
The Shanish torold atablians.

throughout, and the retreat, though steady, was slowly and colly conducted. They contested every inch of the

In the charge on can Juan Heights a bursting shell almost annihilated an

Gecommistering With Balloons, The military balloons used by the signal corps for the purpose of obtain-

of the enemy and the character of their

defences, proved of mestimable service

in vesterday's engagement. The ba

Icon sent up yesterday floated just over

the tree tops and was easily guided along three miles of the road toward

taking populots at the mid-air monster.

t one time the big balloon hung over

an Juan, not over 500 yards from the

caemy, and for five minutes the Span

ands below tried in vain to puncture it.

lines of the enemy, Whenever it

entire on pany of our troops,

MARION, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 8,1898.

\$1 Per Year in Advance-

The Messenger Prints . the . News

and is sought after by the peo-ple of McDowell, Yancey, Bun-combe, Butherford, Burke and other counties in Western North Caroline North Carolina, and is there-

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. Lost In a Col-Islam at Sea.

ATTON ACCOMPLISHED.

marginal Entry Into Manila ... Spanish Soldiers Tried to the terrera Goes to Boston.

... Novia Scotia (By Cable. reach Scamer, La Bourgogne, drawn down by the fearful popular outbursts, in and and fought for life, were so beauth rescued from representatived the collision.

seas of the catastrophe to the portation to the scence of duty, us no has thrown the city of and anation. Special edithe poweragen, giving de-

The Triumphal Entry Morred Hong Koyo, China (By Cable)

Lamentations in Spain.

Mannits, Spain (By Cable,) - The enthusiason aroused by the misleading aya, one, Generale Trans-At- dispatches to the Spauish government tion with 725 souls on board, from Cuba is charged into the waitings of the tauties of the victims are males north of Sable and Innentatives over the national disaster. The ministers are crestfallen and are still concealing the worst. The utmost extremity of despair, of tage with her over 500 of her pas. and recriminations provail among the manded the immediate surrender of the population and the authorities are Spanish forces, which is expected shortand crew. The balance, who adopting strong prevautions, fearing by

Twenty-Seven Red Cross Surses.

27 Red Cross nurses arrived here, Juragua, Friday, 4 p. m., via Port as prevailed at the time of the bound for the battlefield to succor the wounded and heal the sick. There brave and soff-marificing women are by General Shafter at dark last night.

Cervera Goes to Boston Harbor.

miral Sampson has been directed to the wild fire send his prisoners to the United States. rilang the collision and the The entisted men and non-commis-



coloring telegram to the com-ing a mercurally distressed over freez, from Admiral Cervera himself news and I feel very keenly down to the ensigns, will be sent to to that loss plunged so many Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, where and honorican families into they will be turned over to the army

Passes the Senate.

discustion of Hawaii is now of the government is concerned. Imageht to a vote in the a fully a, and they were passed

Builderon's Guerfitas Captured.

PAULODS Near Santiago, de mutiny. No American was hart. Table Seven of the Span---- title passing ambulances and a limited linve been captured der honey guard at General

---- a Suspension of Hostilities Spain By Cable) There are I lead comors here that Dake Aln of hostilities as a prelimi-ire occupations. The min-

is often to the spanish Prisoners. A standard mirrory was extended to

be stand officer, permission en to Covera to communicate table in Spain by cable "Il was also granted to other all was to use the cable to federatal messages to

and her's Re-Enforcements.

the little touts have sailed from the last week. - A vertities of war mater

hown Will Invade Spain.

inte official report reaching The carriest possible moment.

labous XIII Destroyed.

D. C. (Special.) - News vil. Washington that the Althe blockade at Havana.

The triumphal entry of the American transports into Mantla Bay was marred by an unpleasant incident, for which Outer Fortifications Captured by their officers handling the troops with ships came up the bay they were closed by tellowed by the German critical Kalserin Augusta. The impression of everybody watching the vessel was that she was closely observing the American forces; and that she was also trying to show the Americans and Spanish that she represented a nation shich must be rechosed with in the present crims.

Tantes, Fla., (Special). A party of

exertement Caused in Paris. eagerly awaiting the most rapid trans

Washington, D. C. (Special.) Ad- the extreme left was General Duffield,

tery at 6:40 by Captain Capron, whose son, Captain Allyn K, Capron, the Rough Riders was killed in the battle at Sevilla. The shot was directed at Caney, where the spaniards were in force and it fell in the heart of the town. The firing continued for 20 minutes without response Meantime the cavalry division had moved forward on the main Santiago trail, headed by a light battery of the The movement of this buttery was a heart loosking task, owing to the steep hill. Under the musketry fire of the cavalrymen the Spaniards in the little town of El Paso retreated. After the enemy had been driven from El Paso, Hisbors were fired by Capt. Grime and Capt. Capron from that position into the outer fortifications of Sautingo before a response came. When it di-

Spanish Subdiers Uned to Escape. Kingston, Jamiera (Cable)-About is her law far as the legislative (50 of the 400 Spanish prisoners on the store house on the red corrugated root United States auxiliary cruiser Harvard of which stood ten Cubans viewing the mexpectedly the resolutions attempted to escape. In some way a number of them secured guns and made a wild dash for liberty from the die A letschment of 200 Cubans went steerage, where they were confined. Their rush was met by the deadly bul-

lets of the guards. Six were hilled and lifteen wounded. The firing ended the

Westigatos, D. C. (Special). The tresident few issued a preclamation energy schells screeching and bursting asking the American asking the American reogle upon their hendquarters. It has not next assembling for divine worship to decided what to do with them, give thanks to Almighty God thought likely they will be guiding our armies to victory in strango

Arming for Civil War.

The Madrid correspondent of the order is spreading among the military; Der J. Dio, Foreign Minister, and the crowds in the city are getting the formula, the Minister of interest and everywhere signs are appropriate and Public Works, parent that the population is arming established powers to propose a for civil war. Marshal Martinez for civil war. Marshal Martinez Campos and the captain general of Madrid have held long consultations as column nor deny the to ways and means of preserving order.

Augusti' Family Escapes. The Spanish consul at Singapore de Coursh admiral, Cervera, wires the following message from Gen-Through General eral Augusti to the Midrid government: "The situation is unchanged. My family has succeeded in intraculously escaping from Macabora in a boat and having passed through the American vessels, all arrived safely at Manila General Monet's column is besieged and attacked at Macabora.

Camara Ordered to Return. According to dispatches received at Gibralter from Madrid, the Spanish government has ordered Admiral Camlight artiflery and about ara to return to Spain. General to be enforce General Shafter | Ochande has arrived at Algeoras to inspect the sites of the new latteries.

Eleven Persons Now Under Arrest. The following named persons have been arrested charged with being im-Succe Canal has made no plicated in the Lake City, S. C., postto sending Commodore Oscar Kelly, Marion Clark, Edmund Rogers and Charles Loner. Eleven persons suspected of complaint master murder case: Alexander Rogers, erime have up to this time been

arrested. Sons of the American Revolution skill and valor and rendered valuable presented President McKinley with aid. General Garcia, and the other resolutions indorsing his action in Cuban generals led the troops in perblotting out sectionalism by his war | son and showed great coolness in tight |

The

the Americans.

SHAFTER DEMANDS SURRENDER

The Loss in Dead and Wounded to the Americans Over a Thousand One ; the accurate information of the location Company Almost Swept Away by a Bursting Shell.

It, addition to the splendid work accomplished by Admiral Sampson, Genstrail Pluster by a mounted of the hand forces before Sentiago, had so far progrewed in the carrying out of his plans for the reduction of the city that he de are | Spanish forces, which is expected short-

come, however, it came with unexpect

ed accuracy, the shots being from thre

and five inch ratid fire ritles, evidently

tal en from Admiral Cervera's war

ships, and mounted behind the fortifications. The Spanish gunner

hill

Paso stands and which, meantime,

had been made the headquarters of

General Smaner and the Cuban gen

erals, Garcia, Castillo, Capoto and Rabi, Gue shell struck a large sugar

were wounded and three of them will

Wood with the Rough Riders, the First

and Teath Cavalry, started down the hills des, straight for the enemy's for-

tel science Col. Wood's comman-

was to the left General Lawton's

of ground bitterly, and fough

Americans slowly forced ther

usen and beyond Caney. About

division, with Chaffee's men and Ca-

pron's battery were fighting flercely

with the enemy entranched in and about

Carrey The Spaniards contested every

with the spected coolness and courage, but the presentable coward movement

Capron's guns and the muskets of the

treat beann toward the line of outer

All this time General Summer had

commanded the centre, owing to Gen-

eral Wheeler's illness, but about 11:38

Cichoral Wheeler started on the two

miles journey to the front in an ambu-

by the surgeon, immediately ordered

has been and after personally assist

ed the peneral all along the line. By

near, although stell very all, General

Wheeler had established hendquarters

at the extreme front and centre of the

The hardest fighting of the day seems to have been on the right flank and heavy casualties are reported from

rapid than at other points on the line

and General Chaffee's brigade was the

first to cross the Little San Juan river

during the day, with numerous evi

the American officers and men in the

work of continuous and intense physi-

cal strain owing to the hills and awamps

and the fierce tropical sun which ham

mered upon them the greater part of the day. The Cubans behaved with

dences of splendid personal travery of

se to the line of outer fortifications

Many dramatic incidents occurred

About half way to the front he

The voteran, under protest

a number of litters bearing the

wounded into the ambulance

-: and rade onward. The mer

site frantië cheers, which follow

The advance there was more

behaved with great bravery,

Spanish Postteries.

the

raked

Spanish Loss Heavy. The American army is not alone feel-An Associated Press Dispatch from ing the effect of the three days' shock arms. Definite, positive informa-Antonio, Saturday, July 2, says: The inerally form to pieces, and that in the general order for an advance was issued vieck and ruin of demolished build igs the Spanish casualties numbered fully 1,000. This is a fitting offset to any qualms raised by the reports At 4 o'clock hundreds of burdes rang out the reveille and before the sun had from the American lines. This in-formation came from one of the foreign rises the great line was complete. To aisula stationed at Santiago, who rewith the Thirty third Michigan, his ported to the representative of his command having reached the Agua country in Washington the fearful dores bridge by train. Next to the American army and the fleet. The latesting shells from our fleet done the northeast was General Kent's division, a mile and a half from sea, and held as greatest damage inside of the city, Buildings were riddled with rifle shot a reserve force. The centre of the line nd mown down with the huge shells until tieneral Wheeler strived at noon was commanded by General Sumner and solid projectiles from the ships. dost serious of all, the Spanish com-Owing to General Young's illness, Col. Wood, of the Rough Riders, commanded place similar to that of General Shafter his brigade, which consisted of the First in the American army, was seriously wounded. This last fact had been grudgingly admitted from Madrid. Legulars, the First Volunteers and the Tenth Regulars and one battalion of the Ninth Regular Cavalry, all dis mounted with the exception of two Saturday's Battle. troops on the extreme right, under tienerals Lawton and Chaffee, fully five miles from the sea. It had been Four batteries of artillery, which were placed in position this morning, arranged that General Duffield should becau the day with bombarding the make a feint of attacking Aguadores in in Juan quarter of Santingo and the order to draw attention from the main movement, and at 5 o'clock General Lawton's troops moved forward, led by a battery of the First Artillery nuder command of Captain Allen Capron. The first shot was fired from the bat-

manish position in front of our right After a quarter of an hour's shelling General Lawton's troops, who had been re-enforced, pressed ferward men the enemy's left flank, pouring in an exceedingly hot fire, which was contunged during the greater part of the afternoon.

A Night Attack. On the night of July 3 the Spanish

made a desperate attack upon our left shortly before 10 o clock. The assault was directed at the position, that had been carried by General Kent's men. The Spaniards left the trenches and savily upon General Wikoff's Brigade ly were re-enforced by a heavy fire chalone their line of guns and butof our men from the trenches, but the leavy fire the Americans in turn soured in staggered the Spanish line and sent it reeling backward, with scavy loss. The Americans had adanced from the trenches for the first or and while the Spanneds were in reme left did terrible execution. The casualties among our men were

Our Losses The fighting has cost the American army 1, 100 men. This estimate is ale by the surgeons at division head safters, after careful figuring by the games at the hospitals. The list of unded, as made up at the division adquarters, in very large in proper to the list of those killed outright cluddy less than 100, all told, of the caller of wounded have died, making e total number of deaths in the eighborhood of 150. The remainder of the wounded will probably recover.

Madrid Greatly Disturbed.

The Madrid correspondent of The London Standard says: "The official disputch with reference to the fighting at Santago has caused a painful sensa tion. The Oucen Regent has sent an expression of her sympathy to Senora Educates, wife of tien Linares, who is residing in Madrid. The greatest anxiety is felt by all classes. The press of all sections is angry because no proper measures have been taken to re-enforce General Linares. The Queen liggent is deeply concerned and has represted her ministers to send her all contches, no matter at what hour they arrive.

Landon Comment.

The editorials in the Daily Graphic and Times fairly represent the epinions of the London newspapers. There is no word of blame, but rather unstinted admiration for General brayery, yet all remark that America finds Santingo a tougher task than she night now sue for peace on honorable terms, but it is not thought she is likely

Transports Arrive at Manila,

A special dispatch from Hong Keng, July 4, says: The United States dispatch boat Zafiro, which left Cavite, Manila harbor, on July t, has arrived She reports that the American rooms in the transports City of Sidney ity of Peking and Australia, convoyed the Charleston, arrived at Cavite on une 33th, having taken the Ladrone lands on the way, and having left nen there. The Spanish Governor and other efficials captured were brought to Cavite The United States troops ommenced to disembark at Cavite of

Time in Lineria.

almost entirely dispensed with. The sun rises exactly at G a. in and sets at d p. m., throughout the year, and is vertically everliend at noon,

a victim shall will not get into the pulls his papers from sader his box Santago. (Signed) "Sharter." and sells them all.

Tried to Run the Blockade, But In Vain.

ADMIRAL CERVERA CAPTURED.

American Loss Only One Killed and One Wounded. 1,600 Prisoners Taken. Many Killed and Wounded.

The New York Herald has received the following details of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet: Three of the Spanish cruisers that were bottled up in Santiago harbor and the two torpedo boat destroyers were pounded into helpless bulks by the guns of Admiral Sampson's fleet, on Sunday, July 3, in a vain attempt to escape from the harbor. The vessels were beached to save as many of the lives of the crews as

Admiral Cervera, on board the Cristobal Colon, headed the fleet in an attempt to get away at about 2:30 o'clock. So little were the Americaus expecting the dash that the flagship New York was cruising up the coast to the east and returned only in time to see the finish of the fight, and fire a shot or two at the torpedo boat destroyers.

The Iown, Indiana, Oregon, Massachusetts, Texas. Erookly and the converted yacht Gloucester, formerly the Corsair, formed in position to give battle as soon as the Colon was sighted rounding the wreck of the Merrimac. The American vessels did not open fire at once; they waited until Cervera's thips were out of the range of Morro's guns before giving battle. Cervera headed to the west, the Colon in the lead, followed by the Vizcaya and the Equendo and the destroyers, all firing

All of the American battleships opened fire at once and the Spanish were



ADMIRAL CERVERA.

but Colon kept on bravely until when about ten miles to the westward or Morro Castle, Admiral Cervers turned his vessel to the shore and beached her She was blazing in a score of places, but her guns kept at work and the white flag never showed until she wan completely disabled.

The Oquendo and Vizeava were opposed by the Iowa, Texas and Indiana. and went down to defeat with fearful swiftness, covering only about half the distance made by the Colon before their captains run them ashore. Their crows fought with desperate bravery, but their courage was no match to the courage of our men, wided to their superb gunnery. Their shells went wild, but the American gun fire was market by merciless precision. The two cruisers, both on fire, were beached

more than a quarter of a nitle apart. The most dramatic feature of the but tle was the contest between the torpedo boat destroyers and the Gloncester. The latter was struck several times, and is the only American vessel reported dam aged. At first the Gioucester fired up on them with her six pounders, but they ran past her and engaged the bat tieships. Finding the fire too but they turned and attacked the Glouce ter again until both destroyers were on fire and had to be beached. crew threw themselves in surf to save their lives. Just before this, the New York came up and assisted in giving the finishing blow to the destrovers There was explosion after explosion

from the beached vessels. None of our officers or men were in pared, except on board the Brooklyn. Chief Yeoman Ellis was killed and one man wounded. Admiral Cervera, all commanding officers, excepting three of the Oquendo, about 10 other officers and ,600 men taken prisoners. About 250 killed or drowned and 160 wounded, the latter being cared for on the Solace and

Wounded at Fort Macon.

At Fort Macon, in firing the annual national Fourth of July salute of forty six guns, the eighth shot exploded prematurely, and seriously, if not fatally, wounded Artilleryman Charles Rosier. His evenight is destroyed, and his face, arms and chest badly

Struck by Lightning.

The excursion steamer Surfity, plyng between Salem and Baker Island, Mass, was struck by lightning on July 4. It is not known how many were on the steamer, but it is said there were over 337. Many, however, were rescued by boats from the shore.

Latest From Shafter.

The War Department gave out the following: "Headquarters Fifth Army Liberia is the land where clocks are | Corps, Near Santiago, July 3. - Tonight my lines completely surround the town from the bay on the north of the city to a point on the San Juan river, on the south. The enemy holds from the west Philadelphia had a newsboy musician | bend of San Juan river, at its mouth, who para selections grave and gay, on Pando, I find to night, is some disUNITED STATES CONGRESS.

Proceedings of Senate and House From Day to Day.

THE SENATE. JUNE 30TH .- The Senate cleared the

legislative decks for what may be the final action upon the Hawaiiau annexation resolutions. The last of the appro-priation bills that has been pending in conference was disposed of, and was a law before midnight. At 6:54 p. m. tie Sonate went into executive session and

at 6:37 adjourned, July 1st. For nearly six hours the Senate had under discussion the Hawallah annexation resolutions. The first formal speech in favor of the resolutions was made by fettins, Democrat, of Alabama. His address was strong and patrictic. Mallory, Democrat, of Florida, presented a constitutional argument against the acquireftion of territory by joint resolution of Congress qualities to as yet, and cross con-Hawley presented the conference agrees times to do fairly well. The weather ment on the bill providing for the jun-ishment of persons who trespass upon or destroy harbor defence works and fortifications of the United States. The Senate then went into executive session and at 5,50 p. m., adjourned. July 2n.—The Senate was devoted

chiefly to the Hawaiian debate, Senator Pettigrew, Silver Republican, of South Dakota, occupying five hours. The following House bills were passed: Fixing the pay of volunteer soldiers from the date of enrolment for service; to change the time for holding courts in the East-ern district of North Carolina. Also the Senate bill amending the laws to lating to American seamen for their protection and to promote commerce. The chief features of the latter are the climination of all imprisonment provisions in the coastwise trade, including Mexican and West Indian, the reuction of penalties in the foreign trade; the improving of the provision scales, and the reduction of allotments to one month. At 5:28 p. m. the Sen-ate adjourned to Monday.

July tru. - In the Senate Mr. Allen (Neb.) began his speech in opposition to the Hawatian annexation. At noon Senator Turple (Ind.) read the declaration of independence. During the session a large number of pension bills were passed. The Associated Press disratch conveying Admiral Sampson's cablegram telling of the capture of the Spanish fleet was read by the clerk, At the conclusion of the good news all Senators and occupants of the galleries joined in applause which was prolonged. The chair refrained for once from any effort to check a demonstration of approval in the Senate chamber. At 4:55 o'clock the Senate went into executive

The debate upon the Hawanan reso lutions was continued in the Senate Three speeches were made. Hoar, of Massachusetts, in advocating annexation made a notable appeal against any policy of general territorial ex-pansion as a sequence of war. Shortly before 5 o'clock the Senate went into executive session and at 5:14 p. m. ad-

JULY 600. The Scoate passed the resolutions of annexation of Hawaii by a vote of 42 to 21. Pettigrew offered a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Commodore Schley and the men under him for their gallant conduct in the destruction of the Spanish fleet; referred to committee or affairs. Senate concurred in the House amendment to the general deficiency bill, thus passing the last of the appropriation measures. Conference reports were presented on a bill for protection of harbor and coast defences and on a bill to merease the force in the ordinance de partment in the army; both agreed to. At 5:50 p. m. the Senate went into executive session, and at 6:15 p. m. ad-

THE HOUSE.

JULY 1st. - Today's session of the House was of little legislative interest. A few private bills were passed and some conference reports of minor importance were adopted.

JULY 5TH. - The House devoted four hours to a debate on the facilic railroads issue, brought out by the Senate amendment to the general deficioner The partial conference report of the general deficiency bill covering all items but this, was adopted. The debate was led by Cannon, of Illinois, and Powers, of Vermont, for, and Maguire, of California, against the amendment. The House adjourned a

July 6mm. The House after a debate of four hours concurred in the Senate amendment to the general deficiency bill authorizing the secretary of the Interior, the Attorney General and the Secretary of the Treasury to settle with the approval of the President, the indebtedness of the Central and Western roads to the government. amendment was offered and adopted to the Pacific road amendment providing that unless settlement was reached within one year the President should begin foreclosure proceedings. The conference reports upon the bills to increase force of crimane; department and protect harbor and coast defences were adopted. At 1.55 the House ad-

How Rateigh Celebrated.

The 4th was observed at Raleigh in military style. All day there was the banging of cannon and the explosion of firecrackers, particularly the large dynamite kind. In the afternoon the entire city turned out to see the parade of the Second Regiment. A great many country people came in. The many country people came in was hot, but was tempered by a steady breeze. Governor Russell, through the Adjutant General, invited quite a number of prominent persons to witness the review of the dress tive managen.

Grand Rally at River Bend.

Preparations have been completed for holding the greatest rally in the history of River Bend, Gaston county, to be held August 3rd and 4th. In addition to the other features arrangements have been made for the opening of the Seventh District Congressional cam-

New Director Elected.

At a recent meeting in Hickory of the stockholders of the Piedmont Wagon Company, Mr. H. G. Springs was elected a director in place of Dr. J. Hr. McAden, who had disposed of all his stock.

The middle niste of a church is often ased as a bridal path.

N. C. CROP BULLETIN.

Fair Weather and Active Farm Work. U.S. Departmentment of Agriculture, Climate-Crop Bulletland Weather Bureau Sorth Carolina Sec., for Work Ending Jul 1st, 1898.

During the week ending Monday, half 4th, 1898, the temperature was excess averaging in the central portion of the State about 6 degrees daily. Maximum temperature exceeding to legrees occurred on overy day of the week. The excessive hear was the untural accompanionent of the prevail-Local showers occurred over a few counties in the interior and along the coast, but generally the week was extremely dry, and at the end drought was prevailing everywhere. Active plination, however, has prevented

was excelled for farm work, laying by crops, threshing and having Corn has made some progress, though it is now needing rain very much; lay-ing by old corn is in progress in the west, and is mostly completed else-where; though tasseing low it is thought the crop will bear well. Cotton is standing the drought better than any other crop. In fact the warm weather tollowing the local showers and low temperatures of last week caused considerable improvement in cotion during he early part of this week, and in many fields lice have nearly disappeared, but the lone continuation of the dry weath er is becoming injurious. The general condition of the cotton crop is below the average; a good many fields are still suffering from hee which have caused irregular stands in some sec The crop is clean and sufall,

but blooming more freely. Tobacco nedes rain more than any other crops now, cultivation will only help a few days longer, and already a few reports of firing have been received. The plants have become irreg ular in size; some topping has been

done. Wheat is all housed or stacked; cut ting spring outs and rye is being com-pleted; threshing is progressing rapidly; the yield of all small grains is slightly better than expected, and in some instances is unusually heavy Rice is growing well, but is a little grassy. Peanuts need rain; they are blooming. Some having has been done. Sweet potatoes and gardens are suffer-ing from drought limins early in the ming week would place crops in excelleut condition, but a much longer continuation of the present drought will be disserrous

Manufacture of Loper Boxes.

Paper box factories have multiplied in comparatively recent years; there are now 270 in New York city. Among the old-shaped boxes are some of those for tools. A bex for a sited square, for trottate, is chapt I like a big, place befor to the locality being two inches wide him made in a right angle with one agm two lest long and readily among themselves. A por for a concertinal for example, would be netween thaped

In most odd-shaped boxes the tops and bortoms are first and our and then the notes are formed of a single piece. In second of regular force, as a square abbans, the borrows of a most ends may all be made of a study place. This would be tree commonly of the shullower boxes. In breast and deeper hoxes it would depend on how the stack would cur Sometimes the box is made with the bottom and sides one and of a small piece. the other end being pation. Sametimes it in made biece and the ends both baset. Howa, view to the greatest assumpty of material, so that there shall be as little wants an possible. New York Sun.

Raishn-grape growers in Nan Joaquin valley, California, have formed auorganization and pooled their crops.

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