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GENERAL NEWS.

Matters of Interest Condensed into Brief Paragraphs.

Gov. McMillan has withdrawn from the senatorial race in Tennessee.

Burglars broke in the store of Dillus, Hancher & Co., at Wheeling, W. Va., on Tuesday morning and stole \$6,000 worth of jewelry.

Fitzsimmons has arranged for two prize fights during August—one on the 10th, with Ruhl, and about the 25th with Sharkey.

Republican leaders pretend to have discovered a plot by Spanish and Cuban leaders in New York to assassinate President McKinley.

The National Telephone and Telegraph company, with an authorized capital of \$50,000,000, has filed articles of incorporation in New Jersey.

E. W. Trexler, aged 73, of Allentown, Pa., a retired millionaire lumber dealer, was run over and killed on the railroad Tuesday, while out driving.

Gen. Roberts has informed the British war department that he has use for all the soldiers he has and cannot spare 10,000 for China or anywhere else.

Erving Wilson, secretary of the anti-Imperialist league, says there are 300,000 anti-Imperialists in this country, most of whom voted for McKinley in 1896, but will vote for Bryan next time.

Stephen Baptist, colored, was hanged at Boydton, Mecklenburg county, Va., Tuesday. The execution passed off without particular incident. Baptist murdered Mr. Peter Jones, an aged citizen. Several days ago he confessed the crime.

The British war office has issued another casualty list from South Africa, showing that during the week ending July 7th, there were killed, wounded or captured 15 officers and 180 men. The total casualties as a result of the war are 48,188 officers and men.

At Lynchburg, Va., Isaac H. Pollard, a white man, shot and killed Ella Owen, a young colored woman, and then committed suicide Tuesday afternoon. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause. Pollard was assistant foreman in Cunningham & Co.'s tobacco factory.

Harmon Gray, a prosperous young farmer, near Tallahassee, Fla., was killed Tuesday night by Daniel Richardson, a negro robber, whom a posse was pursuing. Gray was a member of the posse. A large number are following Richardson and if he is caught a lynching will probably occur.

A report has been received at the treasury department from Capt. Roberts, commanding the revenue cutter Manning, dated Dutch Harbor, Unalaska, June 23, 1900, showing a situation at Cape Nome which, the officials fear, may result in great suffering during the coming winter among the crowds that are now flocking into the new gold fields.

Geo. A. Morse, an aged and absolutely helpless patient in the Agnew's insane asylum, at San Jose, Cal., was slowly boiled to death Monday in a bath in the men's ward of that institution. He was placed in a bath tub, and after the hot water was turned on, the attendant left the room for a towel, forgot his patient, and did not return until the imbecile was fatally burned.

A dispatch, June 10, from Bartlesville, I. T., says: The body of James Pool, president of the Anti-Horse Thief association of Indian Territory, reached here today on his way to Vinito. He was killed in a battle with the Barker gang of horse thieves 30 miles southwest. Pool and two companions had followed the outlaws 100 miles. Barker, leader of the gang, shot Pool through the heart. The companions of Pool, after a desperate fight, succeeded in wounding and capturing the gang, three in number.

The monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture will show the average condition of cotton on July 1st to have been 75.8, as compared with 82.5 last month, 87.8 on July 1st, 1899, and 91.2 at the corresponding date in 1898, and a 10-year average of 87.9. The condition in the principal states is reported as follows: North Carolina, 89; South Carolina, 79; Georgia, 74; Florida, 78; Alabama, 70; Mississippi, 64; Louisiana, 81; Texas, 78; Arkansas, 78; Tennessee, 76; Oklahoma, 82; Indian Territory, 96.

Does it Pay to Buy Cheap?
A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try our bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. For sale by the Temple-Norton Drug Co.

Keep up with the town news. The Free Press prints the town news. Only 10 cents a week.

THE HARDY GOAT.

It Can Be Made Valuable as a Dairy Animal.

The usefulness of the goat in clearing foul lands and the profitability of the animal for its hair, skin and even carcass are becoming pretty well understood. But the goat is valuable as a dairy animal. If the cows, for instance, are being used for supplying a city milk trade, the keeping of goats for the home milk supply would be an excellent policy. The goat will live where a cow would starve, and, while it, like every domestic animal, will do best on good pasture, it will live and yield milk on astonishingly little food.

The animal and its milk are almost entirely exempt from disease. The milk is more nutritious than that of the cow and agrees with stomachs that cow's milk frequently offends. The animal requires only the cheapest kind of shelter, but it needs shelter from the storms and in winter. If by reason of drought soiling is necessary, leaves, vegetable refuse, peelings of the apple or potato, bread crusts or stale bread, if they are sweet and clean, will be all the feed that is needed.

All goats, however, will not eat the same food, and the feeder will have to study the appetites of the individual animal. Frequent feeding and a variety of food in winter will be found beneficial. Roots, oatmeal, oats, corn (of the latter in the whole state the goat is very fond), are proper feed, especially for the milking goat. Rock salt is greatly relished. The flavor of goat's milk cannot be distinguished from that of cow's milk if it is properly cared for. From three to four pints a day is the average yield of a good milker. The milk is so rich and of such a character that in making pastry it will take the place of eggs.—Epitomist.

SIVA AND DEVI.

The Fearful Devil of the Hindoos and His Principal Wife.

Siva is both typical of destruction and of reproduction. But the latter attribute was doubtless a later addition to the sum of his qualities. The original conception of this deity was that of a power delighting in destruction, in the achievement of physical evil and wrong and in hurling death and devastation upon the people and their land. He is represented in the sacred books of the Hindoos as "the terrible destroyer," "the one who delights in the destruction of men." But in all this there is no whisper as yet of any moral qualities of evil. The conception is entirely one of physical power, used with the utmost malevolence and injustice against men.

Along with his principal wife, who is variously called Devi, Durga, Uma and Kail, he is portrayed as the incarnation of physical evil, wrong, injustice or misfortune. In the "Puranas" Siva is described as wandering about surrounded by ghosts and goblins, inebriated, naked and with disheveled hair, covered with the ashes of a funeral pile, ornamented with human skulls and bones, sometimes laughing and sometimes crying. Devi, his consort, is represented with a hideous and a terrible countenance streaming with blood, encircled with snakes, hung round with skulls and human heads and in all respects resembling a fury rather than a goddess. The only pleasure which Siva and Devi feel is when their altars are drenched with blood, which, of course, could not be shed without the destruction of some form of life.—Westminster Review.

The Stiers Die.

"See that party with the jag sitting in the corner of the car?" said a conductor who was riding to the car bars in a Zoo and Eden park car to the conductor in charge of the car.
"Yep. He's got a heavy bundle," was the answer.
"Well, take this counterfeit half dollar with you when you collect his fare. A passenger passed it on me a month ago. If he gives you a dollar, you can shove it on him."

The conductor of the car took the lead half dollar, entered the car, and the man with the jag held out a silver dollar and received the counterfeit half and 45 cents in change.
"Worked like a charm," said the conductor as he reached the platform.
"Here he comes now. He wants to get off."
The drunken man waddled to the door and unsteadily descended from the car.

"Now we'll split up," remarked the conductor of the car as he drew the dollar from his pocket. And as both of the conductors gazed at the silver dollar they gasped in amazement: "We're up on it! It's a counterfeit dollar."
Cleveland Enquirer

BASEBALL.

State League Games.

WEDNESDAY.

Tarboro beat Durham in the finest game of the year at Durham. Up to the last inning neither side had scored. In the 9th Tarboro scored one run on a wild throw, after two were out, and won the game.
Charlotte 1, Statesville 5.

STANDING OF STATE LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Tarboro.....	9	3	.750
Durham.....	6	5	.545
Raleigh.....	6	5	.545
Charlotte.....	4	5	.444
Statesville.....	3	6	.333
Wilmington.....	2	6	.250

National League Games.

St. Louis 0, Boston 3.
Pittsburg 4, Brooklyn 0.
Cincinnati 7, Philadelphia 6.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Brooklyn.....	42	20	.677
Philadelphia.....	35	30	.538
Pittsburg.....	34	29	.539
Chicago.....	33	30	.523
Cincinnati.....	30	33	.476
Boston.....	29	35	.453
St. Louis.....	26	34	.433
New York.....	21	30	.411

Illiteracy in North Carolina.

Charlotte Observer.

The New York Sun, in commenting on the Southern Educational conference recently closed at Capon Springs, bewails the prevalence of illiteracy and says:

For instance, the average illiteracy among the native white population of 10 years of age and over in the six New England states and the three states of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania was only 2.31 in 1890, and among the colored population it was 21.71.

In the eleven states of the old Southern Confederacy the illiteracy among the native whites and the negroes was:

	White.	Colored.
Alabama.....	18.44	60.08
Arkansas.....	16.56	53.55
Florida.....	11.33	50.58
Georgia.....	16.51	67.27
Louisiana.....	20.33	72.14
Mississippi.....	11.92	60.91
North Carolina.....	23.10	60.91
South Carolina.....	18.11	64.07
Tennessee.....	17.98	54.22
Texas.....	8.28	52.50
Virginia.....	13.98	57.21

These comparative statistics induced the Rev. Dr. Curry, the president of the Southern educational conference, to say truly that the paramount question is the provision of adequate public schools, but that at present inefficient teachers and training and too short school terms make it impossible to accomplish the reformation which is needed among the whites as well as among the negroes. It was urged by others that the national government should lend aid in curing this evil of illiteracy; but, of course, the duty rests properly with the states alone.

We do not like to see North Carolina leading the southern states, and, indeed, all the states of the Union, in the average of illiteracy among the white population. That figure of 23.10 over against North Carolina is an eye-sore to all who love the State and have her welfare at heart. But we believe that the adoption of the constitutional amendment will be a stimulus to education in North Carolina, and Mr. Aycock has made the educational bearing of this measure his strongest argument for it. There is an educational renaissance ahead for North Carolina.

Rush the Work.

Raleigh Post.

As the day of election approaches the enemies of good government in this State are becoming more desperate in their efforts to mislead the well-meaning but ignorant voters. Their efforts can and must be counteracted, and this by equal energy on the part of our people in personal explanations and appeals to the voters. We most earnestly and seriously urge such energy on our people; we urge it because it is necessary. Those only who are hoping for personal benefits in shape of some petty office, obtained at the expense of the peace and in the degradation of their fellow citizens, are at work to defeat the amendment. All good citizens are either active for it, or will be when their minds are disabused of the cruel and mischievous impressions made by bad men. Our forces—every good citizen—must push the work of informing the voters and securing his support of the cause which will assure honest government and peaceful conditions hereafter, not only for one class, but for all.

Chinese News Less Favorable.

At the battle of Tien Tsin on July 4th the Chinese, numbering 70,000, with 100 guns attacked the city on three sides. The defenders numbered 4,000. In one Russian company of 120 there were 115 killed and wounded. The attack was renewed on the 9th with great vigor. The latest news does not inspire confidence in the reports of the safety of the legations in Peking.

An imperial decree issued by the Chinese privy council June 30th has just been made public. It disavows China's responsibility for the Peking crisis, which, it declares, was precipitated by the attack by foreigners on the Taku forts. It says the Chinese government is most anxious to put down the rebellion and punish the foreigners.

WANTED HIS FARE RUNG UP.

An Italian Who Demanded Music of the Street Car Conductor.

The conductor of a Brooklyn trolley car had a peculiar experience with an Italian one night last week. The Italian wanted to ride with music thrown in for his 5 cents. A passenger described the incident:

"I boarded the car with six other passengers, including an Italian, at the suburban end of the road on one of the late trips. The car had gone a short distance when the conductor began to collect the fares. The Italian was on the rear seat, and his money was collected last. Everything went well for about half a mile, when the Italian jumped to his feet and waved his hands at the conductor. The conductor went to the excited man and asked him what the trouble was. The Italian said:

"Me wanta my five cents back."

"The conductor told him that he could not have the money. The Italian insisted:

"Every boda getta music for a five cents; me no got."

"The conductor grasped the situation at once, and, seeing that he was accused of 'nickeling,' started to clear himself. He showed the Italian that there were seven passengers on the car and that that number of fares were registered. He also explained why the Italian did not get any music for his nickel. He said:

"While collecting the fares in the front part of the car I rang up one fare too much, and if I rang up yours I would be out 5 cents."

"While this explanation was going on the man from Italy was still shouting for his 'five cents,' and did not stop until he got off the car farther down, still jabbering at the conductor."—New York Sun.

SHE WAS ABSENTMINDED.

A Quarter Which a Beggar Was Not to Spend For Drink.

"For God's sake give a hungry man a little money to buy something to eat," entreated a beggar of a woman in West Third street. The beggar was by no means absentminded, but the individual to whom he spoke was. She passed on several yards without noticing him, when it suddenly occurred to her that to a man, perhaps starving, who had asked bread she had given a stone, or at least a stony stare. So she took 25 cents from her purse and, turning quickly, hurried after a man passing down the street.

"Here," she said, touching him on the arm; "here is a quarter for you, and I hope you will not buy liquor with it."

Before the astonished person to whom she had given the money could utter a word she had departed.

"I am sure I don't know why young women should run after me on the street to give me money," ejaculated the man, "but I will spend it for drink since she particularly requested me not to."

A few steps farther on he was met by a seedy looking fellow who began, "For God's sake, give," etc.

"Yes, my man. I think this was intended for you. A young woman sent it to you, but you are not to spend it for drink." And he passed on with a light heart, while the beggar tested the quarter suspiciously, casting an eager glance ahead at the nearest saloon.—New York Press.

An Ocean Hotel.

Some idea of what a big hotel a transatlantic liner is may be gained from the following from Ainslie's Magazine: "Everything about the kitchen of a great steamship is on a most elaborate scale. The range weighs many tons; the various soup cauldrons are constructed to hold 20 gallons; loaves are baked by the hundred, joints roasted by the dozen, each in a separate and specially constructed compartment. To serve the meals thousands of plates, pieces of silver, cups and saucers and napkins are required, and the average breakage in the galley of a big ship amounts to a barrel of china every day.

The amount of stores required for a single voyage by a great liner is comparable only to the commissariat of an army. Here are a few figures furnished by the chief steward of one of the big German ships from the order sheet for a recent trip: Sixteen tons of fresh beef, five tons of lamb and veal, 3,500 head of chickens, ducks, geese and game, four tons of salted meats, 1,000 dozens eggs, three tons of sugar, 100 barrels of flour, 700 bushels of potatoes, 2 1/2 tons of butter, 2,000 quarts of milk and 500 gallons of ice cream. Of course this is not an exhaustive list, but it will serve to give an idea of the enormous appetite which the store-rooms of the ocean liner must satisfy."

STATE NEWS.

Interesting North Carolina Items in Condensed Form.

About 3,000 people heard Aycock speak at Roxboro Wednesday.

Mess. Fenner Bros.' saw mill, one mile from Halifax, was burned Monday morning.

Thomas Martin Ashe, son of Capt. S. A. Ashe, died at Raleigh Tuesday night, of typhoid fever, aged 24.

Mr. H. H. Caldwell, of Concord, a prominent Populist, who was Populist candidate for congress two years ago in the 7th district, has declared his intention to support the constitutional amendment.

Asheville Citizen: Some of the Republican arguments against the amendment read very much as if Abe Middleton had mixed some of the typewritten sheets before sending them out from his headquarters.

Maxton Scottish Chief Hon. Stephen McIntyre spoke today (Friday) to the Croatan at old Prospect church. The attendance was fairly good and with one exception they were a unity for White Supremacy.

Jonesboro Journal: Mr. I. M. Foushee has made a wheat record for this section. He sowed 4 1/2 bushels of wheat on 5 acres of land, and threshed just 133 1/2 bushels of wheat or 26 7-10 bushels to the acre. The total expense, including threshing, was \$51.

Salisbury Sun: Mr. Samuel Beeker tells us a snake story. A king snake swallowed another snake larger than itself, or rather tried to swallow it but only half way succeeded. When some boys found the snakes they looked like one snake with a tail at each end.

Greenville Reflector: We learn today that Mr. William Bryant was shot Saturday night near Stokes, by Mr. James Whitehurst. It seems that Mr. Bryant went to see Mr. Whitehurst's daughter Saturday night and while there picked up a bucket of water and poured it all over the floor. Mr. Whitehurst ordered him out of the house and while Mr. Bryant was getting out Mr. Whitehurst got his gun and came to the door and fired at Mr. Bryant after he had gotten some distance from the house. The gun was loaded with buck shot and part of the load took effect in Mr. Bryant's leg, one shot passing entirely through his leg. The wound did not, however, prevent him from continuing to run.

NEW REGISTRATION.

An Entire New Registration is Required. Books Open Thursday, June 28th, and Close July 21st.

Beginning on Thursday, June 28th, the registration books were opened and every elector must register, as an entire new registration is necessary.

The books open at 9 o'clock a. m., on above date and close at sunset Saturday, July 21, 1900.

The books are to be kept open each day (except Sunday) between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and sunset.

On Saturday, June 30, Saturday, July 14, and Saturday, July 21, the registrar is required to attend at the polling places in his precinct with his books for the registration of voters.

The registrar is required to attend at the polling place in his precinct on Saturday, July 28, 1900, for the purpose of allowing an inspection of his books and entering any challenges that may be made.

But challenges may be made on the day of election.

No registration can be allowed after July 21, 1900, unless the person offering to register has become qualified since that date, and in that event he may register on election day.

Seawell Hacked.

News-Observer.

Relating some of the incidents of his campaign, Mr. Caldwell told this one that occurred at Faison:

"When I got there little Seawell, from Carthage, who is a candidate for some office on the Populist ticket, was there. Having an appointment at the same time, we divided time.

"During his speech he said he had been comparing the Democratic party to a sand-fiddler that runs in all directions with equal facility. Then he added:

"When I was in Raleigh the other day I met a beautiful young girl on the street who said: Mr. Seawell, you didn't complete the sandfiddler illustration in your speech the other day. You ought to have added: And when he gets caught and can't get loose he just leaves the leg that's caught and goes on without it." "It wasn't one of our girls, I'll bet," I replied, whereupon a man in the crowd called out: "No, it was Jim Young's daughter."

"The incident caused so much merriment and so rattled Seawell that he never recovered from his embarrassment as long as he remained in Faison."

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