations by the men of another race.—Lynchburg News.

## A Bad Breath

A bad breath means a bad stomach, a bad digestion, a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache.

25c. All druggists.

What does a beautiful hair mean? It is a beautiful hair. It is a beautiful hair. It is a beautiful hair.

For the value of expert treatment. Everyone who is afflicted with a chronic disease experiences great difficulty in having their case intelligently treated by the average physician. These diseases can only be cured by a specialist who understands them thoroughly. Dr. J. Newton Hathaway of Atlanta, Ga., is acknowledged the most skillful and successful specialist in the United States. Write him for his expert opinion of your case, for which he makes no charge.

Children. Frey's Vermifuge. One Minute Cough Cure.

## Country Life.

It has given alarm to those who have studied the situation to see the steady stream of good people leaving their homes to settle in railroad towns. There are several reasons for this. One of them was, and is, that the educational advantages of the towns are so far superior to those of the ordinary country neighborhood that parents were driven to town by sheer necessity. Another inducement has been the protection of the town affords and the constant dangers to which the family was exposed in the absence of the male members; and still another reason is found in the restlessness of our people and desire to get to the center. The young men leave and others after awhile follow, and the old home is inhabited by tenants and the old farm gradually goes down. We hope there will be a reaction along this line. We fancy there are signs of it already. Not long since it was our pleasure to visit a fine old country community. Heretofore there was a disposition on the part of the young men to get away, and they did leave until only a few remained. Farming was at a low ebb. Prices were way down and it was all a farmer could do to eke out a living. Now everything is looking up. Young men in that neighborhood are making big money. They are bringing their farms up to a fine state of cultivation, and they take pride in their business. The schools are better than formerly and the neighbors live so near each other ample protection is afforded. We rejoice to see this better state of things and we trust it may extend all over the State; for, after all, our real prosperity as a people depends on the prosperity of the farmer. He feeds us all, and if he makes money and improves his farm all the people are the gainers. The male service through most of our country districts is admirable, and telephones are bringing the centres closer to the rural communities. This thing must always be true; the country is the place to raise boys. It is hard to make a big man out of any other material.—Charity and Children.

Rev. J. A. Bowles closed a meeting of eight days at Revolution Mills on last Sunday, resulting in 57 professions and about 30 accessions to the church. Bro. Bowles has had remarkable success in his charge, there having been 293 professions during the year.—Greensboro Advocate.

A Perfect Painless Pill is the one that will cleanse the system, set the liver to action, remove the bile, clear the complexion, cure headache and leave a good taste in the mouth. The famous little pills for doing such work pleasantly and effectively are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Bob Moore of Lafayette, Ind., says: "All other pills I have used give me grippe and sicken, while DeWitt's Little Early Risers are simply perfect." Sold by I. W. West, druggist, Mt. Airy, N. C.

The Rome Messenger says that Count Morra, the Italian Ambassador to Kinsia, has been recalled from St. Petersburg by telegraph. Italy is furious and a big racket seems to be almost a certainty.

Ten Thousand Churches in the United States have used the Longman & Martinez Pure Paints. Every Church will be given a liberal quantity whenever they paint.

Don't pay \$1.50 a gallon for Linseed oil (worth 60 cents) which you do when you buy this paint in a can with a paint label on it. You need only four gallons of L. & M. Paint, and three gallons of oil mixed therewith to paint a good sized house.

Houses painted with these paints never grow shabby even after 15 years. These celebrated paints are sold by F. L. Smith & Co., Agents.

Ex Governor L. Mitchell, of Florida, died at his home in Tampa on Wednesday of general debility. He was 69 years old.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. The Value of Expert Treatment.

Everyone who is afflicted with a chronic disease experiences great difficulty in having their case intelligently treated by the average physician. These diseases can only be cured by a specialist who understands them thoroughly. Dr. J. Newton Hathaway of Atlanta, Ga., is acknowledged the most skillful and successful specialist in the United States. Write him for his expert opinion of your case, for which he makes no charge.

Children. Frey's Vermifuge. One Minute Cough Cure.

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought In Use For Over 30 Years.

## THE MOWING SEASON

Is on us and now is the time to buy a machine and save all your grass.

JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF ROCKDALE LIME.

## YOU CAN FIND

Guttering and Spouting, (Both Galvanized Iron and Tin).

Also Tin and Iron Roofing, Ornamental Galvanized Iron Work, Valley and Shingle Tin, Sheet Copper and Rivets, Steam and Water Pipe Fittings of all kinds.

T. M. EVERITT.

# GREAT Sacrifice Sale IN CLOTHING

We have bought an immense line of fall and winter clothing, for men and boys, and in order to clear our space before our fall goods arrive, we have decided to offer our entire line of spring and summer suits for the next 30 days at actual cost, and when we say cost we mean actual bill cost, with freight added and no more. We have some extra special values selected from four of the largest factory lines in the United States, and from these lines we selected only the cream, hence we believe we have the best that can be bought and it would be to the interest of all to see our stock before making purchases elsewhere. We must close our summer goods during the next 30 days.

We are also offering special inducements in the Hoor Oxford for ladies and Barry Oxford for men and included in these values we have thrown our line of summer dress goods, which must be closed during the next 40 days.

Our fall stock will be a decided improvement on any line ever shown in Mt. Airy and we are very desirous of making the room necessary to handle our fall business, this alone necessitates this, the greatest clearance sale ever held in Mt. Airy.

Remember also that we have the most complete line of heavy groceries carried in this section of North Carolina all of which are offered at rock bottom prices. Merchants will do well to see us and get our prices before buying.

Our Queen of Patents Flour is the best to be had and the price is below others called "the best." Every pound guaranteed. Our Red Rooster and Farmer's Choice are excellent values and will give the most skeptic entire satisfaction.

In considering our claims remember that our goods were bought for cash and all cash discounts saved, which enables us to give full value received for every dollar invested with us.

Try us once and you will come again. Make yourself feel at home when in our store.

# THE WEST-HILL CO.