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# The Mount Airy News

VOL. XXXI

MOUNT AIRY, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1910

NO. 18

## LETTER FROM MR. R. L. NUNN.

The Mount Airy News, Mount Airy, N. C.

Mr. Editor:

About a month ago there was circulated a report in this county to the effect that the 1910 pool of tobacco was off in Kentucky and that all the organization out there was bursted and of course it had its effect in this State, as the farmer has had his eye on the work going on in that State. But now comes the report again that the pool was declared off the first of November and that there would be no tobacco pooled this year and that all the tobacco of Kentucky would be sold on the loose leaf market at public auction.

Now I want to discuss this matter. Who is the starter of these reports, are they authentic or are they false? Let's see how the matter stands. Everybody knows that we have a strong Union membership in Virginia and North Carolina and that such a report would throw a damper over this membership and everyone knows that we are getting ready to pool tobacco here and in Virginia (and they are pooling it in Virginia now.) And everyone knows too that there are many men and several large tobacco companies that would have all to gain and nothing to lose if the people could be discouraged to the extent that they would abandon their plans in this State and Virginia and disband. So consequently I for one can guess who was the starter of these reports. I don't say it was the American Tobacco Co., but I do say that they have every thing to gain and nothing to lose by circulating such reports. Are we going to be fooled by such reports and get discouraged by same? Never! We are going to investigate first and if we find it to be so we will believe it and not before.

As we said above the newspapers are claiming the pool in Kentucky was officially declared off the first of October and then again in November and now in connection with same I will request you to reprint a letter which appeared in the Danbury Reporter of last week from Mr. R. S. Barnett, of Paduack, Ky., to Mr. C. W. Glidewell, organizer of Stokes county, in regard to the Kentucky pool. Here is Mr. Barnett's letter in full and it sheds considerable light on the subject:

**Mr. Barnett's Letter.**  
Paduack, Ky., Nov. 10, 1910.  
Mr. C. W. Glidewell,  
Mayodan, N. C.

Dear Sir and Brother: Your inquiry of the 21st ult. received this morning and I take great pleasure in answering your questions. First, I beg to say with emphasis that any statement made by any paper or individual that the F. E. and C. U. of America has gone pieces in Kentucky is a malicious falsehood designed to bring about dissention among the people among your State, as the last hope of the speculators to control conditions. The facts are that the members of our Order, the Farmers Union, have already pooled more tobacco than ever before, and are standing firmer than ever before since we have had organization. It is a scheme of the speculators to dissatisfy our people. The daily papers of Paduack a few days ago published the same thing about the burly pool up in middle Kentucky three hundred miles from here. It is the same old trick of the tobacco trust. Advertising is cheaper than to pay the people for their tobacco. When we put on our first pool of cotton in 1905 the Georgia papers published that the Texas Cotton Pool was bursted and the Union cotton was being dumped on the market at a wholesale rate, and the Texas papers published that the Georgia Union Pool was bursted and had gone to the bad and everybody was rushing to get their cotton on the market first, when the whole thing was a lie published by the cotton speculators to mislead our people. But the scheme failed and fell flat and the Union stood firm and got even more in many instances than they asked. I warn you people to not be taken in by such rot, but know your position and stand firm. I am informed that the leaders of the Burly Pool put some tobacco on public sale in order to force the grower to pool more solidly which I am informed they are doing.

Hoping this will eliminate any further suspicion, I am,  
Very truly yours,  
R. S. BARNETT

How does that look to you brother Union man, doesn't it look like some one has been doing some tall lying? This letter is from the pen of the Sec. and Treas. and also Organizer of the Kentucky Union. You know that there are several organizations in Kentucky but the Farmers Union is growing fast out in that State. There is the Society of Equity and the Burly Society besides the Farmers Union. My friends, we have a hard fight before us and the people who are fighting us are going to tell every thing they can think of or do every thing they can to down us, therefore does it not behoove us to stand solidly on every question and show a brave front. I hear that there is some dissatisfaction among the brethren in Surry about the Union Warehouse being operated in Mount Airy. Now for the life of me I can't see where the inconsistency

"I am pleased to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best thing I know of and safest remedy for coughs, colds and bronchial troubles," writes Mrs. L. B. Arnold of Denver, Col. "We have used it repeatedly and it has never failed to give relief." For sale by all dealers.

of the thing comes in. We all know that we could not get a dry prize built in time to dry and pool much tobacco this year and that there was no help for it but to lay it down on a warehouse floor at the mercy of auction sales. So our board of directors hit upon a plan whereby they could (if the membership gives them their support) have the Union several hundred dollars to help defray the expense of building a dry prize next spring. I think the plan alright and under the circumstances the thing to do.

You showed by your votes in that last stockholders meeting that you were willing to trust them, so lets not jump on them with both feet until they do something to be kicked for.

Now in conclusion I will say that for further information I am going to write several men who know all about the affairs of Kentucky and as soon as I hear from them I will let the people know through the columns of this paper.

Now I will acknowledge that I did feel a little blue about the situation as reported by the papers in old Kentucky, but I never did believe half of it.

Again returning to the dry prize subject I want to see the day when there will be one built in Mount Airy, also one in Pilot Mountain, as I think that is the only solution to the tobacco problem for we never will get justice as long as we lay our tobacco down on the warehouse floor at the mercy of auction sales.

Hoping that this will open the eyes of the people to the true state of affairs, I beg to remain,  
Yours fraternally,  
R. L. NUNN.  
Westfield, N. C., Nov. 14th, 1910.

## Editor King Soliloquizes on Election Held Tuesay.

Durham Herald.

Mr. Roosevelt had nothing to say. But what could he say?

The local self-government proposition went down along with the rest.

If anything else had been going the Democrats would have captured that too.

And yet Butler methods seem to have carried the other side safely through.

While Mr. Moran ad has had a hard time of it as chairman, he now sees what would have happened if he had made the race for congress.

Having discovered just how much Mr. Butler is worth to them, the Republicans will not be long in dropping him—that is if they can.

Mr. Roosevelt has less sense than he has been given credit for if he does not understand exactly what it means.

The Republicans promised the country tariff reform and failed to deliver the goods and it now turns out that the people's memories are longer than they used to be.

## Wants off Chain Gang to Complete Honeymoon.

Magnolia, Mass., Dispatch, 8th.

Urging as a reason for his pardon that "just a few weeks preceding his arrest he had married and his honeymoon was most rudely interrupted," friends of Allen R. Raveneroft, who is serving a sentence on the county chain gang, are circulating a petition praying for his release. Raveneroft more than a year ago was sentenced to serve sixty days on the gang and pay a fine of \$220 on the charge of retailing liquor. The fine is being worked out by the young man at the rate of 50 cents a day and he still has more than ninety days to serve.

## Women in the Legislature.

Denver, Col., Nov. 10.—Four women will sit in the eighteenth general assembly of Colorado as a result of Tuesday's election. They are Alma Laferty, Louise U. Jones and Louise M. Kerwin, all elected representatives from Denver districts on the Democratic ticket and Agnes Riddle, Republican representing Adams, Arapahoe and Elbert counties.

For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Liniment and bind it on over the seat of the pain. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers.

## FARMER'S CO-OPERATIVE WORK.

Topic for Discussion in November—Deep Fall Breaking of Land.

(By C. R. Hudson.)

Raleigh, N. C., Thursday, 10.

—For a considerable number of years Southern farmers have been trying to produce large profitable crops of corn on shallow soils. The records of corn growing show that they have failed. During this same period a few of the more progressive farmers have been breaking their lands from six to eight inches, and even to ten inches, deep, and have produced from thirty to sixty bushels per acre at a small cost. For forty years the average depth of breaking land in North Carolina has been about four inches with an average yield of less than fifteen bushels of corn per acre. Last year the men engaged in the farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work broke three thousand acres from six to ten inches deep and harvested a little over forty bushels per acre. The cost was about twenty-five cents per bushel.

Can we not learn a valuable lesson from the experience of these farmers? Let us study, briefly, some of the advantages of a deep soil. One of the most important problems connected with corn growing is a properly distributed supply of moisture. We cannot have this on shallow soils. The shallow soil is soon filled with water during rainfall. If the rains continue several days, the soil stays saturated with water. This keeps out the air. (Two things cannot occupy the same space at the same time.)

Corn will not grow unless air gets down to its roots. Therefore, the corn fails during wet spells of weather. The excess of rain fall usually does much washing under such conditions. When the rains cease, the small amount of water held in a shallow soil is soon exhausted by evaporation and by being used by the corn, so that the corn now suffers for lack of moisture. With a deep soil these conditions do not exist. When rain comes it sinks down into the lower parts of the deep soil, letting the air into the upper portions so that the corn continues its growth. When dry weather prevails the deep soil, by having caught previous rains, is able to supply moisture enough to keep the corn green and growing.

In this section we nearly always have a wet spell or a dry spell of weather during the period of corn growing. One usually follows the other. The effects of both extremes can be largely overcome by having a deep seed bed. Then, too, it stands to reason that there is more plant food in a deep soil than in a shallow one.

Some exceptions to these statements should be noted. A soil that is filled with water during a considerable portion of the year is not benefited by deep plowing. If such soils were well drained, then deep breaking would be good for them. Many marshes and other wet soils would produce big crops if they were drained and deepened by plowing. Loose, sandy lands, with open porous sub-soils, without any clay in them or under them are not much benefited by deep breaking. If much humus is to be turned under on them, then deep plowing gives much better results.

The time of deepening the soil

is important. Many farmers wait till spring to deepen their soils and often make poor crops because the subsoil was too wet to be plowed after the winter rains had fallen. The proper time to do deep breaking is during the fall, and early winter, provided the soil and subsoil are dry enough. This permits several weeks' weathering to take place before spring planting begins. On land that has never had the atmosphere down into it, is not a fit place to plant seed. This also allows the soil to be pulverized by the freezes.

Both the air and the freezes are very valuable in making plant food available for the use of crops. In doing deep breaking at any time, it is not advisable to turn very much of the raw subsoil out on top. Those who expect to make big crops next year should begin now to deepen the soil. If properly done under average conditions, no further deep breaking will be necessary in the spring. Then is the time to do a lot of dieing and harrowing in order to make a nice well pulverized seed bed.

Bulletin:  
No. A-63, Farmers Cooperative Dr. S. A. Knapp, Washington, D. C.

Farmers' Bulletins 87 and 245, address Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

## Wanted—A Wife.

Copied from Danbury Reporter.  
Germantown, N. C., Route No. 2, Nov. 2.—My dear friends: I think this is a very sad thing that I have to advertise for a wife, but it looks like the world has slighted me. I hafter speak to you all in some way or nother. My friends if you all was in the condition that I am in you all would want you all a man. My friends, this is a chance open for you all that will answer. I am living in hopes to here from some smart woman. My friends this is from a man that will not fool you. I will treat you with respect all my days. I am trying to live as near right as I know how for God.

May God bless you all now and forever more, is my prayer for you all.

Well, I will close, please answer.

Amos James.

## Dead Man Left \$500 For a Dinner.

New York Dispatch, 8th.

Twelve friends of the late Ratje Seidenburg, a well-to-do business man who died here last October, are directed by the terms of his will to eat a dinner costing \$500, or \$41.662-3 a plate, at the expense of the estate.

The selection of the guests and the time and place of the dinner are left to his executor, with the sole proviso that the dinner must be eaten within three months' of the testator's death.

The value of the estate is given formally at "more than \$10,000."

## Mecklenburg Farmer's Fine Yield of Corn.

Cornelius Correspondence Charlotte Observer.

Mr. Jake L. Smith reports a very fine corn yield from his fields. The acre planted by his son James in the prize contest yielded 135 1-3 bushels as measured when the corn was shired. On 6 acres, including this particular one, Mr. Smith has a yield of 425 bushels. On 14-including this 6, he gets 775 bushels, and he will make over and above this from the rest of his crop about 400 more bushels.

## Calendar Nov. Term, 1910 Surry Superior Court.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, 1910.

- 48. Quinn-Marshall Co. vs Draughn and Dockery.
- 55. W. E. Cockerham vs A. J. Wood.
- 56. B. C. Simpson vs W. C. Perkins.
- 63. Brown Rogers Co. vs N. D. Reece.
- 64. R. J. Bowen vs J. S. Marshall.
- 65. Doss Tobacco Co. vs So. Ry. Co. and H. Barker.
- 66. C. P. Cox vs R. R. Saunders.
- 70. A. H. Freeman vs W. H. Inscore.
- 71. Mrs. M. V. James vs J. M. Fulton.
- 81. Hattiesburg 8-Wheel Wagon Co. vs Mayo Lumber Co.
- 82. I. M. Swift vs W. C. Perkins and H. Schafer.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29th.

- 83. R. K. Marshall vs C. V. S. Boyden, admr., et al.
- 93. J. E. Ayers vs So. Ry. Co.
- 104. R. E. Hollingsworth vs Matt Hardy, admr.
- 107. J. M. Harrell vs S. S. Lambert, et al.
- 109. W. H. Wall vs G. B. Marshall and Son.
- 110. In Re Last will and testament Sarah Hicks.
- 111. Early Ashburn vs J. I. Inman.
- 115. William Nelson vs N. C. Granite Corporation.
- 119. E. R. Childress vs Elkin Furniture Co.
- 121. I. C. McCarter vs E. V. Marsh.
- 122. J. F. Cook vs J. J. Wallace.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30th.

- 123. West-Hill Co. vs Jno. F. Woods et al.
- 130. In Re: Jno. W. Brown.
- 131. Peter Bennett vs C. H. McDaniel et al.
- 132. Julia Beamer vs W. F. Gregory.
- 133. W. H. Wall vs George Baily.
- 134. S. M. Hale vs L. G. Jough.
- 137. Jesse Lowe and wife vs Jos. Cockerham.
- 139. Mrs. M. V. James vs J. H. Fulton, Guardian.
- 142. National Furniture Co. vs J. M. Smith.
- 145. The Seneca Co. vs C. P. Crawford.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1st.

- 146. Sarah Simpson vs S. M. Copeland.
- 147. M. L. Dockery vs George Baily.
- 148. Blue Ridge Overall Co. vs C. L. Venable and Co.
- 149. Blue Ridge Overall Co. vs C. L. Venable and Co.
- 150. E. A. Jones vs R. M. Hardy.
- 151. M. C. Anthony vs H. F. Snow.
- 152. M. C. Anthony vs Delphia Snow.
- 154. V. C. Wallace et al vs W. V. Burch, Guardian.
- 156. D. A. Houston and wife vs W. E. Adams.
- 157. Jas. M. Parker, admr., vs Bud Mitchell.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2nd.

- 158. Isaac Holder, admr., vs Mt. Airy Mantel & Table Co.
- 161. Mt. Airy Furniture Co. vs S. F. Venable.
- 165. State vs Charles Key.
- 166. The Monoarch Paint Co. vs J. Q. Adams.
- 167. S. J. Atkinson vs Noah Cox and G. V. Cooper.
- 168. Thos. White vs T. J. White.
- 169. T. W. Bryant, admr., vs Jesse Campbell et al.
- 172. H. Simmons et al vs John Jones et al.
- 173. Brown Rogers Co. vs H. F. Comer et al.
- 174. Mrs. Mary A. Jones vs S. C. Jones.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3rd.

All cases, not tried, in their order on docket and all motions and appeals.

## Forest Ranger Killed on Vanderbilt Estate.

Clayton Davis, a forest ranger in the employ of the Biltmore estate, who was shot from ambush last Wednesday morning while searching for poachers died early Thursday morning, and T. C. Kearns, a mountaineer of Mills River, Henderson county, is now in custody, charged with the shooting.

The deceased was walking near the boundary line of the estate near State Rock creek, when a shot from ambush struck him in the abdomen. The wounded man was found by forestry hands some hours later, after he had crawled and walked a distance of nearly three miles in the direction of his home, to which he was carried.

Kearns, who is in jail at Hendersonville, admits the shooting but says he fired at what he thought was a deer.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do not sicken or gripe, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or the youngest child. The old and feeble will also find them a most suitable remedy for aiding and strengthening their weakened digestion and for regulating the bowels. For sale by all dealers.

## Why the Republican Sheriff Lost at Cario, Ill.

Cario, Ill., Dispatch, 8th.

Alexander Frazier, Democrat, today defeated Sheriff Frederiek Nollis for sheriff by a majority of nearly 1,000. Alexander county is nominally Republican by 1,500 majority. Nollis placed negro deputies in the county jail when white citizens attacked it to lynch John Pratt, a negro, for an attack on a white woman.

Webster's Weekly.

Solicitor Graves is indebted to the counties of Rockingham and Caswell for splendid votes. In Caswell, Mr. Graves received five votes more than any other man on the ticket, and here in Rockingham he ran practically a hundred ahead of the regular vote. It is a splendid testimonial of his ability and personal popularity.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator on the estate of J. M. Davis, deceased, notice is hereby given all parties owing the estate to come forward and make prompt payment, and save costs. And all persons holding claims against the estate will present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their collection. This October 5, 1910.  
J. A. Jackson,  
Administrator.