

THE DAILY FREE PRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Vol. III—No. 165.

KINSTON, N. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1900.

Price Two Cents.

GENERAL NEWS.

Matters of Interest Condensed into Brief Paragraphs.

The president will recommend to congress the payment of an indemnity to the families of the four Italians who were the victims of a mob at Tallulah, La., about two years ago.

Great damage has occurred in Nova Scotia and Newfoundland by storms. Thirty vessels are known to be lost. Much damage has been caused in the country by rainfalls and washouts.

The naval board appointed to examine the old frigate Constitution reports that it will cost about \$400,000 to place that vessel in condition, such as is contemplated by the Boston patriotic society, which is raising a fund for the rehabilitation of "Old Ironsides."

A dispatch from Manila, Oct. 15, says: Capt. Shields, who with fifty-one men of Co. F. Twenty-ninth regiment, was captured by the insurgents last month in the island of Marinduque, was recovered yesterday by the American rescue force, with all the members of his party.

A unique case is up for trial in the superior court, Chester Co., Pa. Several years ago a Prof. Shortledge killed his wife and was acquitted on the plea of insanity. Now he is suing an insurance company for \$7,022.11 life insurance on his wife. There is but one similar case on record, and that was in Missouri, but the neighbors brought the court proceedings to a sudden stop by taking the man out and hanging him.

Wm. Westmoreland, night watchman at the Pocahontas Cotton Mills, Petersburg, Va., was murdered Sunday morning between 1 and 2 o'clock. The fact that an ax, crowbar, coupling pin, and a lot of kerosene oil were found near the spot where the watchman fell leads to the belief that he surprised his murderers as they were about to fire the mills, and drawing his revolver, was shot down before he could use it. Three white men hailing from North Carolina are being held by the police on suspicion of being implicated.

A dispatch from Havana says: Discussing the yellow fever situation, Gov. Gen. Wood expresses the opinion that the recent investigation here demonstrates that the initial infection is due to toxic conveyed by parasitic insects, like fleas and mosquitoes, the wounds from their bites causing a spread of contagion. This theory has hitherto been considered without foundation, the initial cause of the disease, the primary bacteria of infection being absolutely unknown. Medical authorities here who have made a study of the disease, coincide in this opinion.

Carr's Services in the Trenches.
Asheville Citizen.

R. P. Walker, W. W. Jones and M. L. Reed, "Friends of Julian S. Carr," in their circular distributed in Asheville through the Morganton Herald, say:

"What is Mr. Carr's one year of service in a comfortable office in Raleigh during the campaigns of 1899 and 1900 to Julian Carr's three years in the trenches in the dark days of 1862, 1863 and 1864?"

If this claim for service by Mr. Carr in the Confederate army is true Col. A. M. Waddell, in his speech in Asheville a few weeks ago, did that gentleman a very great injustice when he declared that J. S. Carr entered the army only a few months before the war closed and was assigned to the regiment which he (Col. Waddell) commanded.

THE U. S. SENATORSHIP.

"Fair Play" Answered. The Attack on the Democratic Organization Resented.

Raleigh Post.

An advocate of Col. Carr, writing in The Post of Sunday over the nom de plume of "Fair Play," says: "The voters of this country have two classes from which to select their candidates for office—the professional politicians—men who start out to make their living out of politics, and the substantial working business men, who by their industry and close application succeed in building up material growth and development of the commonwealth." He declares that the former look only "to his own political advancement and in most cases is utterly regardless of the means he uses. Neither does he care whether the State is benefited or not, so he accomplishes his purpose and succeeds in building up a machine for himself that he may prolong his hold upon office." He then argues that we must not select a senator from this class, but take Gen. Carr who represents the other class.

Col. Carr, in his Mt. Holly speech, as reported in The News and Observer, declared that he had no "machine" behind him; that he was the peoples' candidate and would be elected if he could get a free ballot and fair count at the hands of the Democratic organization.

The clear intimation from "Fair Play's" article is that Mr. Simmons "to accomplish his purpose and succeed in building up a machine for himself" has been utterly regardless of the means employed and has not cared whether the State was benefited or not; that he procured the appointment of various committees throughout the State, not in the interest of White Supremacy, good government and the election of Bryan, but to accomplish his own personal ambitions. The staff correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, writing from Winston, says that Mr. Simmons is being charged with every fraud from ballot box stuffing to highway robbery.

In '96 the party demanded Col. Carr's personal services—not his money. He declined to serve because he said his wife and business associates did not desire him to enter politics at that time.

In 1898 the party secured the personal services of Mr. Simmons. He is a poor man, dependent upon the income from his profession as a lawyer for his support, but he readily gave up his business for more than a year and gave his entire time and talents to the party, besides paying at least one-seventh of his entire estate to the cause, and with the aid of the Democratic workers, succeeded in redeeming the State and in making White Supremacy permanent.

Under our plans of organization in each of these campaigns, each precinct in the State selected its own precinct committees; each county convention elected the county committees, and the delegates to the State convention named the State committee. The several committees worked harmoniously and with great zeal, aided by the great army of Democratic workers, and the great victories for the good of the State were won.

The friends of Col. Carr now insinuate that these committees constitute a "machine" which Mr. Simmons has built up for his own "advancement" which will be "utterly regardless of the means employed" to defeat him—Col. Carr.

As one of the humble Democratic workers, in behalf of the State and of the county and precinct committees and of the host of Democratic workers, I resent these unjust insinuations. These committees are among our best and bravest men. They have worked day in and day out for the good of the State. They have remained silent under Butler's vilifications and have not feared Holton's federal prosecutions, but they will resist these unjust insinuations by men in their own party.

It is upon these same committees and Democratic workers that Mr. Bryan must rely to carry North Carolina in November. Are those who would discredit these vicarious workers friends of Mr. Bryan?

Until now, no one but Butler and his hangers-on, has thought to call these men the "Simmons machine." These are they who constitute the Democratic organization, selected all over the State because of their ability and willingness to assist in redeeming the State from negro rule. Is it fair or just that they should be now discredited by those who desire to secure the fruits of their labors?

It appears that Col. Carr and his supporters are not content to win on their merits only, but seek to win by breaking down and disrupting the party organization which has made it possible to elect a Democratic senator.

Has it then come to this in North Carolina that when a man gives his time and his talents, he becomes a "professional politician" and part of a "machine," but when he gives his money, he becomes a patriot, whom we must fall down and worship?

DEMOCRATIC WORKERS.

Call on FREE PRESS advertisers when you want the best bargains, whether it be in articles of every day use, something to eat or something to wear. They keep such stocks as they do not hesitate to call attention to and sell at prices that mean bargains to buyers.

RUN OUT BY TRUSTS.

Bryan Tells How the Standard Oil Co. Drove Monnett From Republican Party.

New Lexington, Ohio, Oct. 13.—Mr. Bryan referred in both his Circleville and Lancaster speeches to the case of Attorney General Monnett, of this state. At Lancaster he made that official the principal theme of his discourse, saying:

"I want to call the attention of Republicans to something which has taken place in their own state, and I want to ask the Republicans whether they can afford to endorse what has been done by the Republican party in this state. I see before me parents who are raising sons, and those parents are hoping for great things for their sons. I want to tell you what has occurred in connection with young men in Ohio.

"There was a young Republican of ability and of character nominated for attorney general of the state of Ohio. When he entered upon the duties of his office he took an oath to perform these duties to the best of his ability, and in the course of his duty he was called upon to commence suit under the laws of this state against a great private monopoly, the Standard Oil company, and as soon as he commenced suit the company began its persecution and its opposition.

"It first tried to frighten him out of doing his duty, then it tried to bribe him out of doing his duty, and when it could neither frighten or bribe, it went to the Republican party and defeated him for doing his duty.

"I want to ask you parents whether you want to hold before your sons as an ideal the Republican party as it now stands, where a young man like Monnett must be driven out of the party because he dares to defend the laborer, the farmer and the business man from the extortion of private monopoly.

"Republican fathers, can you afford to tell your sons that it is better for a man to betray his trust than to do his duty? Can you tell your sons that it is better for a man to violate his oath of office than to risk the hostility of a great corporation?

"If Monnett can leave the Republican party, cannot the farmer and laboring man and business men whose interest he tried to protect, afford to leave the Republican party, or will you say that you are so wedded to the Republican party that you would rather stay with the Republicans and defend the monopolies of this country than to leave the Republican party even for a brief time in order to obtain relief from them."

Continuing, Mr. Bryan said that this opposition to the enforcement of laws was not confined to the state of Ohio but was found in the Republican administration of the affairs of the nation. He contrasted the conduct of the affairs of the nation with the conduct of the illegal business of his own state of Nebraska, where he said the Democratic attorney general was obeying the law and prosecuting the trusts.

Democratic Meetings Everywhere.

Chicago, Oct. 14.—From ocean to ocean, and from the Great Lakes to Gulf, in every city, town and village of the country, Democratic meetings will be held October 27, and will be addressed by the ablest speakers that the scope of this gigantic plan will permit. This was the scheme announced today by the Democratic national committee, which already has set in motion the preparations necessary for the consummation of such a project.

In the consummation of this plan the tens of thousands of clubs affiliated with, or members of, the National Association of Democratic Clubs will be asked to lend their assistance.

LOST.

Many golden opportunities have been lost by those who suffer from rheumatism. By taking Rheumacide now they will be permanently and positively cured. Sold by J. E. Hood.

A Little Mistake in Medals.

The chief officer of a Yorkshire yeomanry regiment while congratulating one of the troops on its appearance made a stirring allusion to the medals worn by some army veterans in the ranks. One of the men, a native of Wharfedale, afterward went home in a very thoughtful frame of mind, and next morning he came on parade with several medals on his breast.

Said the officer, "I didn't know you had been in the regulars."

"No; I ain't," said the man.

"Well, how about the medals, then, my good fellow? They can't be yours."

The man promptly answered: "Can't they? Ay, but they be. My old coo won 'em all at Otley show."—Upper Wharfedale.

The mineral resources of western Siberia are vast. Between Tomsk and Koonchik lie 50,000 square kilometers (23,167 square miles) of coal lands which have never been touched.

Any sprains, swellings and lumps there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by J. E. Hood.

LaGRANGE ITEMS.

FREE PRESS BUREAU.
LaGrange, October 15, 1900.

Mr. Jas. E. Carraway, of Newbern, is stopping at the Fields Hotel.

Dr. B. F. Dixon, State auditor, failed, on account of sickness, to speak here today.

Miss Mamie Fields returned Sunday from a visit at Mr. L. E. Pridgen's, near Snow Hill.

The remains of Mrs. Chloe Sutton were interred at Piney Grove last Wednesday. Rev. T. H. Sutton performing the sad rites.

Rev. Mr. Cashwell, of Ayden, will come this week to prepare for the coming of Rev. A. B. Crumpler, who is expected next week.

Mr. Claude Kitchin, candidate for congress, is billed to speak here tomorrow (Tuesday) night, as is also Mr. T. C. Wooten, elector.

The real estate market was lively last week. Mr. Luby Measley purchased Mr. W. R. L. Pearsall's house and lot on Casswell street, and Mr. W. J. Dawson purchased a vacant lot of Mr. Joe Wells.

Mr. G. S. Buck, who for the past year has been on The Sentinel force, left today to take a position as printer in The Free Press office. He takes with him the best wishes of all who know him. We commend him to the brotherly fellowship of the Christian church (of which he is a member) and the Kinston people generally as a Christian gentleman. We miss his genial presence.

FALLING CREEK ITEMS.

October 15, 1900.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Darden spent Sunday at Kinston.

Mr. S. G. Kennedy spent Saturday and Sunday at Coahoma.

Rev. T. H. Sutton filled his regular appointment at Trinity Sunday.

Mr. Harold Whitehurst visited friends in Kinston Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Kate Sutton returned to the Debnam-Kinney School at LaGrange today.

Mess. Hugh Bryan and Stephen Hardy, of Institute, visited in this vicinity Sunday.

Mrs. Jesse Fields, of Lousin Swamp, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. T. Haskins.

Mr. and Mrs. Dempsey Wood spent Saturday and Sunday at Mr. J. G. Rice's, near LaGrange.

Pink Hill Victorious.

The Pink Hill and Falling Creek baseball teams played a match game at Hardy Bridge on Oct. 6th. The score by innings follows:
Falling Creek...1 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0—4
Pink Hill.....2 2 5 6 0 0 2 0 1—18
We are informed that the Pink Hill team played an errorless game.

FACTORY DAMAGED.

Three Floors Collapse Under Immense Weight.

Greenville Reflector.

Late Saturday afternoon the 200 hands employed in the leaf tobacco factory of Roberts & Ficklen were alarmed by the creaking of timbers and the giving away of floors beneath them. Some jumped out of windows and others rushed for the doors, and when all were clear of the building there was much relief to find that not one of them had been injured.

An investigation showed that three floors of the building had given away simultaneously. The building is five stories high, and every floor was crowded full of tobacco, so large had been the purchases of the firm. Such immense weight was more than the building could stand, and from about midway the house to the front the first, second and third floors fell in. The first floor had only about two feet clear from the ground and the inside studs kept the other floors from coming down more than about the same distance. But for this it is probable the entire building would have collapsed.

Most of the pillars under the building are careened out of position and the whole structure is more or less twisted out of shape, and it looks like it will have to be torn down and rebuilt before being safe again.

Simmons For Senator.

News-Observer.

To the Editor:—Hurrah for Simmons for United States senator. All we farmers down this way will take (per) Simmons in ours. We need him to fight the bagging trust again and all other trusts. I endorse what Mr. Cameron M. says about him. I think he is peculiarly fitted to serve the senate. Hope G-vote solidly for him.

Ormondsville.

"For three days, agony untold from morbid brought on," says M. E. L. district court, Can thought I should see a dozen different medicines. I sent for a bottle of Colic, Cholera Remedy and three doses later. This remedy is a E. Hood.

STATE NEWS.

Interesting North Carolina Items in Condensed Form.

There are fifty-six State, twenty-six private and nine saving banks in North Carolina, the corporation commission reports.

Greenville Reflector: The withdrawal of ex-Governor T. J. Jarvis from the senatorial race will leave Pitt county practically unanimous for Simmons.

Weldon Leader: Mr. Tillman Picot, of Littleton, tells us that a pack of wolves are playing havoc with the sheep in that section. He says several have been killed, and that he has several young ones that he captured.

Shelby Star: The Carr men are wearing buttons bearing the inscription: "For senator, Julian S. Carr." Quite a number of the ardent Simmons men are wearing persimmons on the lapel of their coats. A Carr man suggested that they were green, whereupon the Simmons man replied that they would ripen on November 6—the date of the primary—when Simmons would be elected. He further suggested that the sight of Simmons puckered the mouth of a fusionist.

Chapel Hill special to Charlotte Observer: A splendid modern dormitory building, three stories high, steam heated and electric lighted throughout, is to be built here. The designer is Architect Frank P. Milburn, of Charlotte, who designed the alumni building. The building will have forty rooms and will be thoroughly modern and convenient. It will not be a reproduction of the Carr building, but will be not unlike it. The dormitory will be built out of invested funds of the University. The news that it is to be built without delay will be hailed with general delight.

Asheville Citizen: A new and immense industry is headed toward western North Carolina in the shape of a pulp mill for the manufacture of pulp for newspaper. The interested persons, of whom A. L. Gilbert is one, have purchased 3,000 acres of land at the mouth of the Tuckasee river, where the plant will be located if the plans for the enterprise go through. The river is to furnish the necessary motive power. The 3000 acres include some very fine timber land. The parties however desire to secure large additional tracts; in fact they wish to purchase the Cherokee Indian reservation, and it is doubtful if they will build their plant if they do not get control of this land. They were successful in getting the Indians' consent to the sale, but before the sale could be carried out it was necessary to get the approval of the commissioner of Indian affairs. This they have not been able to obtain yet. The difficulty is that the interests of the pulp mill men and the Appalachian National Park association conflict at this point. The association has had its eye on this land for some time as an essential part of the park when it is established, as the land is in the very heart of the region which it is desired to preserve in the park and comprises some of the most beautiful scenery in this section of the State. The commissioner of Indian affairs has the interest of the association at heart to the extent that he has promised, it appears, that he will not sanction the sale until the park idea is acted upon by congress. The Indian reservation comprises about 35,000 acres. Mr. Gilbert and his associates are actively at work and are buying all the available timber land along the Murphy road. Nearly all the pulp mills of the character it is proposed to establish here are located in northern New York, but the timber there is rapidly becoming scarce. Soft woods of nearly any character are said to be suitable to making pulp, and it is thought that the poplar of western North Carolina will be well adapted for the purpose.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GERRY'S TASTELSS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 25.

Brigands in Mexico.
Quadalajara, Mexico, Oct. 15.—A bar of brigands under the leadership of notorious Pedro Flores have been committing numerous murders in the Audin district for lately they made a robbery of Audin and killed the habitant.



There are two ways to sell pills. One is to claim everything, true or not, in the hope that some part of the claim will come true.

The other is to tell the truth in the beginning and get a customer that will stay to the end. For nearly sixty years Ayer's Pills have been selling themselves over and over again to the same people.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sore Throat
Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Cherry Tooth
Ayer's Catarrh