

County Agent White Offers Explanation

There seems to be some misunderstanding in the county as to the work I have done in the county also about information I have used in the news articles which I have written since beginning the work. It has been said that I have misled the farmer on the poultry situation and unwisely increased production with disastrous results to the farmer. If this were true this would be a calamity but since the entire poultry producing section has gone through the same experience we know this is misleading. I started to work in the fall of 1928 and newspaper files will show that I have stressed the idea of small flocks, well handled and cared for. To quote from one of my first written articles will show this during the month of December, 1928.

"I would like to see in Surry county many small but profitable flocks started. A person can start in a small way and learn the business and the work is not difficult but requires constant care. In starting a flock be sure and get one of the standard breeds for then you will be able to sell eggs for hatching purposes." On March 10, 1927 appeared the following:

"Yesterday a man made a statement that no farmer in the county has made any money out of poultry. In order to refute such an idea I quote the following record on sale of eggs furnished me by E. C. Gordon, Prop. Mountain View Dairy and Poultry Farm, Pilot, Mountain. Number of

birds: 200 white leghorns, Nov. eggs laid \$1.00; sold 200 dozens for \$120.00; cost of feed, \$20.00; profit, \$100.00. Dec. eggs \$1.50; sold 200 dozens for \$300.00; cost of feed, \$40.00; profit \$260.00. Jan. eggs \$2.00; sold 200 1-2 dozens for \$800.00; cost of feed, \$80.00; profit \$720.00. Eggs used at home 20 1-2 dozens. In all of my articles you will find stressed small flocks, well handled, fed, and cared for and to keep proper records. I have never promised anything but I do find that a small flock well cared for on farms returns a profit. In poultry meetings and culling demonstrations I have held the same idea before the farmers of small flocks and not advised the jumping into something new without first getting experience with a small flock, and to handle that in a conservative way.

Another statement that I have not given the tobacco growers proper advice on the use of fertilizers and that I have recommended 10-4-4 to the exclusion of other analysis. I have not recommended 10-4-4 to exclusion of all others. Examination of published results on actual demonstrations conducted in this county for the past three years shows that high grades give the best results. My recommendation on tobacco follows E. Y. Floyd, Tobacco Specialist of State College. My recommendations are based on his advice and counsel and that is based on actual demonstrations carried out in Surry County. Mr. Fate who has charge of the educational work of the fertilizer association made a statement at the meeting of County Agents at Raleigh last December that fertilizer manufacturers are anxious to get away from low grades of fertilizer and it was up to the County Agents to encourage the farmers to use higher analysis. My recommendations are based on N. C. State College and the U. S. Department of Agriculture Experiments.

Then there are statements that I do not keep in touch with farm conditions nor do farmers respond to Extension Work. In all of my experiences as a farm hand, farm owner, student, teacher, County Agent I have never found a farming section where farmers are as willing to talk over farm problems and take advice as the farmers of Surry county. Farm folks have given me a hearty welcome. There has never been a time that farmers are not willing to visit with me either on their farms or at the Office at Dobson. My work is increasing each year and farmers are calling for more information all of the time. The spirit of the people has been cordial and I have every reason to believe that they are responding better each year as they become in contact with the work and see the results the others are getting.

H. E. White, County Agent.

NOTICE

Under a deed of trust executed to the undersigned by John White to secure a debt of \$400.00 I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the Courthouse Door in Dobson on

February 16th, 1929,
at 1 o'clock P. M.,

the following land: First tract: adjoining the lands of Weldon White, Ab White and others: Beginning on a rock, Weldon White line, Ab White N. W. corner and of lot No. 7 runs W. 80 links to a pine N. 12 chs. to a sourwood west 4.40 chs. to a rock, south 21.5 chs. to a rock, east 5.2 chs. to a rock north 21.5 chs. to beginning, containing 11 acres more or less. Second tract: Beginning on a rock, Weldon White line, runs south 21.5 chs. to a rock, T. W. Dockery line, east 5.2 chs. to a rock, north 21.5 chs. to a rock in Weldon White line, west 5.2 chs. to beginning. Containing 11 acres more or less. Third tract being lot No. 5 in the division of lands of John White Sr., beginning on a rock Weldon White line and runs south 21.5 chs. to a rock, C. W. Dockery line, east 5.2 chs. to a rock, north 21.5 chs. to a rock in Weldon White line, west 5.2 chs. to the beginning. Containing 11 acres more or less.

This Jan. 17th, 1929.
A. D. Folger, Trustee.

Orders Increase in Peanut Tariff

Coolidge Goes Limit in Protecting Carolina-Georgia-Virginia Growers

Washington, Jan. 19.—A fifty per cent increase in the tariff on peanuts was ordered this afternoon by President Coolidge. It was as far as the President could go under the law, and was made effective immediately. The Tariff Commission recommended the increase in its report submitted a week ago. This means an increase from four to six cents a pound on shelled peanuts and from three to four and one-half cents on unshelled peanuts. The bulk of the peanuts affected by this tariff are grown in Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia.

Congressmen Kerr and Doll, who visited the White House this week, were assured the President would act as soon as the routine of preparing a proclamation could be gotten out of the way. The Executive order the afternoon did not come as a surprise.

Effective At Once

Immediate imposition of the tariff was desired by growers so as to apply to the first shipments of Chinese and Japanese peanuts, due to arrive about February first, as delay would have been an impetus to dump foreign peanuts on the market.

Democrats urging an increase peanut tariff do so upon the theory that it is unfair to penalize producers of raw commodities while allowing manufacturers of finished products to have protection. In other words, in a tariff protected world it ought to apply to all alike.

High tariffs work both ways though, and it is in order for China to impose a tariff on cotton goods from America. As peanuts growers will insist upon a still higher tariff upon peanuts in the forthcoming tariff revision by Congress, it is not improbable that China will retaliate.

Face Bankruptcy

Reports from Eastern Carolina peanut growers state that they are faced with bankruptcy, and that more adequate tariff protection is essential.

"We have sold at a loss for the last two years," says a prominent peanut grower in Gates county. "It is impossible for us to compete with imported peanuts. If the tariff is not raised to a level where we can compete with Japanese and Chinese peanuts, the farmers in this section will be bankrupt."

There was no tariff on peanuts prior to 1921, but importations had then grown to such large proportions that a tariff of three cents a pound was included in the emergency tariff act of that year and in 1922 act was raised to four cents on shelled peanuts.

Peanut imports were reduced to a comparatively small quantity after the tariff became effective, but in recent years have been very heavy. It was brought out in hearing that while yields in North Carolina are seven hundred pounds an acre, China can produce three thousand pounds an acre, while men can be hired for 40 cents a day and women for half that.

The present increase is result of an investigation ordered by the Senate in 1928. The Tariff Commission made exhaustive investigations and on Friday of last week submitted its report to President Coolidge.

Notice of Sale

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Surry County made in the special proceeding entitled E. G. Ashburn and wife, Lillian Ashburn against Nannie Ashburn and others, the same being entered on the special proceeding docket in said court, the undersigned Commissioner, G. C. Woltz will, on

February 16th, 1929 at one o'clock P. M.

on the premises in Surry County, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, that certain tract of land lying and being in Siloam township, Surry County, North Carolina and bounded as follows:

Bounded by the lands of J. M. Denkins, W. L. Chilton, H. W. Ring and others and beginning on a large pine, H. W. Ring's corner and runs South 3 deg. West 23 chains to a stake; thence North 87 deg. West 21.65 chains to a chestnut in D. M. Whitaker line, thence North 3 deg. East 20.75 chains to a sourwood; thence North 68.5 deg. East 19.10 chains to a rock, R. D. S. Ashburn's corner, thence North 25 deg. West 11.10 chains to a white oak; thence North 75 deg. East 1.50 chains to a rock; thence South 25 deg. East 7.20 chains to a rock; thence South 33 deg. East 12.71 chains to a stake in H. W. Ring's line; thence North 86 deg. West 3.80 chains to the beginning. Containing 58.38 acres, more or less. This the 12th day of January, 1929

G. C. Woltz, Commissioner.

Notice Sale of Land

By virtue of power and authority conferred upon the undersigned commissioner in a judgment of the Superior Court of Surry County in a civil action entitled Atlantic Joint Stock Land Bank of Raleigh vs. E. S. Reece and the County of Surry, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash at the courthouse door in Surry County on the

1st day of February, 1929,
at 1 o'clock P. M.,

the following described property: All that certain piece of land situated lying and being in Rockford township, Surry County, State of North Carolina, on the Yadkin river adjoining the lands of N. C. Dobbins,

For thirst and fatigue drink a bottle of PEPSI-COLA—you'll be surprised at the result.

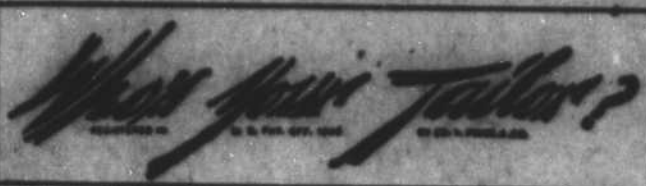
A. G. Burns, W. B. Holfield, R. D. McCaughy and others and bounded as follows: Beginning at a brick in the Yadkin river and running north 21 chs. to an iron spike; thence west 3.30 chs. to a black oak; thence north 68 chs. to a rock; thence west 35.97 chs. to a rock; thence north 11 deg. west 25.29 chs. to a rock; south 97 1-4 deg. west 27 chs. to a chestnut; thence south 37 chs. to a stake, thence south 27 1-4

deg. west 9 chs. to a stake; thence south 43 deg. west 18 chs. to a pine stump on the bank of the Yadkin river; thence with the Yadkin river, S. 25 deg. east 62.50 chs.; thence south with the river 24 deg. east 34 chs.; thence south with the river 55 deg. east 18.50 chs.; thence south with the river 55 deg. east 9 chs.; thence N. with the river 71 deg. east 4.55 chs. to the beginning, containing 695.45 acres more or less. Bounded on the

south by the lands of Logan & Henry on the West by J. R. McCaughy, R. G. Holfield and J. B. Holfield, on the east by the Yadkin river with the lands of Vassar Stone and Stone and McCaughy.

The purchaser will be required to deposit with the undersigned commissioner 10 per cent of the amount of his bid as evidence of good faith. This January 1, 1929.

Fred Folger, Commissioner.



Ed V. Price & Co. WILL HAVE

An expert at our store with a full line of the latest weaves, to take your measure on

Thursday, Friday & Saturday
January 24, 25 and 26, 1929

Let "PRICE" be your tailor and you will then know you have the best and latest in STYLE, WORKMANSHIP and MATERIAL.

Prather Clothing Co. Mount Airy, N. C.

ESSEX THE CHALLENGER

NO EVADING THIS CHALLENGE

76 ADVANCED FEATURES

Here is a challenge that rings with fulfillment. Its bid is to all who would own the best, and no car is excepted.

In Fast Getaway—against the champions of any price class. In Speed—anything the road offers up to 70 miles an hour. In Endurance—60 miles an hour all day long is being proved by thousands. In Hill-climbing—give it the hardest task you know. In Size and Roominess—match with big cars of large passenger capacity. In Appearance and Smartness—compare it with the costly cars, in which high price is paid for just those things. In Economy—against small light cars, whose chief appeal is economical operation, and which do not contend for performance distinction.

These are but a few of the 76 advanced features which a million Super-Six owners are appraising in Essex the Challenger. Come examine and drive it. It will not only win your endorsement, but challenge your ownership interest against any value that motordom may offer.

Coach	\$695	Standard Sedan	\$795
2-Door Coupe	695	Town Sedan	895
Phaeton	695	Roadster	895
Coupe	725	Convertible Coupe	895

(with variable seat)

Standard Equipment includes 4 hydraulic shock absorbers—electric gas and oil gauge—radiant shutters—saddle lamps—windshield wiper—new view mirror—electrolock—controls on steering wheel—starter on dash—all bright parts chromium-plated.

Hear the radio program of the "Hudson Essex Challengers" every Friday evening

John H. Midkiff DEALER MOUNT AIRY, North Carolina

Notice Trustee's Sale of Land

By virtue of authority vested in the undersigned trustee in a certain deed of trust executed the 29th day of April, 1926, by E. S. Reece for The Bank of Mount Airy, and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds of Surry County, North Carolina, in book 102, page 223 to secure an indebtedness of \$319.50, default having been made in the payment of the notes therein secured and at the request of the holder, I will sell for cash to the highest bidder at public auction, in front of the Bank of Mount Airy, Mount Airy, North Carolina, on

Saturday, February 9th, 1929
at 1 o'clock P. M.,

the following described real estate: Adjoining the lands of E. S. Reece, W. P. Nixon, et al. Beginning at a stake Nixon and Folger's corner and runs with Joe McCormick's line south 5 1-2 deg. west 10 1-4 chs. to a maple in the hollow; thence south 43 deg. west 8 1-2 chs. to a bunch of maples at the fork of the branches; thence north 87 deg. west 35.78 chs. to a small dogwood; thence north 3 1-2 deg. east 17.66 chs. to a post oak Nixon's corner; thence with Nixon's line east 2 3-4 var. 41.07 chains to the beginning. Containing 70.3 acres more or less. See book 80 page 91.

Sale made to satisfy a balance of \$319.50, principal, interest and cost of sale to add. Sold subject to Federal Loan of \$1000.00.

This the 8th day of Jan. 1929.
Edw. M. Linville, Trustee.

Commercial LOANS

For BUILDING INVESTING RE-FINANCING WORKING CAPITAL

Through long term companies, repayment over periods of 5, 10, 15 and 33 years.

1st and 2nd mortgages on FARM AND CITY PROPERTY

W. E. HAYMORE

Loans—Insurance
Johnson Building

Haynes & Christian Offer For Sale

- Eight room house on corner of Lebonon St. two baths and suitable for two apartments.
- 292 feet on Taylor St. and 320 feet on Hay Street including good rent house.
- 44 ft. North Main St. business property. (Haynes Marble Yard)
- Five acres off Fancy Gap road. (Some exceptionally beautiful home sites)
- Five acres near Quarry. (Suitable for subdivision)
- Two lots adjoining "cow pasture" golf course.
- Two houses and several vacant lots in Vass, N. C. (Will trade for Mount Airy property and put this in as exchange at 2-3 value. Bargain hunters will do well to investigate this property.)
- Big vacant lot back of Goad's new filling station suitable for garage storage, granite cutting and etc. When real estate is dull is a good-time to pick up bargains.

See J. B. HAYNES.