

The Mount Airy News

ESTABLISHED 1880

MOUNT AIRY, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30th, 1920.

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

CHICAGO VIEW OF WESTERN BUSINESS

Old-Fashioned Thrift Seems to Be Superseding An Ory of Spending, And A More Normal Trend of Affairs Is Discernible

Chicago, Ill.—Business recession proceeds with proper readjustment and, thanks to the bankers, without serious mishap.

Railroading is coming back faster than motordom is going back.

Individual efficiency increases much more than unemployment.

Safe investment displaces speculation; the old saving habit is subsiding and audacity.

Caution and confidence have returned; supply and demand are again their trusted servants.

There is still some discord, improvidence and indolence, but the "distress and duty" remedy is sure. Economic recovery has begun.

America's trouble is similar to Europe's but in milder form and due to a diametrically opposite cause—too much success. Nature has mitigated the situation with a big, fine crop. It is felt that without vasty more aid Europe cannot recover; and without Europe's recovery the world cannot succeed.

The French loss was well taken on its merits because of evidence that Europe is regaining political sanity and productive vigor.

There is a spreading belief that Bolshevism, having played its trump cards and gone bankrupt, is making its last big demonstrations of noisy violence.

Freight traffic at last has begun to reflect industrial and commercial contraction, just as railroad service noticeably improves, but the proportion of foodstuffs and fuel in transit is enlarging and general market conditions are more normal. Mail order sales are less than a year ago, but the character of farmer buying is decidedly better. Money rates are less rigidly at the top.

The Home Sewing Machine

One of the big mail order houses reports an enormous business in sewing machines, from which it draws the inference that women are making more of the family clothes at home than has been the case recently. This, we believe, is symptomatic. To a certain extent the American public is finally being forced into thrift—to no great extent, to be sure, but far enough to affect the market considerably.

Thrift is a virtue that has been conspicuously lacking in the American character. If it were to be forced upon this country too suddenly, the results would be appalling; for this country could get along on what it has been wasting long enough absolutely to wreck the markets. If every man and woman in the United States were to decide today to wear old clothes until they were literally worn out, most of the clothing merchants would be in bankruptcy long before there would be any more buying to amount to anything. Our commercial fabric has been built to allow for the national trait of extravagance; and the sudden removal of that trait would react disastrously.

At the same time, we cannot welcome too warmly a tendency toward the cultivation of thrift. Reasonable economy in America would mean the accumulation of more wealth than is brought by the biggest of bumper crops. A boom in sewing machines may mean more in the long run than a bull market in cotton.—G'boro News

IT'S FOOLISH TO SUFFER

When so Many Mount Airy People are Pointing the Way Out.

You may be brave enough to stand backache or headache or dizziness. But, if, in addition, urination is discolored look out! If you don't try to fix your sick kidneys, you may fall into the clutches of dangerous disease before you know it. But, if you live more carefully and help your kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, you can stop the pains you have and avoid future danger as well. Don't experiment—use the remedy Mount Airy people are publicly endorsing. Read this case:

Mrs. L. S. Ludwick, E. Elm St., Mount Airy, says: "Some time ago I had occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills. They certainly brought me fine results. I was troubled with pains in my back, had nervous headaches and was in pretty bad condition. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me of this trouble and it is a pleasure for me to recommend them."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Ludwick had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Wife Of Governor Appeals To Women To Register And Vote

Raleigh, Sept. 25.—Declaring that woman has not come into the kingdom of politics to treat from man the reins of power, but rather to be his helpmeet, Mrs. Thomas Walter Bickett, wife of the governor today issued an appeal to the women of the state to register and participate in the November election.

The appeal is all the more interesting because Mrs. Bickett was not of the ranks of those who militantly espoused the right to vote. She has always felt that voting was a responsibility rather than a right, and now that the responsibility has been put on the shoulders of the women of America, she believes it their duty to accept it in good faith and to begin aright by participating in the election at their first opportunity.

The appeal she is sending out follows:

"The women of North Carolina have never failed to answer every call to service.

"In the sixties when the men and boys in gray marched out to the firing line for home and country, they left behind them women who were no less heroes than they. When the thin, gray line broke and those same soldiers came back home to rebuild a war-stricken land, the women bore their part of the fight as gallantly as the men, until, through years of sacrifice, they made the waste places blossom as the rose.

"When outraged by the barbarism of Germany, our great President sounded the call to arms that war might be no more, the men came gladly offering themselves a willing sacrifice on the altar of a great cause. The women came, too, giving what to them was dearer than life itself, their loved ones and then standing with hands outstretched, begged a chance to serve. From humble cabin and stately home they came, saying 'Here we are, use us.' And glorious was the service they gave.

"Today there comes again to woman a call to service, a call no less compelling than those calls of yesterday.

"Though there are many of us who feel that woman's place was not in the political field, but in the no less powerful precincts of the home, a call has come and we cannot fail to answer. The women of intelligence and character, the women who love their homes, their children and their country must meet the obligations and the opportunities of the hour. We must register early, and when the day for voting comes we must not fail to vote. The ignorant and the vicious, the selfish and the sordid will not fail to register—will not fail to vote.

"New occasions teach new duties, Good women have always prayed for the triumph of the right.

"We who are mothers have borne and reared our children to see them go into the world where evil lurks and disease destroys. When the prohibition fight was won it was said, 'They are dead that seek the young child's welfare.' True it is that one great enemy lies low, but all along the highways and hedges, the bypaths and the high roads, others, no less evil, lurk to prey upon him. This is the day of our opportunity. Ours is the privilege to join with those men who seek his welfare and bury under the world's condemnation those things that degrade and destroy.

"We are not come to the kingdom to wrest from men the reins of government, nor to be their rivals in places of power. It will be our privilege to be in the affairs of state as we have been in those of the home—his helpmeet. Together we will solve the problems that confront us, and together work to make the world a safe place for little children.

"Our best work can be done in the ranks of those parties that are already organized. It is there our vote will count most. To my mind the Democratic party offers the finest field for service. Their platform is sane and progressive, and in state and nation they have kept the faith and been true to the ideals of service. In this critical hour it would be a dangerous experiment to turn the state of North Carolina over to a party that has never demonstrated any ability to interpret the noblest impulses of our people."

Administrators Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of J. D. Blizzard, deceased, this is to notify all persons owing said estate to pay the undersigned at once, all persons holding claims against said estate will file them with the undersigned within one year from the date hereof, if not, this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

This the 20th day of Sept. 1920.
E. A. Hannab, Admr. of J. D. Blizzard, deceased.
10-29-c
Edw. M. Linville, Atty.

SERVICE BOYS WONDER WHAT FUTURE WILL BE

Hundred Or More Discharged Hospital Subjects At The State A. and E. College

West Raleigh, Sept. 25.—The hundred or more students here at the expense of the bureau of war risk insurance are wondering what to do about this situation that confronts them. Most of the men have been suffering from some affection of the lungs, ranging from conditions of less serious trouble to active tuberculosis. They have all received treatment at various army or public health service hospitals and are now declared to be in sound health. However, on account of the nature of their previous sickness, the war risk bureau is trying to get every man to take the agricultural course because this means out of doors work almost exclusively.

The men appear to like the course and are enjoying their life at A and E, but they are dissatisfied about the future, which the course will offer them. Said an overseas veteran, who received a dose of gas in the summer of 1918, and who is taking the agricultural course: "There are only 100 counties in this state and there are over 100 of us in this one college, so it is certain that they can't make county farm agents out of all of us. They may give some of us jobs in the department of agriculture, but it seems impossible that we will all be able to procure positions with the department and those who are left in the cold when these jobs are given will be out of luck. If I had a good farm it would take several thousand dollars to equip it for farming and I don't have the money and have no prospects. I have no farm, neither do I have the money nor the credit to buy one. If I did buy one, how would I ever pay for it with present prices of farm products compared with the value of land?"

This same man wishes to take a course in cotton grading, but was advised not to do so by a medical member of the board. He says that he realizes that it would not be best for his health to work in the mill where most of this course is given and where there is always a certain amount of dust which would probably affect his lungs.

This man states that he has about decided to take the cotton grading course anyway, as he would as soon die from tuberculosis as to die from overwork, as he thinks he would as a farm hand. He claims that if he fails to get a position with either the state or national department of agriculture, about all he will be qualified to do is oversee a farm and there are few farmers in this state who own sufficient land to justify the employment of an overseer. Outside of work of this kind the only other thing he sees to do is to work as a farm hand and do odd jobs during the winter season.

If he could buy a farm he would be "set for life," he declared, but he added, "My only chance to buy a farm is for a rich uncle to die and leave me a bunch of money and I have no uncle, rich or poor."

President Wilson To Be Active In The Campaign

Washington, Sept. 23.—President Wilson will actively participate in the Democratic presidential campaign when "the proper time comes" it was stated today at the White House. He probably will not make any speeches, officials said, but will confine himself to statements on campaign issues, particularly the league of nations.

The President is keeping in touch with the campaign through the newspapers and party leaders. While he has not received a formal invitation from Democratic headquarters to take part in the campaign, White House officers said he considered it his duty to do so as a member of the party.

Woman Aspirant for Seat in Congress.

Washington, District of Columbia—Miss Agnes Hart Wilson, daughter of the Secretary of Labor, has announced that she is willing to become a candidate for Congress from the fifteenth Pennsylvania district if the Democratic State Committee wants her to do so. Miss Wilson has had a thorough training for the work that she would be called upon to do if she were elected a representative in Congress. When her father was elected to Congress from the district which she now aspires to represent she went to Washington with him as his secretary, and when he became chairman of the House committee on labor she became secretary of that committee. When Mr. Wilson was appointed Secretary of Labor his daughter was made assistant director of conciliation, in which position she served during the war.

Notice

The Board of Elections of Surry County at a regularly called meeting in the Town of Mount Airy on Monday the 27th of September and by unanimous consent of said Board the Township of Mount Airy, Surry County, North Carolina, was divided into the following precincts; having the following boundaries, voting places, registrars of election and judges:

Precinct No. 1. Beginning on the Fancy Gap road at the Stewart's creek line, runs with the Fancy Gap road to the corporate limits of Mount Airy at the intersection of Lebanon street; thence with Lebanon street, North Main street; thence with North Main street to its intersection with Rockford street; thence with Rockford street and road to the Dobson Township line, thence with the Dobson Township line and road to Stewart's Creek Township line to the beginning. This precinct shall be called Precinct Number 1, and Farmer's Union warehouse shall be the voting place for same. The Registrar for this Precinct shall be J. E. Monday and the Judges C. F. Melton and C. B. Webb.

Precinct No. 2. Beginning at the intersection of Rockford street and Main street of Mount Airy runs to the south side of Rockford street and road to the Eldora Township line to the Ararat river; thence with the Ararat river and the Long Hill Township line to the Old Hollow road; thence with the Old Hollow road and South Main street to the beginning. This shall be called Precinct Number 2 and the voting place for same shall be the old Globe Warehouse. The Registrar for this Precinct shall be N. C. Marion and the Judges Sam Patterson and N. M. Gwyn.

Precinct No. 3. Beginning at the intersection of Oak street and Main street in Mount Airy and runs with Main street and the Old Hollow road to Stony creek; thence with Long Hill township and Westfield township line to the Patrick county road; thence with the Patrick county road and Oak street to the beginning. This shall be called Precinct Number 3 and Banner Warehouse shall be the voting place for same. The Registrar for this Precinct shall be George W. Sparger, Jr. and the Judges A. L. Sparger and J. H. Fulton.

Precinct No. 4. Beginning at the intersection of Oak street and North Main street of Mount Airy, runs with Oak street and Patrick county road to the Westfield line; thence with the Westfield Township line to the State line; thence with the State line to Fancy Gap road; thence with Fancy Gap road, Lebanon street and North Main street to the beginning. This Precinct shall be called Number 4 and the voting place for same shall be Monday & Cox's store. The Registrar for this Precinct shall be George A. Bowman, Sr. and the Judges J. D. Minick and A. M. Beamer.

A new registration of all the voters of Mount Airy township within their respective precincts as given above is hereby ordered. The registration book of the various precincts will be kept open from Thursday September 30th, 1920 to and including Saturday October 23rd, 1920.

R. A. Freeman,
County Board of Elections,
Surry County.

Varner Would Refuse To Take The Money

Lexington, Sept. 25.—Complaint in the suit of H. B. Varner against Baxter McRary has been filed. No answer has yet been made. The amount of damages demanded is \$100,000, which is to cover damages for the disruption of home in punishment of the defendant for the deplorable things that have happened.

It is generally understood here that Mr. Varner does not want for his own benefit one cent of any amount. Mr. Varner's attorneys when asked about this stated: "Mr. Varner will not take one cent of any judgement against Baxter McRary for his own personal use, but will donate the same immediately to some worthy charity, either a hospital or orphan asylum, and so positively stated before he began suit."

These attorneys further stated that in the opinion of their client the collection of punitive damages, however much may be awarded, would not be adequate redress. However, it was stated, this was the only way within the law to secure any redress. At the time the true facts came to light the plaintiff was away in New York. When the plaintiff returned to Lexington, McRary had fled and would have disposed of his property, it is asserted, and was in fact contemplating disposing of the same for some northern negro college.

Mr. Varner's bankers here say that he has been in fine financial shape for a long time and that the one debt he owed was to some New York friends for aid in erecting his office building here, which obligation was paid in full last year.

Notice

Having qualified as executor under the last will and testament of Geo. W. Midkiff, deceased, this is to notify all parties having claims against his estate to present them to me for payment within one year from the date of this notice, or the notice will be plead in bar of recovery. All persons owing the estate are requested to make settlement. I. L. Armfield, Executor.
10-22-c

MAIL ORDER BUSINESS FOLLOWS HENRY FORD

Big Chicago Houses Announce Price Reductions Of From 10 To 20 Per Cent

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Two of the largest mail order houses in the world, Sears-Roebuck company and Montgomery Ward company, today announced price cuts of from 10 to 20 per cent in many lines of merchandise.

Food prices, as a whole, were not affected, although sugar was quoted at \$17.95 a hundred pounds, and the representative of one company predicted it would drop to from \$12.50 to \$10 after the canning season.

Cotton staples, such as muslins, cambrics, sheetings and poplins led the list with 20 per cent reductions. Men's and women's ready-to-wear clothing, shoes and corsets were other items affected. Silks have already been reduced from 33 to 50 per cent, and furniture prices are 25 per cent below the scale of a few months ago.

One of the companies reported a very heavy sale of sewing machines, which it was said, indicated more women were making the family clothing at home.

Child Should Have Appetizing School Lunches

How much time and thought do you put on your children's lunch basket?

"Children have such appetites that they will eat anything" is the remark often heard. They may have good appetites now, but if school children are allowed to eat the wrong things, the time may come when they can't eat the right things.

Growing children have certain special needs in the way of food. When a child must carry lunch and can not obtain at school a hot dish, the task of filling the box or basket demands great care to make sure that it is appetizing, nourishing, and sustaining.

One of the best investments to make for a child who carries his lunch to a school that does not serve a hot lunch is a bottle which will keep liquids hot or cold for some time. Cocoa or soup piping hot on a cold day will make a feast out of an otherwise uninteresting lunch.

In general, the school lunch, like the child's diet as a whole, should contain representatives of the five food groups. In all it should be sound foods rich in protein, such as milk, cheese, meats, fish, dried beans, peas, peanuts and other nuts; cereal or starchy foods, such as bread, cereal mushes, rice, and tapioca; fatty foods, such as butter, cream, salad oils, and bacon; vegetables and fruits, but such as cereals and dried beans are not put under this classification; simple sweets, including cakes and cookies that contain little fat; cane sugar, plain candies, maple sugar, sweet chocolate, jellies, preserved fruit, jams, marmalades, honey, molasses, sirups, and dried figs, dates, and other dried fruits.

Some Suggested Basket Lunches

Here are some recommended combinations:

Sandwiches with sliced, tender meat for filling; baked apple, cookies, or a few lumps of sugar.

Slices of meat or bean loaf; bread and butter sandwiches; stewed fruit; small frosted cake.

Crisp rolls, hollowed out and filled with chopped meat or fish, moistened and seasoned, or mixed with salad dressing; orange, apple, a mixture of sliced fruits or berries; cake.

Lettuce or celery sandwiches; cup custard; jelly sandwiches.

Cottage cheese and chopped green-pepper sandwiches, or a pot of cream with bread-and-butter sandwiches; peanut sandwiches; fruit; cake.

Hard-boiled eggs; crisp baking-powder biscuits; celery or radishes; brown-sugar or maple-sugar sandwiches.

Bottle of milk; thin corn bread and butter; dates; apple.

Raisin or nut bread with butter; cheese; orange; maple sugar.

Baked bean and lettuce sandwiches-apple sauce; sweet chocolate.

Nearly everyone knows the necessity of dainty wrapping and packing if an appetizing lunch is to be the result. A container that can be sealed, plenty of paraffin paper, jelly cup with a cover, and bottles with screw tops all assist in the making of a dainty lunch.

Flour Price Drops

Minneapolis, Minn.—Flour was 25 cents to 75 cents lower yesterday. In carload lots family patents were quoted at \$12.45 to \$12.75 a barrel.

White Calls For One Thousand To Match The President's \$500

New York, Sept. 23.—George White, chairman of the Democratic national committee, announced here today that the committee would raise a \$500 national "Match the President" campaign fund. White said that a thousand friends of the League of Nations would be asked to follow the example of President Wilson and subscribe \$500 each to assure the success of the Cox-Roosevelt ticket and the League itself.

Mr. White also said that newspapers favoring the League of Nations would be asked to aid in formation of "The League Thousand Club" to be composed of contributors to the fund. "Less than \$130,000 collected by us provided a contrast before the senate committee investigating fund distribution yesterday with millions in the hands of the Republicans" said Mr. White.

"Since the fate of the League and the peace of the world depends on the success of Cox and Roosevelt, I intend to call for a thousand friends of the league all over the country to match the president's subscription of \$500 recently made in the same cause.

"This will provide a special fund of \$500,000 to put the truth about the League before every voter. State and county chairmen will be asked to assist, and we feel hopeful that there are at least a thousand men in the United States who will give us \$500 each for the league.

"This plan will provide the means for a heavy assault against misrepresentation in the interest of mere partisanship."

Nearly 500 Negro Women Register In Richmond

Richmond, Va., Sept. 20.—Women of the Equal Suffrage League of Richmond had their first experience as registrars to-day when two prominent workers in the league ranks were sworn in as deputies to the central registrar, who also had as an assistant a mere man. The two women, Mrs. Frank L. Jobson and Mrs. Carter W. Womeley, distinguished themselves by scoring each a higher record than the faster workers of the men. Of the total of 578 feminine voters enrolled, Mrs. Jobson accepted 193 as qualified for the ballot and Mrs. Womeley 134. City Registrar Woodson enrolled 126, all negro women, and his assistant, Lamott Blakeley 125. There was separation of the races at the registration offices, only white women registering with the equal suffrage representatives.

Negro women protested clamorously against the refusal of the registrar to swear in as deputies several of their number who tendered their services.

More than a hundred negro women were in line waiting to register when the doors were closed for the day. Mrs. Womeley, deputy registrar, discovered at the close of the day that she had been robbed of her silk purse, \$10 in cash and a package of important papers. The money and valuables were filched from the table at which the deputy was enrolling women.

The total of the city's registered feminine vote rose to 2,650 to-day, sufficient to swing any municipal election held in the last decade, if polled solidly. The total of the negro women enrolled to this time is approximately 450.

Downward Trend In Clothing Prices

Chicago, Ill.—Prices of clothing are to drop one-third, according to the annual convention of the Retail Clothiers Association of America, now in session here. Fred Verland, of Topeka, Kansas, national director of the association, stated that the cut prices will be even more than one-third in some cases. "There is bound to be a decided reduction in prices by spring," said Mr. Verland "if the American public continues to refuse to buy the higher priced woolsens. These are not being bought now, and they are accumulating in the warehouses. When this surplus reaches a certain figure, prices are bound to drop. Suits that are now costing \$85 may be had then for \$46."

Chronic Catarrh.

Our manner of living makes us very susceptible to colds and a succession of colds causes chronic catarrh a loathsome disease with which it is estimated that ninety-five per cent of our adult population are afflicted. If you would avoid chronic catarrh you must avoid colds or having contracted a cold get rid of it as quickly as possible. Chamberlain's Cough and Cold Remedy is highly recommended.