THE DAILY FREE PRESS.

KINSTON PUBLISHING Co.

D. T. EDWARDS. EDITOR.

Entered at the Postoffice as second class matter

SUPERINTENDENT JOYNER'S RE-PORT.

The Free Press has just received a copy of the biennial report of Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner. The report is an excellent document, and goes straight to the heart of the question.

In discussing the present condition of public education in North Carolina, Mr Joyner uses a comparison between the expenditures for public schools in this State and the average expenditures for the same purpose throughout the United States as shown in the record of the United States Bureau of Education.

North Carolina expends for each child enrolled in the State public schools \$3.17 per year. The average amount spent throughout the United States per enrollment is \$20.29. The average length of the State school term per year is 82.4 days for white schools, and 76.15 days for colored schools. Throughout the United States the average length of the school term is 145 days per year. The average monthly salary of our white teachers is \$26.78. The colored teachers get a monthly salary of \$22.19. While the average salary paid teachers throughout the United States is \$48.

In presenting these statistics Mr. Joyner has pointed out an important source of weakness in our present educational system.

We must spend more money per capita for the education of our children. We spend \$17.12 per annum less for each enrolled child than is spent on the average throughout the United States.

We are aware that the mere spending of money will not insure us of attaining the desired end. But we are further aware of the fact that our State will not take its proper place in enlightenment and prosperity until a greater expenditure is made. In some school systems, ou side the State, money is wanted, undoubt-dly. But we need not fear that such will be the result of a greater expenditure in North Carolina.

The average length of the school term must be increased, and the average salary of the teacher in our school must not fall \$21,22 behind the general average.

Mr Joyner makes pertinent suggestions as to the improvement of school houses in equipment, and their enlaracment in number.

But our schools must attain the improvement through the improvement of the teaching force, and the strengthening of the supervising force. To this end Mr. Joyner does well in recommending that an active part be taken in summ-r schools, and short college courses espectally adapted to the needs of the teacher.

The average teacher, honest and faithful workers as they are, will not derive much benefit from listening to acours of entertaining summer lectures. Nor will hey derive much real benefit from merely engaging in a summer of enjoyable social intercourse with fellow teachers. But if our schools are to be improved through the improvement of our teachers we must have certain well prepared courses of instruction placed in easy access of the teaching force.

Not only this, but we must give Mr Joyner adequate assistance in the way of supervising force to see that the State is getting "its money's worth."

AN IMPORTANT LABOR TEST.

The navy department and the Newport News Shipbuilding company are at pres out engaged in a contest.

The navy department, operating the Brooklyn navy yard, has recently been equipped so that it has been enabled to undertake the construction of the Connecticut, one of the battleships recently authorized by congress. The Newport News company is going to build the Louisiana, a sister ship, at their own private yards.

Thus we have a government undertaling pitted against that of a private com-

The contest involves several principles such as the relative cost of construction in public and private enterprises; the ability of the eight-hourlaborer to do the work of the ten-hour man; and the efficiency of work turned out as between public and

private undertakings. The Newport News company took the contract upon a bid of \$3,990,000. It remains to be seen what the navy yard can do its work for. Labor leaders have foreibly insisted that, if employees were granted an eight-hour day, the employer time if would resp the benefit in improved service, both in effici-ncy and dity. The present test is a result of their agitation of the question.

Shelby, Jen. 7 .- Will Morris shot J. R. mpion last night near the county ys they were travelling together in a seked him and forced him to give up the money. Morris later pursued with a can and shot Champion, but not neces-urily latelly. They are both white and dered and it in Jall.

HOW TO IMPROVE DOMESTIC SERVICE IN AMERICA

By Miss GAIL LAUGHLIN, LL. B., Lawyer and Student of Social and Economic Problems



ONDITIONS IN DOMESTIC SERVICE ARE AT PRESENT UNSATISFACTORY. The testimony of people generally and the facts stated by those who come most closely into touch with domestic labor seem to establish that in a large proportion of cases the serv-

ice rendered by domestic employees is unsatisfactory and that the supply of competent domestic workers is far below the demand.

IN SHORT, DOMESTIC SERVICE IS LARGELY IN THE HANDS OF UNTRAINED AND INCOMPETENT WORKERS AND IS UNPOPU-LAR WITH THE MAJORITY OF INTELLIGENT WOMEN WAGE

The reason for this is not found in the wages paid, for it is admitted that wages in domestic service are, all things considered, higher than are the wages paid in many more popular lines of work. The reason is found in other conditions which exist and primarily in the fact that THE DOMESTIC EMPLOYEE IS LOOKED UPON AS A PERSONAL SERVANT RATHER THAN AS AN EMPLOYEE HIRED TO PERFORM SPECIFIC SERV-ICE. Because of this view there is no fixed standard of work, the hours of labor are indefinite, the employee's entire time is subject to the control of the employer. The position of the employee in the household is that of a semidependent; her social position is that of an

To improve the character of domestic service the supply of intelligent workers must be increased; to increase the supply of intelligent workers conditions must be so modified as to make the conditions in domestic service conform to as great an extent as possible to conditions existing in other industries and especially so modified as to put the social position of the domestic employee on a par with that of other wage earners. In other words, DOMESTIC SERV-ICE MUST BE PUT ON A BUSINESS BASIS.

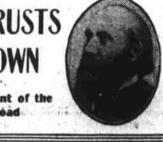
This can be done only through co-operation on the part of both employers and employees, co-operation based on a better and more scientific conception of the character of household labor.

THE PROCESS MUST BE PRIMARILY EDUCATIONAL, BOTH AS REGARDS EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYEE.

Instruction in the public schools in the elementary principles which bear upon household affairs would do much to give to the next generation a better understanding of the importance of household labor and of the principles underlying it.

COMPEL THE BAD TRUSTS TO MAKE A SHOWDOWN





RESIDENT ROOSEVELT is all right, and his remedy for what are called trusts is all right, assuming that you want to encourage what is good and prevent what is bad. THERE ARE DIFFERENT KINDS OF TRUSTS. SOME OF THEM ARE FORMED FOR GOOD PURPOSES AND

SERVE THE PUBLIC WELFARE, AND THE PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND OTHER INTEL-LIGENT PEOPLE OUGHT TO BE ABLE TO DISCRIM-INATE BETWEEN HONEST AND DISHONEST CORPO-RATIONS. Take Herr Krupp, the great German ironmaster, who died the other day, as an example. He was a very rich and powerful and benevolent monopolist and made Germany richer and more prosperous and his 45,000 employees happy. There are other good monopolies.

THE LARGE NUMBER OF CONSOLIDATED CORPORATIONS ARE HONEST AND WELL MANAGED AND ARE FOR THE PUBLIC WEL-

Others, however, were organized for speculative purposes and capitalized at enormous figures to sell stock to people who don't know any better than to buy it, and such schemes ought to be crushed out. The remedy is simple. Compel them to make a showdown before they are allowed to put stock on the market. MAKE. THEM SHOW WHAT THEY HAVE GOT AND WHAT IT IS WORTH. If a company in Rhode Island wants to sell stock in California, it ought to be required to give people out there an honest statement of its business, as national banks and insurance companies are compelled to do.

WHAT MUST HAPPEN TO THE FILIPINOS

By JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN, President of Cornell University

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT has said that the flag will stay in the Philippines as long as it will stay in Alaska. That means forever.

I HOPE OUR FLAG WILL STAY IN THOSE ISLANDS UNTIL ITS WORK THERE IS DONE.

But if it is to stay forever one of two things must happen-WE SHALL EITHER HOLD THE FILIPINOS IN SUBJEC-TION OR WE MUST ADMIT THE ISLAND OF LUZON AND THE VISCAYAN ISLANDS AS UNITED STATES TERRITORIES.

ALL THE STRANGE PERVERSIONS OF CHRISTIANITY THE MOST CURIOUS IS THAT ONE OF MODERN TIMES WHICH PROMISES TO CURE ALL ILLS-TO WORK MIR-ACLES BY IGNORING THE PHYSICAL-AND WHICH ASKS ITS DISCIPLES TO BELIEVE IN CHRIST FOR THE PRECIOUS BOON OF HEALTH. IT IS THE SPIRIT OF THE MEN FROM WHOM CHRIST TURNED AWAY, AND IT HAS BEEN IN VOGUE ALL DOWN THE AGES.

PURE BLOOD

Necessary to Life. Vinol Makes it.

POOR BLOOD CAUSES ERUP-TIONS AND WEAKNESS.

Makes Pure, Rich, Red Blood.

BECAUSE WE KNOWN THIS WE GUARANTEE ITS ACTION.

Impoverished blood is a sure sign of internal disorders. We see every day too many people whose faces plainly show that there is something radically

wrong. We want all of our fellow-citizens to know of our splendid blood purifier and blood maker.

We refer to Vinol.

Vinol, as we have before stated, is a purely scientific preparation. Vinol owes its virtue to the fact that it contains in a highly concentraced state the active curative principles, taken from the livers of live cods-the same elements that formerly were found in cod-liver oil, and which made

Vinol does not contain the grease or fat that characterized cod-liver oil and made it in many cases worthless.

Vinol acts upon every one of the great vital organs, and by invigorating and giving them strength, enables them to properly perform their func-

Vinol's effect on the stomach is marvelous. It tones up this, the greatest of the organs of the body, and enables it to obtain from the food which is taken into it the necessary elements to create flesh and muscle tissue, bone structure and pure, rich, red blood.

We are in receipt of a letter from a Savation Army woman which reads as

"I took Vinol after a bad attack of grippe, and so much good did it do me that I persuaded my sister to take it. She was all tired out. Had no appetite and her blood was very poor. It did her as much good as it did me."-BETSY HABERSHAW, 718 River St., Fall

Won't you please come in and see us? We are always glad to extol the merits of Vinol.

We will give you back your money if you don't find Vinol will do all we claim it will. Could any one do more for you?

J. E. HOOD, Druggist

RINTING TO LEASE ARTICULAR EOPLE

is the kind turned out at THE FREE PRES office. Splendid equipment and compet n workmen.

Notice! Commissioners' Sale of Land

HINES BRUS. LUMBER COMPANY, Mills located at Junction of A. & N. C. and A. C. L. Railroads.

KINSTON. . . N.C. We manufacture rough and dressed Kiln-Dried Pine Lumber of every description con

building purposes, including Moldings, Molded Casings and Base, Hand Rails, Sta'r Rails, Etc. We make Laths, Shingles, "obacco Sticks and Bed Slats, and get out material for Tobacco Hogsheads, Meat and Cabbage Boxes. We are always in the market for Lumber, Logs and Standing Timber, for which we pay Cash at market prices. If we wish to buy or sell see us and get our priors. We try to deal so a we counted our word more practions they gold,

At the Head of all Tobacco Fertilizers.

MEADOWS' Gold Leaf Tobacco Guano

Specially prepared for the lands of EASTERN CAROLINA. Insures a good cure, makes Wrappers and Fills your Purse.

On its merits alone, one farmer in Jones will use it exclusively on his 60 acres of Tobacco.

As our goods are manufactured near you and not reshipped, we claim Freshness and Good Mechanical Condition.

High Grade Cabbage, Potato, Allerop and Cotton Guano.

Our Motto. "Not How Cheap But How Good." Use our goods and have no regrets.

E. H. & J. A. MEADOWS CO., M'n'f'rs, NEWBERN, N. C. Factory on Neuse River.

Place your orders with

J. W. GRAINGER,

KINSTON.

net a my become a management of the winds of

JOB PRINTING

Letter Heads,

Note Heads,

Envelopes,

Bill Heads,

Statements, Circulars, Cards

Booklets,

Books,

Receipts,

Order Blanks,

Tags, Labels, Etc.

HE Free Press has on hand a large stock of Stationery of every description. In fact so large that it must be partly disposed of, and to do this, we will do all classes of printing for the next 30 days at prices before unheard of. The price will be made so low that it will pay you to buy now, even if the Stationery is not needed right away. The Free Press has the best equipped p'ant in the Eastern part of the State and artistic printers.