

TRUSTEE'S SALE

By virtue of the power conferred upon the undersigned Trustee by a deed of trust executed on the 15th day of February, 1925, by Thomas J. Nunn and wife Evelyn Nunn, at the request of the Shenandoah Life Insurance Company, Inc., we will sell to the highest bidder for cash, on the premises on

November 4th, 1927
at 2 o'clock P. M.

the following described real estate, to-wit:

First Tract: Beginning at a rock pile, J. F. Beasley and Goings' corner and runs North 75 1-2 East 45 chs. to the Ararat River, corner in Gwyn's line; thence, down the river South 5 deg. E. 5.26 chs.; thence, still down the river South 40 deg. East 2 1-2 chs.; thence South 13 deg. W. 9 1-2 chs.; thence South 48 deg. West 1 1-2 chs. to Wilson's corner on the East side of the river; thence, leaving the river South 40 deg. East 1 chain to three poplars at the edge of the cliff; thence with old road as follows: North 6 deg. East 3 1-2 chs.; thence North 76 1-2 deg. East 2.76 chs.; thence North 47 deg. East 2.38 chs.; thence North 74 deg. East 1.85 chs.; thence North 75 deg. East 1 1-2 chs.; thence South 44 deg. East 2 chains; thence South 33 deg. East 3 1-2 chs.; thence South 19 deg. 3 chs.; thence South 35 deg. East 1 ch.; thence S. 7 deg. East 2 chs.; thence South 40 deg. West 1.90 chs. to the edge of the field; thence South 27 deg. East 2 chs. to ridge road; thence up ridge road N. 75 deg. East 20 chains to an iron pipe on the North side of the road, Beasley's corner; thence North 33 deg. E. 15 chs. with Beasley's line to the beginning, containing 66 1-2 acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to the said T. J. Nunn by the Bank of Mount Airy by deed dated the 16th day of January, 1922, and of record in the Register of Deeds Office for the County of Surry, North Carolina, in Book of Deeds, No. 89, page 125, to which deed reference is here made.

Second Tract: Beginning at a walnut and locust in the old Franklin Gwyn line on the North bank of the Ararat River, thence, running with the Sulphur Springs tract, crossing the Ararat River to a maple on the East bank of the said river; thence, running with the East bank of the said river and with the South bank and the Southwest bank of same 3336 feet to Hatcher's corner; thence, crossing Ararat River to J. H. Gwyn's and Banner's corner; thence with Gwyn's line North 52 deg. East 485 feet to a planted rock; thence, North 84 deg. East 311 feet to a planted rock; thence South 81 deg. East 125 feet to a planted rock; thence, South 68 deg. East 311 feet to a planted rock; thence, North 62 deg. East 300 feet to a planted rock; thence, North 42 deg. East 360 feet to a planted rock; thence, South 74 deg. East 147 feet to the beginning, containing 40 acres, more or less, and being the land formerly owned by Jim Satterfield and known as the Satterfield bottom, and being the same land conveyed to the said T. J. Nunn by J. M. Parker and his wife and Weldon Parker by deed bearing date of February 18, 1922, and of record in the Register of Deeds office for the County of Surry, North Carolina, in Book of Deeds 89, at page 594, to

which deed reference is here made.

Third Tract: Beginning at a hornbeam on the West side of Johnson's creek and runs North 83 deg. West with Sparger's line 28.75 chs. to a poplar, T. J. Nunn's corner; thence South 15 deg. East 300 feet; thence, with the branch as it meanders South 200 feet; thence, South 14 deg. East 200 feet; thence, South 14 1-2 deg. West 200 feet; thence, South 9 deg. East 300 feet; thence South 28 deg. East 300 feet to a stake, Parker and Nunn's corner on the north side of the branch corner crossing branch South 52 deg. East 4.34 chs.; thence South 50 1-2 deg. West 1.70 chs.; thence, with the old White Sulphur Springs road South 2 1-2 deg. East 1.79 chs.; thence South 39 1-2 deg. West 2 chs.; thence South 50 deg. E. 1 ch.; thence South 78 deg. East 2 chs.; thence South 35 deg. East 4.30 chs.; thence South 43 deg. East 3.90 chs. to an iron pin, Johnson's corner on the East side of the road; then leaving the road North 38 deg. 45 min. East 250 feet to the Ararat River; thence with the Ararat River South 54 1-2 deg. East 300 feet; thence South 56 deg. East 504 feet; thence South 45 deg. East about 426 feet to a forked birch on the East bank of the Ararat River, R. W. Reece's corner; S. 88 deg. E. 6 1-2 chs.; thence N. 1 deg. West up the branch 11.85 chs. to a pine stump; thence North 30 deg. 30 min. W. 26 chs. to a black walnut on the bank of the Ararat River; thence up said river North 30 deg. East about 700 feet to the mouth of Johnson's creek then up Johnson's Creek North 45 deg. West about 500 feet to the beginning, containing 116 1-2 acres, more or less. There is excepted from the above boundaries about 2 acres, more or less, of land on the hill between the railroad right of way and the old Sulphur Springs road on which is situated the spring on the hill west of the road, the said lot is designated by corners marked by set stones and known as the watering tank lot. Also the water right to the White Sulphur Springs as deed to J. O. Hatcher by J. K. Reynolds and wife, January 11, 1920, and recorded in Book 55, page 168. The above boundary being the same land conveyed to T. J. Nunn by Thomas M. Smith and wife by deed dated the 23rd day of January, 1922 and recorded in Book of Deeds—page— and which was conveyed to the said Smith by Tom Atkins and wife by deed dated the 10th day of July, 1920, and recorded in Book of Deeds 81 at page 478, to which deed reference is here made for a more particular description of the above tract.

The sale to be for cash and this sale is made to satisfy the balance due on said deed of trust amounting to the sum of \$7000.00 for money loaned with interest thereon from February 13, 1927, and all costs of advertisement, commissions by the trustees and all other legal costs appertaining to said sale to be herewith added. And said sale as provided in said deed of trust may be made by either of said trustees.

This 3rd day of Oct., 1927.
W. J. HENSON, Trustee.
W. L. ANDREWS, Trustee.

Speaking of conscription of wealth for war purposes, if Uncle Sam ever gets into trouble again he can have our two dollars whenever he needs it.

WHY

Inoculation is Recommended in Hay Fever

Nobody really knows why the tiny grains of pollen filling the summer air affect the nose and throat of some people more than others. But many children and even adults suffer from hay fever every year, and for them the flowering of the grasses is a time of agony.

Application to the nose of fumes or substances sprinkled on the handkerchief gives some relief during the acute stages, and it is generally found that sea air effects an almost instantaneous cure. Recent experiments, however, indicate that the complaint is due principally to some obscure chemical in the pollen grain, which, when they fall upon the moist membrane of the nose or throat, absorb water, swell, burst and scatter the minute particles of the chemical they contain.

Many doctors now think that inoculation is the most satisfactory treatment for hay fever, but to be successful, this necessitates an examination of the pollen involved in each individual case. A serum which counters the activity of the chemical to which the mischief is due is then prepared, and a series of injections given to the sufferer. It is claimed that this treatment has already yielded good results.

Why Advent of Whites Has Benefited Negroes

The white man's invasion and occupation of Africa has been very beneficial to the colored native population, asserts Wynant Davis Hubbard in an article in Liberty. "Since the white man's advent," the writer points out, "the negroes have increased enormously in numbers and wealth."

"Where formerly they hid in their villages and grain patches in remote spots so that raiding parties would not find them and destroy them," the writer explains, "they now surround their huts with acres and acres of grain, pumpkins, peanuts and cassava."

"Their herds of cattle, goats and sheep are numerous. Almost every village has at least twenty cattle and fifty goats and sheep. And there is a village within ten miles of any given point on the plateau of Africa. Today there is land available for every purpose. The natives may graze their herds or cultivate their fields virtually wherever they please."

Why Forests Are Needed

It is estimated that one-fourth of the rain which falls upon a forest is intercepted by leaves and branches of the trees; this water never reaches the ground, as most of it is evaporated. Of that water which does get through to the ground some is taken up by plants and transferred to the air again, some becomes ground water, and some trickles away directly to the streams. A forest cover is important in reducing the surface run-off and changing it to underground seepage, because the underbrush and trunks offer mechanical obstruction, and these, together with duff and litter on the forest floor act as a sponge, though a leafy covering may act more like a roof. Furthermore, forests help to regulate stream flow by conserving both water and snow.

Why Airmen Chew Gum

"Chew gum and click your ears!" These are two remarkable pieces of advice contained in the latest instruction manual issued by the British air ministry to pilots in training. It appears that flying at high altitudes causes a different pressure on the outer and inner ear drums, and constant swallowing is necessary in order to equalize it. Chewing gum helps to keep the muscles of the head active in this way. Pain, temporary deafness and other ailments caused by the unequal pressure can be cured by "clicking" the ears. This strange feat is performed by pinching the nostrils and breathing outward.

Why Ice and Salt Conflict

The presence of a solute tends to prevent the freezing of a solution, for freezing means the separation of a part of the pure solvent in the form of ice. Therefore solutions can be frozen only at temperatures below those of the pure solvents. A saturated salt solution freezes only at 21 degrees, to give a mixture of pure ice and pure salt, both in solid form. Hence ice and salt cannot permanently exist together above that temperature.

Why Nature Bestows Fat

Many people in middle age and beyond are the worst and most serious offenders in the new fad of reducing. Nature intentionally, with most folks, adds weight with years. The layer of fat that comes most noticeable over the stomach is furnished for additional warmth, and protection to vital organs and to compensate for the fact that with age the body generates less warmth. A little fat, at forty, is no sign of physical degeneration.—American Magazine.

Why Rope Core Wears Out

Unless a rope has been subjected to some very unusual and severe service the core wears out sooner than the exterior, so that the condition of a rope is not always to be determined by a superficial examination. This interior wear and tear is greatly decreased by the application of tar and oil to the rope, which reduces the internal friction.

"We Save You Money"
Warshaw's
Department Store

"Sells More and Better Goods For Less Money"



Clothing For All The Family

We handle a full and complete line of Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings—Dry Goods and Notions—Ladies', Misses' and Children's Ready-to-Wear and Millinery.

WARSHAW'S DEPARTMENT STORE

In the Goldsmith Block Opposite Leonard's Jewelry Store
MOUNT AIRY, N. C.

A Real Home At Auction

The R. D. Howerton home place will be sold to the highest bidder on

Tuesday, October 11, at 2:30 P. M.

This home contains 9 rooms, 2 pantries and 2 porches, garage and outbuildings, nice large lot 100 foot front and 320 foot back. This property is located just outside the city limits on N. Main Street, near the new golf ground in a prosperous locality. Property has increased double in this locality in the last four years.

SALE RAIN OR SHINE.—TERMS EASY

R. D. HOWERTON, Owner

NOTICE!
S. P. U. CUSTOMERS

All bills for electric service, light, heat and power, are payable at the company's office on the first of the month. No discount is allowed after the 10th of the month and it is necessary to discontinue service in each instance where bills are not paid by the 15th

Southern Public Utilities Comp'y
PHONE 95

"ELECTRICITY—The Servant in The Home"

Two-Day Sale
—OF—
LAMPS
Friday and Saturday
OCT. 7th and 8th

TABLE
FLOOR
BRIDGE
BOUDOIR

We find that we have a number of lamps we need to close out to make room for other articles soon to arrive. In order to move them quick we are offering attractive values in them for sale on Friday and Saturday, this week.

After Saturday night the goods absolutely go back to regular price. Look over these offerings. You can buy them on our usual easy payment plan.

SALE POSITIVELY COMES TO A CLOSE SATURDAY NIGHT

Southern Public Utilities Co.
PHONE 95
Electricity—"The Servant in the Home"