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GENERAL NEWS.

Matters of Interest Condensed Into Brief Paragraphs.

Ted McGovern and George Dixon are to fight for the lightweight championship of the world Tuesday night.

Seven new cases of bubonic plague have developed at Honolulu since last reports, making 18 all told. At Manila there have been six cases and four deaths from the plague.

The British steamer Georgian, which arrived at New York Monday morning from London, rescued at sea on January 6th Capt. Stango and crew of thirty men, also the captain's wife, two children and nurse, of the German steamer Ella, which foundered at sea the same date while on the voyage from Perth Amboy for Halifax.

Moses P. Taylor, a colored theatrical manager, has had his "Congress of Creole Beauties" at Cincinnati for the past week. He failed to meet his pay-roll. After the show the women pursued him. One of them cut him across the face and throat with a razor, and he is at the hospital in a critical condition. The women all escaped, and it is not known which one slashed the manager.

At New York Sunday morning a fire which destroyed the brick factory building, 338 to 342 east Fifty-ninth street, did \$100,000 damage. The building was owned by Bloomingdale Bros., and was used in part by them as a storage warehouse, and they are the chief losers. It was occupied also by Franklin M. Wise, manufacturer of aluminum goods; S. Levy & Co., cigars, and Brown & Smithson, plasterers.

Mrs. Emanuel Hoffman Sunday evening dashed into her burning dwelling at "Springfield" farm, near Williamsport, Ind., after several men had been driven back by the smoke and intense heat, and heroically saved the lives of her three children. The flesh was almost entirely scorched from her hands, and her face and neck are painfully burned. Her two-month-old babe is also seriously burned, but physicians say its life is safe.

An outcropping of race feeling at Barnes' box factory, at Berkeley, Va., almost caused a small race riot Saturday. A negro loafer was ordered off the premises by the foreman, after the watchman had been unable to eject him. The man refused to obey, and blows ensued. The colored employes of the factory left their machines and went to the negro's assistance, and the white men hastened to protect their foreman. A riot was narrowly averted by the separation of the combatants. The mill was shut down during the trouble, all hands being engaged in the row.

The section around Covington, Ga., is threatened with a labor famine, owing to the fact that the negroes in large numbers are leaving for Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana, where there is said to be a big demand for negro labor. Almost daily two or three carloads of negroes, westward-bound, leave those parts. This is the time when farmers make arrangements for their labor for the coming crop, and so scarce is farm labor that it is feared a good share of the land in this part of Georgia which has been cultivated in cotton will have to be turned into pasture, if it is utilized at all.

A Duplin Wedding.

Miss Sudie Quinn, the daughter of Mr. Owen W. Quinn, a well-to-do and influential farmer of Duplin county, was united in marriage to Mr. J. S. Miller, a popular young business man of Newbern, on Wednesday Jan. 3, 1900, at high noon, at Hallsville, four miles from the bride's home, in the Presbyterian church, the Rev. Mr. Williams, of Wallace, performing the brief but beautiful ceremony.

Mendelssohn's wedding march was rendered by Miss Bernice Wooten, of Kinston, and the church was beautifully decorated with holly, mistletoe and potted plants.

The bride was beautifully attired in a tan coat suit and was given away by her brother, Mr. John Quinn. The ushers were Mess. Jas. Duguid and Gaston Houston. After the marriage the bridal party drove to the home of the groom's father, Mr. J. R. Miller, where a reception was tendered them and an elegant supper served. The groom is a brother of Mr. J. Q. Miller, of the firm of Quinn, Miller & Bros., and the bride is a niece of Mrs. L. A. Houston, of Kinston.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller took the train here last Friday for Newbern, where they will live in the future.

LIEUT. GILMORE'S EXPERIENCE

With Gen. Tino is Thrilling. He is Weak and Nervous, But Speaks Well of Aguinaldo's Treatment.

Manila, Jan. 7.—8:30 p. m.—Lieut. J. C. Gilmore, of the U. S. gunboat Yorktown, who was captured by the insurgents last April, near Baler, on the east coast of Luzon and rescued a few days ago by Col. Luther Hare, of the Thirty-third volunteer infantry, sat today in the apartments of his sister, Mrs. Price, at Hotel Oriente, in Manila, and told a remarkable story of his eight months in captivity, ending with his dramatic deliverance from a death that seemed inevitable.

The steamer Venus came into the harbor last evening from Vigan, provinces of South Ilocos, with Lieut. Gilmore and 19 other American prisoners, including seven of his sailors from the Yorktown. Lieut. Gilmore, after reporting, came ashore and hobbled along, with the aid of a cane, to the Hotel Oriente, where American officers and ladies were waiting through the halls to the strains of "Aguinaldo's March."

Although tanned and ruddy from exposure, he is weak and nervous, showing the results of long hardships. He speaks warmly of Aguinaldo and very bitterly against Gen. Tino, declaring that while in the former's jurisdiction he was treated splendidly, but that after he fell into Tino's hands he suffered everything.

FALLING CREEK ITEMS.

January 8, 1900.

Mr. Albert Parrot returned to Oak Ridge Institute Friday.

Mr. Eugene Wood spent Friday and Saturday in Goldsboro.

Miss Mozelle Pollock visited Mrs. Kennedy Thursday and Friday.

Mess. T. J. Herring and J. H. Darden spent Saturday and Sunday at Institute.

Mr. Vince Jackson and family, of near Kinston, visited at Mrs. Bettie Whitfield's Saturday.

Some Queer Tastes.

He put his fingers in the open iron-work of the hotel lamppost to steady his weak knees, wiped the rain from his face with a shaking hand and fixed an uncertain eye on the windows of the dining room. He was very drunk. His face was pale and hairy. The thin rain had soaked his rags. Inside the dining room well-groomed men and showy women sat in a glory of tinted lights, in a room beautiful with table flowers, shining with silver and cut glass, warm with crimson walls, damask curtains, plush carpets. They lifted delicate food to solemn faces. They smiled formally. The dripping observer kept his watery eye on them. "Well," he said, in a voice of generous pity, "suppose they're enjoy'm'selves—in their own way."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Severe Summary.

"It's wonderful," said the man with the solemn air of erudition, "what a difference a slight matter will make in the world's estimate of a man."

"It isn't so in literature," was the answer. "A man must have merit there—"

"Not necessarily. If he gets his spelling wrong—that's plain ignorance. But if he gets his facts and logic all twisted—that's originality."—Washington Star.

Did Not Dispute It.

"Your honor," protested the burglar, "I am as honest as the day is long."

"I don't doubt," replied the magistrate. "I understand you fellows transact all your business at night."—Philadelphia Record.

Free of Charge.

Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature, who will call at Temple Marston Drug Co., will be presented with a sample bottle of Boesche's German Syrup, free of charge. Only one bottle given to one person, and none to children without order from parents.

No throat or lung remedy ever had such a sale as Boesche's German Syrup in all parts of the civilized world. Twenty years ago millions of bottles were given away, and your druggists will tell you its success was marvelous. It is really the only Throat and Lung Remedy generally endorsed by physicians. One 75 cents bottle will cure or prove its value. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

CRISIS AT LADYSMITH

Gen. White, Though Hard Pressed, Had Maintained His Position to Saturday Night. French Reports Serious Disaster to Suffolk Battalion. England Realizes That a Crisis Has Been Reached, and Intense Anxiety Prevails.

London, Jan. 8.—A special dispatch from Frere Camp, dated Saturday, Jan. 6, 7 p. m., says: "At 2 o'clock this afternoon the whole of Gen. Clery's division marched out of camp to attack Colenso. Gen. Hilyard's brigade was on the left and Gen. Barton's on the right, with cavalry on the extreme right.

"The attack was slowly developed, and at 4:30 o'clock the British field guns advanced on the centre and commenced shelling the Boer positions on the flat land between Hlangwane Hill and Fort Wybe. About this time a heavy thunder storm raged over the enemy's positions.

"At 5:30 o'clock our troops were still advancing, and had reached a point very near Colenso. The naval 4.7 and field guns were busily dropping shells into the enemy's trenches along the river, and the forts of the enemy had made no reply."

The Daily Mail has the following, dated Jan. 6, at noon, from Frere Camp: "At 3 o'clock this morning very heavy firing began at Ladysmith. It lasted fully four hours, and must have meant either a sortie by the British or a determined attack on the garrison by the Boers. Our shells could be seen falling on Umbulwaha Hill, and the enemy were replying.

"Besides the cannon reports, there were sounds indicating smaller pieces of artillery in action. The fighting must have been at closer range than has been the case up to now.

"Our naval guns at Chieveley sent their usual fire into the Boer trenches there, but there has been no further movement here."

Gen. Buller has wired the war office the following, dated January 6, from Frere Camp:

"The following message received from Gen. White at 1 p. m. today: 'Jan. 6. 11 a. m.—Attack continues, and enemy has been reinforced from the south.'

"The following was received at 4 o'clock this afternoon from Gen. White: 'Jan. 6. 12:45 p. m.—Have beaten enemy off at present, but they are still around me in great numbers, especially to the south, and I think a renewed attack very probable.'

"The sun has failed, and I cannot get further information from Ladysmith until tomorrow."

Gen. Buller sends the following, also from Frere Camp, dated Sunday:

"This from White, dated Saturday, 3:15 p. m.: 'The attack renewed. Very hard pressed.'

"I have absolutely no more news, and there is no sun. There is a camp rumor that Gen. White defeated the enemy at 5 o'clock this afternoon and took 400 prisoners."

"I sent all available troops yesterday to make a demonstration at Colenso. The trenches there were all occupied by the enemy."

A special dispatch from Frere Camp, dated Saturday, Jan. 6, 7:20 p. m., says: "Gen. White telegraphs that he defeated the Boers this morning. They crept up so close to the defending forces that the Gordon Highlanders and the Manchester's actually repulsed them at the point of the bayonet."

The war office publishes the following from Gen. Forester-Walker, commanding at Cape Town:

"Gen. French reports, under date of Jan. 6: 'The situation is much the same as yesterday, but I regret to report that a serious accident has happened to the first battalion of the Suffolk regiment.'"

"From news just come to hand from there, I gather that, with the authority and with the knowledge of Gen. French, four companies of the first battalion advanced by night against a low hill, one mile from their camp. They attacked at

It has been demonstrated repeatedly in every state in the Union and in many foreign countries that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a certain preventive and cure for croup. It has become the universal remedy for that disease. M. V. Fisher, of Liberty, W. Va., only repeats what has been said around the globe when he writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for several years and always with perfect success. We believe that it is not only the best cough remedy, but that it is a sure cure for croup. It has saved the lives of our children a number of times." This remedy is for sale by J. E. Hood.

dawn. Lieut. Col. Watson, commanding, gave orders to charge. He was at once wounded. Orders for retirement were given.

"Three-fourths of the force retreated to camp. The remainder held their ground until they were overpowered by greater numbers, when they surrendered. Seventy were taken prisoners, including seven officers.

The Boers Repulsed at Ladysmith Sunday.

London, Jan. 8.—Gen. Buller announces the repulse of the Boers, with heavy loss, at Ladysmith Sunday.

Following is the dispatch to the war office:

"From Frere Camp, Natal, Jan. 8.—The following is from Gen. White, dated 2 p. m. yesterday:

"An attack was commenced on my position, but was chiefly against Caesar's Camp and Wagon Hill. The enemy was in great strength, and pushed the attack with the greatest courage and energy. Some of the entrenchments on Wagon Hill were three times taken by the Boers and retaken by us. The attack continued until 7:30 p. m. One point in our position was occupied by the enemy all day, but at dusk, in a heavy rainstorm, they were turned out of this position, at the point of the bayonet, in a most gallant manner, by the Devons, led by Col. Park. Col. Ian Hamilton commanded on Wagon Hill, and rendered valuable service. The troops have had a very trying time, and have behaved excellently. They are elated at the service they have rendered the queen.

"The enemy were repulsed everywhere, with heavy loss, exceeding that on my side, which will be reported as soon as the lists are completed."

PREDICTS GOEBEL WILL WIN.

National Committeeman Woodson Says He Will Be Governor by February 1.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Urey Woodson, of Kentucky, Democratic national committeeman from that state, and a member of the ways and means committee, who came to Chicago to attend the Jackson banquet said tonight:

"Mr. Goebel will be in possession of the governor's office between January 25 and February 1. Senator Blackburn, and not Mr. Goebel, is the man who insisted on carrying the contest up to the legislature."

Resting the Muscles.

When a man is tired, he stretches his arms and legs and yawns. Birds and animals, so far as possible, follow his example.

Birds spread their feathers and also yawn, or gape. Fowls often do this. Fish yawn; they open their mouths slowly until they are round, the bones of the head seem to loosen, and the gills open.

Dogs are inveterate yawners and stretchers, but seldom sneeze unless they have a cold. Cats are always stretching their bodies, legs and claws, as every one knows who has a cat for a pet.

Horses stretch violently when and after indulging in a roll, but not, as a rule, on all fours.

A stag when stretching sticks out his head, stretches his fore feet out and hollows his back and neck as though trying to creep under a bar.

Most ruminant animals stretch when they rise up after lying down. Deer do it regularly; so do cows. This fact is so well known that if a cow, when arising from lying down, does not stretch herself it is a sign she is ill.

The reason for this is plain—the stretch moves every muscle of the body, and if there be any injury anywhere it hurts.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A SURE CURE FOR COUP.

Twenty-Five Years' Constant Use Without a Failure.

The first indication of croup is hoarseness, and in a child subject to that disease it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is used in many thousands of homes in this broad land and never disappoints the anxious mothers. We have yet to learn of a single instance in which it has not proved effectual. No other preparation can show such a record—twenty-five years' constant use without a failure. For sale by J. E. Hood.

STATE NEWS.

Interesting North Carolina Items In Condensed Form.

Senator Pritchard opened the Republican campaign at Laurinburg Monday.

Wednesday has been set as the day for hearing the Pearson Crawford case from the ninth North Carolina district, for the seat in congress now occupied by Crawford, Democrat.

Democrats say that the Populist party practically disintegrated at the 1898 election, the major part returning to the Democratic, and some going to the Republicans. The Populist machine leaders say this is not true, and that the Populists did not vote.

The funerals of Mial Williamson and Edwin Lee, two of the boys drowned Saturday by the breaking of the ice, were held at Raleigh Sunday from the same church in the presence of all the pastors. The attendance was the largest ever known at a funeral at Raleigh.

A serious, if not fatal, shooting occurred Saturday night in Salem. Abe Walker fired his pistol three times at Sid Mitchell, one shot taking effect in the right side, between the ninth and tenth ribs. The wounded man's condition is reported as critical. The parties, who are white, had been drinking. Walker is in jail. He is a bad character.

The Raleigh military, who have been guarding Reuben Ross, the condemned negro in the Lumberton jail, to prevent threatened lynching, returned Sunday morning. There is no longer fear of mob-law, and there appears to be no further doubt that Ross will be legally hanged next Friday. Gov. Russell has carefully weighed the evidence presented by the negro's attorneys, and is now sure of his guilt.

DOVER ITEMS.

January 8, 1900.

Mr. Seth West went to Newbern Sunday and returned today.

Miss Georgia West returned Saturday from a week's visit in the Cross section.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Outlaw visited at Mr. Jesse Vause's, near Wise's Fork, last Sunday.

Mr. John M. Thompson, of Kinston, was here Sunday, visiting his brother, Mr. A. P. Thompson.

Miss Maud Arnold returned Sunday from a long visit to her sister, Mrs. Ed Rhem, of Lenoir county.

Misses Dora Taylor and Eula McDaniel, of Trenton, visited at Mr. F. P. Outlaw's Saturday night and Sunday.

Prof. Simkins and assistant, Miss Hardee, came from their respective homes Sunday and resumed the school exercises today.

There is much building being done in Dover now. Besides the Goldsboro Lumber Co.'s two new dry kilns and large storehouse, and Mr. W. M. Tyndal's large store, dwelling and town hall, in one building, work was begun today on a dwelling house for Mrs. Carrie West.

Mr. Seth West has started up his truck package factory. We learn that he has already received orders for large quantities of baskets and boxes. He expects to soon increase the manufacturing capacity of his plant by locating another sawmill, and thus be prepared to have an abundant supply of material.

GRAINGERS ITEMS.

January 8, 1900.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Speight spent Sunday at Jason.

School opened again here today after two weeks' vacation.

Mr. W. O. Rasberry made a business trip to Greenville today.

Quarterly meeting will be held at Sharon Saturday and Sunday, 13th and 14th.

Mr. W. E. Hamilton lost three banks of sweet potatoes during the freeze last week.

Mr. Sam Faulkner went to Ayden this morning to begin work as telegraph operator.

There has been more moving in this section this winter than we have ever seen before.

Mr. J. C. Quinerly, of Kinston, made us a short but pleasant call today while on his way to Grifton.

Owing to the bad weather we have had for the past two weeks the farmers have done but very little work toward another crop.

Artistic job work is the kind you get at THE FREE PRESS OFFICE.